National Textile University, Faisalabad Department of Computer Science



Assignment # 1

Name	Rameen Fatima
Section	BSCS-B
Semester	5 th
Registration no.	23-NTU-CS-1086
Course title	Embedded IOT systems
Submitted to	Sir Nasir
Submission date	23-10-2025

Documentation for Task B Question 3

ESP32 Multi-LED Control with Press-Type Detection

Circuit Diagram Description:

This project uses an ESP32 microcontroller to detect short and long button presses and perform different actions: toggle LEDs or play a buzzer tone. The system displays the event in real time on an OLED (SSD1306) display.

Component List:

Component Name	Quantity	Description
ESP32 Dev Board	1	Main microcontroller
Push Button	1	Used for short/long press detection
LED (Red, Green, Blue)	3	Visual indication
Buzzer	1	Audio feedback
OLED Display (SSD1306)	1	0.96" I2C display for messages
Jumper Wires	As required	For circuit connections
Breadboard	1	Used for circuit prototyping

Task Explanation:

This project demonstrates how to control multiple LEDs and a buzzer using a single button with an OLED display showing live feedback.

Features:

- Detects short and long button presses.
- Displays messages on OLED (SSD1306).
- Provides both visual (LED) and audio (buzzer) feedback.
- Uses non-blocking timing with millis () for accurate press detection.
- Includes OLED header display with real-time updates.

Working Principle:

- 1. Button Input Detection
 - o The button is connected using the internal pull-up resistor.
 - o When pressed, it pulls the input LOW.
 - The ESP32 measures press duration using millis().
- 2. Press-Type Decision
 - Short Press (<1.5 sec): Toggles all LEDs (ON/OFF).
 - o Long Press (>1.5 sec): Activates the buzzer tone for 0.5 seconds.
- 3. LED and Buzzer Actions
 - o LEDs are connected to GPIO 25, 27, and 33.
 - o Buzzer is connected to GPIO 26 for tone generation.
- 4. OLED Display Feedback
 - o Displays header: "PRESS-TYPE DETECT".
 - Shows messages such as:
 - "Short-Press Detected LEDs: ON/OFF"
 - "Long-Press Detected Playing Buzzer..."

Pin Diagram			
Component	GPIO Pin	Description	
Push Button	14	Input with Pull-up	
LED 1	25	Output	
LED 2	27	Output	
LED 3	33	Output	
Buzzer	26	PWM Output	
OLED SDA	21	I2C Data	
OLED SCL	22	I2C Clock	

CODE:

```
Title : ESP32 Multi-LED Control with Press-Type Detection
Author : Rameen Fatima
Reg. No. : 23-NTU-CS-1086 (BSCS-5TH B)

Description :

This program detects short and long presses of a single button.

- Short Press (<1.5 sec): Toggles 3 LEDS ON/OFF

- Long Press (>1.5 sec): Plays a buzzer tone
The event is displayed on the OLED (SSD1306) with a header.

Components:

| • 1 Push Button (GPIO 14)
| • 3 LEDS (GPIO 25, 26, 27)
| • 1 Buzzer (GPIO 33)
| • 1 OLED Display (SDA=21, SCL=22)

*/

#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
#include <Adafruit_SSD1306.h>

// --- OLED Configuration ---
#define SCREEN_WIDTH 128
#define SCREEN_HEIGHT 64
#define OLED_ADDR 0x3C
Adafruit_SSD1306 display(SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT, &Wire, -1);
```

```
#define LED1 25
#define LED2 27
#define LED3 33
#define BUZZER_PIN 26
#define BUTTON_PIN 14
bool ledState = false;
unsigned long pressStart = 0;
bool isPressed = false;
const unsigned long longPressTime = 1500; // 1.5s threshold for long press
void showOnOLED(const String &line1, const String &line2 = "") {
  display.clearDisplay();
  display.setTextSize(1);
 display.setTextColor(SSD1306_WHITE);
 display.setCursor(10, 0);
 display.println("PRESS-TYPE DETECT");
  display.drawLine(0, 10, 127, 10, SSD1306_WHITE); // underline
```

```
display.setCursor(10, 25);
  display.println(line1);
 if (line2 != "") {
   display.setCursor(10, 40);
   display.println(line2);
 display.display();
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200);
  pinMode(LED1, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(LED2, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(LED3, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(BUZZER_PIN, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(BUTTON_PIN, INPUT_PULLUP); // Button active LOW
 Wire.begin(21, 22);
  if (!display.begin(SSD1306_SWITCHCAPVCC, OLED_ADDR)) {
    Serial.println("OLED not found!");
```

```
// --- Startup Screen ---
 showOnOLED("System Ready...", "Press Button");
 delay(1500);
 digitalWrite(LED1, LOW);
 digitalWrite(LED2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(LED3, LOW);
 digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, LOW);
void loop() {
 int buttonState = digitalRead(BUTTON_PIN);
 // --- Detect button press start ---
 if (buttonState == LOW && !isPressed) {
   isPressed = true;
   pressStart = millis();
 if (buttonState == HIGH && isPressed) {
   unsigned long pressDuration = millis() - pressStart;
   isPressed = false;
```

```
if (pressDuration < longPressTime) {
    // --- SHORT PRESS ACTION: Toggle LEDs ---
    ledState = !ledState;
    digitalWrite(LED1, ledState);
    digitalWrite(LED2, ledState);
    digitalWrite(LED3, ledState);

    showOnOLED("Short-Press Detected", ledState ? "LEDs: ON" : "LEDs: OFF");
    Serial.println(ledState ? "LEDs ON" : "LEDs OFF");

} else {
    // --- LONG PRESS ACTION: Buzzer Tone ---
    showOnOLED("Long-Press Detected", "Playing Buzzer...");
    tone(BUZZER_PIN, 1000, 500); // 1kHz for 0.5s
    Serial.println("Buzzer Tone Played");
}

delay(300); // Small delay to avoid flicker
}
</pre>
```

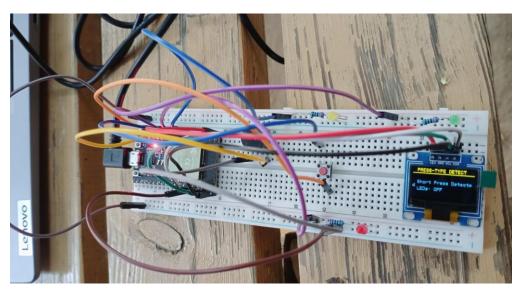
Build success:

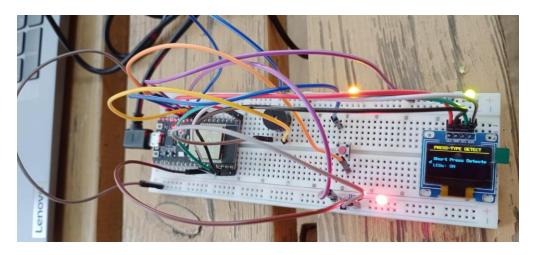
```
✓ ▽ ♥ 覧 Ⅲ …
          #include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
          #define OLED ADDR 0x30
          #define LED2 27
          #define BUZZER PIN 26
         // Stores ON/OFF state for all LEDs
unsigned long pressStart = 0; // Time when button was pressed
bool isPressed = false; // Flag to track button press
const unsigned long longPressTime = 1500; // 1.5s threshold for long press
         // --- Function to display header and message on OLED ---
void showOnOLED(const String &line1, const String &line2 = "") {
    display.clearDisplay();
                                                                                                                                                                                ∑ Build - Task ✓ + ✓ □ · □ · · □ · □ · · □ · □
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
  -- Adafruit SSD1306 @ 2.5.15
|-- Wire @ 2.0.0
Building in release mode
BUILINING IN release mode
Retrieving maximum program size .pio\build\nodemcu-32s\firmware.elf
Checking size .pio\build\nodemcu-32s\firmware.elf
Advanced Memory Usage is available via "PlatformIO Home > Project Inspect"
RAM: [= ] 6.7% (used 22088 bytes from 327680 bytes)
RAM: [= ] 6.7% (used 22088 bytes from 327680 bytes)
Flash: [== ] 23.4% (used 306381 bytes from 1310720 bytes)
                                                                                            == [SUCCESS] Took 5.76 seconds ===
Terminal will be reused by tasks, press any key to close it.
                                                                                                                                    Ln 107, Col 2 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 CRLF {} C++
```

Upload success:

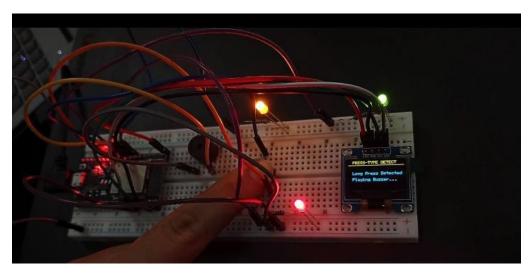
Hardware output:

Short press (Toggle LED):





Long Press (Play Buzzer tone):

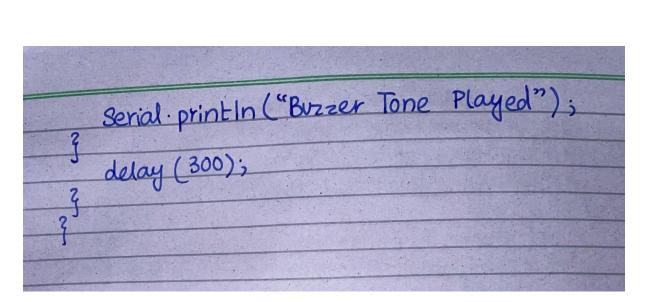


Handwritten code:

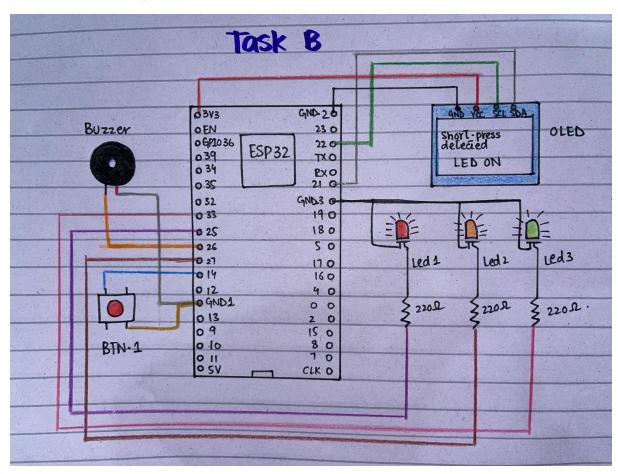
```
Task B
  Multi-LED Control with Press-Type
                Detection
 # include < Wire h >
 # include < Adafruit_GFX.hz
 # include < Adafruit_SSD1306.h7
 # define SCREEN_WIDTH 128
 # define SCREEN_HEIGHT 64
 # define OLED_ADDR 0x3C
 Adafruit_SSD1306 display (SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT, &Wire, -1);
#define LED1 25
# define LED2 27
# define LED3 33
# define BUZZER_PIN 26
# define BUTTON_PIN 14
 bool led State = false;
 unsigned long press Start = 0,
 bool is Pressed = false;
 const unsigned long longPressTime = 1500;
 void show On OLED (const String & Line 1, const String & Line 2 = "") {
  display. Clear Display ();
 display setTextSize (1);
 display setText Color (SSD 1306_WHITE);
```

```
display set Cursor (10,0); display print in ("Press-Type Detect"); display drawline (0, 10,1127, 10, SSD1306 WATTE);
display setCursor (10,25);
display println (line1); if (line 2! = "") {
   display setCursor (10, 40);
   display println (line2);
  display. display();
 void setup () {
  Serial begin (115200);
 pinMode (LED1, OUTPUT);
 pin Mode (LED2, OUTPUT);
 pin Mode (LED 3, OUTPUT);
 PIN Mode (BUZZER-PIN, OUTPUT);
 pinMode (BUTTON_PIN, INPUT_PULLUP);
 Wire begin (21, 22);
 if ( I display begin (SSD1306_SWITCHAPVCC,
                         OLED_ADDR)) }
  Serial println ("OLED not found!");
  while (true);
Show On OLED L" System Ready ... ", " Press Button"
 delay (1500);
```

```
digital Write (LED1, LOW);
 digitalWrite (LED2, LOW);
digital Write (LED3, LOW);
digital Write (BUZZER_PIN, LOW);
void Loop () {
int buttonstate = digital Read (BUTTON_PIN);
if (buttonstate == LOW && 1, is Pressed) {
  is Pressed = true;
 press Start = millis ();
if (buttonstate == HIGH && is Pressed) {
 unsigned long press Duration = millis ()-
                    pressStart;
is Pressed = false;
if (press Duration < longPressTime) {
  LedState = ! ledState;
  digital write (LED1, led State);
  digital Write (LED2, ledstate);
 digital Write (LED3, Ledstate);
 show On OLED L" Short-Press Detected",
  redstate? "LEDs: ON": "LEDs: OFF");
 Serial println (ledstate ? "LEDS ON"
                   " LEDS OFF ");
7 else 3
  show on OLED ("Long-Press Detected", "Playing
        Buzzer ... ");
  tone (BUZZER-PIN, 1000, 500);
```

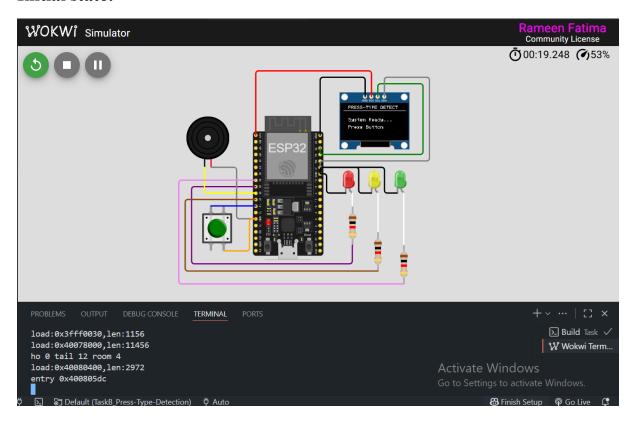


Hand sketch diagram:

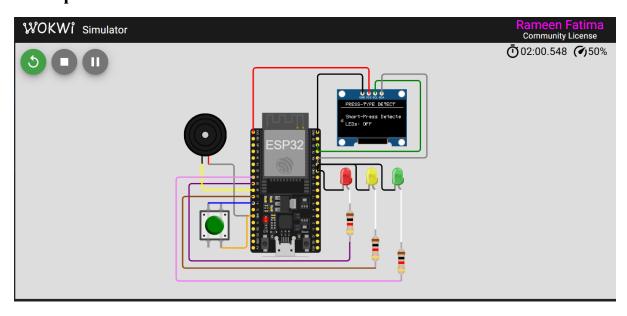


Wokwi circuit diagram:

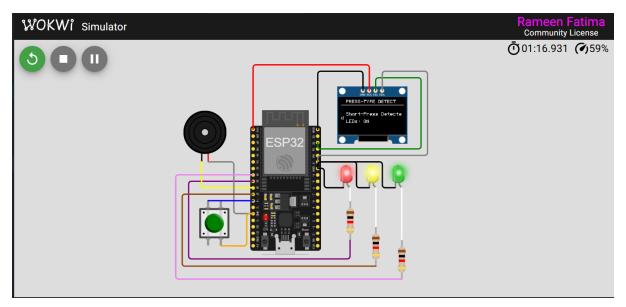
Initial state:



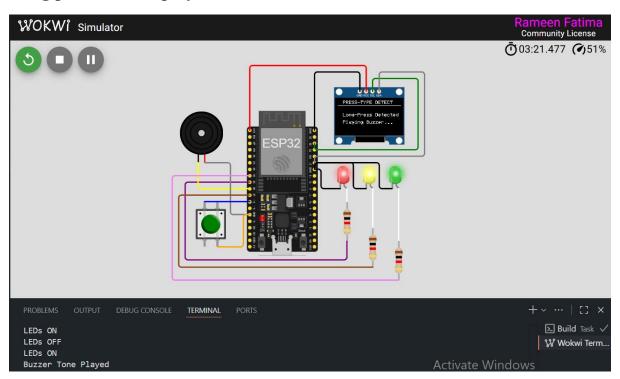
Short press LED OFF:



Short press LED ON:



Long press Buzzer played:



Wokwi Project Link:

https://wokwi.com/projects/445452596000373761