



Assignment 01

Third Year BS (Honors) 2019-2020

Course Title: Math Lab III (MATLAB), Course Code: AMTH 350

Department of Applied Mathematics, University of Dhaka

Name: Roll No: Group: Solve all the following problems in

MATLAB.

1. Enter the following matrix A and create

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & 8 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 33 & \dots & 40 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) A 4×5 matrix B from the 1st, 3rd and 5th rows and 1st, 2nd, 4th and 8th columns of the matrix A.

(b) 16-elements row vector C from the elements of the 5th row and the 4th and 6th columns of the matrix A.

2. Define $\alpha = 0.75$ and $\beta = 11.3$ and γ , δ , ϵ as the vectors $\gamma = [2, 5, 1, 9]$, $\delta = [0.2, 1.1, 1.8, 2]$ and $\epsilon = [-3, 2, 5, 4]$, then evaluate $(\alpha + \beta)^{\frac{\gamma}{3}} + \delta^{\frac{\epsilon}{2}}$

$$\gamma_1 = \left(\alpha^{1.1} \beta^{-2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma}{3}} + \delta^{\frac{\epsilon}{2}}$$

3. Solve the following system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} 2\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 - \alpha_4 &= 12 \\ \alpha_1 + 5\alpha_2 - 5\alpha_3 + 6\alpha_4 &= 35 \\ -7\alpha_1 + 3\alpha_2 - 7\alpha_3 - 5\alpha_4 &= 7 \\ \alpha_1 - 5\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_3 + 7\alpha_4 &= 21 \end{aligned}$$

4. Plot $\sin^2 \alpha$, $\cos^2 \alpha$ on the same plot as well as subplots for $0 \leq \alpha \leq 2\pi$, in different styles.

5. Consider the function $\alpha = 0.56 \cos(\beta)$. Draw a surface plot showing variation of α with β and γ . Given $\beta \in [0, 10]$ and $\gamma \in [0, 100]$

6. Write a function to find the gradient of $\alpha(\beta, \gamma) = \alpha^2 + \beta^2 - 2\alpha\beta\gamma + 4$ at

(a) (1,1) and (b) (1, -2). Use the function name from command prompt as well as from a script file. 7. Use symbolic toolbox to solve the following problems

(a) Solve $x^7 - 8x^5 + 7x^4 + 5x^3 - 8x^2 + 9 = 0$

(b) Solve the ODE: $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 10xy = 11$, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = -1$

(c) If $f(x) = x^5 - 8x^4 + 5x^3 - 7x^2 + 11x - 9$, then evaluate $f'(x)$ and $f''(x)$. 5

(d) $\int_0^{0.8} (x^2 + 0.5x + 2) dx = ?$

8. The population of X from the year 1930 to the year 2020 is given in the following table:

Year	1930	1940	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020
Population in million	249	277	316	350	431	539	689	833	1014	1203

- (a) Fit the data with a second-order polynomial. Make a plot of the points and the polynomial.
- (b) Fit the data with linear and spline interpolations. Estimate the population in 1995 with linear and spline interpolations.