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# QNO1→

Draw a Class Diagram for a simple Bank Account System with classes such as Account, Customer, and Bank. Show attributes and methods for each class, and represent the relationships between them.

### Hints:

- Use association between Bank and Customer.
- Represent aggregation between Customer and Account.
- Include visibility symbols (+, -, #) for attributes and methods.
- 1. UML Class Diagram (Text Representation)

++	
- bankName: String	
+ addCustomer(c: Customer): void	
1   (association)   *	
++   Customer	

```
| - customerName: String
- customerId: int
| - accounts: List<Account>
| + openAccount(a: Account): void |
| + closeAccount(a: Account): void |
| + getDetails(): void
       ♦ (aggregation)
       | 1..*
      Account
| - accountNumber: String
| - balance: double
+----+
| + deposit(amount: double): void |
| + withdraw(amount: double): void |
| + getBalance(): double
```

## BankAccountSystem.java

```
J BankAccountSystem.java > <sup>1</sup> Customer >  getDetails()
     import java.util.*;
     class Account {
        private String accountNumber;
         private double balance;
         public Account(String accountNumber, double balance) {
             this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
             this.balance = balance;
         public void deposit(double amount) {
             balance += amount;
             System.out.println("Deposited: INR. " + amount + " | New Balance: INR. " + balance);
         public void withdraw(double amount) {
             if (amount <= balance) {</pre>
                 balance -= amount;
                 System.out.println("Withdrawn: INR. " + amount + " | Remaining Balance: INR. " + balance)
             } else {
                 System.out.println("Insufficient balance!");
         public double getBalance() {
             return balance;
         public String getAccountNumber() {
             return accountNumber;
      class Customer {
         private String customerName;
          private int customerId;
          private List<Account> accounts = new ArrayList<>();
          public Customer(String customerName, int customerId) {
              this.customerName = customerName;
              this.customerId = customerId;
          public void openAccount(Account a) {
             accounts.add(a);
              System.out.println(customerName + " opened account: " + a.getAccountNumber());
          public void closeAccount(Account a) {
             accounts.remove(a);
              System.out.println(customerName + " closed account: " + a.getAccountNumber());
          public void getDetails() {
             System.out.println("Customer: " + customerName + " | ID: " + customerId);
              System.out.println("Accounts:");
              for (Account a : accounts) {
                  System.out.println[" - " + a.getAccountNumber() + " | Balance: INR. " + a.getBalance()];
59
```

```
class Bank {
    private String bankName;
    private String branchCode;
    private List<Customer> customers = new ArrayList<>();
    public Bank(String bankName, String branchCode) {
        this.bankName = bankName;
       this.branchCode = branchCode;
    public void addCustomer(Customer c) {
       customers.add(c);
       System.out.println("Added customer: " + c);
    public void viewCustomers() {
       System.out.println("Bank: " + bankName + " | Branch: " + branchCode);
       System.out.println("Customers list:");
       for (Customer c : customers) {
           c.getDetails();
public class BankAccountSystem {
```

```
public class BankAccountSystem {
    Run main | Debug main
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Bank bank = new Bank("National Bank", "NB001");

        Customer c1 = new Customer("Karthik", 101);
        Account a1 = new Account("SAV123", 5000);

        Account a2 = new Account("CUR456", 15000);

        c1.openAccount(a1);
        c1.openAccount(a2);

        a1.deposit(2000);
        a2.withdraw(3000);

        bank.addCustomer(c1);
        bank.viewCustomers();
}
```

#### OUTPUT->

```
PS C:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Weeks\Week 10\Assignme nt HW\Program 1> cd "c:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Week s\Week 10\Assignment HW\Program 1\"; if ($?) { javac BankAccountSystem.java }; if ($?) { java BankAccountSystem } Karthik opened account: SAV123
Karthik opened account: CUX456
Deposited: INR. 2000.0 | New Balance: INR. 7000.0
Withdrawn: INR. 3000.0 | Remaining Balance: INR. 12000.0
Added customer: Customer@73d16e93
Bank: National Bank | Branch: NB001
Customer: Karthik | ID: 101
Accounts:
- SAV123 | Balance: INR. 7000.0
- CUX456 | Balance: INR. 12000.0
```

## QNO2→

### **Problem Statement 2:**

Create an Object Diagram showing instances of Customer, Account, and Bank classes.

Display how specific objects are linked during runtime (e.g., one bank has multiple customers,

each with an account).

#### **Hints:**

- Show object names like cust1:Customer, acc1:Account.
- Include attribute values in objects (e.g., balance = 5000).
- Demonstrate links between instantiated objects.

**Visual Representation (Object Diagram)** 

```
J BankObjectDiagram.java
 1 v class Bank {
           String bankName;
           public Bank(String bankName) {
               this.bankName = bankName;
 9 ∨ class Customer {
          String name;
          int customerId;
           public Customer(String name, int customerId) {
               this.name = name;
               this.customerId = customerId;
19 ∨ class Account {
         int accountNumber;
          double balance;
           public Account(int accountNumber, double balance) {
               this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
               this.balance = balance;
29 ∨ public class BankObjectDiagram {
           public static void main(String[] args) {
               Bank bank1 = new Bank("Global Bank");
           Customer cust1 = new Customer("Alice", 101);
           Customer cust2 = new Customer("Bob", 102);
           Account acc1 = new Account(5001, 8000);
           Account acc2 = new Account(5002, 12000);
           System.out.println("Bank: " + bank1.bankName);
           System.out.println("\nCustomer 1: " + cust1.name + " (ID: " + cust1.customerId + ")");
           System.out.println("Linked Account: " + acc1.accountNumber + ", Balance = " + acc1.balance);
           System.out.println("\nCustomer 2: " + cust2.name + " (ID: " + cust2.customerId + ")");
           System.out.println("Linked Account: " + acc2.accountNumber + ", Balance = " + acc2.balance);
```

## OUTPUT→

```
PS C:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Weeks\Week 10\Assignme
nt HW\Program 2> cd "c:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTERS\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Week
$\s\Week 10\Assignment HW\Program 2\"; if ($?) { javac BankObjectDiagram.java }; if ($?) { java BankObjectDiagram }
Bank: Global Bank

Customer 1: Alice (ID: 101)
Linked Account: 5001, Balance = 8000.0

Customer 2: Bob (ID: 102)
Linked Account: 5002, Balance = 12000.0
```

# QNO3→

## **Problem Statement 3:**

Draw a Sequence Diagram for an Online Shopping System showing interactions among Customer, Cart, PaymentService, and OrderService when a customer places an order.

#### Hints:

- Use lifelines for each participant.
- Show method calls (e.g., addItem(), makePayment(), confirmOrder()).
- Include return messages and activation boxes.

Sequence Diagram (Text Representation)

Customer	Cart		PaymentService		OrderService		
1		I					
addIte	m()>		I	1			
<			1	1			
makePayment()>							
<				I			
confirmOrder()>							
<					1		
	(Order	Со	mplete)		>		

```
J OnlineShoppingSequenceDiagram.java > ધ Cart
    class Cart {
        void addItem(String item) {
           System.out.println("Cart: Item '" + item + "' added to cart.");
    class PaymentService {
        void makePayment(double amount) {
            System.out.println("PaymentService: Payment of ₹" + amount + " processed successfully."
    class OrderService {
        void confirmOrder(String item) {
           System.out.println("OrderService: Order confirmed for item '" + item + "'.");
    class Customer {
        Cart cart = new Cart();
        PaymentService payment = new PaymentService();
        OrderService order = new OrderService();
        void placeOrder(String item, double amount) {
           System.out.println("Customer: Initiating order for '" + item + "'.");
           cart.addItem(item);
           payment.makePayment(amount);
           order.confirmOrder(item);
            System.out.println("Customer: Order placed successfully!");
        public class OnlineShoppingSequenceDiagram {
33
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                   Customer customer = new Customer();
35
36
                    customer.placeOrder("Wireless Mouse", 1200.00);
37
              }
38
```

#### OUTPUT->

```
PS C:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Weeks\Week 10\Assignme nt HW\Program 3> cd "c:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTERS\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Week s\Week 10\Assignment HW\Program 3\"; if ($?) { javac OnlineShoppingSequenceDiagram.java }; if ($?) { java OnlineShopping SequenceDiagram } Customer: Initiating order for 'Wireless Mouse'.

Cart: Item 'Wireless Mouse' added to cart.

PaymentService: Payment of ?1200.0 processed successfully.

OrderService: Order confirmed for item 'Wireless Mouse'.

Customer: Order placed successfully!
```

### QNO4→

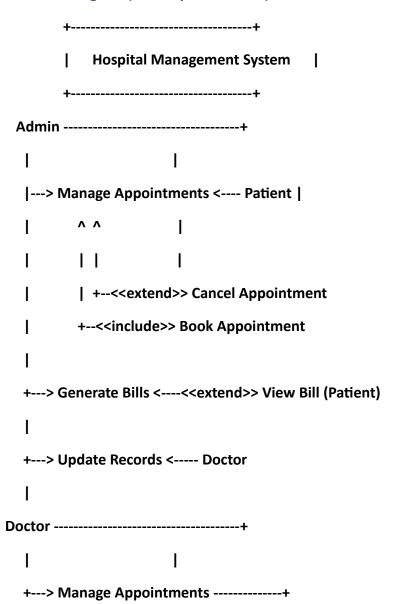
### **Problem Statement 4:**

Create a Use Case Diagram for a Hospital Management System where an Admin, Doctor, and Patient interact with features like Manage Appointments, Update Records, and Generate Bills.

#### Hints:

- Use actor symbols for external users.
- Draw include and extend relationships between use cases.
- Label all relationships clearly.

**Use Case Diagram (Text Representation)** 



```
+---> Update Records
|
|-------------------------+
+---> Manage Appointments
+---> View Bill
```

## HospitalManagementUseCase.java

```
import java.util.*;
    class Appointment {
        String patientName;
        String doctorName;
        String date;
        Appointment(String patientName, String doctorName, String date) {
            this.patientName = patientName;
            this.doctorName = doctorName;
            this.date = date;
         void display() {
            System.out.println("Appointment: " + patientName + " with Dr. " + doctorName + " on " + date
18
19
20
        String name;
         Patient(String name) {
            this.name = name;
26
         void bookAppointment(List<Appointment> appointments, String doctorName, String date) {
            Appointment a = new Appointment(this.name, doctorName, date);
28
            appointments.add(a);
            System.out.println(name + " booked an appointment with Dr. " + doctorName + " on " + date);
         void viewBill(String billDetails) {
            System.out.println(name + " views bill: " + billDetails);
```

```
class Doctor {
    String name;
    Doctor(String name) {
       this.name = name;
    void updateRecords(String patientName, String record) {
       System.out.println("Dr. " + name + " updated " + patientName + "'s record: " + record);
class Admin {
   String name;
    Admin(String name) {
       this.name = name;
    void generateBill(Patient patient, double amount) {
       String bill = "Bill for " + patient.name + ": ₹" + amount;
       System.out.println(name + " generated " + bill);
       patient.viewBill(bill);
    void cancelAppointment(List<Appointment> appointments, Appointment a) {
       if (appointments.remove(a)) {
           System.out.println(name + " canceled appointment of " + a.patientName);
public class HospitalManagementUseCase {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Appointment> appointments = new ArrayList<>();
        Admin admin = new Admin("Admin John");
        Doctor doctor = new Doctor("Smith");
        Patient patient = new Patient("Alice");
        patient.bookAppointment(appointments, doctor.name, "2025-10-25");
        doctor.updateRecords(patient.name, "Blood test results updated.");
        // Admin generates bill (extended by View Bill)
        admin.generateBill(patient, 2500.00);
        if (!appointments.isEmpty()) {
            admin.cancelAppointment(appointments, appointments.get(0));
```

### OUTPUT→

```
PS C:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Weeks\Week 10\Assignme
nt HW\Prorgam 4> cd "c:\Users\Ramesh\Personal Folders\MISCELLANEOUS\ENTRANCE EXAMS\SRM\SEMESTER-3\JAVA-STEP\Week
s\Week 10\Assignment HW\Prorgam 4\"; if ($?) { javac HospitalManagementUseCase.java } ; if ($?) { java HospitalManagement
UseCase }
Alice booked an appointment with Dr. Smith on 2025-10-25
Dr. Smith updated Alice's record: Blood test results updated.
Admin John generated Bill for Alice: INR. 2500.0
Alice views bill: Bill for Alice: INR. 2500.0
Admin John canceled appointment of Alice
```