```
Anything Else :
Slip1 Q1
 Q1. Create a Simple Application which shows the Life Cycle of Activity.
MainActivity.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
       android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
android:padding="20dp">
  <TextView
           android:id="@+id/textView"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Activity Lifecycle"
android:textSize="20sp"
           android:padding="10dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
(res->values->string.xml)
String.xml
<resources>
  <string name="onCreate text">onCreate called</string>
  cstring name="onResure_text">onStart called</string>
cstring name="onResure_text">onStart called</string>
cstring name="onResure_text">onResure called</string>
   <string name="onPause_text">onPause called</string>
  string name="onStop_text">onStop called
string name="onDestroy_text">onDestroy_text
called
/string name="onDestroy_text">onDestroy_text
called
/string name="onDestroy_text"
onDestroy_text
called
/string>
  <string name="app_name" />
 </resources>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.sla;
 import android.app.Activity;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.util.Log;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private static final String TAG = "ActivityLifecycle";
  private TextView tv;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        tv = findViewById(R.id.textView);
       tv.setText(getString(R.string.onCreate_text));
Log.d(TAG, "onCreate called");
  protected void onStart() {
        super.onStart();
tv.setText(getString(R.string.onStart_text));
        Log.d(TAG, "onStart called");
  protected void onResume() {
       super.onResume();
tv.setText(getString(R.string.onResume_text));
        Log.d(TAG, "onResume called");
  @Override
  protected void onPause() {
        super.onPause();
tv.setText(getString(R.string.onPause_text));
        Log.d(TAG, "onPause called");
  @Override
  protected void onStop() {
       super.onStop();
tv.setText(getString(R.string.onStop_text));
        Log.d(TAG, "onStop called");
        // Explicitly finish the activity to trigger onDestroy()
        finish();
  protected void onDestroy() {
    super.onDestroy();
       tv.setText(getString(R.string.onDestroy_text));
Log.d(TAG, "onDestroy called");
Log.d(TAG, "Activity is destroyed"); // This should now be logged
 }
**********
Slip 1 02B
Q2. Create an Android Application that demonstrate DatePicker and DatePickerDailog. MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout width="match parent"
```

```
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
  android:gravity="center" android:padding="20dp">
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/textView"
      android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Selected Date"
android:textSize="20sp"
      android:padding="10dp"/>
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/button"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Pick a Date"/>
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s1b;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.app.DatePickerDialog;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.DatePicker;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 import java.util.Calendar;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private TextView textView;
  private Button button;
private Calendar calendar;
  private int year, month, day;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R
               .layout.activity_main);
       textView = findViewById(R.id.textView);
      button = findViewById(R.id.button);
       calendar = Calendar.getInstance()
      year = calendar.get(Calendar.YEAR);
month = calendar.get(Calendar.MONTH);
      day = calendar.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH);
      button.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
    DatePickerDialog datePickerDialog = new DatePickerDialog(
                            MainActivity.this,
                        new DatePickerDialog.OnDateSetListener() {
                             year, month, day);
               datePickerDialog.show();
      });
*****************
Slip2 Q1
O1. Create a Simple Application, which reads a positive number from the user and display its factorial value in another activity.
MainActivity.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 ClinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp">
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/editTextNumber"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="@string/enter_a_positive_number"
android:inputType="number"
      android:importantForAccessibility="yes" />
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/buttonCalculate"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="@string/calculate_factorial" />
 </LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java
package com.example.myapplication;
```

```
import android.content.Intent;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText editTextNumber;
  private Button buttonCalculate;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      editTextNumber = findViewById(R.id.editTextNumber);
buttonCalculate = findViewById(R.id.buttonCalculate);
          buttonCalculate.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
               String input = editTextNumber.getText().toString();
if (input.isEmpty()) {
                    Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please enter a number", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
                    int number = Integer.parseInt(input);
                    if (number >= 0) {
                         Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, MainActivity2.class);
intent.putExtra("number", number);
                            startActivity(intent);
                    } else {
                         Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please enter a positive number", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
          }
      });
  }
SecondActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
     android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/textViewResult"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="@string/factorial"
          android:textSize="18sp"/>
      android:id="@+id/buttonBack"
         android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="@string/back to input" />
 </LinearLayout>
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.myapplication;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class MainActivity2 extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView textViewResult;
  private Button buttonBack;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R.layout.activity main2);
       textViewResult = findViewById(R.id.textViewResult);
      buttonBack = findViewById(R.id.buttonBack);
         Get the number from the intent
      int number = getIntent().getIntExtra("number", 0);
      long factorial = calculateFactorial(number);
          textViewResult.setText("Factorial of " + number + " is: " + factorial);
      buttonBack.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                finish(); // Close the ResultActivity and return to MainActivity
      });
  private long calculateFactorial(int number) {
      long result = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {
   result *= i;</pre>
      return result;
```

```
Slip 2 Q2A
 Create an Android application that plays an audio(song) in the background. Audio will not be stopped even if you switch to another activity. To stop the audio
Create BackgroundSoundService.java
import android.app.Service;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.media.MediaPlayer;
import android.os.IBinder;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.annotation.Nullable;
public class BackgroundSoundService extends Service {
    MediaPlayer mediaPlayer;
     @Nullable
    public IBinder onBind(Intent intent) {
         return null;
    public void onCreate() {
         super.onCreate();
         mediaPlayer = MediaPlayer.create(this, R.raw.background_music);
         mediaPlayer.setLooping(true); // Set to loop indefinitely
    public int onStartCommand(Intent intent, int flags, int startId) {
         mediaPlayer.start();
         Toast.makeText(this, "Background music started", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
         return START STICKY;
    public void onDestroy() {
         mediaPlayer.stop();
         mediaPlayer.release();
Toast.makeText(this, "Background music stopped", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
         super.onDestroy();
activity main.xml
<??ml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:gravity="center_horizontal"
     android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="16dp">
     <Button
         android:id="@+id/btn_start"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:text="Start Background Music"
android:onClick="startBackgroundSound" />
     <Button
         android:id="@+id/btn_stop"
         android:layout width="match parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:text="Stop Background Music"
android:onClick="stopBackgroundSound"
         android:layout_marginTop="16dp" />
     <Button
         android:id="@+id/btn_second_activity"
         android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:text="Open Second Activity"
android:onClick="openSecondActivity"
         android:layout_marginTop="16dp" />
</LinearLayout>
 MainActivity.java
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    public void startBackgroundSound(View view) {
         Intent intent = new Intent(this, BackgroundSoundService.class);
startService(intent);
    public void stopBackgroundSound(View view) {
         Intent intent = new Intent(this, BackgroundSoundService.class);
         stopService(intent);
    public void openSecondActivity(View view) {
    Intent intent = new Intent(this, SecondActivity.class);
         startActivity(intent);
```

```
SecondActivity.java
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
activity_second.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
     android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:gravity="center"
     android:orientation="vertical"
     android:padding="16dp">
     <TextView
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="This is the second activity"
android:textSize="24sp" />
</LinearLayout>
 AndroidManifest.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
package="com.example.backgroundmusic">
      <application
          android:allowBackup="true"
          android:allowBackup="true"
android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
android:label="@string/app_name"
android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic_launcher_round"
android:supportsRtl="true"
android:theme="@style/Theme.BackgroundMusic">
<activity android:name=".SecondActivity" />
<activity android:name=".MainActivity">
<iitott.filer</pre>
                <intent-filter>
                     <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
<category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
           </activity>
           <service android:name=".BackgroundSoundService" />
     </application>
</manifest>
Slip3 Q1
Q1. Create an Android Application that will change color of the College Name on click of Push Button and change the font size, font style of text view using xm
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:gravity="center"
android:padding="20dp">
            android:id="@+id/collegeName"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="My College Name"
android:textSize="20sp"
android:textColor="#000000"
            android:padding="10dp"/>
           android:id="@+id/changeStyleButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Change Style"/>
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity. java
package com.example.s3a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.graphics.Color;
import android.graphics.Typeface;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
  import android.widget.Button
 import android.widget.TextView;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private TextView collegeName;
  private Button changeStyleButton;
private int styleIndex = 0; // 0: normal, 1: bold, 2: italic
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        collegeName = findViewById(R.id.collegeName);
        changeStyleButton = findViewById(R.id.changeStyleButton);
            changeStyleButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
```

```
// Change text color to red
                    collegeName.setTextColor(Color.RED);
                 // Toggle between normal, bold, and italic styles
                 switch (styleIndex) {
                     case 0:
                              collegeName.setTypeface(Typeface.DEFAULT, Typeface.NORMAL); // Normal style
collegeName.setTextSize(16);
                           styleIndex = 1;
                          break;
                      case 1:
                              styleIndex = 2;
                          break;
                      case 2:
                              collegeName.setTypeface(Typeface.create("sans-serif", Typeface.ITALIC)); // Italic style
                              collegeName.setTextSize(24);
                          styleIndex = 0;
                          break;
                }
           }
      });
}
Slip3 Q2A
Q2. Create an Android Application to find the factorial of a number and Display the Result on Alert Box.
MainActivity.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
android:padding="20dp">
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/numberInput"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:layou_meignt=-w.ap_content
android:hint="@string/enter_a_number1"
android:inputType="number"
android:padding="l0dp"
android:textSize="18sp"/>
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/calculateButton"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Calculate Factorial"
android:padding="10dp"
          android:layout_marginTop="10dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
                **********
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s3a;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.app.AlertDialog;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
 private EditText numberInput;
private Button calculateButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       numberInput = findViewById(R.id.numberInput);
       calculateButton = findViewById(R.id.calculateButton);
           calculateButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
                int num = Integer.parseInt(numberInput.getText().toString());
long fact = factorial(num);
                new AlertDialog.Builder(MainActivity.this)
                             .setTitle("Factorial Result")
.setMessage("Factorial of " + num + " is " + fact)
                           .setPositiveButton("OK", null)
                          .show();
       });
  private long factorial(int n) {
       long result = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    result *= i;</pre>
       return result;
Slip4 01
```

```
Q1. Create a Simple Application, that performs Arithmetic Operations. (Use constraint layout)
MainActivity.xml
 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:padding="20dp">
           android:id="@+id/numberInput1"
           android:layout_width="0dp"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="@string/enter_first_number"
       android:inputType="numberDecimal" android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
           app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent"
           app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
           app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"/>
           android:id="@+id/numberInput2"
           android:layout_width="0dp"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="@string/enter_second_number"
android:inputType="numberDecimal"
android:layout_marginTop="10dp"
       app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/numberInput1"
           app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
           app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"/>
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/addButton"
           android:layout_width="0dp"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
           android:text="@string/add"
           app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/numberInput2"
app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
           app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
           android:layout_marginTop="10dp"/>
           android:id="@+id/subtractButton"
           android:layout_width="0dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="@string/subtract"
           app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/addButton"
app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
           app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
android:layout_marginTop="10dp"/>
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/multiplyButton"
           android:layout width="0dp"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
           android:text="@string/multiply"
           app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/subtractButton"
           app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
           android:layout_marginTop="10dp"/>
           android:id="@+id/divideButton"
           android:layout_width="0dp"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="@string/divide"
       app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@id/multiplyButton"
app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
           app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
           android:layout marginTop="10dp"/
 </android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s4a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.app.AlertDialog;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.EditText;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private EditText numberInput1, numberInput2;
  private Button addButton, subtractButton, multiplyButton, divideButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
               er.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       numberInput1 = findViewById(R.id.numberInput1);
numberInput2 = findViewById(R.id.numberInput2);
       addButton = findViewById(R.id.addButton);
subtractButton = findViewById(R.id.subtractButton);
multiplyButton = findViewById(R.id.multiplyButton);
       divideButton = findViewById(R.id.divideButton);
       addButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
                 performOperation("Addition", '+');
           subtractButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
```

```
@Override
            public void onClick(View v) {
                     performOperation("Subtraction", '-');
           multiplyButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
                     performOperation("Multiplication", '*');
       });
       divideButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
                     performOperation("Division", '/');
       });
 private void performOperation(String operation, char operator) {
   double num1 = Double.parseDouble(numberInput1.getText().toString());
   double num2 = Double.parseDouble(numberInput2.getText().toString());
   double result = 0;
       switch (operator) {
            case '+': result = num1 + num2; break;
case '-': result = num1 - num2; break;
case '*': result = num1 * num2; break;
            case '/':
                 if (num2 != 0) {
                       result = num1 / num2;
                 } else {
                          showAlert("Error", "Cannot divide by zero");
                      return;
                 break;
       showAlert(operation + " Result", "Result: " + result);
  private void showAlert(String title, String message) {
       new AlertDialog.Builder(MainActivity.this)
                 .setTitle(title)
                 .setMessage(message)
    setPositiveButton("OK", null)
                 .show();
Slip 4 :02A
Q2. Create an Android Application that sends the Notification on click of the button and displays the notification message on the second activity.
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:gravity="center
      android:orientation="vertical">
           android:id="@+id/btnNotify"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Send Notification" />
 </LinearLayout>
import android.app.Notification;
 import android.app.NotificationChannel;
 import android.app.NotificationManager;
import android.app.PendingIntent;
 import android.content.Context;
import android.content.Intent;
 import android.os.Build;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.widget.Button;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
   private static final int NOTIFICATION_ID = 1;
   private static final String CHANNEL_ID = "my_channel_01"; // Must match with created channel
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        // Create Notification Channel
       createNotificationChannel();
       Button btnNotify = findViewById(R.id.btnNotify);
btnNotify.setOnClickListener(v -> sendNotification());
  private void sendNotification() {
       Intent intent = new Intent(this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.setFlags(Intent.FLAG_ACTIVITY_NEW_TASK | Intent.FLAG_ACTIVITY_CLEAR_TASK);
       int flags = PendingIntent.FLAG_UPDATE_CURRENT;
if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.M) {
            flags |= PendingIntent.FLAG_IMMUTABLE; // Required for API 23+
       PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getActivity(this, 0, intent, flags);
       NotificationManager notificationManager = (NotificationManager) getSystemService(Context.NOTIFICATION SERVICE);
```

```
Notification notification;
          if (Build, VERSTON, SDK TNT >= Build, VERSTON CODES.O) {
                notification = new Notification.Builder(this, CHANNEL_ID)
                             .setSmallIcon(R.drawable.ic_launcher_foreground)
.setContentTitle("New Notification")
                             .setContentText("Click to view the message.")
.setContentIntent(pendingIntent)
                             .setAutoCancel(true)
                             .build();
          } else {
               .setContentTitle("New Notification")
.setContentText("Click to view the message.")
                                 .setContentIntent(pendingIntent)
                             .setAutoCancel(true)
          }
          notificationManager.notify(NOTIFICATION_ID, notification);
   private void createNotificationChannel() {
         if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.O) {
   CharSequence name = "My Notification Channel";
   String description = "Channel for sending notifications";
                int importance = NotificationManager.IMPORTANCE_DEFAULT;
                NotificationChannel channel = new NotificationChannel(CHANNEL_ID, name, importance);
                     channel.setDescription(description);
                NotificationManager notificationManager = getSystemService(NotificationManager.class);
                if (notificationManager != null) {
                          notificationManager.createNotificationChannel(channel);
Explanation:
Notification Used to create a notification.
NotificationChannel Required for Android 8.0 (API 26+) to create a notification channel.
NotificationManager Manages and displays notifications.
PendingIntent Allows launching an activity when the user taps the notification.
Context, Intent, Bundle Used to start activities and handle application context.
Build Helps check the Android version.
AppCompatActivity Base class for the main activity.
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private static final int NOTIFICATION_ID = 1;
    private static final String CHANNEL_ID = "my_channel_01"; // Must match the created channel
NOTIFICATION_ID _ Unique ID for the notification.
CHANNEL_ID _ Used to create and manage the notification channel.
createNotificationChannel(); _ Ensures a notification channel exists (for Android 8.0+).
Finds the Button (btnNotify) and sets a Click Listener _ When clicked, calls sendNotification().
 sendNotification() Method
Flags Explanation:
FLAG_ACTIVITY_NEW_TASK  Starts the activity as a new task.
FLAG_ACTIVITY_CLEAR_TASK  Clears any existing tasks related to this activity.
  Create a PendingIntent
 int flag = PendingIntent.FLAG_UPDATE_CURRENT;
if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.M) {
        flags |= PendingIntent.FLAG_IMMUTABLE; // Required for Android 6.0+ (API 23+)
PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getActivity(this, 0, intent, flags);
PendingIntent is needed so the app can run SecondActivity when the user taps the notification.
FLAG_UPDATE_CURRENT Updates the intent if it already exists.
FLAG_IMMUTABLE Required for API 23+ (Android 6.0).
 Get NotificationManager
  NotificationManager notificationManager = (NotificationManager) getSystemService(Context.NOTIFICATION_SERVICE);
 NotificationManager is needed to send notifications.
  Create the Notification
  Notification notification;
  if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.O) {
   notification = new Notification.Builder(this, CHANNEL_ID)
                     .setSmallIcon(R.drawable.ic_launcher_foreground)
.setContentTitle("New Notification")
                     .setContentText("Click to view the message.")
                         .setContentIntent(pendingIntent)
                     .setAutoCancel(true)
                     .build();
  } else {
        notification = new Notification.Builder(this)
                     .setSmallIcon(R.drawable.ic_launcher_foreground)
.setContentTitle("New Notification")
.setContentText("Click to view the message.")
                         .setContentIntent(pendingIntent)
                     .setAutoCancel(true)
                     .build();
 For Android 8.0+ (API 26+)
 Uses Notification.Builder(this, CHANNEL_ID).
 Requires a notification channel.
```

```
For Android versions below 8.0
Uses Notification.Builder(this).
Works without a channel.
Common Features in Both Versions
Common Features in Both Versions setSmallIcon(R.drawable.ic_launcher_foreground)  Sets an icon for the notification. setContentTitle("New Notification")  Title of the notification. setContentText("Click to view the message.")  Short description. setContentIntent(pendingIntent)  Opens SecondActivity on click. setAutoCancel(true)  Dismisses notification when clicked.
 Send the Notification
 notificationManager.notify(NOTIFICATION_ID, notification);
notify(NOTIFICATION\_ID, notification) \rightarrow Displays the notification.
createNotificationChannel() Method
private void createNotificationChannel() {
   if (Build.VERSION.SDK_INT >= Build.VERSION_CODES.O) {
        CharSequence name = "My Notification Channel";
        String description = "Channel for sending notifications";
}
       int importance = NotificationManager.IMPORTANCE_DEFAULT;
      NotificationChannel channel = new NotificationChannel(CHANNEL_ID, name, importance);
      channel.setDescription(description);
      NotificationManager notificationManager = getSystemService(NotificationManager.class);
      if (notificationManager != null) {
                notificationManager.createNotificationChannel(channel);
For Android 8.0+ (API 26+)
Creates a Notification Channel.
Name: "My Notification Channel"
Description: "Channel for sending notifications"
Importance: IMPORTANCE_DEFAULT (shows notifications normally).
Calls createNotificationChannel(channel) to register the channel.
SecondActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:gravity="center"
      android:orientation="vertical">
  <TextView
           android:id="@+id/txtMessage"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Message will appear here."
android:textSize="18sp" />
 </LinearLayout>
Second Activity.java
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
TextView txtMessage = findViewById(R.id.txtMessage);
        txtMessage.setText("You clicked the notification!");
 }
Q1. Create an Android Application to accept two numbers and find power and Average. Display the result on the next activity on Button click.
MainActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <EditText
        android:id="@+id/num1"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter first number"
            android:inputType="number"/>
  <EditText
        android:id="@+id/num2"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter second number"
            android:inputType="number"/>
  <Button
            android:id="@+id/calculate"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:text="Calculate"/>
  </LinearLayout>
Mainactivity.java
package com.example.s5q1;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.content.Intent;
 import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.EditText;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  EditText num1, num2;
  Button calculate;
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       num1 = findViewById(R.id.num1);
      num2 = findViewById(R.id.num2);
calculate = findViewById(R.id.calculate);
       calculate.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                int number1 = Integer.parseInt(num1.getText().toString());
int number2 = Integer.parseInt(num2.getText().toString());
double power = Math.pow(number1, number2);
                double average = (number1 + number2) / 2.0;
                Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("power", power);
intent.putExtra("average", average);
                startActivity(intent);
      });
SecondActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/result"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:textSize="18sp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.s5q1;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 import com.example.s5q1.R;
 public class SecondActivity extends Activity {
  TextView result;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity second);
      result = findViewBvTd(R.id.result):
      double power = getIntent().getDoubleExtra("power", 0);
double average = getIntent().getDoubleExtra("average", 0);
       result.setText("Power: " + power + "\nAverage: " + average);
*********
Slip 5 Q2A
Q2. Create an Android application that creates a custom Alert Dialog containing Friends Name and onClick of Friend Name Button greet accordingly
MainActivity.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout width="match parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:gravity="center
  android:padding="20dp">
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/showDialogButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Show Friends List"
          android:layout_centerInParent="true"/>
 </RelativeLayout>
                      ******
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s5a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.app.AlertDialog;
import android.content.DialogInterface;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
```

```
private Button showDialogButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       showDialogButton = findViewById(R.id.showDialogButton);
          showDialogButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                showCustomDialog();
       });
  private void showCustomDialog() {
    final String[] friends = {"Alice", "Bob", "Charlie", "David"};
       AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(this);
      builder.setTitle("Select a Friend");
       builder.setItems(friends, new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
                String friendName = friends[which];
                Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Hello, " + friendName + "!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
      });
          builder.setNegativeButton("Cancel", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
                dialog.dismiss();
       });
       AlertDialog dialog = builder.create();
       dialog.show();
 }
Slip6Q1:
Q1. Create a Simple Application Which Send Hello! message from one activity to another with help of Button (Use Intent).
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
          android:id="@+id/sendMessage"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Send Message"/
 </LinearLayout>
MainAcitivity.java
package com.example.s6a;
 import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Intent;
 import android.os.Bundle:
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  Button sendMessage;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       sendMessage = findViewById(R.id.sendMessage);
          sendMessage.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("message", "Hello!");
startActivity(intent);
    });
SecondActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/displayMessage"
android:layout_width="match_parent'
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:textSize="18sp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
secondActivity.java
package com.example.s6a;
 import android.app.Activity;
```

```
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 public class SecondActivity extends Activity {
  TextView displayMessage;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
      displayMessage = findViewById(R.id.displayMessage);
      String message = getIntent().getStringExtra("message");
      displayMessage.setText(message);
Q2. Create an Android Application that Demonstrates ListView and Onclick of List Display the Toast
MainActivity.xml <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
 android:padding="16dp">
  <ListView
         android:id="@+id/listView"
          android:layout width="match parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s6b;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.AdapterView;
 import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
 import android.widget.ListView;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  ListView listView;
  String[] items = {"Item 1", "Item 2", "Item 3", "Item 4", "Item 5"};
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      listView = findViewById(R.id.listView);
      ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, items);
      listView.setAdapter(adapter);
          listView.setOnItemClickListener(new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
           public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
               String selectedItem = items[position];
               Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Clicked: " + selectedItem, Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    });
Q1. Create an Android Application that Demonstrate Radio Button.
MainActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <RadioGroup
         android:id="@+id/radioGroup"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content">
      <RadioButton
              android:id="@+id/radioButton1"
              android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
           android:text="Option 1" />
      <RadioButton
             android:id="@+id/radioButton2"
              android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Option 2" />
  </RadioGroup>
          android:id="@+id/submitButton"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Submit" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s7a;
```

```
import android.app.Activity;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.RadioButton;
import android.widget.RadioGroup;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  RadioGroup radioGroup;
  Button submitButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       radioGroup = findViewById(R.id.radioGroup);
      submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
          submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
               int selectedId = radioGroup.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
if (selectedId != -1) {
                    RadioButton selectedRadioButton = findViewById(selectedId);
                    String selectedText = selectedRadioButton.getText().toString();
Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Selected: " + selectedText, Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                    Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please select an option", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
      });
Slip702A
Q2.Create an Android application to demonstrate phone call using Implicit Intent.
MainActivity.xml <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/phoneNumber"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:hint="Enter phone number"
android:inputType="phone" />
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/callButton"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Call" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s7b;
 import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Intent;
 import android.net.Uri;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.EditText;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  EditText phoneNumber;
  Button callButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      phoneNumber = findViewById(R.id.phoneNumber);
      callButton = findViewById(R.id.callButton);
      callButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                String number = phoneNumber.getText().toString();
                if (!number.isEmpty()) {
                    Intent callIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL);
   callIntent.setData(Uri.parse("tel:" + number));
                       startActivity(callIntent);
      });
*************
 **********
Slip801
Q1. Create an Android App with Login Screen. On successful login, gives message go to next Activity (Without Using Database& use Table Layout)
MainActivity.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
```

```
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
      android:gravity="center">
  <!-- Username Input -->
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/usernameEditText"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Enter Username"
android:inputType="text"/>
        Password Input -->
  <EditText
            android:id="@+id/passwordEditText"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter Password"
android:inputType="textPassword"/>
  <!-- Login Button -->
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/loginButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Login" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private EditText usernameEditText, passwordEditText;
  private Button loginButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
            super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        // Initialize Views
       usernameEditText = findViewById(R.id.usernameEditText);
passwordEditText = findViewById(R.id.passwordEditText);
        loginButton = findViewById(R.id.loginButton);
        // Set up login button click listener
           loginButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
             public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Get user input
String username = usernameEditText.getText().toString();
String password = passwordEditText.getText().toString();
                  // Hardcoded credentials (for simplicity, no database)
String correctUsername = "user";
String correctPassword = "pass";
                   // Check credentials
                   if (username.equals(correctUsername) && password.equals(correctPassword)) {
                        // Successful login, navigate to the next activity
Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Login Successful", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
                           startActivity(intent);
                       // Invalid login
Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Invalid Username or Password", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            }
       });
SecondActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical" android:gravity="center">
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Login succesfull!"
           android:textSize="20sp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.s8g1;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.os.Bundle;
public class SecondActivity extends Activity {
  @Override
```

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
Slip8 q2B
   Create application to send email with attachment.
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
    <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
      android:gravity="center">
       - Email recipient input -->
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/emailEditText"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Recipient Email"
        android:inputType="textEmailAddress"/>
  <!-- Subject input -->
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/subjectEditText"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android: hint="Subject"
           android:inputType="text"/>
  <!-- Message input -->
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/messageEditText"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Message"
       android:inputType="text"/>
  <!-- Choose attachment button -->
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/chooseAttachmentButton" android:layout_width="wrap_content"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Choose Attachment"/>
  <!-- Send email button -->
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/sendEmailButton"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Send Email" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.content.Intent;
 import android.net.Uri;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.provider.MediaStore;
  import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 import java.io.File;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText emailEditText, subjectEditText, messageEditText;
  private Button chooseAttachmentButton, sendEmailButton;
  private Uri attachmentUri;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       mmailEditText = findViewById(R.id.emailEditText);
subjectEditText = findViewById(R.id.subjectEditText);
messageEditText = findViewById(R.id.messageEditText);
chooseAttachmentButton = findViewById(R.id.chooseAttachmentButton);
        sendEmailButton = findViewById(R.id.sendEmailButton);
        // Set listener to choose attachment
           chooseAttachmentButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
    // Intent to choose an attachment (file)
    Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_GET_CONTENT);
    intent.setType("*/*"); // Set the type of content to pick
                      startActivityForResult(intent, 1);
        // Set listener to send email
           sendEmailButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
    // Get input fields
```

```
String recipient = emailEditText.getText().toString();
                  String subject = subjectEditText.getText().toString();
String message = messageEditText.getText().toString();
                   // Check if an attachment is selected
                  if (attachmentUri != null) {
    // Create an Intent to send email
                        Intent emailIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_SEND);
emailIntent.setType("vnd.android.cursor.dir/email"); // MIME type for email
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_EMAIL, new String[] (recipient));
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_SUBJECT, subject);
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TEXT, message);
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TEXT, message);
                            emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_STREAM, attachmentUri);
                        // Start the email app
                        try {
                                 startActivity(Intent.createChooser(emailIntent, "Send Email"));
                        } catch (Exception e) {
                             Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Error: " + e.getMessage(), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                       Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please select an attachment", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
       });
  3
  // Handle the result of choosing a file attachment
  protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent data) {
            super.onActivityResult(requestCode, resultCode, data);
        // Check if the request is for choosing a file if (requestCode == 1 && resultCode == RESULT_OK) {
                 Get the URI of the selected file
             attachmentUri = data.getData();
             Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Attachment selected", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
#### write this persmissions in AndroidManifest.xml
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET"/>
 <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_EXTERNAL_STORAGE"/>
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE"/>
Slip9Q1
Q1. Write an Android application to accept two numbers from the user, and display them, but reject input if both numbers are greater than 10 and asks for two n
MainActivity.xml <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:padding="1
      android:orientation="vertical">
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/number1"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:hint="Enter first number"
           android:inputType="number" />
  <EditText
            android:id="@+id/number2"
        android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:hint="Enter second number"
android:inputType="number" />
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/submitButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Submit" />
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/resultText"
           android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:textSize="20sp"/
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s9a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  EditText number1, number2;
  Button submitButton;
  TextView resultText;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
```

```
number1 = findViewById(R.id.number1);
number2 = findViewById(R.id.number2);
submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
resultText = findViewById(R.id.resultText);
          submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                String num1Str = number1.getText().toString();
String num2Str = number2.getText().toString();
                if (num1Str.isEmpty() || num2Str.isEmpty()) {
                     Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Please enter both numbers", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                    return;
                int num1 = Integer.parseInt(num1Str);
                int num2 = Integer.parseInt(num2Str);
                if (num1 > 10 && num2 > 10) {
                     Toast makeText (MainActivity this, "Both numbers must be 10 or less. Please enter again.", Toast LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                        number1.setText("");
                        number2.setText("");
                     return;
                resultText.setText("Number 1: " + num1 + "\nNumber 2: " + num2);
    });
Slip902A
Q2. Write a program to find the specific location of an Android device and display details of the place like Address line, city with Geocoding
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp"
     android:gravity="center">
  <!-- Button to get location -->
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/getLocationButton"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Get Current Location" />
  <!-- TextView to display address details -->
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/addressTextView
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Address will appear here"
android:textSize="16sp"
          android:paddingTop="20dp" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.xml
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.Manifest;
 import android.content.Context;
 import android.content.pm.PackageManager;
import android.location.Address;
 import android.location.Geocoder;
 import android.location.Location;
 import android.location.LocationListener;
 import android.location.LocationManager;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
 import android.widget.Toast;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 import androidx.core.app.ActivityCompat;
 import java.io.IOException;
 import java.util.List;
 import java.util.Locale;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private static final int LOCATION_PERMISSION_REQUEST_CODE = 1;
  private TextView addressTextView;
  private Button getLocationButton:
  private LocationManager locationManager;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       addressTextView = findViewById(R.id.addressTextView);
       getLocationButton = findViewById(R.id.getLocationButton);
       locationManager = (LocationManager) getSystemService(Context.LOCATION_SERVICE);
       // Check for location permissions
       if (ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION) != PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED
```

```
&& ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION) != PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
            // Request permissions if not granted
            ActivityCompat.requestPermissions(this, new String[] {Manifest.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION}, LOCATION_PERMISSION_REQUEST_CODE);
       }
       // Set click listener to get location when button is clicked
getLocationButton.setOnClickListener(v -> getCurrentLocation());
  private void getCurrentLocation() {
       if (ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission.ACCESS FINE LOCATION) != PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED
                 && ActivityCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission_ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION) != PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
            return:
       // Request location updates
           {\tt locationManager.requestLocationUpdates} ({\tt LocationManager.GPS\_PROVIDER}, \ 0, \ 0, \ {\tt locationListener}); \\
  private final LocationListener locationListener = new LocationListener() {
       public void onLocationChanged(Location location) {
    // Stop location updates once we have the location
               locationManager.removeUpdates(this);
           // Get latitude and longitude
double latitude = location.getLatitude();
double longitude = location.getLongitude();
            // Use Geocoder to get address
               getAddressFromLocation(latitude, longitude);
       @Override
       public void onStatusChanged(String provider, int status, Bundle extras) {}
       public void onProviderEnabled(String provider) {}
       public void onProviderDisabled(String provider) {}
  private void getAddressFromLocation(double latitude, double longitude)
       Geocoder geocoder = new Geocoder(MainActivity.this, Locale.getDefault());
            // Get the list of address using the latitude and longitude
List<Address> addresses = geocoder.getFromLocation(latitude, longitude, 1);
            if (addresses != null && !addresses.isEmpty()) {
                Address address = addresses.get(0);
StringBuilder addressDetails = new StringBuilder();
                 // Get the address details
                    addressDetails.append("Address: ").append(address.getAddressLine(0)).append("\n");
addressDetails.append("City: ").append(address.getLocality()).append("\n");
addressDetails.append("Country: ").append(address.getCountryName());
                 // Display the address details in the TextView
                    addressTextView.setText(addressDetails.toString());
           } else {
                Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "No address found for the location", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
       } catch (IOException e) {
           e.printStackTrace():
            Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Unable to get address", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
  public void onRequestPermissionsResult(int requestCode, String[] permissions, int[] grantResults) {
       super.onRequestPermissionsResult(requestCode, permissions, grantResults);
       if (requestCode == LOCATION_PERMISSION_REQUEST_CODE) {
            if (grantResults.length > 0 && grantResults[0] == PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
   // If permission granted, fetch location
                getCurrentLocation();
            } else {
                Toast.makeText(this, "Permission denied", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
      }
####give permission in AndroidManifest.xml
~uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION"/>
~uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION" />
Q1. Create an Android Application that Demonstrate Switch and Toggle Button.
MainActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
     android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:padding="16d
      android:orientation="vertical">
           android:id="@+id/switch1"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Switch" />
  <ToggleButton
```

```
android:id="@+id/toggleButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Toggle Button" />
  <TextView
          android:id="@+id/textView"
         android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
      android:text="Status will be shown here"
android:textSize="20sp" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s10a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.Com
                               indButton;
 import android.widget.Switch;
import android.widget.TextView;
 import android.widget.ToggleButton;
import android.widget.Toast;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  Switch aSwitch;
  ToggleButton toggleButton;
  TextView textView;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      aSwitch = findViewById(R.id.switch1);
      toggleButton = findViewById(R.id.toggleButton);
      textView = findViewById(R.id.textView);
          aSwitch.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new CompoundButton.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
          public void onCheckedChanged(CompoundButton buttonView, boolean isChecked) {
               if (isChecked) {
                      textView.setText("Switch is ON");
                   Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Switch turned ON", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
              Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Switch turned OFF", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
          toggleButton.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new CompoundButton.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
          public void onCheckedChanged(CompoundButton buttonView, boolean isChecked) {
               if (isChecked) {
                      textView.setText("Toggle Button is ON");
                   Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Toggle Button turned ON", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
               } else {
                   textView.setText("Toggle Button is OFF");
Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Toggle Button turned OFF", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
          }
   });
Slip10 Q2B
  Demonstrate Array Adapter using List View to display list of fruits.
MainActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:padding="1
     android:orientation="vertical">
  <ListView
         android:id="@+id/listView"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.jav
package com.example.s10b;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.AdapterView;
 import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
 import android.widget.ListView;
 import android.widget.Toast;
public class MainActivity extends Activity {
 ListView listView;
String[] fruits = {"Apple", "Banana", "Cherry", "Date", "Grapes", "Mango", "Orange", "Papaya", "Pineapple", "Watermelon"};
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
      super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
      setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      listView = findViewById(R.id.listView);
      ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(this, android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, fruits);
      listView.setAdapter(adapter);
```

```
listView.setOnItemClickListener(new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
            public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
                 String selectedFruit = fruits[position];
Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Selected: " + selectedFruit, Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    });
Slip 11 Q1
Q.1 Create android application to change Font Size, Color and Font Family of String
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:gravity="center"
  android:padding="20dp">
       TextView to display the college name -->
  <TextView
           android:id="@+id/collegeName"
       android:layout_width="wran_content"
android:layout_height="wran_content"
android:text="My College Name"
android:textSize="20sp"
          android:textColor="#000000"
          android:padding="10dp"/>
  <!-- Button to change text style -->
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/changeStyleButton"
android:layout width="wrap content"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Change Style"
          android:layout_marginTop="30dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
                 **********
MainActivity. java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.graphics.Color;
import android.graphics.Typeface;
 import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button
 import android.widget.TextView;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  private TextView collegeName;
  private Button changeStyleButton;
private int styleIndex = 0; // 0: normal, 1: bold, 2: italic
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       // Initialize the TextView and Button
collegeName = findViewById(R.id.collegeName);
       changeStyleButton = findViewById(R.id.changeStyleButton);
       // Set up the button click listener
           changeStyleButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            public void onClick(View v) {
                 // Change the text color to blue
                     collegeName.setTextColor(Color.BLUE);
                 // Toggle between normal, bold, and italic styles
                 switch (styleIndex) {
                      case 0:
                           collegeName.setTypeface(Typeface.DEFAULT, Typeface.NORMAL); // Normal style
collegeName.setTextSize(20); // Set font size to 20
styleIndex = 1; // Set the next style to bold
                           break;
                      case 1:
                           collegeName.setTypeface(Typeface.DEFAULT_BOLD); // Bold style
collegeName.setTextSize(26); // Set font size to 26
styleIndex = 2; // Set the next style to italic
                           break;
                           collegeName.setTypeface(Typeface.create("sans-serif", Typeface.ITALIC)); // Italic style
collegeName.setTextSize(22); // Set font size to 22
styleIndex = 0; // Reset to normal style
                           break;
                 }
           }
      });
//see output in slip 3
 Q.2 Create First Activity to accept information like Student First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Date of birth, Address, Email ID and display all information
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
```

```
android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="20d
           android:gravity="center"
    <!-- First Name -->
    <EditText
                     android:id="@+id/firstName"
             android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="First Name"
                    android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
    <!-- Middle Name -->
    <EditText
                     android:id="@+id/middleName"
                     android:layout_width="match_parent"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Middle Name"
                     android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
    <!-- Last Name
    <EditText
                   android:id="@+id/lastName"
                    android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
             android:hint="Last Name"

android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
             - Date of Birth -->
    <EditText
             android:id="@+id/dob"
                     android:layout_width="match_parent"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Date of Birth"
                     android:inputType="date"/>
    <!-- Address -->
    <EditText
                     android:id="@+id/address"
                    android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
              android:hint="Address
                    android:inputType="textMultiLine"/>
    <!-- Email -->
    <EditText
             android:id="@+id/email"
              android:layout_width="match_parent"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Email"
                    android:inputType="textEmailAddress"/>
    <!-- Submit Button -->
    <Button
                    android:id="@+id/submitButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
                     android:layout_height="wrap_content"
              android:text="Submit
                   android:layout_marginTop="20dp"/>
  </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
  import android.content.Intent;
  import android.os.Bundle;
  import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
  import android.widget.EditText;
  import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private EditText firstNameEditText, middleNameEditText, lastNameEditText, dobEditText, addressEditText, emailEditText;
    private Button submitButton;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
              super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
              setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
             // International Control of the Manager of the Mana
             addressEditText = findViewById(R.id.address);
emailEditText = findViewById(R.id.email);
submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
              // Set the button click listener
                     submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
                      public void onClick(View v) {
    // Get data from EditText fields
    String firstName = firstNameEditText.getText().toString();
    String middleName = middleNameEditText.getText().toString();
    String lastName = lastNameEditText.getText().toString();
    String dataName = dataNameEditText.getText().toString();
                                String dob = dobEditText.getText().toString();
String address = addressEditText.getText().toString();
String email = emailEditText.getText().toString();
                                // Create an Intent to pass the data to the second activity
Intent intent = new Intent (MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
```

```
intent.putExtra("FIRST_NAME", firstName);
intent.putExtra("MIDDLE_NAME", middleName);
                          intent.putExtra("LAST_NAME", lastName);
                    intent.putExtra("DOB", dob);
intent.putExtra("ADDRESS", address);
                         intent.putExtra("EMAIL", email);
                     // Start the second activity
                    startActivity(intent);
        });
SecondActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
        android:orientation="vertical"
   android:padding="20dp"
       android:gravity="center">
   <!-- First Name -->
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/firstNameDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="First Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
   <!-- Middle Name -->
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/middleNameDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Middle Name: "
android:textSize="188p"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
   <!-- Last Name -->
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/lastNameDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Last Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
   <!-- Date of Birth -->
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/dobDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Date of Birth: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
   <!-- Address
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/addressDisplay"
             android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Address: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
   <!-- Email -->
   <TextView
             android:id="@+id/emailDisplay"
             android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:text="Email: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  </LinearLayout>
                   ***********
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
   private TextView firstNameDisplay, middleNameDisplay, lastNameDisplay, dobDisplay, addressDisplay, emailDisplay;
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
              super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
          // Initialize the TextViews
        // Inttalize the Textviews
firstNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.firstNameDisplay);
middleNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.middleNameDisplay);
lastNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.lastNameDisplay);
dobDisplay = findViewById(R.id.dobDisplay);
addressDisplay = findViewById(R.id.addressDisplay);
emailDisplay = findViewById(R.id.emailDisplay);
         // Get the data passed from the FirstActivity
        String firstName = getIntent().getStringExtra("FIRST_NAME");
String middleName = getIntent().getStringExtra("MIDDLE_NAME");
```

```
String lastName = getIntent().getStringExtra("LAST_NAME");
        String dob = getIntent().getStringExtra("DOB");
String address = getIntent().getStringExtra("ADDRESS");
String email = getIntent().getStringExtra("EMAIL");
        // Display the data in TextViews
  firstNameDisplay.setText("First Name: " + firstName);
  middleNameDisplay.setText("Middle Name: " + middleName);
  lastNameDisplay.setText("Last Name: " + lastName);
dobDisplay.setText("Date of Birth: " + dob);
  addressDisplay.setText("Address: " + address);
emailDisplay.setText("Email: " + email);
###### Don't forget to declare both activities in your AndroidManifest.xml:
    android:name=".SecondActivity"
android:exported="false" />
 <activity
      android:name=".MainActivity"
  android:exported="true">
Slip 12 Q1
Ol. Create a Simple Application Which Send Hill message from one activity to another with help of Button (Use Intent).
MainActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
      android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical" android:padding="16dp">
  <Button
            android:id="@+id/sendMessage"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Send Message"/>
MainAcitivity.java
package com.example.s6a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 public class MainActivity extends Activity {
  Button sendMessage;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
            super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        sendMessage = findViewById(R.id.sendMessage);
            sendMessage.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
             public void onClick(View v) {
                   Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("message", "Hello!");
                   startActivity(intent);
     });
SecondActivity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
            android:id="@+id/displayMessage"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:textSize="18sp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
secondActivity.java
package com.example.s6a;
 import android.app.Activity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.TextView;
 public class SecondActivity extends Activity {
  TextView displayMessage;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
            super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
        displayMessage = findViewById(R.id.displayMessage);
```

```
String message = getIntent().getStringExtra("message");
       displayMessage.setText(message);
Slip 12 Q2B
Q.2 Create an application to demonstrate date and time picker.
Activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="16dp"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
          android:id="@+id/datePickerButton"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="Select Date" /
         android:id="@+id/dateTextView"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Selected Date: "
android:textSize="16sp"
          android:layout_marginTop="8dp" />
     <Button
          android:id="@+id/timePickerButton"
         android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="Select Time" />
     <TextView
         android:id="@+id/timeTextView"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Selected Time: "
android:textSize="16sp"
         android:layout_marginTop="8dp" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.jav
package com.example.datetimepickerapp;
import android.app.DatePickerDialog;
import android.app.TimePickerDialog;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.DatePicker;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.TimePicker;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.Locale;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     private TextView dateTextView;
     private TextView timeTextView:
    private Calendar calendar;
     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         Button datePickerButton = findViewById(R.id.datePickerButton);
Button timePickerButton = findViewById(R.id.timePickerButton);
dateTextView = findViewById(R.id.dateTextView);
timeTextView = findViewById(R.id.timeTextView);
          calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
          datePickerButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
               public void onClick(View v) {
                    showDatePickerDialog();
         });
          timePickerButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
               public void onClick(View v) {
                    showTimePickerDialog();
         }):
     private void showDatePickerDialog() {
          DatePickerDialog datePickerDialog = new DatePickerDialog(
               this,
               new DatePickerDialog.OnDateSetListener() {
                    public void onDateSet(DatePicker view, int year, int month, int dayOfMonth) {
                         calendar.set(Calendar.YEAR, year);
calendar.set(Calendar.MONTH, month);
                         calendar.set(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH, dayOfMonth);
                         updateDateTextView();
                   }
```

```
calendar.get(Calendar.YEAR),
              calendar.get (Calendar.MONTH),
              calendar.get (Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)
         datePickerDialog.show();
    private void showTimePickerDialog() {
    TimePickerDialog timePickerDialog = new TimePickerDialog()
              new TimePickerDialog.OnTimeSetListener() {
                  public void onTimeSet(TimePicker view, int hourOfDay, int minute) {
    calendar.set(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY, hourOfDay);
                       calendar.set(Calendar.MINUTE, minute);
                       updateTimeTextView();
             calendar.get(Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY),
calendar.get(Calendar.MINUTE),
              true // Use 24-hour format
         timePickerDialog.show();
    private void updateDateTextView() {
    SimpleDateFormat dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd", Locale.getDefault());
         dateTextView.setText("Selected Date: " + dateFormat.format(calendar.getTime()));
    private void updateTimeTextView() {
   SimpleDateFormat timeFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm", Locale.getDefault());
         timeTextView.setText("Selected Time: " + timeFormat.format(calendar.getTime()));
Slip 13 Q1
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         Button button4 = findViewById(R.id.button4);
         Button button5 = findViewById(R.id.button5);
         Button button6 = findViewById(R.id.button6);
Button button7 = findViewById(R.id.button7);
Button button8 = findViewById(R.id.button7);
Button button9 = findViewById(R.id.button9);
         Button button10 = findViewById(R.id.button10);
         button4.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 4
         });
         button5.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 5
         });
         button6.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
             public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 6
         });
         button7.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                   // Add functionality for button 7
         }):
         button8.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 8
         }):
         button9.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 9
         });
         button10.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  // Add functionality for button 10
```

```
Slip 13 02A
 Q2. Write a program to search a specific location on Google Map.
dependencies {
    implementation com.google.android.gms:play-services-maps:18.0.2 implementation com.google.android.libraries.places:places:2.5.0
 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"</p>
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
     tools:context=".MainActivity">
     <EditText
         android:id="@+id/searchBox"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:hint="Enter location" />
         android:id="@+id/searchButton"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Search" />
     <fragment
         android:id="@+id/mapFragment"
android:name="com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout height="0dp"
         android:layout_weight="1"
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.locationsearchapp;
import android.Manifest;
import android.content.pm.PackageManager;
import android.location.Location;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.annotation.NonNull;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
import androidx.core.app.ActivityCompat;
import androidx.core.content.ContextCompat;
import com.google.android.gms.location.FusedLocationProviderClient;
import com.google.android.gms.location.LocationServices;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.CameraUpdateFactory;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.GoogleMap;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.OnMapReadyCallback;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.SupportMapFragment;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.model.LatLng;
import com.google.android.gms.maps.model.MarkerOptions;
import com.google.android.gms.tasks.OnSuccessListener;
import com.google.android.libraries.places.api.Places;
import com.google.android.libraries.places.api.model.Place;
import com.google.android.libraries.places.api.net.PlacesClient;
import com.google.android.libraries.places.widget.AutocompleteSupportFragment;
import com.google.android.libraries.places.widget.listener.PlaceSelectionListener;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements OnMapReadyCallback {
    private GoogleMap mMap;
    private EditText searchBox;
private Button searchButton;
     private FusedLocationProviderClient fusedLocationClient;
    private PlacesClient placesClient;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
          // Initialize the Places API
         Places.initialize(getApplicationContext(), "YOUR_API_KEY");
         placesClient = Places.createClient(this);
         searchBox = findViewById(R.id.searchBox);
         searchButton = findViewById(R.id.searchButton);
          // Obtain the SupportMapFragment and get notified when the map is ready to be used.
         mapFragment.getMapAsync(this);
         fusedLocationClient = LocationServices.getFusedLocationProviderClient(this);
         searchButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                   searchLocation(searchBox.getText().toString());
         3):
```

```
private void searchLocation(String location) {
         if (location == null || location.isEmpty()) {
   Toast.makeText(this, "Enter a location", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
        // Use the Places API to find the location
AutocompleteSupportFragment autocompleteFragment = (AutocompleteSupportFragment)
                  getSupportFragmentManager().findFragmentById(R.id.autocomplete_fragment);
         autocompleteFragment.setPlaceFields(Arrays.asList(Place.Field.ID, Place.Field.NAME, Place.Field.LAT_LNG));
         autocompleteFragment.setOnPlaceSelectedListener(new PlaceSelectionListener() {
             public void onPlaceSelected(@NonNull Place place) {
   LatLng latLng = place.getLatLng();
   if (latLng != null) {
                      mMap.clear();
                      mMap.addMarker(new MarkerOptions().position(latLng).title(place.getName()));
                      mMap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(latLng, 15));
             }
             @Override
             public void onError(@NonNull Status status) {
                 Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Error: " + status.getStatusMessage(), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
         });
    @Override
    public void onMapReady(GoogleMap googleMap) {
        mMap = googleMap;
        // Check for location permission if (ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, Manifest.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION)
                  == PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {
             mMap.setMyLocationEnabled(true);
             fusedLocationClient.getLastLocation()
                      .addOnSuccessListener(this, new OnSuccessListener<Location>() {
                           public void onSuccess(Location location) {
                               if (location != null) {
                                    LatLng currentLocation = new LatLng(location.getLatitude(), location.getLongitude());
                                    mMap.moveCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newLatLngZoom(currentLocation, 15));
         } else {
                      new String[] {Manifest.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION},
1);
             ActivityCompat.requestPermissions(this,
    }
    @Override
    public void onRequestPermissionsResult(int requestCode, @NonNull String[] permissions, @NonNull int[] grantResults) {
        if (requestCode == 1) {
   if (grantResults.length > 0
                 mMap.setMyLocationEnabled(true);
                 Toast.makeText(this, "Permission denied", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
   }
Slip 14 Q1
Q1. Create a Simple Application which shows Life Cycle of Activity. Activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:orientation="vertical"
android:gravity="center"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
     <TextView
        android:layout width="wrap content"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Activity Lifecycle Demo"
android:textSize="24sp"
         android:layout_marginTop="20dp" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.activitylifecycleapp;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.util.Log;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private static final String TAG = "ActivityLifecycle";
    @Override
```

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         Log.d(TAG, "onCreate: Activity is being created.");
    protected void onStart() {
         super.onStart();
         Log.d(TAG, "onStart: Activity is about to become visible.");
    protected void onResume() {
         super.onResume();
Log.d(TAG, "onResume: Activity has become visible.");
    protected void onPause() {
          super.onPause();
         Log.d(TAG, "onPause: Another activity is taking focus.");
    protected void onStop() {
         super.onStop();
Log.d(TAG, "onStop: Activity is no longer visible.");
    @Override
    protected void onDestroy() {
         super.onDestroy();
Log.d(TAG, "onDestroy: Activity is being destroyed.");
    @Override
protected void onRestart() {
          super.onRestart();
         Log.d(TAG, "onRestart: Activity is restarting.");
Slip 14 Q2B
Q2. Create an Android application to send email.
activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="16dp"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
     <EditText
         android:id="@+id/emailEditText"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:hint="Recipient's Email"
android:inputType="textEmailAddress" />
     <EditText
         android:id="@+id/subjectEditText"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:hint="Subject" />
     <EditText
         android:id="@+id/messageEditText"
         android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
         android:hint="Message"
android:inputType="textMultiLine"
android:lines="5" />
     <Button
         android:id="@+id/sendEmailButton"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Send Email" />
</LinearLavout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.emailsenderapp;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private EditText emailEditText;
    private EditText subjectEditText;
    private EditText messageEditText;
    private Button sendEmailButton;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
```

```
emailEditText = findViewById(R.id.emailEditText);
          subjectEditText = findViewById(R.id.subjectEditText);
messageEditText = findViewById(R.id.messageEditText);
sendEmailButton = findViewById(R.id.sendEmailButton);
          sendEmailButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
               public void onClick(View v) {
                   sendEmail();
          });
     private void sendEmail() {
          String recipient = emailEditText.getText().toString().trim();
String subject = subjectEditText.getText().toString().trim();
          String message = messageEditText.getText().toString().trim();
          if (recipient.isEmpty()) {
   Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter recipient's email", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
          Intent emailIntent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_SEND);
          emailIntent.setData(android.net.Uri.parse("mailto:"));
          emailIntent.setType("text/plain");
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_EMAIL, new String[]{recipient});
emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_SUBJECT, subject);
          emailIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TEXT, message);
               startActivity(Intent.createChooser(emailIntent, "Send email using..."));
          } catch (android.content.ActivityNotFoundException ex) {
   Toast.makeText(this, "No email clients installed.", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    }
Slip 15 Q1
res/values/styles.xml
<style name="BorderStyle">
     <item name="android:layout_margin">4dp</item>
    <item name="android:background">@drawable/border_shape</item>
</style>
res/drawable/border_shape.xml
<shape xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:shape="rectangle">
     <solid android:color="#E0E0E0"/> <!-- Light gray color for the background -->
     <stroke
          android:width="2dp"
     android:nclor="#9BE9E"/> <!-- Gray color for the border -->
<padding android:left="4dp" android:top="4dp" android:right="4dp" android:bottom="4dp"/>
<corners android:radius="4dp"/> <!-- Rounded corners -->
</shape>
res/layout/activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<FrameLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
     android:layout_height="match_parent">
     <TextView
          android:layout width="wrap content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:layout_gravity="center"
android:gravity="center"
android:text="Hello World!"
          android:textSize="24sp"
          style="@style/BorderStyle" />
</FrameLayout>
Slip 15 Q2B
Q2. Create First Activity to accept information like Employee First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Salary, Address, Email ID and display all information on Seco
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="20dp"
      android:gravity="center">
  <!-- First Name ---
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/firstName"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="First Name"
           android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
  <!-- Middle Name -->
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/middleName"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Middle Name"
           android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
       - Last Name
  <EditText
           android:id="@+id/lastName"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Last Name"

android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
```

```
<!-- Date of Birth -->
     <EditText
             android:id="@+id/dob"
                     android:layout_width="match_parent"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:hint="Date of Birth"
                    android:inputType="date"/>
    <!-- Address -->
    <EditText
                    android:id="@+id/address"
                     android:layout width="match parent"
                     android:layout_height="wrap_content"
              android:hint="Address"
                     android:inputType="textMultiLine"/>
              Email -->
    <EditText
             android:id="@+id/email"
              android:layout_width="match_parent"
              android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Email"
                     android:inputType="textEmailAddress"/>
    <!-- Submit Button -->
    <Button
                     android:id="@+id/submitButton"
                     android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
              android:text="Submit
                     android:layout_marginTop="20dp"/>
  </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s8g1;
   import android.content.Intent;
  import android.view.View;
   import android.widget.Button;
  import android.widget.EditText;
  import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private EditText firstNameEditText, middleNameEditText, lastNameEditText, dobEditText, addressEditText, emailEditText;
    private Button submitButton;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
              super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
              setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
                // Initialize the views
             // International value of the v
              addressEditText = findViewById(R.id.address);
emailEditText = findViewById(R.id.email);
submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
              // Set the button click listener
                     submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
                       public void onClick(View v) {
    // Get data from EditText fields
                                 String firstName = firstNameEditText.getText().toString();
String middleName = middleNameEditText.getText().toString();
String lastName = lastNameEditText.getText().toString();
                                 String dob = dobEditText.getText().toString();
String address = addressEditText.getText().toString();
String email = emailEditText.getText().toString();
                                 // Create an Intent to pass the data to the second activity
Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("FIRST_NAME", firstName);
intent.putExtra("MIDDLE_NAME", middleName);
                                 intent.putExtra("LAST_NAME", lastName);
intent.putExtra("DOB", dob);
intent.putExtra("ADDRESS", address);
intent.putExtra("EMAIL", email);
                                 // Start the second activity
startActivity(intent);
            });
SecondActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
            android:orientation="vertical"
    android:padding="20dp"
           android:gravity="center">
    <!-- First Name -->
    <TextView
                     android:id="@+id/firstNameDisplay"
                     android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
```

```
android:text="First Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Middle Name -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/middleNameDisplay"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Middle Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Last Name -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/lastNameDisplay"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
       android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Last Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Date of Birth -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/dobDisplay"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Date of Birth: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
        Address
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/addressDisplay"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Address: "
android:text5ize=18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Email -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/emailDisplay"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Email: "
android:textSize="188p"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
                  **********
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView firstNameDisplay, middleNameDisplay, lastNameDisplay, dobDisplay, addressDisplay, emailDisplay;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
            super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
        // Initialize the TextViews
firstNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.firstNameDisplay);
       middleNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.middleNameDisplay);
lastNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.lastNameDisplay);
dobDisplay = findViewById(R.id.lastNameDisplay);
       addressDisplay = findViewById(R.id.addressDisplay);
emailDisplay = findViewById(R.id.emailDisplay);
        // Get the data passed from the FirstActivity
       String firstName = getIntent().getStringExtra("FIRST_NAME");
String middleName = getIntent().getStringExtra("MIDDLE_NAME");
       String lastName = getIntent().getStringExtra("LAST_NAME");
String dob = getIntent().getStringExtra("DOB");
        String address = getIntent().getStringExtra("ADDRESS");
        String email = getIntent().getStringExtra("EMAIL");
       // Display the data in TextViews
firstNameDisplay.setText("First Name: " + firstName);
middleNameDisplay.setText("Middle Name: " + middleName);
lastNameDisplay.setText("Last Name: " + lastName);
        dobDisplay.setText("Date of Birth: " + dob);
   addressDisplay.setText("Address: " + address);
        emailDisplay.setText("Email: " + email);
 }
###### Don't forget to declare both activities in your AndroidManifest.xml:
      android:name=".SecondActivity"
    android:exported="false" />
 <activity
      android:name=".MainActivity"
  android:exported="true">
```

```
Slip 16 Q1
 Q1. Create an Android App, it reads the Students Details (Name, Surname, Class, Gender, Hobbies, Marks) and display the all information in another activity i
MainActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
 <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="20dp"
     android:gravity="center">
  <!-- First Name -->
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/firstName"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="First Name"
          android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
  <!-- Middle Name -->
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/middleName"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Middle Name"
          android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
  <!-- Last Name
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/lastName"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Last Name"
android:inputType="textPersonName"/>
       Date of Birth -->
  <EditText
       android:id="@+id/dob"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Date of Birth"
          android:inputType="date"/>
  <!-- Address -->
  <EditText
          android:id="@+id/address"
          android:layout_width="match parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:hint="Address
          android:inputType="textMultiLine"/>
     -- Email -->
  <EditText
       android:id="@+id/email"
       android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content" android:hint="Email"
          android:inputType="textEmailAddress"/>
  <!-- Submit Button -->
  <Button
          android:id="@+id/submitButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
       android:text="Subm
          android:layout_marginTop="20dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.s8g1;
 import android.content.Intent;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.EditText;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText firstNameEditText, middleNameEditText, lastNameEditText, dobEditText, addressEditText, emailEditText;
  private Button submitButton;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
      // Initialize the views
firstNameEditText = findViewById(R.id.firstName);
middleNameEditText = findViewById(R.id.middleName);
lastNameBditText = findViewById(R.id.astName);
dobEditText = findViewById(R.id.dob);
      addressEditText = findViewById(R.id.address);
emailEditText = findViewById(R.id.email);
submitButton = findViewById(R.id.submitButton);
       // Set the button click listener
          submitButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
           public void onClick(View v) {
                 // Get data from EditText fields
                String firstName = firstNameEditText.getText().toString();
String middleName = middleNameEditText.getText().toString();
```

```
String lastName = lastNameEditText.getText().toString();
                   String dob = dobEditText.getText().toString();
String address = addressEditText.getText().toString();
String email = emailEditText.getText().toString();
                   // Create an Intent to pass the data to the second activity
Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("FIRST_NAME", firstName);
intent.putExtra("MIDDLE_NAME", middleName);
                   intent.putExtra("LAST_NAME", lastName);
intent.putExtra("DOB", dob);
intent.putExtra("ADDRESS", address);
intent.putExtra("EMAIL", email);
                   // Start the second activity
startActivity(intent);
       });
SecondActivity.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
       android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="20dp"
      android:gravity="center">
  <!-- First Name -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/firstNameDisplay"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="First Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Middle Name ---
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/middleNameDisplay"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Middle Name: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Last Name -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/lastNameDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Last Name: "
android:textSize=18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Date of Birth -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/dobDisplay"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Date of Birth: 'android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Address -->
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/addressDisplay"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Address: "
android:text5ize=18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
  <!-- Email -
  <TextView
            android:id="@+id/emailDisplay"
            android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout height="wrap content"
        android:texts"Email: "
android:textSize="18sp"
            android:layout_marginBottom="10dp"/>
 </LinearLayout>
                  ---
SecondActivity.java
package com.example.s8q1;
 import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.widget.TextView;
 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
 public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView firstNameDisplay, middleNameDisplay, lastNameDisplay, dobDisplay, addressDisplay, emailDisplay;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
              cuper.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
        // Initialize the TextViews
firstNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.firstNameDisplay);
middleNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.middleNameDisplay);
lastNameDisplay = findViewById(R.id.lastNameDisplay);
```

```
dobDisplay = findViewById(R.id.dobDisplay);
         addressDisplay = findViewById(R.id.addressDisplay);
emailDisplay = findViewById(R.id.emailDisplay);
          // Get the data passed from the FirstActivity
         String firstName = getIntent().getStringExtra("FIRST_NAME");
String middleName = getIntent().getStringExtra("MIDDLE_NAME");
         String lastName = getIntent().getStringExtra("LAST_NAME");
String dob = getIntent().getStringExtra("DOB");
         String address = getIntent().getStringExtra("ADDRESS");
String email = getIntent().getStringExtra("EMAIL");
         // Display the data in TextViews
firstNameDisplay.setText("First Name: " + firstName);
middleNameDisplay.setText("Middle Name: " + middleName);
lastNameDisplay.setText("Last Name: " + lastName);
         dobDisplay.setText("Date of Birth: " + dob);
   addressDisplay.setText("Address: " + address);
          emailDisplay.setText("Email: " + email);
###### Don't forget to declare both activities in your AndroidManifest.xml:
        android:name=".SecondActivity"
     android:exported="false" />
  <activity
        android:name=".MainActivity"
   android:exported="true">
Slip 16 Q2B
 Create a Simple calculator.
activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical" android:padding="16dp"
       tools:context=".MainActivity">
             android:id="@+id/num1EditText"
             android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter first number"
android:inputType="numberDecimal" />
             android:id="@+id/num2EditText"
             android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter second number"
android:inputType="numberDecimal" />
             android:layout_width="match_parent"
             android:layout_height="wrap_content"
             android:orientation="horizontal">
             <Button
                   android:id="@+id/addButton"
                   android:layout_width="0dp"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
                   android:layout_weight="1"
android:text="Add" />
             <Button
                   android:id="@+id/subtractButton"
                   android:layout_width="0dp"
                   android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_weight="1"
android:text="Subtract" />
                   android:id="@+id/multiplyButton"
android:layout_width="0dp"
                   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
                   android:layout_weight="1"
android:text="Multiply" />
                   android:id="@+id/divideButton"
android:layout_width="0dp"
                   android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_weight="1"
android:text="Divide" />
       </LinearLayout>
       <TextView
            android:id="@+id/resultTextView"
            android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:text="Result: "
android:textSize="18sp"
             android:layout_marginTop="16dp" />
 </LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.simplecalculator;
import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private EditText num1EditText;
    private EditText num2EditText;
    private TextView resultTextView;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         numlEditText = findViewById(R.id.numlEditText);
num2EditText = findViewById(R.id.num2EditText);
resultTextView = findViewById(R.id.resultTextView);
         Button addButton = findViewById(R.id.addButton);
         Button adubtactButton = findViewById(R.id.aubtractButton);
Button multiplyButton = findViewById(R.id.multiplyButton);
Button divideButton = findViewById(R.id.divideButton);
         addButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                   performOperation("+");
         subtractButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                  performOperation("-");
         multiplyButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                   performOperation("*");
         });
         divideButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
              public void onClick(View v) {
                   performOperation("/");
         });
    private void performOperation(String operator) {
         try {
              double num1 = Double.parseDouble(num1EditText.getText().toString());
double num2 = Double.parseDouble(num2EditText.getText().toString());
              double result = 0;
              switch (operator) {
                   case "+":
                        result = num1 + num2;
                   break;
case "-":
                        result = num1 - num2;
                        break;
                   case "*":
                        result = num1 * num2;
                   break;
case "/":
                        if (num2 != 0) {
                             result = num1 / num2;
                        } else {
                            resultTextView.setText("Error: Division by zero");
                             return;
                        break:
              resultTextView.setText(String.format("Result: %.2f", result));
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
              resultTextView.setText("Please enter valid numbers");
    }
Slip 17 Q1
    Write an android code to make phone call using Intent.
AndroidManifest.xm
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    package="com.example.phonecallapp">
    <uses-permission android:name="android.permission.CALL_PHONE" />
     <application
         android:allowBackup="true"
         android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
android:label="@string/app_name"
android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic_launcher_round"
         android:supportsRt1="true"
android:theme="@style/Theme.PhoneCallApp">
          <activity android:name=".MainActivity"</pre>
              <intent-filter>
                   <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
<category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
```

```
</intent-filter>
          </activity>
     </application>
</manifest>
activity_main.xml

<
     xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
     android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
     android:padding="16dp"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
      <EditText
          android:id="@+id/phoneEditText"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter phone number"
android:inputType="phone" />
     <Button
          android:id="@+id/callButton"
          android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="Make Call" />
MainActivity.java
package com.example.phonecallapp;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.net.Uri;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     private EditText phoneEditText;
     private Button callButton;
     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
          phoneEditText = findViewById(R.id.phoneEditText);
callButton = findViewById(R.id.callButton);
          callButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
                public void onClick(View v) {
                     makePhoneCall();
     private void makePhoneCall() {
          String phoneNumber = phoneEditText.getText().toString().trim();
          if (phoneNumber.isEmpty()) {
   Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter a phone number", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                return;
          Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_CALL);
           intent.setData(Uri.parse("tel:" + phoneNumber));
          if (intent.resolveActivity(getPackageManager()) != null) {
                startActivity(intent);
                \textbf{Toast.makeText(this, "No application can handle making phone calls.", \textbf{Toast.LENGTH\_SHORT).show();} \\
     }
Slip 17 Q2B
     Construct an Android Application to accept a number and calculate Factorial and Sum of Digits of a given number using Context Menu.
Activity_main.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:orientation="vertical"
android:padding="16dp"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
          android:id="@+id/numberEditText"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:hint="Enter a number"
android:inputType="number" />
          android:id="@+id/resultTextView"
          android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Result will be shown here"
          android:textSize="18sp"
          android:layout marginTop="16dp" />
```

```
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.numbercalculatorapp;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.ContextMenu;
import android.view.MenuInflater;
import android.view.MenuItem;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private EditText numberEditText;
    private TextView resultTextView;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         numberEditText = findViewById(R.id.numberEditText);
resultTextView = findViewById(R.id.resultTextView);
         // Register the context menu for the EditText
         registerForContextMenu(numberEditText);
    public void onCreateContextMenu(ContextMenu menu, View v, ContextMenu.ContextMenuInfo menuInfo) {
         super.onCreateContextMenu(menu, v, menuInfo);
MenuInflater inflater = getMenuInflater();
         inflater.inflate(R.menu.context_menu, menu);
    public boolean onContextItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
         switch (item.getItemId()) {
   case R.id.factorial:
                  calculateFactorial();
              return true;
case R.id.sum_of_digits:
                 calculateSumOfDigits();
                   return true;
             default:
                  return super.onContextItemSelected(item);
    private void calculateFactorial() {
             int number = Integer.parseInt(numberEditText.getText().toString());
              for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {
  factorial *= i;</pre>
              resultTextView.setText("Factorial: " + factorial);
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
              Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter a valid number", Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show();
    private void calculateSumOfDigits() {
         try {
              int number = Integer.parseInt(numberEditText.getText().toString());
              int sum = 0;
              while (number > 0) {
                 sum += number % 10;
              resultTextView.setText("Sum of Digits: " + sum);
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
   Toast.makeText(this, "Please enter a valid number", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    }
context menu.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
    <item
         android:id="@+id/factorial"
android:title="Calculate Factorial" />
    <item
         android:id="@+id/sum_of_digits"
         android:title="Calculate Sum of Digits" />
</menu>
Slip 18 Q1
Q1. Create an Android Application that Demonstrate Alert Dialog Box.
Activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools
    android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:gravity="center"
android:orientation="vertical"
    tools:context=".MainActivity">
```

```
android:id="@+id/btnShowDialog"
         android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Show Alert Dialog" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.alertdialogdemo;
import android.app.AlertDialog;
import android.content.DialogInterface;
import android.os.Bundle:
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         Button showDialogButton = findViewById(R.id.btnShowDialog);
showDialogButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
               public void onClick(View v) {
                     // Create AlertDialog
                    AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(MainActivity.this);
                    // Set dialog properties
builder.setTitle("Important Message")
                               .setMessage("Do you want to continue?")
.setPositiveButton("Yes", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
                                   public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
                                        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "You clicked Yes", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                               .setNegativeButton("No", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
                                   public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
                                        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "You clicked No", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                              })
                               .setNeutralButton("Cancel", new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {
                                   public void onClick(DialogInterface dialog, int which) {
                                        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "You clicked Cancel", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
                              });
                     // Create and show the dialog
                    AlertDialog alertDialog = builder.create();
                    alertDialog.show();
         });
    }
Slip 18 Q2B
Q2Create an Android Application to accept two numbers and find power and Average. Display the result on the next activity using Context Menu.
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
  android:padding="16dp":
  <EditText
       android:id="@+id/num1"
           android:layout width="match parent"
           android:layout_height="48dp"
       android:hint="Enter first number"
android:inputType="numberDecimal"/>
  <EditText
       android:id="@+id/num2"
           android:layout width="match parent"
       android:layout_wldtn="match_paren
android:layout_height="48dp"
android:layout_below="@id/num1"
android:hint="Enter second number"
android:inputType="numberDecimal"
           android:layout_marginTop="10dp"/>
  <Button
           android:id="@+id/menuButton"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_below="@id/num2"
           android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
       android:text="Open Menu"/
  <TextView
           android:id="@+id/result"
       android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout_below="@id/menuButton"
       android:layout_marginTop="20dp"
android:text="Result will appear here"
android:textSize="18sp"
           android:textStyle="bold"/>
 </RelativeLayout>
```

```
Main.java
package com.example.power_average;
 import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.view.ContextMenu;
import android.view.Menu;
 import android.view.MenuItem;
import android.view.View;
 import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;
 public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  EditText num1, num2;
  TextView result;
Button menuButton;
  private static final int MENU_POWER = 1;
private static final int MENU_AVERAGE = 2;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
num1 = findViewById(R.id.num1);
num2 = findViewById(R.id.num2);
result = findViewById(R.id.result);
       menuButton = findViewById(R.id.menuButton);
        // Register button for context menu
        registerForContextMenu(menuButton);
  public void onCreateContextMenu(ContextMenu menu, View v, ContextMenu.ContextMenuInfo menuInfo) {
       super.onCreateContextMenu(menu, v, menuInfo);
        menu.setHeaderTitle("Select Operation");
       menu.add(Menu.NONE, MENU_POWER, Menu.NONE, "Find Power");
menu.add(Menu.NONE, MENU_AVERAGE, Menu.NONE, "Find Average");
  public boolean onContextItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
       double number1, number2;
            number1 = Double.parseDouble(num1.getText().toString());
             number2 = Double.parseDouble(num2.getText().toString());
       } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
   result.setText("Please enter valid numbers.");
             return false;
       switch (item.getItemId()) {
             case MENU_POWER:
                  double power = Math.pow(number1, number2);
                  result.setText("Power: " + power);
                  return true;
             case MENU_AVERAGE:
                 double average = (number1 + number2) / 2;
result.setText("Average: " + average);
                  return true;
            default:
                  return super.onContextItemSelected(item);
       }
 Slip 19Q1
Q1. Create an Android Application that on/off the bulb using Toggle Button. Add Images to Drawable Folder
bulb_on.png
bulb off.png
activity_main.xml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
     android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:gravity="center"
     android:orientation="vertical"
     tools:context=".MainActivity">
     <ToggleButton
          android:id="@+id/toggleButton"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:textOff="Off"
          android:textOn="On" />
     <TmageView
          android:id="@+id/bulbImageView"
          android:layout_width="100dp" android:layout_height="100dp"
          android:src="@drawable/bulb_off" />
     <TextView
          android:id="@+id/stateTextView"
          android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:text="Bulb is Off"
android:textSize="18sp" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
```

```
package com.example.bulbcontrol;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.CompoundButton;
import android.widget.ImageView;
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.ToggleButton;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private ToggleButton toggleButton;
private ImageView bulbImageView;
    private TextView stateTextView;
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
         toggleButton = findViewById(R.id.toggleButton);
bulbImageView = findViewById(R.id.bulbImageView);
stateTextView = findViewById(R.id.stateTextView);
          // Set initial state
         bulbImageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.bulb_off);
         stateTextView.setText("Bulb is Off");
          // Set Toggle Button listener
         toggleButton.setOnCheckedChangeListener(new CompoundButton.OnCheckedChangeListener() {
              public void onCheckedChanged(CompoundButton buttonView, boolean isChecked) {
                  if (isChecked) {
                        // Bulb is On
                       bulbImageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.bulb_on);
                       stateTextView.setText("Bulb is On");
                  } else {
    // Bulb is Off
                       bulbImageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.bulb_off);
                       stateTextView.setText("Bulb is Off");}}});}}
Q2.Design Following Screens using Table Layout. Display the entered text on next
 Main.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
       android:text="Membership Form"
       android:textSize="20sp"
          android:textColor="#A020F0"
          android:gravity="center"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
      android:layout width="match parent"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:stretchColumns="1">
       <TableRow>
            <TextView android:text="Full Name" />
            <EditText
                   android:id="@+id/etName"
                    android:layout width="match parent"
                    android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
       </TableRow>
       <TableRow>
            <TextView android:text="Gender" />
            <RadioGroup
                android:id="@+id/rgGender"
                    android:orientation="horizontal"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
                    android:layout_height="wrap_content">
                <RadioButton
    android:id="@+id/rbMale"</pre>
                         android:text="M"
                        android:layout width="wrap content"
                         android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
                <RadioButton
                         android:id="@+id/rbFemale"
                     android:text="F"
                        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
                         android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
                <RadioButton
                        android:id="@+id/rbOther"
android:text="Other"
```

```
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
              </RadioGroup>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Current Weight" />
              <EditText
                  android:id="@+id/etWeight"
                       android:hint="kg
                       android:layout_width="match_parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Height" />
              <EditText
                       android:id="@+id/etHeight"
                       android:hint="cm
                       android:layout_width="match_parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Goal Weight" />
              <EditText
                       android:id="@+id/etGoalWeight"
                       android:hint="kg
                       android:layout width="match parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Age" />
              <EditText
                       android:id="@+id/etAge"
                       android:hint="years"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Phone" />
              <EditText
                      android:id="@+id/etPhone"
                   android:hint="Enter phone
                      android:layout width="match parent"
                   android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
        <TableRow>
              <TextView android:text="Address" />
              <EditText
                       android:id="@+id/etAddress"
                   android:hint="Enter address"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
                       android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
        </TableRow>
   </TableLayout>
  <CheckBox
       android:id="@+id/cbTerms"
android:text="I have read, understood, and accepted membership rules"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <Button
            android:id="@+id/btnSubmit"
        android:text="SUBMIT"
            android:backgroundTint="#A020F0"
            android:textColor="#FFFFFF"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:layout_gravity="center" />
 </LinearLayout>
Main.java
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
 import android.content.Intent;
 import android.view.View;
  import android.widget.Button;
 import android.widget.CheckBox;
import android.widget.EditText;
 import android.widget.RadioButton;
import android.widget.RadioGroup;
 import android.widget.Toast;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private EditText etName, etWeight, etHeight, etGoalWeight, etAge, etPhone, etAddress;
  private RadioGroup rgGender;
private CheckBox cbTerms;
  private Button btnSubmit;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
// Initialize UI elements
        etName = findViewById(R.id.etName);
       rgGender = findViewById(R.id.rgGender);

rgGender = findViewById(R.id.etWeight);

etWeight = findViewById(R.id.etWeight);

etHeight = findViewById(R.id.etGoalWeight);

etGoalWeight = findViewById(R.id.etGoalWeight);
       etAge = findViewById(R.id.etAge);
etPhone = findViewById(R.id.etPhone);
       etAddress = findViewById(R.id.etAddress);
cbTerms = findViewById(R.id.cbTerms);
```

```
btnSubmit = findViewById(R.id.btnSubmit);
         // Set button click listener
       btnSubmit.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
             public void onClick(View v) {
                  submitForm();
       });
  private void submitForm() {
       String name = etName.getText().toString().trim();
String weight = etWeight.getText().toString().trim();
String height = etHeight.getText().toString().trim();
String goalWeight = etGoalWeight.getText().toString().trim();
       String got age = etAge.getText().toString().trim();
String phone = etPhone.getText().toString().trim();
String address = etAddress.getText().toString().trim();
        int selectedGenderId = rgGender.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
String gender = "".
       String gender =
        if (selectedGenderId != -1) {
             RadioButton selectedGender = findViewById(selectedGenderId);
             gender = selectedGender.getText().toString();
       // Check if terms are accepted
if (!cbTerms.isChecked()) {
             Toast.makeText(this, "You must accept the terms!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
            return;
        // Pass data to SecondActivity
       // Pass data to SecondActivity
Intent intent = new Intent(MainActivity.this, SecondActivity.class);
intent.putExtra("name", name);
intent.putExtra("gender", gender);
intent.putExtra("weight", weight);
intent.putExtra("height", height);
intent.putExtra("goalWeight", goalWeight);
       intent.putExtra("age", age);
intent.putExtra("phone", phone);
intent.putExtra("address", address);
           startActivity(intent);
second Activity.xml
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:layout_width="match_parent"</pre>
       android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical"
  android:padding="16dp">
  <TextView
       android:text="Entered Details"
       android:textSize="20sp
           android:textColor="#A020F0"
android:gravity="center"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvName"
        android:textSize="16sp
           android:layout width="match parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvGender"
        android:textSize="16sp"
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvWeight"
       android:textSize="16sp
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvHeight"
       android:textSize="16sp"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvGoalWeight"
       android:textSize="16sp"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvAge"
        android:textSize="16sp"
           android:layout width="match parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvPhone
       android:textSize="16sp"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
  <TextView android:id="@+id/tvAddress" android:textSize="16sp"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
 </LinearLayout>
Second Activity.java
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
 import android.os.Bundle;
```

```
import android.widget.TextView;
 import android.content.Intent;
 public class SecondActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
  private TextView tvName, tvGender, tvWeight, tvHeight, tvGoalWeight, tvAge, tvPhone, tvAddress;
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_second);
        setContentview(R.iayout.activity_second,
// Initialize UI components
tvName = findViewById(R.id.tvName);
tvGender = findViewById(R.id.tvNender);
tvWeight = findViewById(R.id.tvWeight);
tvHeight = findViewById(R.id.tvWeight);
        tvGoalWeight = findViewById(R.id.tvGoalWeight);
tvAge = findViewById(R.id.tvAge);
tvPhone = findViewById(R.id.tvPhone);
        tvAddress = findViewById(R.id.tvAddress);
        // Get data from Intent
        Intent intent = getIntent();
        String name = intent.getStringExtra("name");
String gender = intent.getStringExtra("gender");
String weight = intent.getStringExtra("weight");
String height = intent.getStringExtra("height");
        String goalWeight = intent.getStringExtra("goalWeight");
String age = intent.getStringExtra("age");
String phone = intent.getStringExtra("phone");
        String address = intent.getStringExtra("address");
        // Set values to TextViews
tvName.setText("Full Name: " + name);
tvGender.setText("Gender: " + gender);
tvWeight.setText("Current Weight: " + weight + " kg");
tvHeight.setText("Height: " + height + " cm");
tvGoalWeight.setText("Goal Weight: " + goalWeight + " kg");
tvAge.setText("Age: " + age + " years");
tvPhone.setText("Phone: " + phone);
tvAddress.setText("Address: " + address);
        // Set values to TextViews
Slip 20 01
Q1. Create Android Program to Change the Image on the Screen.
 Add Images to the Drawable Folder
image1.png
image2.png
Activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
     xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
     android:gravity="center"
      android:orientation="vertical"
     tools:context=".MainActivity">
      <TmageView
           android:id="@+id/imageView"
           android:layout_width="200dp"
           android:layout_height="200dp"
           android:src="@drawable/image1" />
           android:id="@+id/changeImageButton"
           android:layout_width="wrap_content"
           android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:text="Change Image" />
</LinearLayout>
MainActivity.java
package com.example.imagechanger;
import android.os.Bundle:
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.ImageView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
     private ImageView imageView;
      private Button changeImageButton;
     private int currentImageIndex = 0;
     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
           super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
           setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
           imageView = findViewById(R.id.imageView);
           changeImageButton = findViewById(R.id.changeImageButton);
           // Set initial image
imageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.image1);
            // Set button click listener
           changeImageButton.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
                 public void onClick(View v) {
                      changeImage();
          });
     private void changeImage() {
```

```
// Toggle between two images
                       if (currentImageIndex == 0) {
                                  imageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.image2);
                                  currentImageIndex = 1;
                                imageView.setImageResource(R.drawable.image1);
currentImageIndex = 0;
Slip 20 Q2B
Q2. Demonstrate Array Adapter using List View to display list of Country.
Activity_main.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
           xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
           android:layout_height="match_parent"
           android:orientation="vertical"
           tools:context=".MainActivity">
                      android:id="@+id/listView"
                      android:layout_width="match_parent"
                      android:layout_height="match_parent" />
MainActivity.java
package com.example.countrylistapp;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
import android.widget.ListView;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
         private ListView listView;
private String[] countries = {
    "Afghanistan", "Albania", "Algeria", "Andorra", "Angola",
    "Antiqua and Barbuda", "Argentina", "Armenia", "Australia", "Austria",
    "Azerbaijan", "Bahmass", "Bahrain", "Bangladesh", "Barbados",
    "Belarus", "Belgium", "Belize", "Benin", "Bhutan",
    "Bolivia", "Bosnia and Herzegovina", "Botswana", "Brazil", "Brunei",
    "Bulgaria", "Burkina Faso", "Burunndi", "Cabo Verde", "Cambodia",
    "Cameroon", "Canada", "Central African Republic", "Chad", "Chile",
    "China", "Colombia", "Comoros", "Congo", "Costa Rica",
    "Croatia", "Cuba", "Cyprus", "Czech Republic", "Denmark",
    "Djibouti", "Dominica", "Dominican Republic", "Ecuador", "Egypt",
    "El Salvador", "Equatorial Guinea", "Eritrea", "Estonia", "Eswatini",
    "Ethiopia", "Fiji", "Finland", "France", "Gabon",
    "Gambia", "Georgia", "Germany", "Ghana", "Greece",
    "Grenada", "Guatemala", "Guinea", "Guinea-Bissau", "Guyana",
    "Haiti", "Holy See", "Honduras", "Hungary", "Iceland",
    "India", "Indonesia", "Iran", "Iraq", "Ireland",
    "Irael", "Italy", "Jamaica", "Jordan",
    "Kazakhstan", "Kenya", "Kiribati", "Kuwait", "Kyrgyzstan",

           private ListView listView;
                    "Israel", "Italy", "Jamaica", "Japan", "Jordan",
"Kazakhstan", "Kenya", "Kiribati", "Kuwait", "Kyrgyzstan",
"Laos", "Latvia", "Lebanon", "Lesotho", "Liberia",
"Libya", "Liechtenstein", "Lithuania", "Luxembourg", "Madagascar",
"Malawi", "Malaysia", "Maldives", "Mali", "Malta",
"Marshall Islands", "Mauritania", "Mauritius", "Mexico", "Micronesia",
"Moldova", "Monaco", "Mongolia", "Montenegro", "Morocco",
"Mozambique", "Myanmar", "Namibia", "Nauru", "Nepal",
"Netherlands", "New Zealand", "Nicaragua", "Niger", "Nigeria",
"North Korea", "North Macedonia", "Norway", "Oman", "Pakistan",
"Palau", "Palestine", "Panama", "Papua New Guinea", "Paraguay",
"Peru", "Philippines", "Poland", "Portugal", "Qatar",
"Romania", "Russia", "Rwanda", "Saint Kitts and Nevis", "Saint Lucia",
"Saint Vincent and the Grenadines", "Samoa", "San Marino", "Sao Tome and Principe", "Saudi Arabia",
"Senegal", "Serbia", "Seychelles", "Sierra Leone", "Singapore",
"Slovakia", "Slovenia", "Solomon Islands", "Somalia", "South Africa",
"South Korea", "South Sudan", "Spain", "Sri Lanka", "Sudan",
"Suriname", "Sweden", "Switzerland", "Syria", "Taiwan",
"Tajikistan", "Tanzania", "Thailand", "Timor-Leste", "Togo",
"Tonga", "Trinidad and Tobago", "Tunisia", "Turkey", "Turkmenistan",
                      "Tonga", "Trinidad and Tobago", "Tunisia", "Turkey", "Turkmenistan",
"Tuvalu", "Uganda", "Ukraine", "United Arab Emirates", "United Kingdom",
"United States", "Uruguay", "Uzbekistan", "Vanuatu", "Venezuela",
"Vietnam", "Yemen", "Zambia", "Zimbabwe"
           };
          protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
                       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
                      setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
                      listView = findViewById(R.id.listView);
                         // Create an ArrayAdapter
                      ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(
                                  android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1,
                                 countries
                        // Set the adapter on the ListView
                      listView.setAdapter(adapter);
```