Driving School



SUBMITTED BY

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INSTRUCTOR

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STEP 1:

One-to-One Binary Relationship:

CUSTOMER → LICENSE

A customer holds one license and a license belongs to one customer.

One-to-One Unary Relationship:

VEHICLE → VEHICLE

A vehicle can be a backup of another vehicle of same kind.

One-to-Many Unary Relationship:

• EMPLOYEE → EMPLOYEE

An employee can supervise many employees but an employee is under the supervision of one employee.

One-to-Many Binary Relationship:

• STATE → COURSE

One state can have many courses but one course belongs to one state. A state can have many courses

• STATE → CUSTOMER

One state can have many customers but one customer belongs to one state.

STATE → LICENSE

One state can provide many licenses but a license can be provided by one state.

ROOM → COURSE

One room can held many course but a course can be held in one room.

• EMPLOYEE → COURSE

An employee can instruct many courses but a course can be thought but one Employee.

BRANCH → EMPLOYEE

One branch has many employees but an employee can work in one branch.

• EMPLOYEE → VEHICLE

One employee manages many vehicles but a vehicle is managed by one employee.

Many-to-many Binary relationship:

- CUSTOMER → COURSE

 a customer can enroll in many courses and a course can be chosen by many customers.
- CUSTOMER → VEHICLE
 a customer can practice on many vehicles and a vehicle is used by many customers.

Intersection Data:

An intersection data can be placed between a many - many binary relation.

CUSTOMER → COURSE is a many – many relation in which the intersecting data between these entities is Progress.

STEP 2:

Driving school

This is a project which revolves around driving school. Here we have considered a small case and explained how a driving school operates how its functions.

This project stores the data related to:

- > Customer information and their license information.
- Courses offered by driving school.
- > Employee Information.
- > Branch: Address or location Information.
- Details of Vehicle.
- Progress of customers in their corresponding courses.
- Minimum age requirements in different states.
- Class room information where classes will be held.

This project driving school deals with how driving school operates and how it functions. It offers various courses based on state wise, adult or teen, and based on driving license class for example class C or class B etc. Customer progress in his courses will be recorded. Driving school will maintain employee and vehicle information.

Description of Each Entity and relations:

STATE

STATE is an entity in which we store the Shortname as primary key which stores the short name of state (ex: for New York it is NY), Name to store the name of the state and MinAgeReq is the minimum age requirement of the state to get the license. It has one-to-many relationship with LICENSE, CUSTOMER and COURSE tables.

COURSE

COURSE is an entity which stores the details of courses. It has CourseID as primary key which stores ID's of courses, CourseName, StartDate to store the starting date of the course, EndDate to store the ending date of the course, RoomID to store the room number of different courses. It has one-to-many relationship with STATE, CUSTOMER, ROOM and EMPLOYEE tables.

CUSTOMER

CUSTOMER is an entity which stores the details of customer. It has CustomerID as primary key which stores customer ID's, and remaining attributes Name, DOB, Email, Address, Zip, State to store the corresponding details of the customer. It has one one-to-one binary relationship with License, One-to-many relationship with State, Many-to-Many relationship with COURSE and VEHICLE.

LICENSE

LICENSE is an entity which stores the details contained in the license. It has LicenseID as primary key which stores the License number and remaining attributes Class, IssueDate, ExpiryDate, Restrictions, Address, State, Sex, and Eyes to store the corresponding details in the license. It has one one-to-one Binary relationship with CUSTOMER and one-to-many Binary relationship with STATE.

ROOM

ROOM is an entity which stores the details of the class room. It has the RoomID as primary key which stores the room number, and remaining attributes RoomName, Capacity stores the corresponding details of room. It has only one One-to-many Relationship with COURSE.

EMPLOYEE

EMPLOYEE is an entity which stores the details of the employee who is working in the Driving school. It has Employee ID as primary key which stores the employee number and remaining Attributes Name, DOB (Date of birth), JoiningDate, YearOfExp, and Address stores the corresponding details of the employee. It has three one-to-many Binary relationships with COURSE, VEHICLE, BRANCH and a one-to-many Unary relationships with itself.

BRANCH

BRANCH is an entity which stores the details of the Driving school branch. It has BranchID as primary key which stores the Branch number of the Driving school, and remaining attributes Name, Address, Zip stores the respective information of the branch. It has one One-to-many relationship with EMPLOYEE.

VEHICLE

VEHICLE is an entity which stores vehicle information. It has VehicleID as primary key which stores the vehicle number, and Name, Model, Manfyear (manufacturing year), Mileage stores the respective information of the vehicle. It has one one-to-one unary relationship with VEHICLE.

STEP 3:

List of all entities along with their unique identifier marked with *

Customer	
*CustomerID	
Name	
DOB	
Email	
Address	
Zip	
State	

License	
*LicenseID	
Class	
IssueDate	
ExpiryDate	
Restrictions	
Address	
State	
Sex	
Eyes	

*CourseID
CourseName
StartDate
EndDate

*RoomID RoomName Capacity Employee

*EmployeeID Name DOB JoiningDate YearsOfExp Address Supervisor Vehicle

*VehicleID Name Model ManfYear Mileage

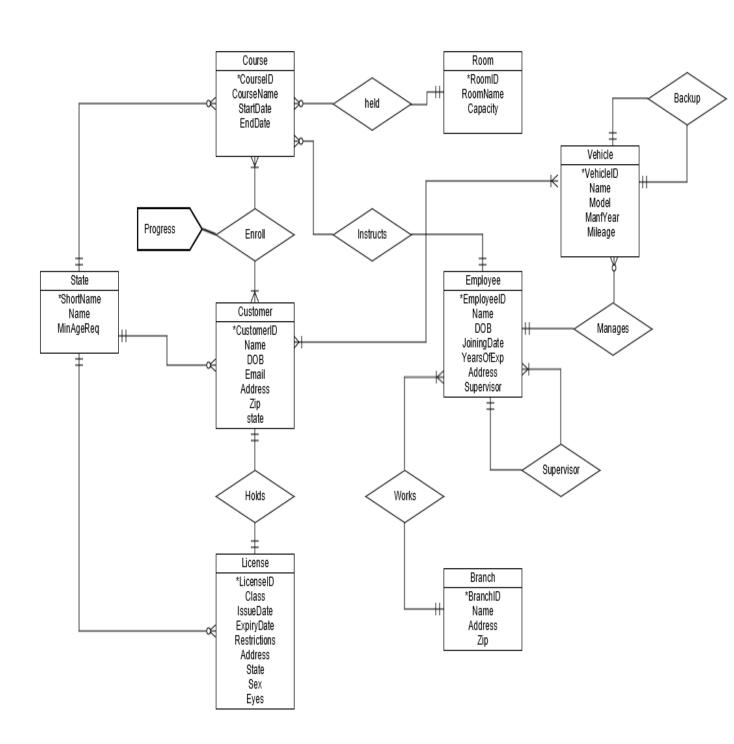
State

*ShortName Name MinAgeReq Branch

*BranchID Name Address Zip

STEP 4:

ER-Diagram:



STEP 5:

Functional Dependencies

1) Course:

CourseID → CourseName, StartDate, EndDate

2) Customer:

CustomerID → Name, DOB, Email, Address, Zip, State

3) License:

LicenseID → Class, IssueDate, ExpiryDate, Restrictions, Address, State, Sex, Eyes

4) Room:

RoomID → RoomName, Capacity

5) **Employee:**

EmployeeID → Name, DOB, JoningDate, YearsOfExp, Address, Supervisor

6) **State**:

ShortName → Name, MinAgeReq

7) Branch:

BranchID → Name, Address, Zip

8) Vehicle:

VehicleID → Name, Model, ManfYear, Mileage

STEP 6:

Tables from ER Diagram, before Normalization:

<u>Customer One – One License</u>

CustomerID	Name	DOB	Email	Address	Zip	LicenseID	Class	IssueDate	ExpiryDate	Restriction

(Continuation for above table is at below)

State	Sex	Eyes

Customer Many – Many Course

CustomerID	Name	DOB	Email	Address	Zip	State	CourseID	CourseName	StartDate		
(Continuation for above table is at below)											

EndDate	Progress				

<u>Customer One – Many State</u>

CustomerID	Name	DOB	Email	Address	Zip	State	ShortName	Name	MinAgeReq

<u>Customer Many – Many Vehicle</u>

CustomerID	Name	DOB	Email	Address	Zip	State	VehicleID	Name	Model	ManfYear	Mileag

Course One – Many Room

CourseID	CourseName	StartDate	EndDate	RoomID	RoomName	Capacity

Course One – Many Employee

CourseID	CourseName	Start	End	EmployeeID	Name	DOB	Joining	YearsOf	Address	Supervi
		Date	Date				Date	Ехр		

Course One – Many State

CourseID	CourseName	StartDate	EndDate	ShortName	Name	MinAgeReq

<u>License One – Many State</u>

LicenseID	Class	IssueDate	ExpiryDate	Restrictions	Address	State	Sex	Eyes

(Continuation for above table is at below)

ShortName	Name	MinAgeReq

Employee One – many Vehicle

EmployeeID	Name	DOB	Joining Date	YearsOf Exp	Address	Supervisor	VehicleID	Name	Mode I	ManfY ar

Employee One – Many Branch

<u>EmployeeID</u>	Name	DOB	Joining	YearsOf	Address	Supervisor	BranchID	Name	Addres	Zip
			Date	Ехр					S	

Employee one – many Unary

<u>EmployeeID</u>	Name	DOB	JoiningDate	YearsOfExp	Address	Supervisor

Vehicle one – one Unary

VehicleID	Name	Model	ManfYear	Mileage	BackUpOf

STEP 7:

Normalization:-

All the tables above are in ONF and we need to normalize the data.

We consider all the entities and convert them to 3NF so that it obeys 1NF, 2NF. In 3NF there will not be any transitive dependencies and none of the non key has dependency on other non-keys.

STEP 8:

Tables after Normalization:

Customer

CustomerID	Name	DOB	Email	Address	Zip	State	LicenseID

License

LicenseID	Class	IssueDate	ExpiryDate	Restrictions	Address	State	Sex	Eyes

Room

RoomID	RoomName	Capacity

State

<u>ShortName</u>	Name	MinAgeReq

Branch

BranchID	Name	Address	Zip

Employee

EmployeeID	Name	DOB	JoiningDate	YearsOfExp	Address	Supervisor

Vehicle

VehicleID	Name	Model	ManfYear	Mileage	BackUpOf

Course

CourseID	CourseName	StartDate	EndDate	RoomID	Instructor	CourseForState

Step 10: Table Creation Scripts:			T		1	1	,
CustomerID CourseID Progress VehicleID							
CustomerID CourseID Progress VehicleID			1		1		
STEP 9: Cascade and Delete Rule: In the relation between Customer and Course, if we try to delete a Course then the Custome progress related to courses should be deleted. Step 10: Table Creation Scripts: License: Create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	CustomerCours	ses					
Cascade and Delete Rule: In the relation between Customer and Course, if we try to delete a Course then the Custome progress related to courses should be deleted. Step 10: Table Creation Scripts: License: Create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	CustomerID	CourseID	Progress	Vehicle	eID		
Cascade and Delete Rule: In the relation between Customer and Course, if we try to delete a Course then the Custome progress related to courses should be deleted. Step 10: Table Creation Scripts: License: Create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,							
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Step 10: Table Creation Scripts: License: Create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	Cascade and	<u>Delete Rule</u>	<u>::</u>				
Table Creation Scripts: License: Create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,					e try to dele	ete a Course	then the Custome
create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	Step 10:						
create table License(LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	Table Creation	on Scripts:					
LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,	<u>License:</u>						
LicenseID Number(10) NOT NULL Primary Key, Class Char Not Null,							
Class Char Not Null,	create table Lice	nse(
	LicenseID Numb	per(10) NOT N	JLL Primary Ke	≘у,			
IssueDate Date Not Null,	Class Char Not I	Null,					
	IssueDate Date	Not Null,					
ExpiryDate Date Not Null,							
Restrictions varchar2(5) Null,	ExpiryDate Date	e Not Null,					

Address varchar2(50) Not Null,

State varchar2(2) Not Null references State(ShortName),

```
Sex Char Not Null,
 Eyes varchar2(8) Not Null);
Customer:
Create table Customer(
CustomerID Number(10) Not Null Primary Key,
 Name Varchar2(32) Not Null,
 DOB Date Not Null,
 Email varchar2(25) Null,
 Address varchar2(50) Not Null,
Zip Number(5) Not Null,
State varchar2(2) Not Null references State(ShortName),
 LicenseID Number(10) Not null references License(LicenseID));
Room:
Create table Room(
 RoomID Number Not Null Primary Key,
 RoomName varchar2(25),
 Capacity Number);
State:
Create Table State(
ShortName varchar2(2) Not Null Primary Key,
```

Name varchar2(20) Not Null,

```
MinAgeReq Number);
```

Branch:

Create table Branch(

BranchID Number Not Null Primary Key,

Name varchar2(25) Not Null,

Address varchar2(50) Not Null,

Zip number(5) Not Null);

Employee:

Create Table Employee(

EmployeeID Number Not Null Primary Key,

Name varchar2(32) Not Null,

DOB date Not Null,

JoiningDate Date Not Null,

YearsOfExp Number default 0,

Address varchar2(50),

WorkLocation Number Not Null references Branch(BranchID),

Supervisor Number Not Null references Employee(EmployeeID));

Vehicle:

Create table Vehicle(

VehicleID varchar2(25) Not Null Primary Key,

```
Name varchar2(25) Not Null,

Model varchar2(25) Not Null,

ManfYear number Null,

Mileage number Null,

ManagesBy number Null references Employee(EmployeeID),
```

BackUpOf varchar2(25) Null references Vehicle(VehicleID));

Course:

Create table Course(

CourseID varchar2(10) Not Null Primary Key,

CourseName varchar2(25) Not Null,

StartDate Date Not Null,

EndDate Date Not Null,

RoomID Number Not Null,

Instructor Number Not Null,

CourseForState varchar2(2) Not Null,

constraint fk_CourseRoom Foreign Key(RoomID) references Room(RoomID),

constraint fk_Instructor Foreign Key(Instructor) references Employee(EmployeeID),

constraint fk_CourseForState Foreign Key(CourseForState) references State(ShortName));

CustomerCourses:

Create Table CustomerCourses(

CustomerID Number Not Null,

CourseID varchar2(10) Not Null,

Progress Number default 0,

VehicleID varchar2(25) Null,

constraint pk_CC Primary Key(CustomerID,CourseID),

constraint fk_CustDel Foreign Key(CustomerID) references Customer(CustomerID) on delete cascade, constraint pk_CourseDel Foreign Key(CourseID) references Course(CourseID) on delete cascade);

STEP 11:

License:

insert into License(LicenseID, Class, IssueDate, ExpiryDate, Restrictions, Address, State, Sex, Eyes) values (98734567, 'C', to_date('10-27-2015', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), to_date('03-01-2018', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), 'B', '2231 Live Oak Street', 'TX', 'M', 'BLK');

insert into License(LicenseID,Class,IssueDate,ExpiryDate,Restrictions,Address,State,Sex,Eyes) values(98734568,'C',to_date('10-27-2014','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('03-01-2017','MM-DD-YYYY'),'B','2231 Live Oak Street','CA','M','BLK');

insert into License(LicenseID, Class, IssueDate, ExpiryDate, Restrictions, Address, State, Sex, Eyes) values (98734569, 'B', to_date('10-27-2015', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), to_date('03-01-2018', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), 'B', '2231 Live Oak Street', 'TX', 'F', 'BLK');

insert into License(LicenseID,Class,IssueDate,ExpiryDate,Restrictions,Address,State,Sex,Eyes) values(98734570,'B',to_date('10-27-2013','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('03-01-2016','MM-DD-YYYY'),'A','2231 Live Oak Street','AZ','M','BLK');

insert into License(LicenseID, Class, IssueDate, ExpiryDate, Restrictions, Address, State, Sex, Eyes) values (98734571, 'A', to_date('10-27-2014', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), to_date('03-01-2017', 'MM-DD-YYYY'), 'A', '2231 Live Oak Street', 'NY', 'F', 'BLK');

Customer:

Insert into Customer(CustomerID,Name,DOB,Email,Address,ZIP,State,LicenseID) values(1001, 'Brahmananda Reddy A',to_date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),'brahma@gmail.com','2231 Live Oak Street',75428,'TX',98734567);

Insert into Customer(CustomerID,Name,DOB,Email,Address,ZIP,State,LicenseID) values(1002, 'Hari',to_date('10-23-1992','MM-DD-YYYY'),'hari@gmail.com','2231 Live Oak Street',75429,'CA',98734568);

Insert into Customer(CustomerID,Name,DOB,Email,Address,ZIP,State,LicenseID) values(1003, 'John',to_date('01-14-1988','MM-DD-YYYY'),'john@gmail.com','2231 Live Oak Street',75634,'TX',98734569);

Insert into Customer(CustomerID,Name,DOB,Email,Address,ZIP,State,LicenseID) values(1004, 'Venkata',to_date('03-07-1979','MM-DD-YYYY'),'venkata@gmail.com','2231 Live Oak Street',65724,'AZ',98734570);

Insert into Customer(CustomerID,Name,DOB,Email,Address,ZIP,State,LicenseID) values(1005,'Chaitanya P',to_date('10-18-1990','MM-DD-YYYY'),'chaitu@gmail.com','2231 Live Oak Street',54321,'NY',98734571);

Room:

insert into Room(RoomID,RoomName,Capacity) values(101,'Ray Burn Conf Room',60); insert into Room(RoomID,RoomName,Capacity) values(102,'Room 2',60); insert into Room(RoomID,RoomName,Capacity) values(103,'Room 3',40); insert into Room(RoomID,RoomName,Capacity) values(104,'Room 4',80); insert into Room(RoomID,RoomName,Capacity) values(105,'Room 5',30);

State:

Insert into State(ShortName,Name,MinAgeReq) values('TX','Texas',18);
Insert into State(ShortName,Name,MinAgeReq) values('NY','New York',18);
Insert into State(ShortName,Name,MinAgeReq) values('AZ','Arizona',18);
Insert into State(ShortName,Name,MinAgeReq) values('CA','California',18);

Insert into State(ShortName,Name,MinAgeReq) values('NJ','New Jersey',18);

Branch:

Insert into Branch(BranchID,Name,Address,Zip) values(101,'Commerce','2231 Live Oak',75428);
Insert into Branch(BranchID,Name,Address,Zip) values(102,'California','2231 Live Oak',75429);
Insert into Branch(BranchID,Name,Address,Zip) values(103,'Dallas','2231 Live Oak',75634);
Insert into Branch(BranchID,Name,Address,Zip) values(104,'Arizona','2231 Live Oak',65724);
Insert into Branch(BranchID,Name,Address,Zip) values(105,'New York','2231 Live Oak',54321);

Employee:

Insert into Employee(EmployeeID,Name,DOB,JoiningDate,YearsOfExp,Address,Supervisor) values(55549,'Govardhan Reddy A',to_date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),SYSDATE,2.4,'2231 Live Oak',55549);

Insert into Employee(EmployeeID,Name,DOB,JoiningDate,YearsOfExp,Address,Supervisor) values(55550,'Steve',to_date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),SYSDATE,1,'2231 Live Oak',55549);

Insert into Employee(EmployeeID,Name,DOB,JoiningDate,YearsOfExp,Address,Supervisor) values(55551,'Marc',to_date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),SYSDATE,1.5,'2231 Live Oak',55549);

Insert into Employee(EmployeeID,Name,DOB,JoiningDate,YearsOfExp,Address,Supervisor) values(55552,'Larry',to_date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),SYSDATE,0.4,'2231 Live Oak',55549);

Insert into Employee(EmployeeID,Name,DOB,JoiningDate,YearsOfExp,Address,Supervisor) values(55553,'Satya',to date('11-25-1991','MM-DD-YYYY'),SYSDATE,1.9,'2231 Live Oak',55549);

Vehicle:

insert into Vehicle(VehicleID,Name,Model,ManfYear,Mileage,Managesby) values('SE12345', 'Toyota','Camry',1999,22,55549);

insert into Vehicle(VehicleID,Name,Model,ManfYear,Mileage,Managesby,BackUpOf) values('SE65748','Toyota','Corolla',2000,22,55550,'SE12345');

insert into Vehicle(VehicleID,Name,Model,ManfYear,Mileage,Managesby) values('SE78645', 'Lexus','SUV',2013,22,55551);

insert into Vehicle(VehicleID,Name,Model,ManfYear,Mileage,Managesby) values('SE19876', 'Acura','mdx',2012,22,55552);

insert into Vehicle(VehicleID,Name,Model,ManfYear,Mileage,Managesby) values('SE26409', 'Tata','Nano',2012,22,55553);

Course:

insert into

Course(CourseID,CourseName,StartDate,EndDate,RoomID,Instructor,CourseForState) values('TX123','Car Course For Texas',to_date('05-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('06-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),101,55549,'TX');

insert into

Course(CourseID,CourseName,StartDate,EndDate,RoomID,Instructor,CourseForState) values('CA123','Car Course For California',to_date('05-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('06-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),102,55550,'CA');

insert into

Course(CourseID,CourseName,StartDate,EndDate,RoomID,Instructor,CourseForState) values('TX125','Bike Course For Texas',to_date('05-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('06-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),103,55551,'TX');

insert into

Course(CourseID,CourseName,StartDate,EndDate,RoomID,Instructor,CourseForState) values('AZ123','Bike Course For Arizona',to_date('05-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('06-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),104,55552,'TX');

insert into

Course(CourseID,CourseName,StartDate,EndDate,RoomID,Instructor,CourseForState) values('NY123','Commercial Veh NY',to_date('05-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),to_date('06-20-2015','MM-DD-YYYY'),105,55553,'NY');

CustomerCourses:

insert into CustomerCourses(CustomerID, CourseID, Progress, VehicleID) values(1001, 'TX123', 0, '');

insert into CustomerCourses(CustomerID,CourseID,Progress,VehicleID) values(1002,'CA123',20,'SE12345');

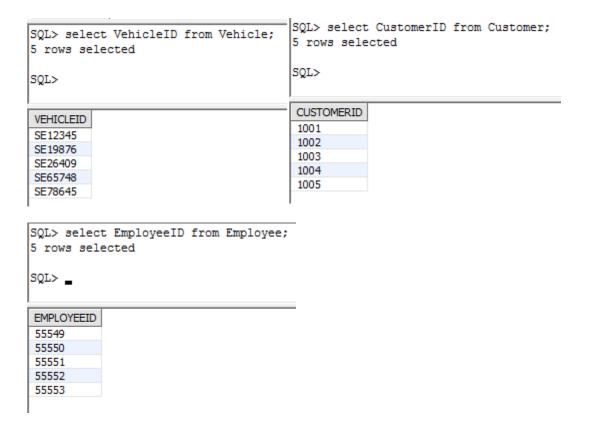
insert into CustomerCourses(CustomerID,CourseID,Progress,VehicleID) values(1003,'TX125',25,'SE78645');

insert into CustomerCourses(CustomerID,CourseID,Progress,VehicleID) values(1004,'AZ123',40,'SE19876');

insert into CustomerCourses(CustomerID,CourseID,Progress,VehicleID) values(1005,'NY123',60,'SE26409');

STEP 12:

List only primary keys for three different tables.



STEP 13:

SELECT command with WHERE statement on two different tables.

```
SQL> Select CustomerID, Name, Address from Customer where State = 'CA';
1 rows selected

SQL>

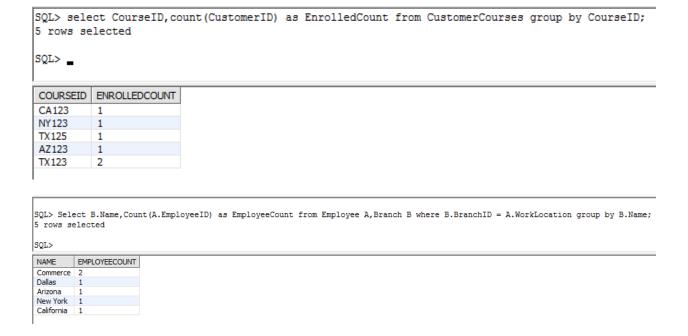
CUSTOMERID NAME ADDRESS
1002 Hari 2231 Live Oak Street

SQL> Select MinAgeReq From State Where ShortName = 'CA';
1 rows selected

SQL> 
MINAGEREQ
18
```

STEP 14:

Use of SELECT command with GROUP BY statement on two different tables



Use of SELECT command with HAVING statement on two different tables

SQL> Select Name, Min(YearsOfExp) as Experience from Employee group by Name having Min(YearsOfExp) > 1; 3 rows selected

SQL> _

NAME	EXPERIENCE
Marc	1.5
Govardhan Reddy A	2.4
Satya	1.9

SQL> Select CustomerID, Progress from CustomerCourses group by CustomerID, Progress having Progress = 0; 2 rows selected

SQL>

CUSTOMERID	PROGRESS
1003	0
1001	0

STEP 15:

Inner Join

SQL> Select E.EmployeeID,E.Name as EmpName,V.VehicleID,V.Name as VehName,V.Model
2 from Employee E,Vehicle V where E.EmployeeID = V.ManagesBy;
5 rows selected

SQL>

EMPLOYEEID	EMPNAME	VEHICLEID	VEHNAME	MODEL
55549	Govardhan Reddy A	SE12345	Toyota	Camry
55551	Marc	SE78645	Lexus	SUV
55552	Larry	SE19876	Acura	mdx
55553	Satya	SE26409	Tata	Nano
55550	Steve	SE65748	Toyota	Corolla

STEP 16:

Left Outer join

SQL> Select E.EmployeeID, E.Name as EmpName, V.VehicleID, V.Name as VehName, V.Model
2 from Employee E Left Join Vehicle V on E.EmployeeID = V.ManagesBy;
6 rows selected

SQL> _

EMPLOYEEID	EMPNAME	VEHICLEID	VEHNAME	MODEL
55549	Govardhan Reddy A	SE12345	Toyota	Camry
55550	Steve	SE65748	Toyota	Corolla
55551	Marc	SE78645	Lexus	SUV
55552	Larry	SE19876	Acura	mdx
55553	Satya	SE26409	Tata	Nano
55554	George			

STEP 17:

Use ORDER BY statement to order inner join operation according to foreign key

SQL> Select E.EmployeeID,E.Name as EmpName,V.VehicleID,V.Name as VehName,V.Model
2 from Employee E,Vehicle V where E.EmployeeID = V.ManagesBy order by E.EmployeeID;
5 rows selected

SQL> _

EMPLOYEEID	EMPNAME	VEHICLEID	VEHNAME	MODEL
55549	Govardhan Reddy A	SE12345	Toyota	Camry
55550	Steve	SE65748	Toyota	Corolla
55551	Marc	SE78645	Lexus	SUV
55552	Larry	SE19876	Acura	mdx
55553	Satya	SE26409	Tata	Nano

STEP 18:

"Cascade delete" operation over two tables.

Date in Course and CustomerCourses tables before delete operation.

```
SQL> Select * from Course;
6 rows selected
```

SQL> _

COURSEID	COURSENAME	STARTDATE	ENDDATE	ROOMID	INSTRUCTOR	COURSEFORSTATE
TX123	Car Course For Texas	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	101	55549	TX
CA123	Car Course For California	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	102	55550	CA
TX125	Bike Course For Texas	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	103	55551	TX
AZ123	Bike Course For Arizona	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	104	55552	TX
NY123	Commercial Veh NY	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	105	55553	NY
TX129	Sample Course	11-27-2015	11-27-2015	105	55549	TX

SQL> Select * from CustomerCourses;

7 rows selected

SQL>

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1003	TX 125	25	SE78645
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409
1001	TX123	0	
1003	TX123	0	SE19876
1003	TX129	0	SE12345

After deleting Course TX129.

SQL> delete from Course where CourseID = 'TX129';

1 row deleted

SQL> Select * from CustomerCourses;

6 rows selected

SQL> _

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1003	TX 125	25	SE78645
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409
1001	TX123	0	
1003	TX123	0	SE19876

```
SQL> Select * from Course;
5 rows selected
SQL> _
```

COURSEID	COURSENAME	STARTDATE	ENDDATE	ROOMID	INSTRUCTOR	COURSEFORSTATE
TX123	Car Course For Texas	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	101	55549	TX
CA123	Car Course For California	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	102	55550	CA
TX125	Bike Course For Texas	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	103	55551	TX
AZ123	Bike Course For Arizona	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	104	55552	TX
NY123	Commercial Veh NY	05-20-2015	06-20-2015	105	55553	NY

STEP 19:

Use UNION statement

SQL> Select Name from Customer UNION Select Name from Employee;
11 rows selected

SQL> __

NAME
Brahmananda Reddy A
Chaitanya P
George
Govardhan Reddy A
Hari
John
Larry
Marc
Satya
Steve
Venkata
1

STEP 20:

VIEW Statement.

Create View V_EmpDetails as Select Name, Years Of Exp from Employee;

```
SQL> Create View V_EmpDetails as Select Name, YearsOfExp from Employee;
SQL> select * from V_EmpDetails;
6 rows selected
SQL>
```

NAME	YEARSOFEXP
Govardhan Reddy A	2.4
Steve	1
Marc	1.5
Larry	.4
Satya	1.9
George	1

STEP 21:

Delete three rows from a table.

Before Deletion

```
SQL> Select * from CustomerCourses;
6 rows selected
SQL>
```

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1003	TX 125	25	SE78645
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409
1001	TX123	0	
1003	TX123	0	SE19876

After Deletion

```
SQL> delete from CustomerCourses where CustomerID = 1003 and CourseID = 'TX123';
1 row deleted

SQL> delete from CustomerCourses where CustomerID = 1003 and CourseID = 'TX125';
1 row deleted

SQL> delete from CustomerCourses where CustomerID = 1001 and CourseID = 'TX123';
1 row deleted

SQL> ___
```

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1003	TX 125	25	SE78645
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409
1001	TX123	0	
1003	TX123	0	SE19876

SQL> select * from CustomerCourses; 3 rows selected

SQL> _

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409

STEP 22:

Delete all rows from a table and then delete empty table from database

```
SQL> select * from CustomerCourses;
3 rows selected
```

SQL> _

CUSTOMERID	COURSEID	PROGRESS	VEHICLEID
1002	CA123	20	SE12345
1004	AZ123	40	SE19876
1005	NY123	60	SE26409

SQL> delete from CustomerCourses; 3 rows deleted

SQL> select * from CustomerCourses; no rows selected

SQL> _

CUSTOMERID | COURSEID | PROGRESS | VEHICLEID

SQL Prompt | Scratchpad | Schema Browser | Research |

SQL> drop table CustomerCourses;

SQL> Select * from CustomerCourses; ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

SQL> _