AI ASSISTED CODING LAB- 9.2

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BATCH:04

Task-1:

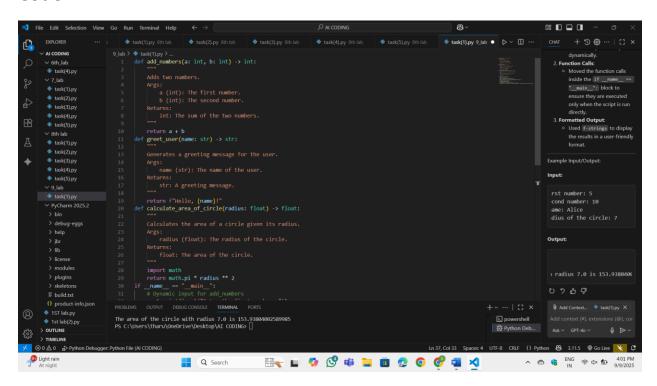
(Documentation – Google-Style Docstrings for Python Functions)

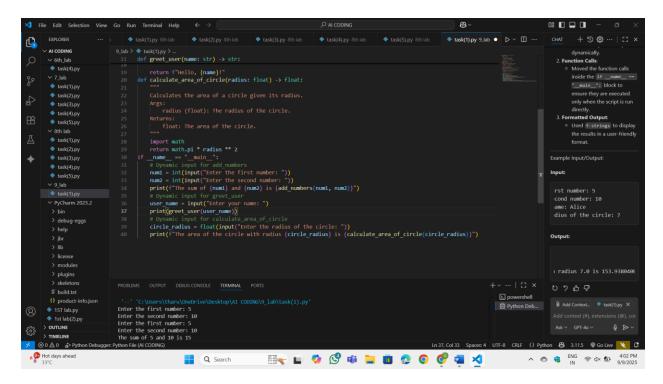
- Task: Use AI to add Google-style docstrings to all functions in a given Python script.
- Instructions:
- o Prompt AI to generate docstrings without providing any input-output examples.
- o Ensure each docstring includes:
- Function description
- Parameters with type hints
- Return values with type hints
- Example usage
- o Review the generated docstrings for accuracy and formatting.
- Expected Output #1:
- o A Python script with all functions documented using correctly formatted Google-style docstrings

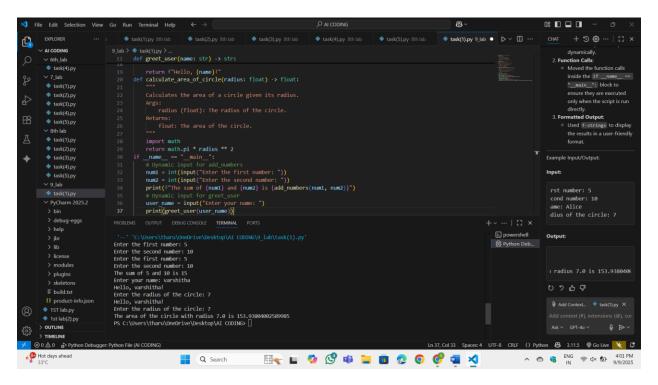
Prompt:

Add Google-style docstrings to all functions in a given Python script.

Ensure each docstring includes: Function description, Parameters with type hints, Return values with type hints







Observation:

Added input() prompts for each function to allow the user to provide input dynamically. Moved the function calls inside the if __name__ == "__main__": block to ensure they are executed only when the script is run directly. Used f-strings to display the results in a user-friendly format.

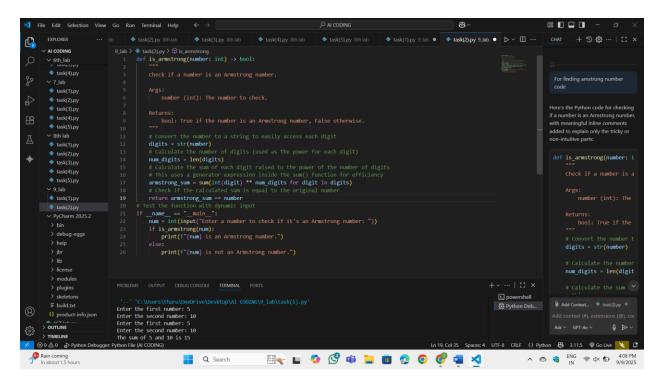
Task-2:

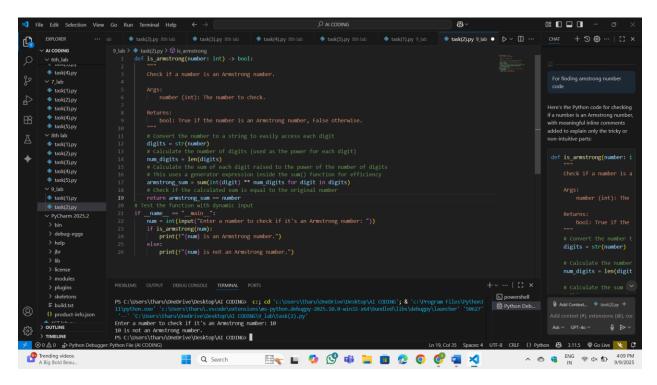
(Documentation – Inline Comments for Complex Logic)

- Task: Use AI to add meaningful inline comments to a Python program explaining only complex logic parts.
- Instructions:
- o Provide a Python script without comments to the Al.
- o Instruct AI to skip obvious syntax explanations and focus only on tricky or non-intuitive code sections.
- o Verify that comments improve code readability and maintainability.
- Expected Output #2:
- o Python code with concise, context-aware inline comments for complex logic blocks

Prompt:

For the code I provided focus only on tricky or non-intuitive code sections. And add meaningful inline comments to a Python program explaining only complex logic parts





Observation:

digits = str(number): Converts the number to a string to allow iteration over its digits. num_digits = len(digits): Calculates the number of digits in the number, which determines the power to which each digit is raised. sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in digits): Uses a generator expression to calculate the sum of each digit raised to the power of num_digits. This avoids creating an intermediate list, making the code more memory-efficient. return armstrong_sum == number: Compares the calculated sum to the original number to determine if it's an Armstrong number

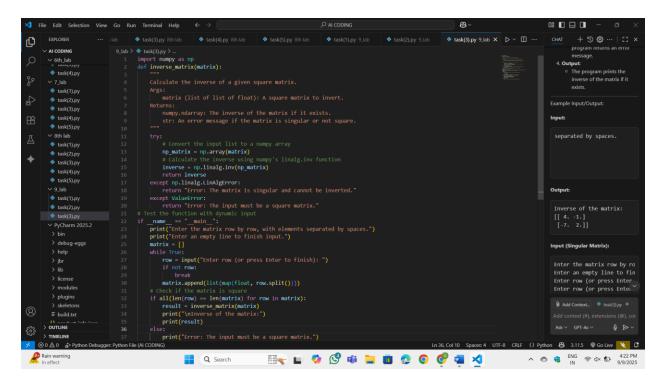
Task-3:

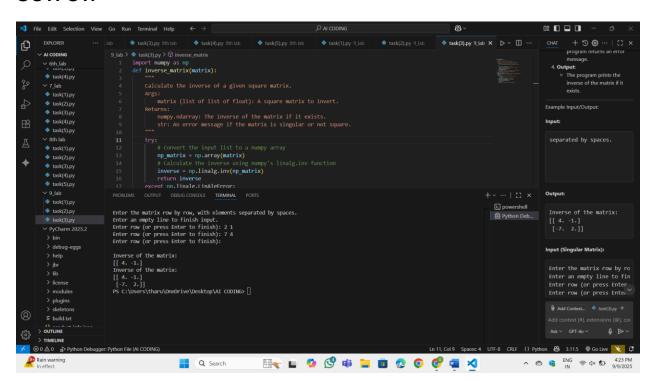
(Documentation – Module-Level Documentation)

- Task: Use AI to create a module-level docstring summarizing the purpose, dependencies, and main functions/classes of a Python file.
- Instructions:
- o Supply the entire Python file to AI.
- o Instruct AI to write a single multi-line docstring at the top of the file.
- o Ensure the docstring clearly describes functionality and usage without rewriting the entire code

Prompt:

For the given code describes functionality and usage without rewriting the entire code





OBSERVATION:

The numpy library is used for matrix operations.

The np.linalg.inv() function calculates the inverse of a matrix. The user inputs the matrix row by row. The input is converted into a list of lists, where each inner list represents a row. If the matrix is not square, the program returns an error message. If the matrix is singular (determinant = 0), the program returns an error message. The program prints the inverse of the matrix if it exists.

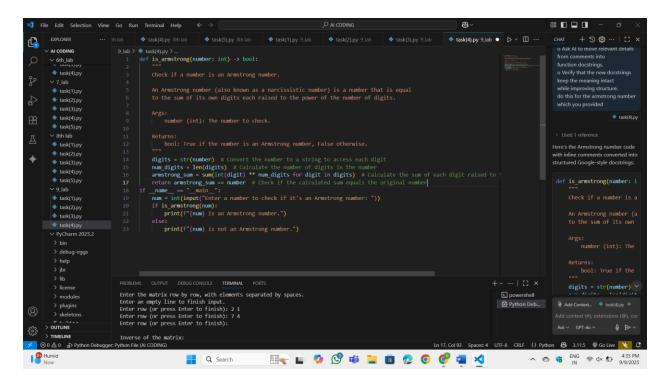
Task-4:

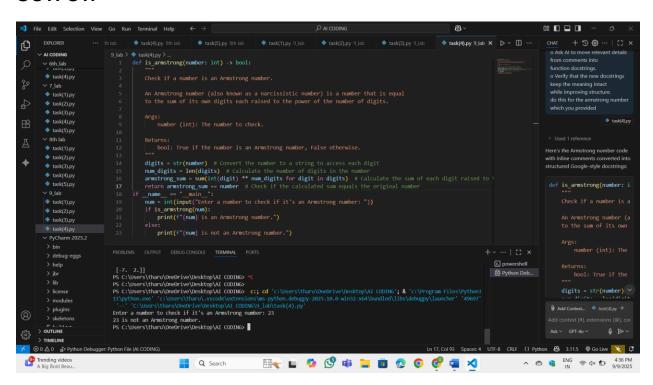
(Documentation – Convert Comments to Structured Docstrings)

- Task: Use AI to transform existing inline comments into structured function docstrings following Google style.
- Instructions:
- o Provide AI with Python code containing inline comments.
- o Ask AI to move relevant details from comments into function docstrings.
- o Verify that the new docstrings keep the meaning intact while improving structure.
- Expected Output #4:
- o Python code with comments replaced by clear, standardized docstrings

Prompt:

convert Comments to Structured Docstrings for the code which I provided.





OBSERVATION:

Removed inline comments from the code. Added a detailed docstring to the is_armstrong function. The docstring explains: **Purpose**: What the function does. **Args**: The input parameter and its type. **Returns**: The return value and its type. **Logic**: A brief explanation of the Armstrong number concept. The docstring improves the structure and readability of the code while keeping the meaning intact

Task-5:

(Documentation – Review and Correct Docstrings)

- Task: Use AI to identify and correct inaccuracies in existing docstrings.
- Instructions:
- o Provide Python code with outdated or incorrect docstrings.
- o Instruct AI to rewrite each docstring to match the current code behavior.
- o Ensure corrections follow Google-style formatting.
- Expected Output #5:
- o Python file with updated, accurate, and standardized docstrings

Prompt:

Identify and correct inaccuracies in existing docstrings.

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₱ TASK 1(9.2).txt

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              def square(num: int) -> int:
                      num (int): A number to be cubed.
B
+
                                                                                                                                 PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
       Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26100.5074]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
       {\tt C:\Users\nalla\neOneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding\C:/Users\nalla/anaconda3/Scripts/activate} \\
       (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>conda activate base
       (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding> cmd /C "c:\Users\nalla\anaconda3\python.exe c:\Users\nalla\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.
0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher 62271 -- "C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding\TASK 5-1(9.2).py" "
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               def square(num: int) -> int:
                    Returns the square of a number.
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*
                   return num * num
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(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
        C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>C:/Users/nalla/anaconda3/Scripts/activate
        (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>conda activate base
        (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding> cmd /C "c:\Users\nalla\anaconda3\python.exe c:\Users\nalla\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.00+win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher 59788 -- "C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding\task5-2(9.2).py" "
        (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>
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OBSERVATION:

The main issue is docstring drift—the code changes but the documentation doesn't. Correcting the docstrings to Google style makes the functions clearer, accurate, and easier to maintain

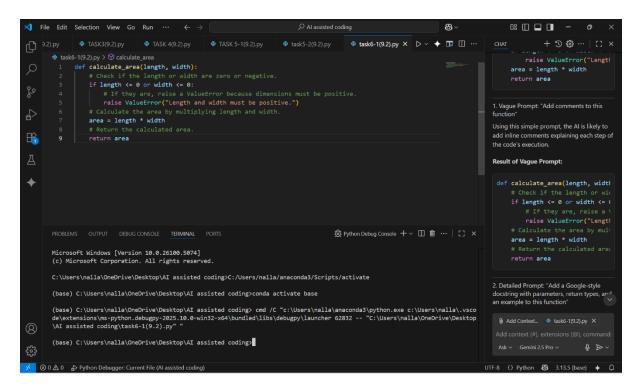
Task-6:

(Documentation – Prompt Comparison Experiment)

- Task: Compare documentation output from a vague prompt and a detailed prompt for the same Python function.
- Instructions:
- o Create two prompts: one simple ("Add comments to this function") and one detailed ("Add Google-style docstrings with parameters, return types, and examples").
- o Use AI to process the same Python function with both prompts.
- o Analyze and record differences in quality, accuracy, and completeness.
- Expected Output #6:
- o A comparison table showing the results from both prompts with observations

Prompt:

Compare documentation output from a vague prompt and a detailed prompt for the same Python function. Create two prompts: one simple ("Add comments to this function") and one detailed ("Add Google-style docstrings with parameters, return types, and examples").



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      → TASK 5-1(9.2).py
      # task5-2(9.2).py
      # II
      □ SK6-2(9.2).py
      > ✓ ♦ □ II
      ...

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                                                                                                                                                                             # Calculate the area by multarea = length * width
                 def calculate_area(length, width):
                         "Calculates the area of a rectangle
                          length (float or int): The length of the rectangle. Must be a positive number. width (float or int): The width of the rectangle. Must be a positive number.

    Detailed Prompt: "Add a Google-style docstring with parameters, return types, and an example to this function"

B
                                                                                                                                                                       generate a structured, formal docstring that
                           ValueError: If length or width is not a positive number.
                                                                                                                                                                       Result of Detailed Prompt:
                           >>> area = calculate area(10, 5)
                                                                                                                                                                         def calculate_area(length, width
                                                                                                                                                                                "Calculates the area of a
                     if length <= 0 or width <= 0:
                     raise ValueError("Length and width must be positive.")
area = length * width
                                                                                                                                                                                   length (float or int):
                                                                                                              PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
                                                                                                                                                                                  ValueError: If length
         C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>C:/Users/nalla/anaconda3/Scripts/activate
         (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding>conda activate base
         (base) C:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop\AI assisted coding> cmd /C "c:\Users\nalla\anaconda3\python.exe c:\Users\nalla\oneDrive\Desktop \AI assisted coding\ cmd /C "c:\Users\nalla\anaconda3\python.exe c:\Users\nalla\OneDrive\Desktop \AI assisted coding\TASK6-2(9.2).py" "
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Observation:

A detailed and specific prompt yields a vastly superior documentation result. It moves beyond simple line-by-line explanations to create structured, comprehensive, and professional documentation that significantly improves code maintainability and usability.