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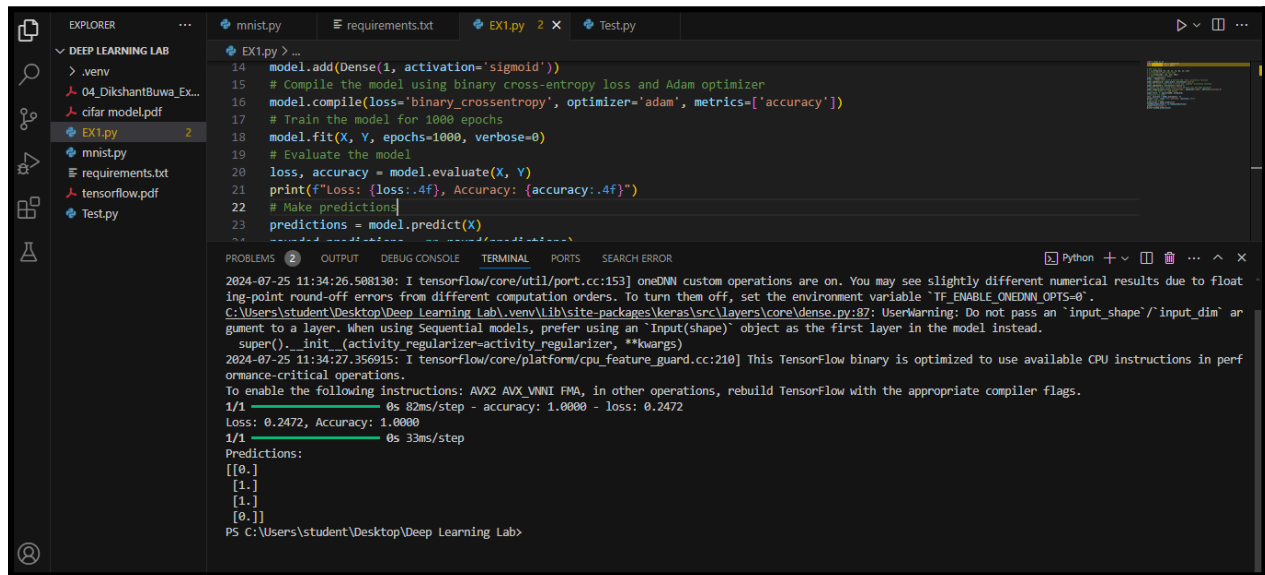
Ex1:XOR implementation using deep learning in python

Code:

```
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense

# XOR input data
X = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
# Corresponding XOR output data
Y = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [0]])
# Create a sequential model
model = Sequential()
# Add a hidden layer with 8 neurons and 'relu' activation function
model.add(Dense(8, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
# Add the output layer with 1 neuron and 'sigmoid' activation function
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
# Compile the model using binary cross-entropy loss and Adam optimizer
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model for 1000 epochs
model.fit(X, Y, epochs=1000, verbose=0)
# Evaluate the model
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X, Y)
print(f'Loss: {loss:.4f}, Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}')
# Make predictions
predictions = model.predict(X)
rounded_predictions = np.round(predictions)
print("Predictions:")
print(rounded_predictions)
```

Output:



The image shows a VS Code editor with a file explorer on the left and a terminal at the bottom. The file explorer shows a project named 'DEEP LEARNING LAB' with files like '.venv', '04_DikshantBuwa_Ex...', 'cifar model.pdf', 'EX1.py', 'mnist.py', 'requirements.txt', 'tensorflow.pdf', and 'Test.py'. The 'EX1.py' file is open in the editor, showing a neural network model definition and training code. The terminal at the bottom shows the output of the script, including warnings and performance metrics.

```
14 model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
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17 # Train the model for 1000 epochs
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19 # Evaluate the model
20 loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X, Y)
21 print(f"Loss: {loss:.4f}, Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}")
22 # Make predictions
23 predictions = model.predict(X)
```

2024-07-25 11:34:26.508130: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:153] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly different numerical results due to floating-point round-off errors from different computation orders. To turn them off, set the environment variable 'TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0'.
C:\Users\student\Desktop\Deep Learning Lab\.venv\Lib\site-packages\keras\srlayers\core\dense.py:82: UserWarning: Do not pass an 'input_shape'/'input_dim' argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an 'Input(shape)' object as the first layer in the model instead.
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
2024-07-25 11:34:27.356915: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 AVX_VNNI FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
1/1 0s 82ms/step - accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.2472
1/1 0s 33ms/step
Predictions:
[[0.]
 [1.]
 [1.]
 [0.]]
PS C:\Users\student\Desktop\Deep Learning Lab>