

Databases Project

Student Name: Rami Soussi

Student Number : 0583600

* I sent with this report 4 other documents :

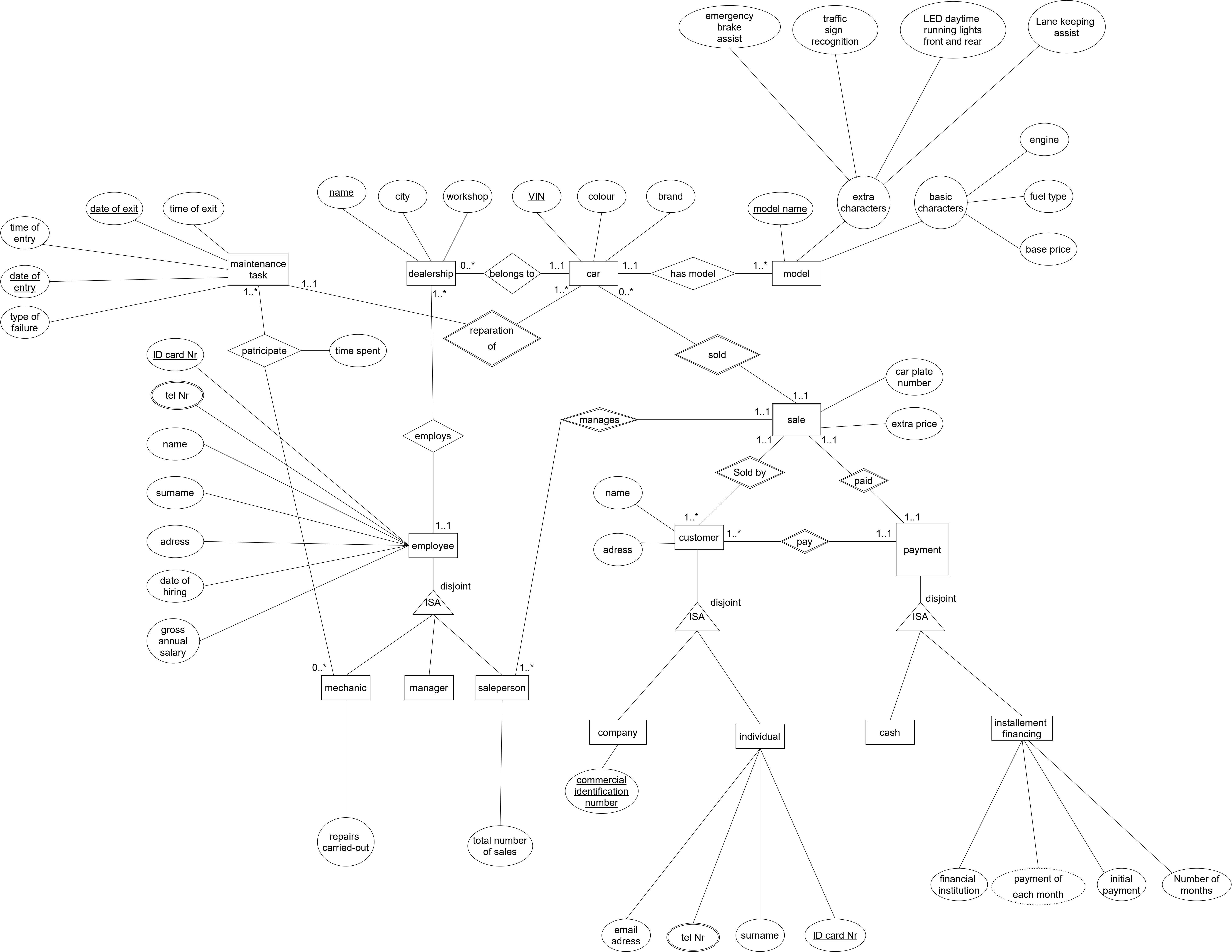
- diagram.drawio (question 1)
- creation.sql (question 3)
- insertion.sql (question 3)
- queries.sql (question 4)

Question 1: (E)ER Modelling

The entities in my diagram are:

- Dealership : the entity of dealership has dealership_name as a primary key and two attributes that are city and the its the name of it's workshop. It has a relation with employee, maintenance task and car
- Car : this entity has the attributes VIN (primary key) , colour and brand. Each car is related to the dealership to which it belongs, it's model and its sale operation.
- Model : this entity has the model_name as a primary key, extra characteristics (LED daytime running lights front and rear, Traffic Sign Recognition, Emergency Brake Assist, Lane Keeping Assist) and basic characteristics (engine, fuel type and base price)
- Sale : this entity is a weak entity because it doesn't have it's primary key. It has the attributes car plate number and extra_price, and it's has relations with : customer, payment, car and maintenance task.
- Customer : this is the customer who buys the car. He has the entities name (primary key) and adress. It has a disjointness constraint because the customer can be either a company or individual.
- Company : this entity is the company that buys the car, it has the primary key : commercial identification number
- Individual : this is the individual customer. He has the attributes ID card Nr (primary key), telephone number, email adress and surname.
- Payment : this is the payment of the car sale. It's a weak entity because it doesn't have a primary key. It has a disjointness constraints because it can be either cash or installement financing.
- Cash : the first method of payment

- Installement financing : this the second method of payment. It has the attributes financial institution, payment of each month, initial payment and the number of months.
- Employee : this entity is the employee of the dealership. It has a disjointness constraint because each employee could be either a mechanic, manager or a saleperson. The employee has the following attributes : Id card Nr, tel Nr, name, surname, adress, date of hiring, gross annual salary
- Mechanic : this is the professional category of mechanics. They have the attribute: number of repairs he carried out. This entity has a relation with maintenance task because the machanic participate in those tasks.
- Manager : this the second professional category in the dealership
- Saleperson : This is the employee responsible of the sales. He has the attribute: total number of sales. He has a relation with the attribute sale since he manages the sales of the dealership cars.
- Maintenance task : this entity has the attributes date of entry and exit (primary keys), time of entry and exit, and the type of failure (Alternator, Electrical, Brakes, Clutch...). It has a relation with sale since the car repaired will be sold, and xith mechanics who participate in this task.



Question 2: (E)ER Reducing, Functional Dependencies and Normalisation

(E)ER Reducing :

The schemas are :

Dealership (dealership_name, city, workshop)

Mechanic (ID card Nr, name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, repairs_carried_out, dealership_name)

Saleperson (ID card Nr, name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, total_number_of_sales, dealership_name)

Manager (ID card Nr, name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, dealership_name)

Car (VIN, colour, brand, model_name, dealership_name)

Model (model_name, LED_daytime_running_lights_front_and_rear, Traffic_Sign_Recognition, Emergency_Brake_Assist, Lane_Keeping_Assist, engine, fuel_type, base_price)

Sale (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID, car_plate_number, extra_price)

Cash (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID)

Installment_financing (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID, financial_institution, payment_of_each_month, initial_payment, number_of_months)

Customer_company (commercial identification number, name, adress)

Individual_customer (ID card Nr, name, surname, email adress, tel Nr, adress)

Maintenance_task (VIN, date of entry, date of exit, time_of_entry, time_of_exit, type_of_failure)

Repair_participation (VIN, date of entry, date of exit, mechanic ID card Nr, time-spent)

Functional dependencies :

- Dealership :

dealership_name \leftarrow city, workshop

- Mechanic :

ID_card_Nr \leftarrow name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, repairs_carried_out, dealership_name

- Salesperson :

Saleperson_ID_card_Nr \leftarrow name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, total_number_of_sales, dealership_name

- Manager :

Manager_ID_card_Nr \leftarrow name, surname, tel_Nr, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, dealership_name

- Car :

VIN \leftarrow colour, brand, model_name, dealership_name

Model_name \leftarrow brand

- Model :

model_name \leftarrow LED_daytime_running_lights_front_and_rear, Traffic_Sign_Recognition, Emergency_Brake_Assist, Lane Keeping Assist, engine, fuel_type, base_price

Engine, fuel_type \leftarrow base_price

- Sale :

VIN, customer_ID, salesperson_ID \leftarrow car_plate_number, extra_price

VIN \leftarrow car_plate_number

- Installement_financing :

VIN, customer_ID, salesperson_ID \leftarrow financial_institution, payment_of_each_month, initial_payment, number_of_months

VIN, customer_ID, salesperson_ID, initial_payment, number of months \leftarrow payment_of_each_month

- Customer_company :

commercial_identification_number \leftarrow name, adress

- Individual_customer :

ID_card_Nr \leftarrow name, surname, email adress, tel Nr, adress

- Maintenance_task :

VIN, date_of_entry, date_of_exit \leftarrow time_of_entry, time_of_exit, type_of_failure

- Repair_participation :

VIN, date_of_entry, date_of_exit, mechanic_ID_card_Nr \leftarrow time-spent

Normalisation :

- Dealership :

Dealership (dealership_name, city, workshop)

- Mechanic :

Mechanic (ID card Nr, name, surname, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, repairs_carried_out, dealership_name)

Mechanic_phone (ID card Nr, phone Nr)

- Salesperson :

Saleperson (ID card Nr, name, surname, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, total_number_of_sales, dealership_name)

Salesperson_phone (ID card Nr, phone Nr)

- Manager :

Manager (ID card Nr, name, surname, adress, date_of_hiring, gross_annual_salary, dealership_name)

Manager_phone (ID card Nr, phone Nr)

- Car:

Car (VIN, colour, model_name, dealership_name)

Car_brand(brand, model name)

- Model :

Model (model name, LED_daytime_running_lights_front_and_rear, Traffic_Sign_Recognition, Emergency_Brake_Assist, Lane_Keeping_Assist, engine, fuel_type)

Basic_characteristics (model name, engine, fuel type, base_price)

- Sale :

Sale (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID, extra_price)

Car_sold (VIN, car_plate_number)

- Cash :

Cash (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID)

- Installement financing :

Installement_financing (VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID, financial_institution, initial_payment, number_of_months)

Monthly_payment(VIN, customer ID, salesperson ID, initial payment, number of months, payment_of_each_month)

- Customer_company :

Customer_company (commercial identification number, name, adress)

- Individual_customer :

Individual_customer (ID_card_Nr, name, surname, email adress, adress)

Individual_customer_phone (ID card Nr, phone_Nr)

- Maintenance_task :

Maintenance_task (VIN, date_of_entry, date_of_exit, time_of_entry, time_of_exit, type_of_failure)

- Repair_participation :

Repair_participation (VIN, date_of_entry, date_of_exit, mechanic ID_card_Nr, time-spent)

Question 3: SQL (Creating):

Sql creation instruction :

CREATE TABLE dealership (dealership_name varchar(50), city varchar(20), workshop varchar(20), PRIMARY KEY (dealership_name));	CREATE table manager (IDcardNr bigint, name varchar(20), surname varchar(20), adress varchar(50), gross_annual_salary integer, date_of_hiring Date, dealership_name varchar(50), PRIMARY KEY (IDcardNr), FOREIGN KEY (dealership_name) REFERENCES dealership(dealership_name));
CREATE table salesperson (IDcardNr bigint, name varchar(20), surname varchar(20), adress varchar(50), gross_annual_salary integer, date_of_hiring Date, total_number_of_sales integer, dealership_name varchar(50), PRIMARY KEY (IDcardNr), FOREIGN KEY (dealership_name) REFERENCES dealership(dealership_name));	CREATE table mechanic (IDcardNr bigint, name varchar(20), surname varchar(20), adress varchar(50), gross_annual_salary integer, date_of_hiring Date, repairs_carried_out integer, dealership_name varchar(50), PRIMARY KEY (IDcardNr), FOREIGN KEY (dealership_name) REFERENCES dealership(dealership_name));
CREATE table mechanic_phone (IDcardNr bigint, phone_Nr bigint , PRIMARY key (phone_Nr), FOREIGN KEY (IDcardNr) REFERENCES mechanic(IDcardNr));	CREATE table salesperson_phone (IDcardNr bigint, phone_Nr bigint , PRIMARY key (phone_Nr), FOREIGN KEY (IDcardNr) REFERENCES salesperson(IDcardNr));
CREATE table manager_phone (IDcardNr bigint, phone_Nr bigint , PRIMARY key (phone_Nr),	CREATE TABLE car (VIN Bgint, colour varchar(20), model_name varchar(20), dealership_name varchar(50),

FOREIGN KEY (IDcardNr) REFERENCES manager(IDcardNr));	PRIMARY KEY (VIN), FOREIGN KEY (dealership_name) REFERENCES dealership(dealership_name), FOREIGN KEY (model_name) REFERENCES model(model_name));
CREATE TABLE car_brand (model_name varchar(20), brand varchar(20), PRIMARY KEY (model_name), FOREIGN KEY (model_name) REFERENCES car(model_name));	CREATE TABLE model (model_name varchar(20), engine varchar(20), fuel_type varchar(20), lane_keeping_assist varchar(20), LED_daytime_running_lights_front_and_rear varchar(20), Traffic_sign_recognition varchar(20), Emergency_brake_assist varchar(20), PRIMARY KEY (model_name));
CREATE TABLE basic_characteristics (model_name varchar(20), engine varchar(20), fuel_type varchar(20), base_price integer, PRIMARY KEY (model_name, engine, fuel_type));	CREATE TABLE sale (customer_ID bigint, VIN bigint, sales_person_idcardNr bigint, extra_price integer, date_of_sale date, PRIMARY KEY (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr));
CREATE TABLE car_sold (VIN bigint, car_plate_number bigint, PRIMARY key (VIN), FOREIGN KEY (VIN) REFERENCES sale(VIN));	create TABLE payment (customer_ID bigint, VIN bigint, sales_person_idcardNr bigint, PRIMARY KEY (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr));
CREATE TABLE cash (customer_ID bigint, VIN bigint, sales_person_idcardNr bigint, PRIMARY KEY (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr), FOREIGN key (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr) REFERENCES payment(customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr));	CREATE table installment_financing(customer_ID bigint, VIN bigint, sales_person_idcardNr bigint, financial_institution varchar(50), initial_payment integer, number_of_months integer, PRIMARY KEY (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr) FOREIGN key (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr) REFERENCES payment(customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr));
CREATE TABLE monthly_payment (customer_ID bigint, VIN bigint, sales_person_idcardNr bigint, initial_payment integer, number_of_months integer, payment_of_each_month integer,	create TABLE customer_company (commercial_identification_number bigint, company_name varchar(50), adress varchar(50), PRIMARY KEY (commercial_identification_number));

<p>PRIMARY key (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr,initial_payment, number_of_months)</p> <p>FOREIGN KEY (customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr,initial_payment, number_of_months) REFERENCES installement_financing(customer_ID, VIN, sales_person_idcardNr,initial_payment, number_of_months));</p>	
<p>CREATE TABLE individual_customer (</p> <p>IDcardNr bigint,</p> <p>indiv_name varchar(20),</p> <p>surname varchar(20),</p> <p>email_adress varchar(20),</p> <p>adress varchar(50),</p> <p>PRIMARY KEY (IDcardNr)</p> <p>);</p>	<p>CREATE table individual_customer_phone (</p> <p>IDcardNr bigint,</p> <p>phone_Nr bigint ,</p> <p>PRIMARY key (phone_Nr),</p> <p>FOREIGN KEY (IDcardNr) REFERENCES individual_customer(IDcardNr));</p>
<p>CREATE TABLE maintenance_task (</p> <p>VIN varchar(50),</p> <p>date_of_entry date,</p> <p>time_of_entry time,</p> <p>date_of_exit date,</p> <p>time_of_exit time,</p> <p>type_of_failure varchar(50),</p> <p>PRIMARY KEY (VIN, date_of_entry, date_of_exit),</p> <p>FOREIGN KEY (VIN) REFERENCES car(VIN);</p>	<p>create Table repair_participation (</p> <p>VIN varchar(50),</p> <p>date_of_entry date,</p> <p>date_of_exit date,</p> <p>mechanic_ID_card varchar(50),</p> <p>time_spent integer,</p> <p>PRIMARY KEY</p> <p>(VIN,date_of_entry,date_of_exit,mechanic_ID_card)</p> <p>,</p> <p>FOREIGN KEY (VIN,date_of_entry,date_of_exit)</p> <p>REFERENCES</p> <p>maintenance_task(VIN,date_of_entry,date_of_exit),</p> <p>FOREIGN KEY (mechanic_ID_card) REFERENCES mechanic(IDcardNr));</p>

Insertion of data :

<p>insert into dealership</p> <p>VALUES ('dealership 1', 'Brussels' , 'workshop 1'),</p> <p>('dealership 2', 'Anderlecht' , 'workshop 2'),</p> <p>('dealership 3', 'Genk' , 'workshop 3'),</p> <p>('dealership 4', 'Liège' , 'workshop 4');</p>	<p>insert into car</p> <p>VALUES (2568871256784,'red','clio','dealership 1'),</p> <p>(5968411266587,'white','c4','dealership 1'),</p> <p>(3687452632569,'red','kia rio','dealership 2'),</p> <p>(3236985698412,'black','megane','dealership 3'),</p> <p>(2568876580235,'blue','peugeot 206','dealership 3'),</p> <p>(6352558569840,'white','seat ibiza','dealership 4');</p>
<p>insert into model</p> <p>VALUES ('clio','V Engine','diesel','A','B','C','D'),</p> <p>('c4','Twin Cylinders','gasoline','A','B','C','D'),</p> <p>('kia rio','Twin Cylinders','electric','A','B','C','D'),</p> <p>('megane','Four Cylinders','hybrid','A','B','C','D'),</p> <p>('peugeot 206','V Engine','hybrid','A','B','C','D'),</p> <p>('seat ibiza','Four Cylinders','electric','A','B','C','D');</p>	<p>insert into basic_characteristics</p> <p>VALUES ('clio','V Engine','diesel',40),</p> <p>('c4','Twin Cylinders','gasoline',74),</p> <p>('kia rio','Twin Cylinders','electric',55),</p> <p>('megane','Four Cylinders','hybrid',39),</p> <p>('peugeot 206','V Engine','hybrid',26),</p> <p>('seat ibiza','Four Cylinders','electric',68);</p>
<p>insert into car_brand</p>	<p>insert into customer_company</p>

VALUES ('clio','renault'), ('c4','citroen'), ('kia rio','kia'), ('megane','renault'), ('peugeot 206','peugeot'), ('seat ibiza','seat');	VALUES (5669655412236,'Pfizer','Brussels'), (5963287412562,'Adidas','Paris'), (1256987126325,'Carrefour','Liège');
insert into sale VALUES (5669655412236, 2568871256784, 896554474223, 42, '2020-04-23'), (5695332158412, 5968411266587, 558744566320, 89, '2021-03-22'), (5963287412562, 3687452632569, 786210236021, 40, '2020-02-21'), (1256984223665, 3236985698412, 896523654122, 56, '2021-01-25'), (1256987126325, 2568876580235, 589365423658, 67, '2020-03-28'), (1569874236587, 6352558569840, 236589745213, 57, '2021-02-19');	
insert into maintenance_task VALUES (2568871256784,'2021-03-28','09:30:00','2021-04-15','11:30:00','Brakes'), (2568871256784,'2021-04-28','09:30:00','2021-05-16','11:30:00','Alternator '), (5968411266587,'2021-04-22','09:10:00','2021-05-02','09:00:00','Alternator'), (3687452632569,'2021-01-22','10:30:00','2021-03-27','08:20:00','Clutch'), (3687452632569,'2021-04-23','10:30:00','2021-05-02','08:20:00','Alternator ');	
insert into salesperson VALUES (896554474223,'reda','saloui','Paris',420,'2010-04-23',20,'dealership 1'), (558744566320,'tylor','vardey','New york',700,'2009-03-22',22,'dealership 1'), (786210236021,'sami','chalbi','Marseille',300,'2005-02-21',30,'dealership 1'), (896523654122,'alex','durand','Milano',560,'2011-01-25',18,'dealership 3'), (589365423658,'mario','gilardini','Liege',640,'2012-03-28',18,'dealership 3'), (236589745213,'augustine','fresnel','Bruxelles',560,'2013-02-19',16,'dealership 3');	
insert into installement_financing VALUES (5669655412236,2568871256784,896554474223,'BNP Paribas',5,10), (5963287412562,3687452632569,786210236021,'ING',10,15), (1256987126325,2568876580235,589365423658,'Société générale',11,16), (1569874236587,6352558569840,236589745213,'BNP Paribas',8,12);	
insert into mechanic VALUES (8965544742255,'rami','sodi','Paris',420,'2010-04-23',35,'dealership 1'), (5587445663458,'hichem','vardey','New york',700,'2009-03-22',30,'dealership 1'), (4586210236021,'alexandre','parout','Marseille',300,'2005-02-21',50,'dealership 2'), (5698523654122,'alex','durand','Milano',560,'2011-01-25',45,'dealership 2'), (8963265423658,'mario','gustavo','Liege',640,'2012-03-28',25,'dealership 2'), (2365699745213,'augustin','frame','Bruxelles',560,'2013-02-19',21,'dealership 4');	
insert into repair_participation VALUES (2568871256784,'2021-03-28','2021-04-15',8965544742255,120), (3687452632569,'2021-04-28','2021-05-16',5587445663458,160), (5968411266587,'2021-04-22','2021-05-02',4586210236021,200), (3236985698412,'2021-01-22','2021-03-27',5698523654122,320), (6352558569840,'2021-04-23','2021-05-02',2365699745213,230);	

Question 4: Relational Algebra, SQL and Optimising

1)

a) SQL Query :

```
SELECT dealership_name , count(*) as total_amount_of_cars
FROM car
GROUP by dealership_name ;
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R \leftarrow \text{dealership_name } \mathbf{G} \text{ count(VIN) } \mathbf{AS} \text{ total_amount_of_cars } (\text{car})$$

c) We cannot optimize this query

2)

a) SQL Query :

```
SELECT VIN , dealership_name ,date_of_sale
FROM car
JOIN model
USING (model_name)
JOIN basic_characteristics
USING (model_name,engine,fuel_type)
join sale
USING (VIN)
```

where base_price < 100

AND date_of_sale > '2021-03-21';

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R1 \leftarrow (((car \bowtie model) \bowtie basic_characteristics) \bowtie sale)$$

$$R \leftarrow \pi_{VIN, dealership_name, date_of_sale} (\sigma_{base_price < 100 \wedge date_of_sale > '2021-03-21'} (R1))$$

c) we can optimize this query by :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{model_name, engine, fuel_type} (\sigma_{base_price < 100} (basic_characteristics))$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{VIN} (\sigma_{date_of_sale > '2021-03-21'} (sale))$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{VIN, dealership_name} (car)$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{model_name, engine, fuel_type} (model)$$

$$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{model_name} (R1 \bowtie R4)$$

$$R6 \leftarrow \pi_{VIN, dealership_name, date_of_sale} (R5 \bowtie (R2 \bowtie R3))$$

We extracted from each table just the necessary attributes

3)

a) SQL Query :

with number_of_sales_of_model (model_name , number_of_sales, fuel_type) as

(SELECT model_name , count(*) as number_of_sales, fuel_type

FROM car

join model

USING (model_name)

```

join sale
USING (VIN)
group by model_name)
SELECT brand
FROM car_brand
join number_of_sales_of_model
using (model_name)
where fuel_type='electric' or fuel_type='hybrid'
and number_of_sales = (select max(number_of_sales) from number_of_sales_of_model);

```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name, number_of_sales, fuel_type}} \left(\text{model_name } G_{\text{count(VIN)}} \text{ AS } \right. \\ \left. \text{number_of_sales} \left((car \bowtie model) \bowtie sale \right) \right)$$

$$R2 \leftarrow G_{\text{max(number_of_sales)}} \text{ AS } \text{max} (R1)$$

$$R \leftarrow \pi_{\text{brand}} \left(\left(\sigma_{\text{fuel_type='electric'} \vee \text{fuel_type='hybrid'}} \right) \wedge \text{number_of_sales} = \text{max} \right. \\ \left. \left((car_brand \bowtie R1) \times R2 \right) \right)$$

c) we can optimize the query by :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name}} \left(\sigma_{\text{fuel_type='electric'} \vee \text{fuel_type='hybrid'}} (model) \right)$$

$$R2 \leftarrow G_{\text{max(number_of_sales)}} \text{ AS } \text{max} (R1)$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}} (sale)$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN, model_name}} (car)$$

$$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name, number_of_sales}} \left(\text{model_name } G_{\text{count(VIN)}} \text{ AS } \right. \\ \left. \text{number_of_sales} (R3 \bowtie R4) \right)$$

$$R6 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{brand}} (\sigma_{\text{number_of_sales} = \max ((R1 \times R2) \bowtie (R5 \bowtie \text{car_brand})))$$

4)

a) SQL Query :

```
with number_of_repairs_of_model(model_name , number_of_repairs) as
( SELECT model_name , count(*) as number_of_repairs
FROM car
join maintenance_task
USING (VIN)
GROUP BY model_name )
SELECT model_name,brand,number_of_repairs
FROM number_of_repairs_of_model
JOIN car_brand
USING (model_name)
ORDER by number_of_repairs DESC
limit 10 ;
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name} , \text{number_of_repairs}} \left(\text{model_name} \text{ } \rho_{\text{count(VIN)}} \text{ AS } \text{number_of_repairs} \left(\text{car} \bowtie \text{maintenance_task} \right) \right)$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name} , \text{brand}, \text{number_of_repairs}} \left(\text{car_brand} \bowtie R1 \right)$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name} , \text{brand}, \text{number_of_repairs}} (R2) - \pi_{t1.\text{model_name} , t1.\text{brand}, t1.\text{number_of_repairs}} \left(\sigma_{t1.\text{number_of_repairs} < t2.\text{number_of_repairs}} \left(\rho_{t1}(R2) \times \rho_{t2}(R2) \right) \right)$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name}, \text{brand}, \text{number_of_repairs}} (R2) - \pi_{t1.\text{model_name}, t1.\text{brand}, t1.\text{number_of_repairs}} (\sigma_{t1.\text{number_of_repairs} < t2.\text{number_of_repairs}} (\rho_{t1}(R2-R3) \times \rho_{t2}(R2-R3)))$$

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We repeat this operation 10 times to extract the brands having the biggest number of reparation.

Finally:

$$R_{\text{final}} \leftarrow R3 \cup R4 \cup \dots \cup R_{12}$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}} (\text{maintenance_task})$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}, \text{model_name}} (\text{car})$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name}, \text{number_of_repairs}} (\text{model_name } G_{\text{count(VIN)}} AS \text{ number_of_repairs} (R1 \bowtie R2))$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{model_name}, \text{brand}, \text{number_of_repairs}} (\text{car_brand } \bowtie R3)$$

And then we substitute R4 by R3 of the last question and we complete the classification procedure.

5)

a) SQL Query :

```
SELECT sum(extra_price) as money_earned_by_company_in_2020
FROM sale
where date_of_sale BETWEEN '2020-01-01' AND '2020-12-31' ;
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R \leftarrow G_{\text{sum}(\text{extra_price})} (\sigma_{\text{date_of_sale} > '2020-01-01' \wedge \text{date_of_sale} < '2020-12-31'} (\text{sale}))$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{date_of_sale}, \text{extra_price}} (\text{sale})$$
$$R2 \leftarrow G_{\text{sum}(\text{extra_price})} (\sigma_{\text{date_of_sale} > '2020-01-01' \wedge \text{date_of_sale} < '2020-12-31'} (R1))$$

6)

a) SQL Query :

```
with money_of_cars_sold(sales_person_idcardnr , price_of_all_cars) as
( SELECT sales_person_idcardnr, sum(base_price + extra_price) as price_of_all_cars
FROM sale
join car
USING (VIN)
join basic_characteristics
USING (model_name)
where date_of_sale BETWEEN '2020-01-01' AND '2020-12-31'
GROUP by sales_person_idcardnr )
SELECT name, sales_person_idcardnr , gross_annual_salary + 0.05*price_of_all_cars as
money_made_by_saleperson
FROM money_of_cars_sold, salesperson
WHERE money_of_cars_sold.sales_person_idcardnr = salesperson.IDcardNr ;
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{base_price}, \text{extra_price}} ((\text{sale} \bowtie \text{car}) \bowtie \text{basic_characteristics})$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{price_of_all_cars}} (\text{salesperson_ID_card_Nr} \text{ } \mathbf{G} \text{ sum}(\text{base_price} + \text{extra_price}) \text{ AS price_of_all_cars} (\sigma_{\text{date_of_sale} > '2020-01-01' \wedge \text{date_of_sale} < '2020-12-31'} (R1)))$$

$$R \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name}, \text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{gross_annual_salary} + 0.05 * \text{price_of_all_cars}} \text{ AS money_made_by_saleperson} (\sigma_{R2.\text{sales_person_idcardnr} = \text{salesperson.IDcardNr}} (R2 \bowtie \text{salesperson}))$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{VIN}, \text{extra_price}, (\sigma_{\text{date_of_sale} > '2020-01-01' \wedge \text{date_of_sale} < '2020-12-31'} (\text{sale}))}$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}, \text{model_name}} (\text{car})$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{base_price}, \text{model_name}} (\text{basic_characteristics})$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}, \text{base_price}} (R2 \bowtie R3)$$

$$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{VIN}, \text{extra_price}} (R4 \bowtie R1)$$

$$R6 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{price_of_all_cars}} (\text{salesperson_ID_card_Nr} \text{ } \mathbf{G} \text{ sum}(\text{base_price} + \text{extra_price}) \text{ AS price_of_all_cars} (R5))$$

$$R7 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name}, \text{IDcardNr}, \text{gross_annual_salary}} (\text{salesperson})$$

$R8 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, sales_person_idcardnr, gross_annual_salary} + 0.05 * \text{price_of_all_cars}} \text{ AS }$
 $\text{money_made_by_saleperson} \left(\sigma_{R6.\text{sales_person_idcardnr} = R7.\text{IDcardNr}} (R6 \times R7) \right)$
 7)

a) SQL Query :

```

SELECT name, surname
FROM salesperson , installement_financing
where salesperson.idcardnr = installement_financing.sales_person_idcardnr

EXCEPT

```

```

SELECT name , surname
FROM salesperson , cash
where salesperson.idcardnr = cash.sales_person_idcardnr;

```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname}} \left(\sigma_{\text{salesperson.idcardnr} = \text{installement_financing.sales_person_idcardnr}} (\text{salesperson} \times \text{installement_financing}) \right)$

$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname}} \left(\sigma_{\text{salesperson.idcardnr} = \text{cash.sales.sales_person_idcardnr}} (\text{salesperson} \times \text{cash}) \right)$

$R \leftarrow R1 - R2$

c) optimisation :

$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname, idcardnr}} (\text{salesperson})$

$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}} (\text{installement_financing})$

$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname}} (\sigma_{R1.\text{idcardnr} = R2.\text{sales_person_idcardnr}} (R1 \times R2))$

$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}} (\text{cash})$

$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname}} (\sigma_{\text{salesperson.idcardnr} = \text{installement_financing.sales_person_idcardnr}} (R1 \times R4))$

$R6 \leftarrow R3 - R5$

8)

a) SQL Query :

```
with cars_purchased_by_companies(VIN) as (  
SELECT VIN  
FROM sale, customer_company  
where sale.customer_id = customer_company.commercial_identification_number)  
SELECT name, surname, time_spent  
FROM mechanic, repair_participation, cars_purchased_by_companies  
where mechanic.idcardnr = repair_participation.mechanic_id_card  
and cars_purchased_by_companies.VIN = repair_participation.VIN  
ORDER BY time_spent ;
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}} (\sigma_{\text{sale.customer_id} = \text{customer_company.commercial_identification_number}} (\text{sale} \times \text{customer_company}))$

$$R \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname, time_spent}} \left(\sigma_{\text{mechanic.idcardnr} = \text{repair_participation.mechanic_id_card} \wedge R1.VIN = \text{repair_participation.VIN}} \left((\text{mechanic} \times \text{repair_participation}) \times R1 \right) \right)$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN, customer_id}} (\text{sale})$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{commercial_identification_number}} (\text{customer_company})$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}} \left(\sigma_{R1.\text{customer_id} = R2.\text{commercial_identification_number}} (R1 \times R2) \right)$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{mechanic_id_card, time_spent, VIN}} (\text{repair_participation})$$

$$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{idcardnr, name, surname}} (\text{mechanic})$$

$$R6 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname, time_spent, VIN}} \left(\sigma_{R5.\text{idcardnr} = R4.\text{mechanic_id_card}} (R4 \times R5) \right)$$

$$R7 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name, surname, time_spent}} \left(\sigma_{R6.VIN = R3.VIN} (R4 \times R5) \right)$$

9)

a) SQL Query :

```
SELECT dealership_name, type_of_failure, count(*) as number_of_vehicles
from car
JOIN maintenance_task
USING (VIN)
where type_of_failure = 'Alternator'
```

group by (dealership_name)

ORDER by number_of_vehicles DESC

limit 1;

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{dealership_name, type_of_failure, number_of_vehicles} \left(\begin{array}{l} dealership_name \text{ } G \text{ count}(dealership_name) \text{ AS } number_of_vehicles \text{ } (\sigma \\ type_of_failure='Alternator' \text{ } (car \bowtie maintenance_task))) \end{array} \right)$$
$$R \leftarrow \pi_{dealership_name, type_of_failure, number_of_vehicles} (R1) - \\ \pi_{t1.dealership_name, t1.type_of_failure, t1.number_of_vehicles} \\ (\sigma_{t1.number_of_vehicles < t2.number_of_vehicles} (\rho_{t1}(R1) \times \rho_{t2}(R1)))$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{type_of_failure, VIN} (\sigma_{type_of_failure = 'Alternator'} \\ (maintenance_task))$$
$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{VIN, dealership_name} (car)$$
$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{dealership_name, type_of_failure, number_of_vehicles} \left(\begin{array}{l} dealership_name \text{ } G \text{ count}(dealership_name) \text{ AS } number_of_vehicle \text{ } (R1 \times R2) \end{array} \right)$$
$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{dealership_name, type_of_failure, number_of_vehicles} (R3) - \\ \pi_{t1.dealership_name, t1.type_of_failure, t1.number_of_vehicles} \\ (\sigma_{t1.number_of_vehicles < t2.number_of_vehicles} (\rho_{t1}(R3) \times \rho_{t2}(R3)))$$

10)

a) SQL Query :

```
with money_earned_by_each SALEPERSON (sales_person_idcardnr,  
dealership_name,money_earned_by SALEPERSON) AS  
  
( SELECT sales_person_idcardnr,salesperson.dealership_name, sum(base_price +  
extra_price) as money_earned_by SALEPERSON  
  
FROM sale ,salesperson  
  
join car  
  
USING (VIN)  
  
join basic_characteristics  
  
USING (model_name)  
  
where sale.sales_person_idcardnr = salesperson.idcardnr  
  
GROUP by sales_person_idcardnr )  
  
  
SELECT name , surname, s.money_earned_by SALEPERSON, adress,  
salesperson.dealership_name  
  
FROM salesperson, money_earned_by_each SALEPERSON s  
  
where s.sales_person_idcardnr = salesperson.idcardnr  
  
and money_earned_by SALEPERSON >  
  
(SELECT avg(money_earned_by SALEPERSON)  
  
FROM money_earned_by_each SALEPERSON f  
  
WHERE f.dealership_name = s.dealership_name);
```

b) Relational Algebra Formula :

$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr, salesperson.dealership_name, money_earned_by_saleperson}} \left(\text{sales_person_idcardnr} \bowtie \text{sum(base_price + extra_price)} \right)$
AS money_earned_by SALEPERSON

$$((\sigma_{\text{sale.sales_person_idcardnr} = \text{salesperson.idcardnr}} (\text{sale} \bowtie \text{salesperson}))) \bowtie \text{car} \bowtie \text{basic_characteristics})))$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{dealership_name}, \text{average}} (\text{dealership_name} \text{ } \mathbf{G} \text{ AVG}(\text{money_earned_by_saleperson}) (R1))$$

$$R \leftarrow \pi_{\text{name}, \text{surname}, \text{money_earned_by_saleperson}, \text{adress}, \text{salesperson.dealership_name}}$$

$$(\sigma_{R2.\text{dealership_name} = \text{salesperson.dealership_name} \wedge R1.\text{sales_person_idcardnr} = \text{salesperson.idcardnr} \wedge \text{money_earned_by_saleperson} > \text{average} ((\text{salesperson} \bowtie R1) \bowtie R2))$$

c) optimisation :

$$R1 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{VIN}, \text{model_name}} (\text{car})$$

$$R2 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{base_price}, \text{model_name}} (\text{basic_characteristics})$$

$$R3 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{base_price}, \text{VIN}} (\text{basic_characteristics} \bowtie \text{car})$$

$$R4 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{idcardnr}, \text{dealership_name}} (\text{salesperson})$$

$$R5 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{extra_price}, \text{VIN}, \text{sales_person_idcardnr}} (\text{sale})$$

$$R6 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{sales_person_idcardnr}, \text{dealership_name}, \text{money_earned_by_saleperson}} (\text{sales_person_idcardnr} \text{ } \mathbf{G} \text{ sum}(\text{base_price} + \text{extra_price} \text{ } \mathbf{AS} \text{ money_earned_by_saleperson}$$

$$(\sigma_{R5.\text{sales_person_idcardnr} = R4.\text{idcardnr}} ((R4 \bowtie R5) \bowtie R3)))$$

$$R7 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{dealership_name}, \text{average}} \left(\text{dealership_name } \mathbf{G} \text{ AVG}(\text{money_earned_by_saleperson}) (R5) \right)$$

$$R8 \leftarrow \pi_{\text{idcardnr}, \text{dealership_name}, \text{name}, \text{surname}, \text{adress}} (\text{salesperson})$$

$$R9 \leftarrow \text{name}, \text{surname}, \text{money_earned_by_saleperson}, \text{adress}, \\ \text{salesperson.dealership_name}$$

$$\left(\sigma_{R7.\text{dealership_name} = R8.\text{dealership_name} \wedge R6.\text{sales_person_idcardnr} = R8.\text{idcardnr}} \wedge \text{money_earned_by_saleperso} > \text{average} \left((R8 \times R6) \times R7 \right) \right)$$