

```
import java.util. Scanner ;  
import java.lang. Math. sqrt ;  
import java.lang. Math. abs ;
```

```
public class Quad {
```

```
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        Scanner in = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.println ("Enter co-efficients :");  
        int a = in.nextInt();  
        int b = in.nextInt();  
        int c = in.nextInt();
```

```
        if (a == 0) {
```

```
            System.out.println ("Invalid Input");
```

```
        }
```

```
        else {
```

```
            int d =  $b^2 - 4 * a * c$ ;
```

```
            if (d > 0) {
```

```
                System.out.println ("Roots are real");
```

```
                float x1 = (float) (-b + sqrt(d)) / (2 * a);
```

```
                float x2 = (float) (-b - sqrt(d)) / (2 * a);
```

```
                System.out.println ("x1 = " + x1 + "\n" + "x2 = " + x2);
```

```
            }
```

```
            else if (d < 0) {
```

```
                System.out.println ("Roots are Imaginary");
```

```
                float x1 = (float) -b / (2 * a);
```

```
                float x2 = (float) sqrt(abs(d)) / (2 * a);
```

```
                System.out.println ("x1 = " + x1 + "\n" + "x2 = " + x2);
```

```
            }
```

else {

system.out.println("Roots are equal.");

float x1 = (float) -b/2\*a;

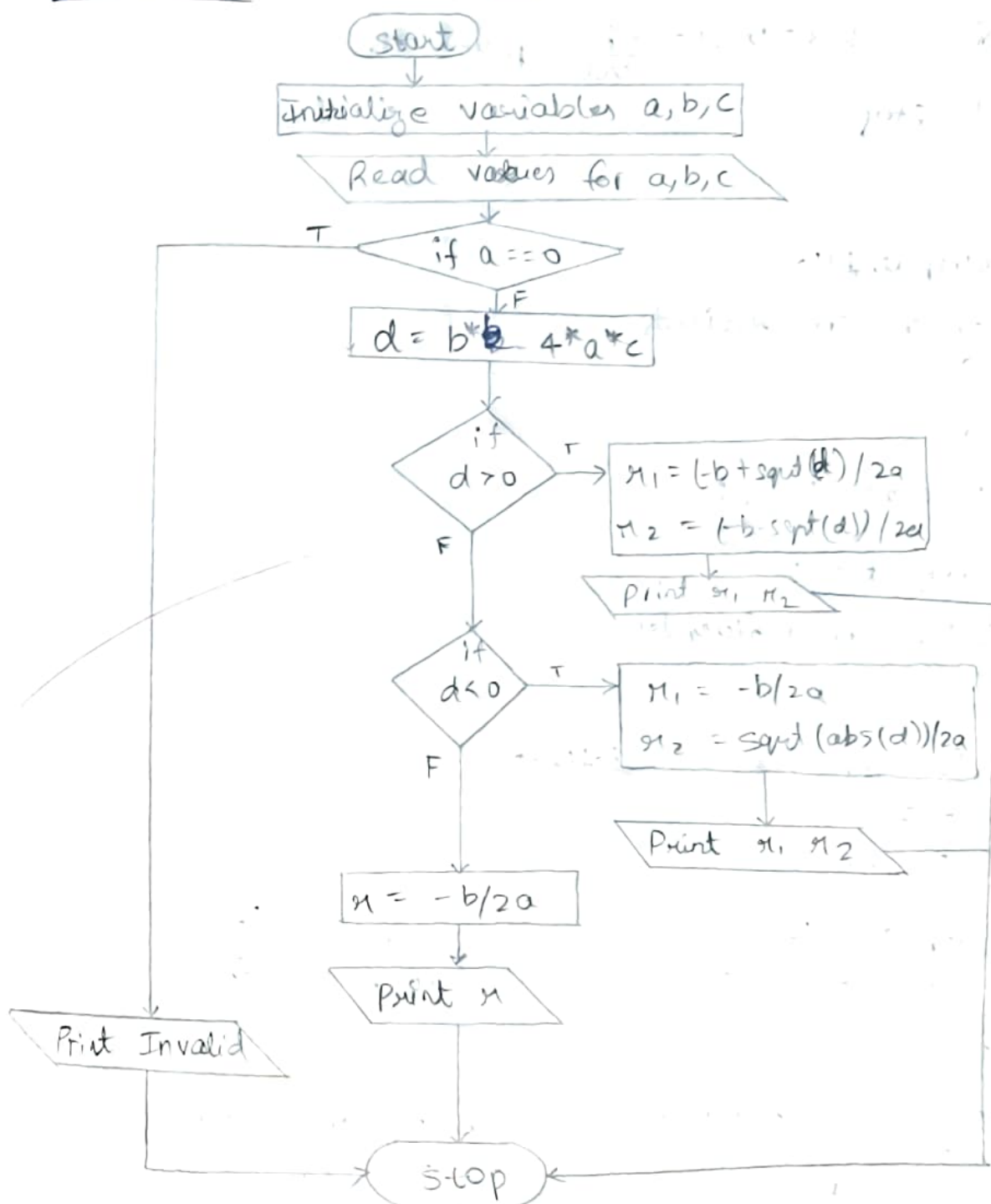
system.out.println("x1 = " + x1);

}

}

}

Flowchart:



## Algorithm:-

1. Start
2. Declare variables  $a, b, c, d$
3. Read values for  $a, b$  and  $c$ .
4. if  $a=0$  print invalid, goto step 9
5. else  $d = b^2 - 4ac$
6. if  $d > 0$ ,  $x_1 = \frac{-b + \sqrt{d}}{2a}$ ,  $x_2 = \frac{-b - \sqrt{d}}{2a}$ , print  $x_1, x_2$
7. else if  $d < 0$ ,  $x_1 = \frac{-b}{2a}$ ,  $x_2 = \frac{-b}{2a} + i \frac{\sqrt{\text{abs}(d)}}{2a}$ , print  $x_1, x_2$
8. elseif  $d = 0$   $x_1 = \frac{-b}{2a}$  print  $x_1$ .
9. stop

## Output 1):-

Enter co-efficients

0  
4  
9

Invalid Input

## output 2):-

Enter co-efficients

1  
-5  
-6  
roots are equal distinct  
 $x_1 = 6.0$   
 $x_2 = -1.0$

## output 3):-

Enter co-efficients

1  
4  
5  
roots are imaginary  
 $x_1 = -2$   
 $x_2 = 1(i)$

## output 4):-

Enter co-efficients

1  
-2  
1  
roots are equal  
 $x_1 = 1.0$

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac Quad.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Quad
Enter co-efficients
0
4
9
Invalid Input
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Quad
Enter co-efficients
1
-5
-6
roots are real and distinct
r1 = 6.0
r2 = -1.0
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Quad
Enter co-efficients
1
4
5
roots are imaginary
r1 = -2.0
r2 = 1.0(i)
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Quad
Enter co-efficients
1
-2
1
roots are equal
r = 1.0
```

## Lab-2

```
import java.util.*
```

```
class Student {
```

```
    String usn;
```

```
    String name;
```

```
    int[] credits = new int[8];
```

```
    int[] marks = new int[8];
```

```
    public void details() {
```

```
        Scanner reader = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print("Student name : ");
```

```
        name = reader.nextLine();
```

```
        System.out.print("USN : ");
```

```
        usn = reader.nextLine();
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < credits.length; i++)
```

```
        {  
            System.out.print("SUGGEST credit and marks  
            course" + i + " : ");
```

```
            for credits[i] = reader.nextInt();
```

```
            marks[i] = reader.nextInt();
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void double sgpa() {
```

```
        int totalCredits = 0, gradePoint;
```

```
        int weightedSum Sum = 0;
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < credits.length; i++) {
```

```
            totalCredits += credits[i];
```

```
            gradePoint = marks[i] / 10 + 1;
```

```
            if (gradePoint == 11) {
```

```
                gradePoint = 10;
```

```
            }
```

```
            else if (gradePoint <= 4) {
```

```
                gradePoint = 0;
```

```
            }
```

```
            Sum += gradePoint * credits[i];
```

```
        }
```



return (double) sum / (double) total credits;

}

}

~~class Sgpa~~

public class Sgpa {

public static void main (String[] args) {

Student student = new Student ();

student.details ();

System.out.println (student.name + "\n" + student.credits);

System.out.println ("SGPA : " + student.Sgpa ());

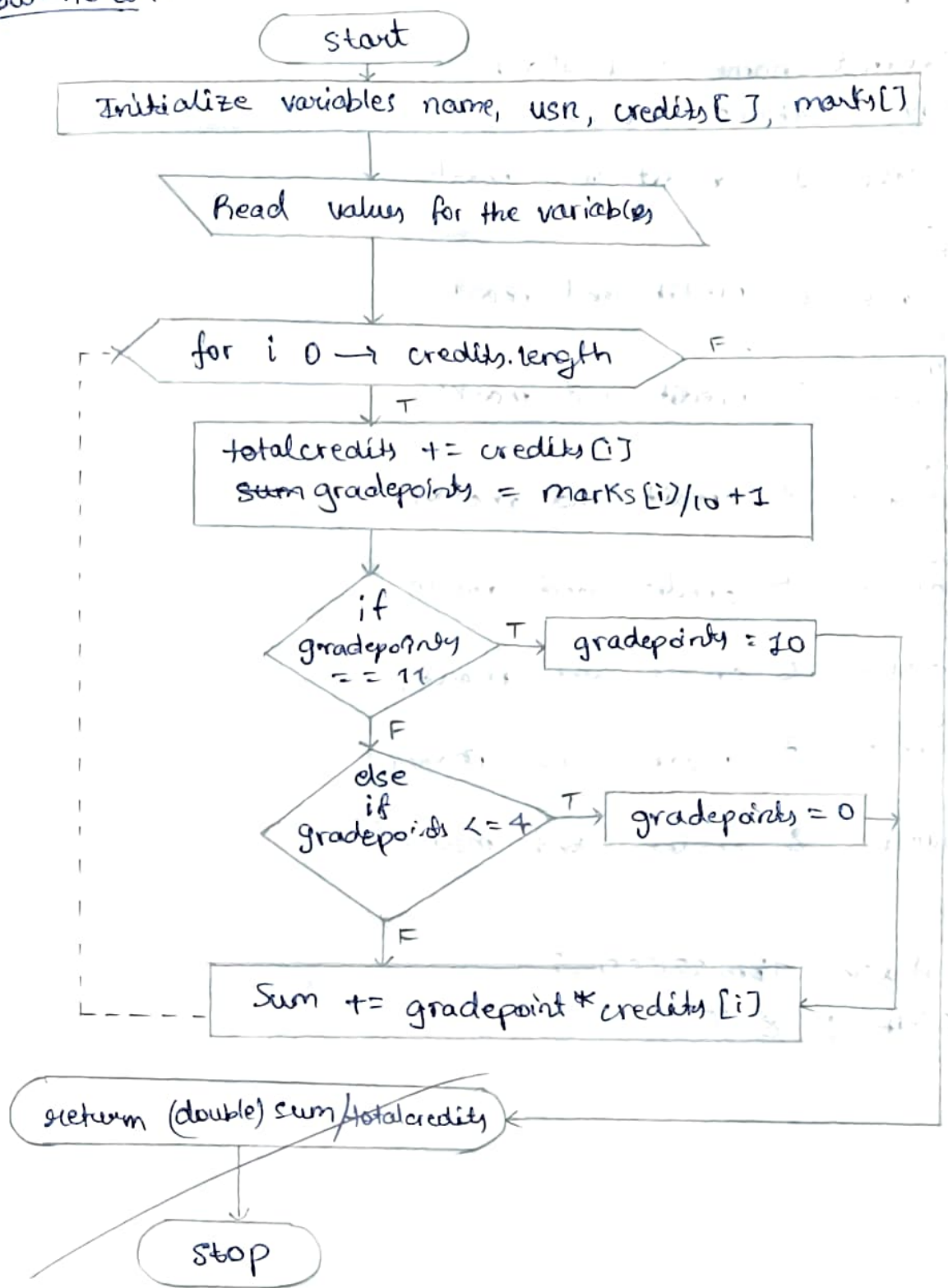
}

}

### Algorithm:-

1. Start
2. define class student with attributes name, usn, credits array and marks array
3. Read details for the student
4. Calculate for  $i: 0 \rightarrow \text{credits.length}$
5.  $\text{totalcredits} += \text{credits}[i]$
6. ~~weighted sum +=~~  
 $\text{grade points} = \text{marks}[i] / 10 + 1$
7. If  $\text{grade points} == 11$  set it to 10
8. else if  $\text{grade points} \leq 4$  set it to 0.
9.  $\text{sum} += \text{grade points} * \text{credits}[i]$
10. return  $\text{sum} / \text{total credits}$
11. End

# FlowChart :-



## Output:-

Student name : Prakash

USN : 1bm22cs055

Course 1 credit and marks

4

85

course 2 credit and marks

4

90

course 3 credit and marks

3

60

course 4 credit and marks

3

82

course 5 credit and marks

3

91

course 6 credit and marks

1

80

course 7 credit and marks

1

85

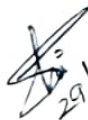
course 8 credit and marks

1

60

Prakash 1bm22cs055

SGPA : 8.95

 29/12/23



```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac Sgpa.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Sgpa
Student name : ram
USN : 1bm22cs019
Course 1 credit and marks
4
90
Course 2 credit and marks
4
85
Course 3 credit and marks
3
78
Course 4 credit and marks
3
80
Course 5 credit and marks
3
85
Course 6 credit and marks
1
90
Course 7 credit and marks
1
80
Course 8 credit and marks
1
75
ram      1bm22cs019
SGPA : 9.05
```

### Program 03:

Create a class Book which contains four members name, author, price, num-pages. Include a constructor to set the values for the members. Include methods to set and get the details. Include a toString() method.

~~public~~  
class Book {

private ~~name~~ String name;

private ~~author~~ String author;

private double price;

private int numPages;

public Book (String name, String author, double price,  
int numPages)

{

this.name = name;

this.author = author;

this.price = price;

this.numPages = numPages;

}

public void setName (String name) {

this.name = name;

}

public void setauthor (String author) {

this.author = author;

}

public void ~~set~~ price (double price) {

this.price = price;

}

public void set numPages (int numPages) {

this.numPages = numPages;

}

```
public void String getName() {  
    return this.name;  
}
```

```
public String getauthor() {  
    return author;  
}
```

```
public double getPrice() {  
    return price;  
}
```

```
public int getnumPages() {  
    return numPages;  
}
```

```
public String toString() {  
    return "Book details : \n" + Name + " \n"  
        + Author + " \n" + Price + " \n"  
        + " \n" + numPages;  
}
```

```
public class Example {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        int n = 2;
```

```
        Book[] books = new Book[n];
```

```
        books[0] = new Book("Why Bhavard Matters",  
                             "Dr S Jaishankar",  
                             350.00,  
                             500);
```

```
        books[1] = new Book("Introduction to Algorithms",  
                             "Alan Johnson",  
                             556.47,  
                             1235);
```

~~System.out.println (~~

for (Book b : books) {

system.out.println (b.toString());

}

}

}

### Algorithm:-

- 1) start
- 2) create class book
- 3) make private members name, author, price, numPage,
- 4) make parameterized ~~con~~ constructor  
Book(String name, String author, ~~int~~ <sup>double</sup> price, int numPage)
- 5) create ~~set~~ methods and get methods for all the members of the class
- 6) override toString() method and print all the details of the book.
- 7) Stop.

### output:-

Book details :

Name: why Bharath matters

Author: Dr. S Jaishankar

Price : 350.00

Pages : 500

Book details :

Name: Introduction to Algorithms

Author: Alan Thomson

Price: 556.47

Pages: 1235

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac Books.java
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Books
```

Book Details

Name=Why Bharath Matters, Author=Dr S Jaishankar, Price=350.0, numPages=500

Book Details

Name=Introduction to Algorithm, Author=Alan Jhonson, Price=556.47, numPages=1235



#### Program 4:-

```
abstract class shape {
```

```
double int x;
```

```
double int y;
```

```
abstract void print-area();
```

```
}
```

```
class Rectangle extends shape {
```

```
Rectangle (int double x, int double y) {
```

```
    this.x = x;
```

```
    this.y = y;
```

```
}
```

```
public void print-area() {
```

```
    system.out.println("rectangle-area = " + x*y);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class Triangle extends shape {
```

```
Triangle (double x, double y) {
```

```
    this.x = x;
```

```
    this.y = y;
```

```
}
```

```
public void print-area() {
```

```
    system.out.println("Triangle-area = " + x*y*0.5);
```

```
}
```

```
class circle extends shape{
```

```
    circle (double x){
```

```
        this.x = x;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void print-area(){
```

```
        System.out.println ("Circle area = " + 3.14 * x * x);
```

```
    }
```

```
}  
  
public class Example{
```

```
    public static void main (String[] args) {
```

```
        Rectangle r = new Rectangle (5, 3);
```

```
        Triangle t = new Triangle (10, 5);
```

```
        Circle c = new Circle (7);
```

```
        r.print-area();
```

```
        t.print-area();
```

```
        c.print-area();
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Output:-

rectangle-area = 15

triangle-area = 25

circle-area = 153.86

## Algorithm:

- 1) start
- 2) create an abstract class shape with two members  $x$  and  $y$
- 3) create an abstract method `print-area()`
- 4) create 3 classes rectangle, triangle, circle that extends shape class
- 5) override `print-area` in all the classes.
- 6) in rectangle print  $x * y$
- 7) in triangle print  $x * y * 0.5$
- 8) in circle print  $3.14 * x * x$
- 9) stop.

Di  
12/10/24

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac Area.java
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Area
```

```
Rectangle area : 15.0
```

```
Triangle area : 25.0
```

```
Circle area : 153.86
```

19/01/2024

```
class Account {
```

```
    public String CustomerName;
```

```
    public int accountNumber;
```

```
    public String accountType;
```

```
    public double balance;
```

```
    public Account(String customerName, int accountNumber,  
                    String accountType, double balance) {
```

```
        this.CustomerName = customerName;
```

```
        this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
```

```
        this.accountType = accountType;
```

```
        this.balance = balance;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public void deposit(double amount)
```

```
    { if (amount > 0) {
```

```
        balance += amount;
```

```
        System.out.println("Deposit of " + amount + " Successful");
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        System.out.println("Invalid amount. Deposit Failed");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
public void displayBalance() {
```

```
    System.out.println("The balance of account number "  
                        + accountNumber + " is " + balance);
```

```
}
```



```
public void compoundInterest() { }
```

```
public void withdraw(double amount)
```

```
{ if (amount > 0 && amount <= balance)
```

```
{ balance -= amount;
```

```
system.out.println("Withdrawal of " + amount + " successful");
```

```
system.out.println("New balance : " + balance);
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
system.out.println("Invalid amount");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public void checkBalance() { }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
Class sav-act extends Account
```

```
{ public double InterestRate;
```

```
public double interest;
```

```
public sav-act (String customerName, int accountNumber,  
double balance, double interestRate)
```

```
{ super (customerName, accountNumber, "savings", baln)
```

```
this.interestRate = interestRate;
```

```
this.interest = 0;
```

```
}
```

```
@Override
```

```
public void computeInterest() {
```

```
interest = (balance * interestRate / 100);
```

```
deposit (interest);
```

```
interest = balance * (1 + (0.05/12)) - balance;
```

```
deposit (interest);
```

```
}
```

class Cur-acct extends Account

```
public double minBalance;  
public double serviceCharge;  
  
public Cur-acct(String customerName, int accountNumber,  
                double balance, double servicecharge)  
{  
    super(customerName, accountNumber, "current", balance);  
    this.minBalance = minBalance;  
    this.serviceCharge = servicecharge;  
}  
  
@Override  
public void checkBalance() {  
    if (balance < minBalance) {  
        balance = balance - servicecharge;  
        System.out.println("Balance Below Low");  
    }  
}
```

```
public class BankApp {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Sav-acct sav = new Sav-acct("Alice", 1001, 5000, 5);  
        sav.deposit(1000);  
        sav.withdraw(2000);  
        sav.computeInterest();  
        sav.displayBalance();  
    }  
}
```

```

cur.act cur = new cur.act ("Bob", 1002, 10000,
                                2000, 200);
cur.deposit(5000);
cur.withdraw(8000);
cur.checkBalance();
cur.displayBalance();
}

```

### Algorithm:-

1. Define a class Bankapp with a main method
2. Define two classes Sav.act and cur.act that represent savings and current accounts respectively.
3. In each class, declare the fields for customer name, account number, balance and other relevant details.
4. In each class, define a constructor that takes the parameters for the fields and assigns them to the object.
5. In each class, define methods for depositing, withdrawing, computing interest, checking balance and displaying balance.
6. In main method, create a sav.act object and a cur.act object with some initial values.
7. Display the updated balances of the objects.

## Output :-

Deposit of 1000.0 successful

New balance : 51000.0

withdrawal of 2000.0 successful

new balance : 49000.0

Deposit of 2041.667 successful.

New balance : 51041.667

The balance of acc no. 3514213 is 5104.667

Deposit of 5000.0 successful

New balance : 15000.0

withdrawal of 8000.0 successful

New balance : 7000.0

The balance of acc no. 6854665 is 7000.0

19/10/24

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac Bank.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java Bank
Deposit of 1000.0 Successful
New balance : 51000.0
Withdrawal of 2000.0 Successful
New balance : 49000.0
Deposit of 2041.66666666666715 Successful
New balance : 51041.666666666667
The balance of acc no. 3514213 is 51041.666666666667
Deposit of 5000.0 Successful
New balance : 15000.0
Withdrawal of 8000.0 Successful
New balance : 7000.0
The balance of acc no. 6854665 is 7000.0
```



02/02/2024

## Program - 6

```
package CIE;
```

```
public class Student {  
    public protected String usn, name;  
    public protected int sem;  
}
```

```
public class Internals extends Student {  
    protected int[] marks = new int[5];  
    public  
}
```

```
package SEE;
```

```
import CIE.Student;
```

```
public class Externals extends Student {  
    protected int[] marks = new int[5];  
    public  
}
```

```
import CIE.Internals
```

```
import SEE.Externals
```

```
public class FinalMarks {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        int n = 5;  
        Internals[] I = new Internals[n];  
        Externals[] E = new Externals[n];  
    }  
}
```

```

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    I[i] = new Internals();
    I[i].usn = "usn" + i;
    I[i].name = "Student" + i;
    I[i].sem = 3;
    I[i].marks = new int[] {80, 75, 90, 85, 88};
    E[i] = new Externals();
    E[i].usn = "usn" + i;
    E[i].name = "Student" + i;
    E[i].sem = 3;
    E[i].marks = new int[] {75, 70, 88, 92, 85};
}

```

```

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    int[] finalMarks = new int5[5];
    for (int j=0; j<58; j++) {
        finalMarks[j] = (I[i].marks[j] + E[i].marks[j]) / 2;
    }
}

```

```

System.out.println("Final Marks for " + I[i].name + ": " +
    Arrays.toString(finalMarks));

```

```

}

```

```

}

```

```

}


```

## Algorithm

1. Start.
2. Create a package CIE with two files Student.java and Internals.java.
3. create another package SEE with one file Externals.java
4. In another package create a file finalmarks.java file and import the CIE and SEE packages
5. Enter the student details and create a function to add the internals and external marks.
6. Student class will contain USN, name and semester
7. Internals class ~~will~~ extends the student class and contains an array of 5 called marks
8. ~~External~~ In SEE package Externals.java import CIE package and Externals class extends student class
9. External class contains an array of 5 called marks.
10. In finalmarks.java ~~add internals~~ calculate the final marks  $= (\text{internals} + \text{externals}) / 2$  while importing the packages CIE and SEE.
11. Stop

## output:-

Final marks for student 1 : [77.5, 72.5, 89, 88.5, 86.5]  
Final marks for student 2 : [77.5, 72.5, 89, 88.5, 86.5]  
Final marks for student 3 : [77.5, 72.5, 89, 88.5, 86.5]  
Final marks for student 4 : [77.5, 72.5, 89, 88.5, 86.5]  
Final marks for student 5 : [77.5, 72.5, 89, 88.5, 86.5]

  
02-02-24

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga> cd CIE
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\CIE> javac *.java
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\CIE> cd ..
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga> cd SEE
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\SEE> javac -cp .. *.java
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\SEE> cd ..
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga> javac FinalMarks.java
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
```

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga> java FinalMarks
```

```
Final Marks for Student1 : [77, 72, 89, 88, 86]
```

```
Final Marks for Student2 : [77, 72, 89, 88, 86]
```

```
Final Marks for Student3 : [77, 72, 89, 88, 86]
```

```
Final Marks for Student4 : [77, 72, 89, 88, 86]
```

```
Final Marks for Student5 : [77, 72, 89, 88, 86]
```

16/02/2024

## Program - 7

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class WrongAge extends Exception {
    public WrongAge(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}

class Father {
    public int FatherAge;
    Father(int FatherAge) throws WrongAge {
try
        if (FatherAge < 0) {
            throw new WrongAge("Father's age is -ve");
        }
        this.FatherAge = FatherAge;
    }
}

class Son extends Father {
    public int SonAge;
    son(int sonAge, int FatherAge) throws WrongAge {
try
        super(FatherAge);
        if (SonAge < 0) {
            throw new WrongAge("Son's age is -ve");
        }
        if (SonAge >= FatherAge) {
            throw new WrongAge("Son's should be less than Father's");
        }
        this.SonAge = sonAge;
    }
}
```



```
public class Main {  
    public static void main (String[] args) {  
        Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);  
        int f-age, s-age;
```

```
        try {  
            System.out.println ("Father's age : ");  
            f-age = s.nextInt();  
            System.out.println ("Son's age : ");  
            s-age = s.nextInt();
```

```
        } catch (Exception e) {  
            System.out.println ("e");  
        }
```

```
        try {  
            Son s = new Son (s-age, f-age);
```

```
        }  
        catch (WrongAge wa) {  
            System.out.println ("wa");  
        }
```

```
    }
```

16/2

### Algorithm:-

1. start
  2. create a class WrongAge which extends exception class
  3. create a class Father, Father constructor takes Father's age and if Father's age is less than zero throws wrong age exception
  4. create a son class that extends the father class and throws wrongAge exception if son's age is less than more than or equal to Father's age or son's age is less than zero.
  5. Input a son's and father's ages and handle the exception in main method
  6. Stop.
- 

### output:-

Father's Age : -1  
Son's Age : 40  
WrongAge : Father's Age is negative.

Father's Age : 40  
Son's Age : 65  
WrongAge : son's Age should be less than Father's Age.

Father's Age : 50  
Son's Age : -6  
WrongAge : son's Age is negative.

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac FatherSon.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java FatherSon
Father's Age : -1
Son's Age : 40
WrongAge: Father's Age is negative
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java FatherSon
Father's Age : 40
Son's Age : 69
WrongAge: Son's Age should be less than Father's Age
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java FatherSon
Father's Age : 50
Son's Age : -6
WrongAge: Son's Age is negative
```

16/02/2024

## Program - 8

```
class A extends Thread {
```

```
    public void run() {
```

```
        try { for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
```

```
            System.out.println("BMS College of Engineering");
```

```
            Thread.sleep(10000);
```

```
        }
```

```
    } catch (InterruptedException ie) {}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class B extends Thread {
```

```
    public void run() {
```

```
        try {
```

```
            for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
```

```
                System.out.println("CSE");
```

```
                Thread.sleep(2000);
```

```
            } catch (InterruptedException ie) {}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
public class Main {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        A a = new A();
```

```
        B b = new B();
```

```
        a.start();
```

```
        b.start();
```

```
}
```

## Algorithm:-

1. Start
2. create two classes in which extends thread class.
3. on both classes override run method.
4. First class prints "BMS college of Engineering" ~~xxx~~ and the thread is put on sleep of 10 seconds.
5. Second class prints "CSE" and the thread is put on sleep for 2 seconds.
6. Stop.

## Output:-

BMS college of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS college of Engineering

BMS college of Engineering

BMS college of Engineering

BMS college of Engineering

16/12

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac TwoThreads.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java TwoThreads
```

BMS College of Engineering

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

CSE

BMS College of Engineering

BMS College of Engineering

BMS College of Engineering

BMS College of Engineering



23/02/2024

```
import javax.swing.*;  
import java.awt.*;  
import java.awt.event.*;
```

```
public class LastLab {
```

```
    public LastLab() {
```

```
        JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divider App");
```

```
        jfrm.setSize(300, 300);
```

```
        jfrm.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
```

```
        jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
```

```
        JLabel jlab = new JLabel("Enter the divider and  
                                dividend:");
```

```
        JTextField ajtf = new JTextField(10);
```

```
        JTextField bjtf = new JTextField(10);
```

```
        JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
```

```
        JLabel err = new JLabel();
```

```
        JLabel aLab = new JLabel();
```

```
        JLabel bLab = new JLabel();
```

```
        JLabel ansLab = new JLabel();
```

```
        jfrm.add(err);
```

```
        jfrm.add(jlab);
```

```
        jfrm.add(ajtf);
```

```
        jfrm.add(bjtf);
```

```
        jfrm.add(button);
```

```
        jfrm.add(aLab);
```

```
        jfrm.add(bLab);
```

```
        jfrm.add(ansLab);
```

```

ActionListener l = new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt)
    {
        System.out.println("Action event from a text field");
    }
};

```

```

ajtf.addActionListener(l);
bjtf.addActionListener(l);

```

```

button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt)
    {
        try {
            int a = Integer.parseInt(ajtf.getText());
            int b = Integer.parseInt(bjtf.getText());
            double ans = a / (double) b;

            alab.setText("\nA = " + a);
            blab.setText("\nB = " + b);
            anslab.setText("\nAns = " + ans);
        } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            alab.setText("");
            blab.setText("");
            anslab.setText("");
            err.setText("\nAns = " + ans);
            err.setText("Integer only\n");
        } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
            alab.setText("");
            blab.setText("");
            anslab.setText("");
            err.setText("B should be non zero\n");
        }
    }
});
jfrm.setVisible(true);
}

```

```

23/10/1-
public static void main (String[] args) {
    SwingUtilities.invokeLater (new Runnable() {
        public void run() {
            new LabLab();
        }
    });
}
}

```

Output:-

Enter the divider and dividend

10

3

calculate

A=10 B=3

Ans = 3.333

Enter the divider and dividend

10

0

calculate

B should be NON zero

- \* The constructor `LastLab()` initializes the GUI components and sets up the layout of the frame.
- \* It creates a `JFrame` (a window) with a specified title, size, layout, and default close operation.
- \* Labels `JLabel`, TextFields `JTextField` and a Button `JButton` are added to the frame to input the numbers and display the result.
- \* Action Listeners are attached to the text fields and the button to handle interactions.
- \* The `actionPerformed` method is overridden to respond to events like clicking the button or pressing Enter.
- \* When the button is clicked, it calculates the division and handles the errors like division by zero and number format error.
- \* `setText` It is used to set the text inside a label or other screen element.
- \* `getText()` :  
It returns the value from the single line text field.

Hi  
23.02.24

```
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> javac LastLab.java
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> ADITYA_RAM_1BM22CS019^C
PS D:\Ooga_Booga\Ram_1BM22CS019> java LastLab
```

Action event from a text field

Action event from a text field

Divider App

**B should be NON zero!**

Enter the divider and dividend :

Divider App

Enter the divider and dividend :

A = 10 B = 20 Ans = 0.5

Divider App

Enter only Integers

Enter the divider and dividend :