Girl Power in Engineering and IT
Introduction to Microbits
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Part 0: Getting Started

Task 0.1: Give your program a name

At the top of your browser, you should see an 'Untitled project' box. Give your project a name.

Task 0.2: Write your name

In your microbit editor, add a comment at the top with your name. This is to say that you have written this program!

Task 0.3: Import your library

In your microbit editor, add a statement to import the library "microbit". We want to import **all** the contents of that library. Note that this might already be done for you

Try sending the current code to your microbit, what do you notice?

Part 1: Start with a smile:)

Task 1.1: Display your first image

Display an image of your choice based on the list below:

Name	Image
Image.HAPPY	
Image.HEART	
Image.DUCK	
Image.PACMAN	
Image.ARROW_N	
Image.ARROW_E	

Name	Image
Image.SAD	
Image.GIRAFFE	
Image.BUTTERFLY	
Image.GHOST	
Image.ARROW_S	
Image.ARROW_W	

Task 1.2: Two in a row

Display multiple images of your choice (in a row) based on the previous list. Remember to pause.

Task 1.3: You are correct!

Display the message "You are ✓". The ✓ is displayed using "Image.YES"

Part 2: Don't stop

Task 2.1: Merge lane

Write a program to redirect traffic. Your program should flash Image.ARROW_E continuously, staying on for 1 second, and off for half a second.

Task 2.2: Tick Tock.. Not Tiktok

Time is ticking! Write a program to move a clock hand continuously around the display. It should start at 12 o'clock, go to 3 o'clock, then 6 o'clock, and then 9 o'clock, staying in each position for one second. Use the following as a guide.

Name	Image
Image.CLOCK12	
Image.CLOCK3	
Image.CLOCK6	
Image.CLOCK9	

Part 3: Buttons and conditions

Task 3.1: Point at

Write a program that points to button A when button A is pressed. Otherwise, clear the display.

Task 3.2: Point at - continued

Write a program that points to button A when button A is pressed and to button B when button B is pressed. Otherwise, clear the display.

Task 3.3: CHALLENGE

Write a program that points to button A when button A is pressed and to button B when button B is pressed. **The program should point up if both buttons are pressed simultaneously.** Otherwise, clear the display.

Part 4: Music

Task 4.1: Power up, power down

Write a program that displays a smiley face and plays POWER_UP, pauses for 2 seconds, then displays the sleepy face and plays POWER_DOWN. Be careful of the order of operations, and make sure the program is not running forever! Note, the smiley face is HAPPY, sleepy face is ASLEEP.

Part 5: One pixel at a time and for loops

Task 5.1: Shrink an arrow

Start with an arrow pointing north (upwards). You want your program to stay in that state for 2 seconds, then you want your arrow to shrink!

Hint: How about you turn off some pixels?

Task 5.2: A more elegant star

Use a for loop to recreate the falling star problem. Notice that the y coordinate is not the only one repeating!

Part 6: Counters and effects

Task 6.1: What we learned so far

Now, we're going to write one big program with everything we have learned so far! Write a program that uses Button A to set the timer in seconds. Your program should count the number of times that Button A was pressed.

For example, 3 presses on Button A sets the timer for 3 seconds.

When Button B is pressed:

- display Image.ASLEEP to show the timer has started;
- sleep for the time in seconds; then
- clear the screen and play music.RINGTONE.

Part 7: Move!

Task 7.1: Move with buttons

Recreate the example from the slides where a dot moves horizontally. However, this time, we only want the dot to move when we press button A.

Task 7.2: A falling star

Remember the falling star example? Write a program that imitates a falling star.

- Start with the corner pixel at brightness 1
- Every time you press button A, the next diagonal pixel lights up with a brightness 2 levels greater than the previous one.
- When you reach the final diagonal, the star should reset to only the corner pixel with brightness 1.

Task 7.3: Moving in 2D

Write a program that starts with a lit pixel at the coordinate (0,0). If button A is pressed, move the dot 1 pixel to the right. If button B is pressed, move the dot 1 pixel down. If x > 4 or y > 4, reset only that coordinate.

Task 7.4: Snake!

We now know enough to create a simple game of snake!

Our snake starts as one pixel in the top-left corner. The goal is to move it to the bottom-right corner using the buttons:

- Button A moves the snake to the right
- Button B moves the snake downwards

Grow the snake as you move it by not clearing the old pixels. Pressing a button to move the snake off the edges of the screen should have no effect.

When it reaches the bottom-right at (4, 4), celebrate by playing music.POWER_UP! Then reset the game by clearing the display and restarting the snake in the top-left corner.

Let's save:

Press on the 3 dots next to the save button. Click on 'Save Python script'. This will download the code locally.