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1  #functions.py
2
3  def num_in_interval(lo, hi, value, needed_increments):
4      """
5      Maps (normalizes) the given value from the domain of (0, (number_system_base ^
6      number_of_digits_of_value))
7      to a value in the operational domain that coincides to the incremental position
8      that the given
9      value had in its original domain.
10
11      Args:
12          lo (Union[float,int]): min value of operational domain
13          hi (Union[float,int]): max value of operational domain
14          value (int): the value that is to be mapped to the operational domain
15          needed_increments (int): how many possible values can be represented given the
16                                  same
17                                  number system, and number of digits, as the given
18                                  value
19
20      Returns:
21          (float): value within the operational domain that coincides to the incremental
22          position that
23          the given value had in its original domain
24      """
25
26      #determine increment size that splits the operational domain into the number needed
27      #increments of equal portion
28      increment_size = (hi - lo) / needed_increments
29
30      #return value within the operational domain that coincides to the incremental
31      #position that
32      #the given value had in its original domain
33      return lo + value * increment_size
34
35  def general_decoder(string, var_length, domain_min, domain_max, number_system_base):
36      """
37      Takes in binary string and splits it into several string variables of length
38      var_length
39      and returns a list of floating point decimal number values representing each within
40      their
41      operational domain.
42
43      Args:
44          string (str): alphanumeric string representing a number system value
45          var_length (int): length of each string variable
46          domain_min (Union[float,int]): min value of operational domain
47          domain_max (Union[float,int]): max value of operational domain
48          number_system_base (int): base of the string variable's utilized numbering
49          system alphanumeric
50                                  character set
51
52      Returns:
53          (List[float]): list of floating point decimal number values representing each
54          of the string variables
55          within their operational domain (domain_min, domain_max)
56      """
57
58      #splits string into separate variables of var_length from given string
59      str_var_list = [string[i:i + var_length] for i in range(0, len(string), var_length)]
60
61      #convert each variable from original alphanumeric character set to decimal
62      dec_list = [(int(num, number_system_base)) for num in str_var_list]
63
64      #map each decimal to a floating point number in their operational domain
65      (domain_min, domain_max)
66      max_var_val = number_system_base ** var_length
67      xs = [(num_in_interval(domain_min, domain_max, dec_list[i], max_var_val)) for i in
68            range(len(dec_list))]

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56
57     return xs
58
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