Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.

AIM:

To run a basic Word Count MapReduce program using Hadoop.

PROCEDURE:

1. Create Data File:

```
nano word_count_data.txt
```

Example content for word_count_data.txt:

Hadoop is a framework that allows for distributed processing of large data sets.

2. Mapper Program (mapper.py):

```
import sys for line in
sys.stdin: line =
line.strip() words =
line.split() for word in
words:
    print(f'{word}\t1')
```

3. **Reducer Program (reducer.py)**:

```
import sys
current_word = None
current_count = 0 word
= None

for line in sys.stdin: line
    = line.strip()
    word, count = line.split('\t', 1)
    try:
        count = int(count)
```

```
except ValueError:
                   continue
                 if current_word == word:
                   current_count += count
                 else:
                   if current_word:
                          print(f'{current_word}\t{current_count}')
                   current_count = count
                   current\_word = word
               if current_word == word:
                 print(f'{current_word}\t{current_count}')
   4. Set Hadoop Environment:
               hdfs dfs -mkdir /word_count_input
               hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal word_count_data.txt /word_count_input
   5. Run Word Count Program:
               hadoop jar $HADOOP_HOME/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-*.jar \
               -input /word_count_input/word_count_data.txt \
               -output /word_count_output \
               -mapper mapper.py \
               -reducer reducer.py
   6. Check Output:
               hdfs dfs -cat /word_count_output/part-00000
OUTPUT:
```

```
varusha@Ubuntu:- × varusha@Ubunt
```

RESULT:

Thus, the program for basic Word Count Map Reduce has been executed successfully.