

[Yarmouk University -Department of Statistics]

[The Effect of Advertisement Type and Gender on Click Rate Using a Randomized Block Design]

[Randomized Block Design]



LOGO.ADAM96.COM

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1. ANOVA table :Effect of AD Type and gender on

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)	
interest	39	245305	6290	2.056	0.000172	***
gender	1	79639	79639	26.031	3.95e-07	***
Residuals	1102	3371424	3059			

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1						

- a) Do the data present sufficient evidence to indicate significant differences among interest clicks means? Use $\alpha = 0.05$.
- $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_{1044}$ & H_1 : at least one the means is different than others
- p-value < 0.05
- $0.000172 < 0.05$, yes we reject H_0
- Based on the ANOVA results, the null hypothesis stating that the advertisement type has no effect on the number of clicks was rejected at the 5% significance level.
- This indicates that there is a **statistically significant difference in click rates** between at least two advertisement categories.
- In other words, **the type of ad shown to users plays a significant role in determining their engagement**, as measured by the number of click
- b) Do the data present sufficient evidence to indicate significant differences among gender clicks means? Use $\alpha = 0.05$. (Hypotheses, decision and conclusion).
- $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_{1044}$ & H_1 : at least one the means is different than others
- p-value < 0.05
- $3.95e^{-07} < 0.05$, yes we reject H_0 .
- The ANOVA results also led to the rejection of the null hypothesis concerning gender. This implies that **there is a statistically significant difference in the number of clicks between male and female users**. In practical terms, gender influences how users respond to advertisements, which suggests that ad performance varies based on the viewer's gender.

2- Box Plot: Comparison of Click Rates by Ad Type and Gender

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