India's Agricultural Crop production Analysis What went poorly? What went well? (1997 - 2021) What should we keep doing? Where did we have problems? What was frustrating to us or others? What should we celebrate? Where did we make progress? What held us back? systems and other activities of agriculture with the labor of farmers it also consumes time. Indian farmers face problems. Every everyday man should deal with agriculture or create awareness about the importance of agriculture Today india is the second India's food security largest producer of depends on growing arable land in the world. cereal crops and Agriculture and allied increasing production of sectors such as forestry fruits, vegetables and and woodwork milk to meet the needs of accounted for 16.6 a growing population with rising incomes. percent of india's total employment as of 2007 farming are in place Achieving the In this context, the recent reforms aim at bringing new investments interconnected goals of in the farm sector, especially form food security, energy the private corporate sector security and domestic and global. It is decarbonisation in the 21st assumed that in order to get such investment, deregulation of the century requires a delicate sector is needed in terms of mix of policy, technology output market and farm input as and investment for well as services market and land agriculture. market. seed technology can also improve the India has a wide variety germination rate, of agro-climatic zones, seedling vigor, and plan which makes it possible establishment of seeds to grow a variety of by using priming or crops, providing ample physiological opportunities to increase advancemend protocols farmer's income through diversification First, measures such as conservation of natural resources, climate-friendly agriculture and reduction of agricultural pollution should protect farmer's welfare and contribute to doubling farmer's incomes There are three goals for agriculture development in india. There are: (a) achieving higher growth by increasing productivity; (b) inclusion by focusing on disadvantage areas, small farmers and women; and (c) sustainability of agriculture.

See an example

How should we take action?

What do you believe we should do next?

What specific things should we change?

What should extend beyond this meeting?

What ideas do you have?

What has untapped potential?

What ideas do you have for future work together?

Where do you see opportunities to improve?