Digital Signal Processing

Lab 2

Rozaliya Amirova, BS3-SE

Disclaimer: I made function in separate files, because my Matlab version does not support putting them in one. Sorry for any inconvenience.

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1. Base assignment

Files:

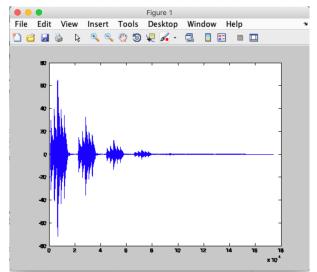


I used 2 audio samples: knocking and artificial notification sound.

There you can see echo generation function call (you can specify number of echo replicas), then removing echo with hard-coded delay value. Then I compute delay using autocorrelation. Autocorrelation can be computed as covariance from signal and its time-reversed version. Then I remove echo using computed delay value.

```
filename = 'Knock.ogg';
%filename = 'Flying.ogg'
file = 'Flying.ogg';
[y1,fs1] = audioread(filename);
delay = 0.05;
gain = 0.5;
replicas = 5;
echoed_signal = make_echo(y1, fs1, delay, gain, replicas);
player=audioplayer(echoed_signal, fs1, 8);
play(player);
echo_removed = remove_echo(y1, fs1, echoed_signal, delay, gain, replicas);
%player = audioplayer(echo_removed, fs1, 8);
%play(player);
%Computation of auto-correlation
time_reversed_sygnal = fliplr(echoed_signal);
autocorrelation = conv(echoed_signal, time_reversed_sygnal);
plot(autocorrelation);
[pks, locs] = findpeaks(autocorrelation, 'MinPeakDistance', length(y1));
N = locs(2) - locs(1);
delay_autocorr = (N - length(y1)) / fs1;
%Removing echo with delay computed using auto-correlation
echo_removed_autocorr = remove_echo(y1, fs1, echoed_signal, delay_autocorr, gain, replicas);
%player = audioplayer(echo_removed_autocorr, fs1, 8);
%play(player);
```

Autocorrelation:



1.1 Echo generation

```
function result = make_echo(input,fs,shifting_delay,gain,replicas)
    samples = shifting_delay * fs;
    delay_samples = floor(samples);
    result = [input; zeros(delay_samples,1)];
    for i=1:2:replicas
        result = [result; input * gain^(i+1)];
        result = [result; zeros(delay_samples,1)];
    end
end
```

1.2 Echo cancellation

```
function result = remove_echo(input, fs, echoed, shifting_delay,gain,replicas)
    samples = shifting_delay * fs;
    delay_samples = floor(samples);
    disp(delay_samples+length(input))
    echoes = [zeros(length(input),1); zeros(delay_samples,1)];
    for i=1:2:replicas
        echoes = [echoes; input * gain^(i+1)];
        echoes = [echoes; zeros(delay_samples,1)];
    end
    fprintf(mat2str(size(echoed)))
    fprintf(mat2str(size(echoed)))
    result = echoed - echoes;
end
```

1.3 Echo cancellation using autocorrelation

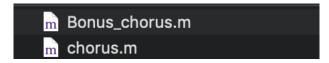
```
%Computation of auto-correlation
time_reversed_sygnal = fliplr(echoed_signal);
autocorrelation = conv(echoed_signal, time_reversed_sygnal);
plot(autocorrelation);

[pks, locs] = findpeaks(autocorrelation, 'MinPeakDistance', length(y1));
N = locs(2) - locs(1);
delay_autocorr = (N - length(y1)) / fs1;

%Removing echo with delay computed using auto-correlation
echo_removed_autocorr = remove_echo(y1, fs1, echoed_signal, delay_autocorr,
gain, replicas);
```

2. Chorus generation

Files:



```
function result = chorus(signal, Fs, voices)
    delay = 0.2;
    alpha = 0.65;
    D = delay*Fs;
    min_delay = 1;
    result = zeros(size(signal));
    result(1:D) = signal(1:D);

for j=1:voices
    d = floor(min_delay+rand(1,1)*(D-min_delay));
    for i=d+1:length(signal)
        result(i) = signal(i) + alpha*signal(i-d);
    end
end
end
```

3. Functions implementation

In "correlation" package

3.1 Standard deviation

```
function result = standart_deviation(x)
   if length(x) == 0
      result = 0;
end
   n = length(x);
mean_x = sum(x)/n;
variance = 0;
for i=1:n
      variance = variance + (x(i) - mean_x)^2;
end
variance = variance / n;
result = variance.^0.5;
end
```

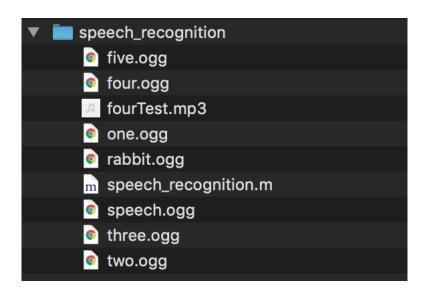
3.2 Covariance

```
function result = covariance(x,y)
   if length(x) ~= length(y)
      result = -1;
end
n = length(x);
xy = zeros(n, 1);
for i=1:n
      xy(i) = x(i)*y(i);
end
mean_x = sum(x)/n;
mean_y = sum(y)/n;
result = (sum(xy) - n * mean_x * mean_y) / n;
end
```

3.3 Correlation

```
function result = correlation(x,y)
    if length(x) ~= length(y)
        result = -1;
    end
    result = covariance(x,y) / (standart_deviation(x)*transpose(standart_deviation(y)));
end
```

4. Speech recognition



4.1 Sequence

```
[y1,fs1] = audioread('One.ogg');
[y2,fs2] = audioread('Two.ogg');
[y3,fs3] = audioread('Three.ogg');
[y4,fs4] = audioread('Four.ogg');
[y5,fs5] = audioread('Five.ogg');
[y6,fs6] = audioread('Rabbit.ogg');
words = {'one ', 'two ', 'three ', 'four ', 'five ', 'rabbit is walking '};
sound(y, fs)
pause(5)
%Calculate cross-correlation between original sound and distinct words
z1 = xcorr(y, y1);
z2 = xcorr(y, y2);
z3 = xcorr(y, y3);
z4 = xcorr(y, y4);
z5 = xcorr(y, y5);
z6 = xcorr(y, y6);
[M.I1] = (max(z1)):
[M, I2] = (max(z2));
[M, I3] = (max(z3));
[M, I4] = (max(z4));
[M, I5] = (max(z5));
[M,I6] = (max(z6));
%Indecies of maximum correlation points
indecies = [I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6];
%Sorting indecies of maximum correlation points in ascending order and
%retrieing their original indecies
[B,I] = sort(indecies, 'ascend');
result = strcat(words(I(1)), words(I(2)), words(I(3)), words(I(4)), words(I(5)), words(I(6)));
disp('Recognized sequence...')
disp(result)
```

I recorded voice with words "Вышел зайчик погулять 1 5 3 4 2", then calculated xcorr of this recording with distinct words, found indices of highest correlation, sorted them in ascending order and printed corresponded words,

4.2 One number

I made new recoding of number 4 and then compared with samples 1-5. Then took one with maximum correlation and printed corresponding index.

```
% Testing recognition of number four
filename = 'fourTest.mp3';
[y,fs] = audioread(filename);
sound(y, fs)
%Calculate cross-correlation between original sound and distinct words
z1 = xcorr(y, y1);
z2 = xcorr(y, y2);
z3 = xcorr(y, y3);
z4 = xcorr(y, y4);
z5 = xcorr(y, y5);
[M1,I1] = (max(z1));
[M2,I2] = (max(z2));
[M3,I3] = (max(z3));
[M4,I4] = (max(z4));
[M5,I5] = (max(z5));
[m, i] = max([M1, M2, M2, M4, M5]);
disp('Spelled number is...')
disp(i)
```