Simpson's Paradox

Trust No one - certainty is a LIE

brooklyn university is sexism :D

Simpson's paradox occurs when groups of data show one particular trend, but this trend is reversed when the groups are combined together.

$$(a/A) \le (b/B)$$
 but $--> (sum(a)/sum(A))>= (sum(b)/sum(B))$

Why? --->

When group sizes differ, the totals for each side might be dominated by particular groups, but these groups belong to different categories.

ref: Simpson's Paradox | Brilliant Math & Science Wiki