DATA DICTIONARY

Column	Heading	Descriptions	Data Types
1.	Catalog Number	Sequential number of the eclipse in the catalog links to the map published in the Five Millennium Canon	int64
		of Solar Eclipses: -1999 to +3000.	
2.	Calendar Date	Calendar Date at instant of Greatest Eclipse.	object
		Gregorian Calendar is used for dates after 1582 Oct	
		15. Julian Calendar is used for dates before 1582 Oct 04.	
3.	TD of Greatest	Dynamical Time (TD) of Greatest Eclipse, the	object
	Eclipse	instant when the axis of the Moon's shadow cone	-
	L	passes closest to Earth's center.	
4.	ΔΤ	Delta T (ΔT) is the arithmetic difference between	int64
		Dynamical Time and Universal Time. It is a measure	
		of the accumulated clock error due to the variable	
5.	Luna Num	rotation period of Earth.	int64
J.	Lulia Nulli	Lunation Number is the number of synodic months since New Moon of 2000 Jan 06. The Brown	111104
		Lunation Number can be determined by adding 953.	
6.	Saros Num	Saros series number of eclipse. (Each eclipse in a	int64
0.	Saros Ivani	Saros is separated by an interval of 18 years 11.3	шоч
		days.)	
7.	Ecl. Type	Eclipse Type where: P = Partial Eclipse, A =	object
, ,		Annular Eclipse, T = Total Eclipse, H = Hybrid or	
		Annular/Total Eclipse.	
		Second character in Eclipse Type: "m" = Middle	
		eclipse of Saros series, "n" = Central eclipse with no	
		northern limit, "s" = Central eclipse with no southern	
		limit,	
		"+" = Non-central eclipse with no northern limit,	
		"-" = Non-central eclipse with no southern limit	
		"2" = Hybrid path begins total and ends annular.	
		"3" = Hybrid path begins annular and ends total.,	
		"b" = Saros series begins (first eclipse in series).	
8.	Commo	"e" = Saros series ends (last eclipse in series). Distance of the shadow cone axis from the center of	float64
0.	Gamma	Earth (units of equatorial radii) at the instant of	1102104
		greatest eclipse	
9.	Ecl. Mag.	Eclipse magnitude is the fraction of the Sun's	float64
) .	Zei. Mag.	diameter obscured by the Moon. For annular, total	nouto i
		and hybrid eclipses, this value is actually the	
		diameter ratio of Moon/Sun.	
10.	Lat.	Latitude where greatest eclipse is seen.	object
11.	Long.	Longitude where greatest eclipse is seen.	object
12.	Sun Alt	Sun's altitude at greatest eclipse	int64
13.	Sun Azm	Sun's azimuth at greatest eclipse.	int64
14.	Path Width	Width of the path of totality or annularity at greatest	object
1-	G . 15	eclipse (kilometers)	
15.	Central Dur.	Central Line Duration of total or annular phase at	object
		greatest eclipse	