## **Support Vector Machine**

## **Importing Libraries**

data.info()

```
In [103]:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
\textbf{from} \  \, \textbf{sklearn.svm} \  \, \textbf{import} \  \, \textbf{SVC}
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
pd.set_option('max_columns', None)
                                                                                                           In [104]:
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import style
style.use('ggplot')
Reading the Data
                                                                                                           In [105]:
data = pd.read csv('data.txt', delimiter=' ', header=None)
Exploratory Data Analysis
                                                                                                           In [106]:
data
                                                                                                          Out[106]:
                              9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
    1 6 4 12 5 5 3 4 1 67
                                     2
          2 60 1 3 2 2
                           1 22
                                                             0
                                                                       0
                                                  0
                                                      0
                                                                0
    4 12 4 21 1 4 3 3 1 49
                                                      0
                                                                0
                                                  0
                1 4 3 4 2 45
                                                                0
                                                                   0
    4 9 2 23 2 2 2 4 2 22
                                                      0
                                                                   0
     1 18 2 75 5 5 3 4 2 51
                                                  0
                                                                0
   4 24 3 7 5 5 4 4 3 54
                                  3
                                     2
                                        1
                                            2
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                0
                                                                       0
                                 3 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0
    2 9 2 15 5 2 3 2 1 35
                                                               0
800 rows × 25 columns
                                                                                                           In [107]:
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 800 entries, 0 to 799
Data columns (total 25 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
            800 non-null int64
800 non-null int64
0
    0
1
    1
    2.
            800 non-null
                          int64
           800 non-null int64
   3
4 4
           800 non-null int64
           800 non-null int64
5
    5
6
    6
            800 non-null
                            int64
7
                           int64
    7
           800 non-null
8 8
           800 non-null
                           int64
9
   9
           800 non-null
                          int64
           800 non-null int64
10 10
11 11
12 12
            800 non-null
                           int64
                           int64
            800 non-null
           800 non-null
13 13
                           int64
14 14
           800 non-null
                           int64
          800 non-null int64
15 15
           800 non-null
16 16
                           int64
17
    17
            800 non-null
                            int64
18 18
           800 non-null
                           int64
19 19
           800 non-null
                          int64
20 20
           800 non-null
                           int64
            800 non-null
                          int64
21 21
                          int64
22 22
            800 non-null
23
    23
            800 non-null
                            int64
24 24
            800 non-null
                           int64
dtypes: int64(25)
memory usage: 156.4 KB
                                                                                                     In [108]:
# data = data.loc[:,data.apply(pd.Series.nunique) < 5]</pre>
                                                                                                     In [109]:
X, y = data.iloc[:, :-1].values, data.iloc[:, -1].values
                                                                                                     In [110]:
def svm(X, y, model):
    accuracies = []
    for i in range(10):
        accuracy = 0
        X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(
            X, y, test_size=0.4, random_state=i)
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
        y_predict = model.predict(X_test)
        for j in range(len(y_predict)):
            if y_predict[j] == y_test[j]:
                accuracy += 1
        accuracies.append(accuracy / len(y_predict) * 100)
    return accuracies
                                                                                                     In [121]:
svm clf = Pipeline((
("linear_svc", SVC(C=0.1, kernel="linear")),
))
not scaled accuracies = svm(X, y, svm clf)
mean of not scaled accuracies = np.mean(not scaled accuracies)
print(not scaled accuracies)
print (mean of not scaled accuracies)
[74.375, 77.8125, 69.0625, 73.4375, 75.0, 74.6875, 73.125, 75.625, 73.4375, 71.5625]
73.8125
                                                                                                     In [122]:
svm_clf = Pipeline((
("scaler", StandardScaler()),
("linear svc", SVC(C=0.1, kernel="linear")),
```

```
))
scaled_accuracies = svm(X, y, svm_clf)
mean_of_scaled_accuracies = np.mean(scaled_accuracies)

print(scaled_accuracies)
print(mean_of_scaled_accuracies)

[75.0, 78.125, 71.5625, 75.625, 75.625, 75.3125, 73.125, 75.0, 73.4375, 73.125]
74.59375
```

## Reporting

(A) - Difference Between The Dataset Used in 1 and 2

In [101]:

```
# Data used in pipeline A
data.describe()
```

												Out[101	1]:
	0	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
count	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.00000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	800.000000	8(
mean	2.582500	2.673750	2.841250	2.36625	2.676250	1.396250	1.147500	1.398750	1.033750	0.230000	0.101250	0.910000	
std	1.242023	0.700303	1.106833	1.06114	0.706796	0.569773	0.354825	0.489947	0.180698	0.421096	0.301848	0.286361	
min	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	1.000000	2.000000	2.000000	1.00000	3.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	
50%	2.000000	3.000000	3.000000	2.00000	3.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	
75%	4.000000	3.000000	4.000000	3.00000	3.000000	2.000000	1.000000	2.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	
max	4.000000	4.000000	4.000000	4.00000	3.000000	4.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
4												Þ	•

In [102]:

```
# Data used in pipeline B
scaler = StandardScaler()

scaler.fit(data)

scaled_features = scaler.transform(data)
pd.DataFrame(scaled_features, index=data.index, columns=data.columns).describe()
```

	0	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	Out[102]: <b>15</b>
count	8.000000e+02									
mean	1.554312e-17	-4.440892e- 17	-3.663736e- 17	1.443290e-17	-9.992007e- 18	3.774758e-17	1.398881e-16	8.659740e-17	2.753353e-16	-6.661338e- 17
std	1.000626e+00									
min	- 1.274928e+00	- 2.391533e+00	- 1.664570e+00	- 1.288336e+00	- 2.373102e+00	-6.958870e- 01	-4.159574e- 01	-8.143719e- 01	-1.868926e- 01	-5.465357e- 01
25%	- 1.274928e+00	-9.626857e- 01	-7.605267e- 01	- 1.288336e+00	4.583396e-01	-6.958870e- 01	-4.159574e- 01	-8.143719e- 01	-1.868926e- 01	-5.465357e- 01
50%	-4.692862e- 01	4.661614e-01	1.435169e-01	-3.453635e- 01	4.583396e-01	-6.958870e- 01	-4.159574e- 01	-8.143719e- 01	-1.868926e- 01	-5.465357e- 01
75%	1.141997e+00	4.661614e-01	1.047561e+00	5.976086e-01	4.583396e-01	1.060295e+00	-4.159574e- 01	1.227940e+00	-1.868926e- 01	-5.465357e- 01
max	1.141997e+00	1.895008e+00	1.047561e+00	1.540581e+00	4.583396e-01	4.572658e+00	2.404093e+00	1.227940e+00	5.350666e+00	1.829707e+00
4					188					<b>L</b>

(A) Here we can see that columns [1, 3, and 9] have a very huge region compared to other columns so after scaling all columns it helped in the accuracy measure **Not By Much Though (Just 0.6%) Which is not much** 

But if we tried to drop columns that have very wide range and a lot of unique values (say > 5) we can see that the accuracy of the scaled version of the data is actually nearly the same as the not scaled one if not even less accurate

- (B) The Averaged Accuracy of both pipelines ranges in a not small range of accuracy (about 6%) and that might be due to the fact that some of the points might be outliers or have noise in them which affects the learning of the linear sym algorithm
- (C) Again the Difference in the averaged accuracies between the two pipelines is not that noticeable, maybe due to the fact that most of the data range is very close If we tried to do feature selection to pick only the most important features to learn form, then we might get a noticeable difference
- (D)  $\ 1$  Reading the data and parse it into X, and y arrays  $\ 2$  create the svm function which takes the X, and y with the training model pipeline and run the learning algorithm for 10 times and then return all of them as an array  $\ 3$  take the mean of these accuracies to compare between the two pipelines  $\ 4$  for the second pipeline, I've applied a StandardScaler for normalizing the input data. I didn't apply any extra preprocessing though for the second pipeline  $\ 5$  I've choosen C hyperparameter to be 0.1 just after some trials

In []: