



Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Drop_En	28	0b	Drop Enabled. If set to 1b, packets received to the queue when no descriptors are available to store them are dropped.
Rsv	31:29	000b	Reserved. Should be written with 000b to ensure future compatibility.

**Note:** BSIZEHEADER must be bigger than zero if DESCTYPE is equal to 010b, 011b, 100b or 101b.

### 8.2.3.8.8 Receive DMA Control Register — RDRXCTL (0x02F00; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
CRCStrip	1	0	Rx CRC Strip indication to the Rx DMA unit. This bit must be set the same as HLREG0.RXCRCSTRP. 0b = No CRC Strip by HW (Default). 1b = Strip CRC by HW.
Reserved	2	0	Reserved.
DMAIDONE	3	0b	DMA Init Done. When read as 1b, indicates that the DMA initialization cycle is done (RO).
Reserved	16:4	0x0880	Reserved.
RSCFRSTSIZE	21:17	0x8	Defines a minimum packet size (after VLAN stripping, if applicable) for a packet with a payload that can open a new RSC (in units of 16 byte.). See RSCDBU.RSCACKDIS for packets without payload. <b>Note:</b> RSCFRSTSIZE is reserved for internal use. Software should set this field to 0x0.
Reserved	24:22	000b	Reserved.
RSCACKC	25	0b	RSC Coalescing on ACK Change. When set, an active RSC completes when the ACK bit in the Rx packet is different than the ACK bit in the RSC context. When cleared, an active RSC completes only when the ACK bit in the Rx packet is cleared while the ACK bit in the RSC context is set. <b>Note:</b> RSCACKC is reserved for internal use. Software should set this bit to 1b.
FCOE_WRFIX	26	0b	FCoE Write Exchange Fix. When set, DDP context of FC write exchange is closed following a reception of a last packet in a sequence with an active <i>Sequence Initiative</i> bit in the F_CTL field. When cleared, the DDP context is not closed. <b>Note:</b> FCOE_WRFIX is reserved for internal use. Software should set this bit to 1b.
Reserved	31:27	0	Reserved.



### 8.2.3.8.9 Receive Packet Buffer Size — RXPBSIZE[n] (0x03C00 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	9:0	0x0	Reserved.
SIZE	19:10	0x200	<p>Receive Packet Buffer Size for traffic class 'n' while 'n' is the register index.</p> <p>The size is defined in KB units and the default size of PB[0] is 512 KB. The default size of PB[1-7] is also 512 KB but it is meaningless in non-DCB mode.</p> <p>When DCB mode is enabled the size of PB[1-7] must be set to meaningful values. The total meaningful allocated PB sizes plus the size allocated to the flow director filters should be less or equal to 512 KB.</p> <p>Possible PB allocation in DCB mode for 8 x TCs is 0x40 (64 KB) for all PBs. Other possible setting of 4 x TCs is 0x80 (128 KB) for all PB[0-3] and 0x0 for PB[4-7].</p> <p>See <a href="#">Section 3.7.7.3.5</a> for other optional settings with/without the flow director filters</p> <p><i>Note:</i> In any setting the RXPBSIZE[0] must always be enabled (greater than zero).</p>
Reserved	31:20	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.8.10 Receive Control Register — RXCTRL (0x03000; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
RXEN	0	0b	<p>Receive Enable.</p> <p>When set to 0b, filter inputs to the packet buffer are ignored.</p>
Reserved	31:1	0x0	Reserved

### 8.2.3.8.11 Rx Packet Buffer Flush Detect — RXMEMWRAP (0x03190; RO)

This register is used by software as part of a queue disable procedure (described in [Section 4.6.7.1](#))

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TC0Wrap	2:0	000b	<p>Packet Buffer 0 Wrap Around Counter.</p> <p>A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.</p>
TC0Empty	3	1b	<p>Packet Buffer 0 Empty</p> <p>0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.</p>
TC1Wrap	6:4	000b	<p>Packet Buffer 1 Wrap Around Counter.</p> <p>A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.</p>
TC1Empty	7	1b	<p>Packet Buffer 1 Empty</p> <p>0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.</p>



Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TC2Wrap	10:8	000b	Packet Buffer 2 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC2Empty	11	1b	Packet Buffer 2 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.
TC3Wrap	14:12	000b	Packet Buffer 3 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC3Empty	15	1b	Packet Buffer 3 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.
TC4Wrap	18:16	000b	Packet Buffer 4 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC4Empty	19	1b	Packet Buffer 4 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.
TC5Wrap	22:20	000b	Packet Buffer 5 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC5Empty	23	1b	Packet Buffer 5 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.
TC6Wrap	26:24	000b	Packet Buffer 6 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC6Empty	27	1b	Packet Buffer 6 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.
TC7Wrap	30:28	000b	Packet Buffer 7 Wrap Around Counter. A 3-bit counter that increments on each full cycle through the buffer. Once reaching 111b, the counter warps around to 000b on the next count.
TC7Empty	31	1b	Packet Buffer 7 Empty 0b = Packet buffer is not empty. 1b = Packet buffer is empty.



### 8.2.3.8.12 RSC Data Buffer Control Register — RSCDBU (0x03028; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	6:0	0x20	Reserved.
RSCACKDIS	7	0b	Disable RSC for ACK Packets. disables the coalescing of TCP packets without TCP payload. This bit should be set if performance problems are found.
Reserved	31:8	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.8.13 RSC Control — RSCCTL[n] (0x0102C + 0x40\*n, n=0...63 and 0x0D02C + 0x40\*(n-64), n=64...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
RSCEN	0	0b	RSC Enable. When the RSCEN bit is set, RSC is enabled on this queue.
Reserved	1	0b	Reserved
MAXDESC	3:2	00b	Maximum descriptors per Large receive as follow: 00b = Maximum of 1 descriptor per large receive. 01b = Maximum of 4 descriptors per large receive. 10b = Maximum of 8 descriptors per large receive. 11b = Maximum of 16 descriptors per large receive. <i>Note:</i> MAXDESC * SRRCTL.BSIZEPKT must not exceed 64 KB minus one, which is the maximum total length in the IP header and must be larger than the expected received MSS.
Reserved	31:4	0x0	Reserved.



## 8.2.3.9 Transmit Registers

### 8.2.3.9.1 DMA Tx TCP Max Allow Size Requests — DTXMXSZRQ (0x08100; RW)

This register limits the total number of data bytes that may be in outstanding PCIe requests from the host memory. This allows requests to send low latency packets to be serviced in a timely manner, as this request will be serviced right after the current outstanding requests are completed.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Max_bytes_num_req	11:0	0x10	Max allowed number of bytes requests. The maximum allowed amount of 256 bytes outstanding requests. If the total size request is higher than the amount in the field no arbitration is done and no new packet is requested.
Reserved	31:12	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.9.2 DMA Tx Control — DMATXCTL (0x04A80; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TE	0	0b	Transmit Enable. When set, this bit enables the transmit operation of the DMA-Tx.
Reserved	1	0b	Reserved.
Reserved	2	1b	Reserved.
GDV	3	0b	Global Double VLAN Mode. When set, this bit enables the Double VLAN mode.
Reserved	15:4	0x0	Reserved.
VT	31:16	0x8100	VLAN Ether-Type (the VLAN Tag Protocol Identifier — TPID). For proper operation, software must not change the default setting of this field (802.3ac standard defines it as 0x8100). This field must be set to the same value as the VET field in the VLNCTRL register.



### 8.2.3.9.3 DMA Tx TCP Flags Control Low — DTXTCPFLGL (0x04A88; RW)

This register holds the mask bits for the TCP flags in Tx segmentation (described in [Section 7.2.4.7.1](#) and [Section 7.2.4.7.2](#)).

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TCP_flg_first_seg	11:0	0xFF6	TCP Flags First Segment. Bits that make AND operation with the TCP flags at TCP header in the first segment.
Reserved	15:12	0x0	Reserved.
TCP_Flg_mid_seg	27:16	0xFF6	TCP Flags Middle Segments. The low bits that make AND operation with the TCP flags at TCP header in the middle segments.
Reserved	31:28	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.9.4 DMA Tx TCP Flags Control High- DTXTCPFLGH (0x04A8C; RW)

This register holds the mask bits for the TCP flags in Tx segmentation (described in [Section 7.2.4.7.3](#)).

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TCP_Flg_lst_seg	11:0	0xF7F	TCP Flags Last Segment. Bits that make AND operation with the TCP flags at TCP header in the last segment.
Reserved	31:12	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.9.5 Transmit Descriptor Base Address Low — TDBAL[n] (0x06000+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
0	6:0	0b	Ignored on writes. Returns 0b on reads.
TDBAL	31:7	X	Transmit Descriptor Base Address Low.

This register contains the lower bits of the 64-bit descriptor base address. The lower seven bits are ignored. The Transmit Descriptor Base Address must point to a 128 byte-aligned block of data.



### 8.2.3.9.6 Transmit Descriptor Base Address High — TDBAH[n] (0x06004+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TDBAH	31:0	X	Transmit Descriptor Base Address [63:32].

This register contains the upper 32 bits of the 64 bit Descriptor base address.

### 8.2.3.9.7 Transmit Descriptor Length — TDLEN[n] (0x06008+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
LEN	19:0	0x0	Descriptor Ring Length. This register sets the number of bytes allocated for descriptors in the circular descriptor buffer. It must be 128byte-aligned (7 LS bit must be set to zero). <i>Note:</i> Validated Lengths up to 128K (8K descriptors).
Reserved	31:20	0x0	Reads as 0x0. Should be written to 0x0.

### 8.2.3.9.8 Transmit Descriptor Head — TDH[n] (0x06010+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RO)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TDH	15:0	0x0	Transmit Descriptor Head.
Reserved	31:16	0x0	Reserved. Should be written with 0x0.

This register contains the head pointer for the transmit descriptor ring. It points to a 16-byte datum. Hardware controls this pointer.

The values in these registers might point to descriptors that are still not in the host memory. As a result, the host cannot rely on these values in order to determine which descriptor to release.

The only time that software should write to this register is after a reset (hardware reset or CTRL.RST) and before enabling the transmit function (TXDCTL.ENABLE). If software were to write to this register while the transmit function was enabled, the on-chip descriptor buffers might be invalidated and the hardware could become confused.



### 8.2.3.9.9 Transmit Descriptor Tail — TDT[n] (0x06018+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TDT	15:0	0x0	Transmit Descriptor Tail.
Reserved	31:16	0x0	Reads as 0x0. Should be written to 0x0 for future compatibility.

This register contains the tail pointer for the transmit descriptor ring. It points to a 16-byte datum. Software writes the tail pointer to add more descriptors to the transmit ready queue. Hardware attempts to transmit all packets referenced by descriptors between head and tail.

### 8.2.3.9.10 Transmit Descriptor Control — TXDCTL[n] (0x06028+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
PTHRESH	6:0	0x0	Pre-Fetch Threshold Controls when a prefetch of descriptors is considered. This threshold refers to the number of valid, unprocessed transmit descriptors the 82599 has in its on-chip buffer. If this number drops below PTHRESH, the algorithm considers pre-fetching descriptors from host memory. However, this fetch does not happen unless there are at least HTHRESH valid descriptors in host memory to fetch. <i>Note:</i> HTHRESH should be given a non-zero value each time PTHRESH is used.
Rsv	7	0x0	Reserved.
HTHRESH	14:8	0x0	Host Threshold.
Rsv	15	0x0	Reserved.
WTHRESH	22:16	0x0	Write-Back Threshold. Controls the write-back of processed transmit descriptors. This threshold refers to the number of transmit descriptors in the on-chip buffer that are ready to be written back to host memory. In the absence of external events (explicit flushes), the write-back occurs only after at least WTHRESH descriptors are available for write-back. <i>Note:</i> Since the default value for write-back threshold is 0b, descriptors are normally written back as soon as they are processed. WTHRESH must be written to a non-zero value to take advantage of the write-back bursting capabilities of the 82599. <i>Note:</i> When WTHRESH is set to a non-zero value, the software driver should not set the RS bit in the Tx descriptors. When WTHRESH is set to zero the software device driver should set the RS bit in the Tx descriptors with the EOP bit set and at least once in the 40 descriptors. <i>Note:</i> When Head write-back is enabled (TDWBAL[n].Head_WB_En = 1b), the WTHRESH must be set to zero.
Reserved	24:23	0x0	Reserved.





Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
ENABLE	25	0b	Transmit Queue Enable. When set, this bit enables the operation of a specific transmit queue: Default value for all queues is 0b. Setting this bit initializes all the internal registers of a specific queue. Until then, the state of the queue is kept and can be used for debug purposes. When disabling a queue, this bit is cleared only after all activity at the queue stopped. <i>Note:</i> This bit is set only when the queue is enabled. Upon read – get the actual status of the queue (internal indication that the queue is actually enabled/disabled) <i>Note:</i> When setting the global Tx enable DMATXCTL.TE the ENABLE bit of Tx queue zero is enabled as well.
SWFLSH	26	0b	Transmit Software Flush. This bit enables software to trigger descriptor write-back flushing, independently of other conditions. This bit is self cleared by hardware.
Reserved	27	0b	Reserved.
Reserved	28	0b	Reserved.
Reserved	29	0b	Reserved.
Reserved	31:30	0x0	Reserved.

This register controls the fetching and write-back of transmit descriptors. The three threshold values are used to determine when descriptors is read from and written to host memory.

**Note:** When WTHRESH = 0b only descriptors with the *RS* bit set are written back.  
For PTHRESH and HTHRESH recommended setting please refer to [Section 7.2.3.4](#).

### 8.2.3.9.11 Tx Descriptor Completion Write Back Address Low — TDWBAL[n] (0x06038+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Head_WB_En	0	0b	Head Write-Back Enable. 0b = Head write-back is disabled. 1b = Head write-back is enabled. When head_WB_en is set, the 82599 does not write-back Tx descriptors.
Reserved	1	0	Reserved.
HeadWB_Low	31:2	0x0	Lowest 32 bits of the head write-back memory location (Dword aligned). Last 2 bits of this field are ignored and are always read as 0.0, meaning that the actual address is Qword aligned.



### 8.2.3.9.12 Tx Descriptor Completion Write Back Address High — TDWBAH[n] (0x0603C+0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
HeadWB_High	31:0	0x0	Highest 32 bits of head write-back memory location (for 64-bit addressing).

### 8.2.3.9.13 Transmit Packet Buffer Size — TXPBSIZE[n] (0x0CC00 + 0x4\*n, n=0...7; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	9:0	0x0	Reserved.
SIZE	19:10	0xA0 (160 KB)	Transmit packet buffer size of TCn. At default setting (no DCB) only packet buffer 0 is enabled and TXPBSIZE values for TC 1-7 are meaningless. Other than the default configuration the 82599 supports partitioned configurations when DCB is enabled. Symmetrical 8 TCs partitioning: 0x14 (20KB) for TXPBSIZE[0...7]. Symmetrical 4 TCs partitioning: 0x28 (40KB) for TXPBSIZE[0...3] and 0x0 (0KB) for TXPBSIZE[4...7]. Non-symmetrical partitioning are supported as well. In order to enable wire speed transmission it is recommended to set the transmit packet buffers to: (1) At least 2 times MSS plus PCIe latency (approximate 1 KB) when IPSec AH is not enabled (security block is not enabled or operates in path through mode). (2) At least 3 times MSS plus PCIe latency when IPSec AH is enabled (security block operates in store and forward mode)
Reserved	31:20	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.9.14 Manageability Transmit TC Mapping — MNGTXMAP (0x0CD10; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
MAP	2:0	0x0	Map value indicates the TC that the transmit manageability traffic is routed to.
Reserved	31:3	0x0	Reserved.



### 8.2.3.9.15 Multiple Transmit Queues Command Register — MTQC (0x08120; RW)

This register can be modified only as part of the init phase.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
RT_Ena	0	0b	DCB Enabled Mode. See functionality in the following table.
VT_Ena	1	0b	Virtualization Enabled Mode. When set, the 82599 supports either 16, 32, or 64 pools. See functionality in the following table. This bit should be set the same as PFVTCTL.VT_Ena.
NUM_TC_OR_Q	3:2	00b	Number of TCs or Number of Tx Queues per Pools. See functionality in the following table.
Reserved	31:4	0x0	Reserved.

Permitted value and functionality of: RT\_Ena; VT\_Ena; NUM\_TC\_OR\_Q. For Tx queue assignment in DCB and VT modes refer to [Table 7-25](#) in [Section 7.2.1.2.1](#).

Device Setting			Device Functionality	
RT_Ena	VT_Ena	NUM_TC_OR_Q	Tx Queues	TC & VT
0b	0b	00b	0 — 63	-
<> 0b	<> 0b	00b	Reserved	
0b	0b	<> 00	Reserved	
1b	0b	01b	Reserved	
1b	0b	10b	0 — 127	TC0 — TC3
1b	0b	11b	0 — 127	TC0 — TC7
0b	1b	01b	0 — 127	64 VMs
0b	1b	10b	0 — 127	32 VMs
0b	1b	11b	Reserved	
1b	1b	01b	Reserved	
1b	1b	10b	0 — 127	TC0 — TC3 & 32 VMs
1b	1b	11b	0 — 127	TC0 — TC7 & 16 VMs



### 8.2.3.9.16 Tx Packet Buffer Threshold — TXPBTHRESH (0x04950 + 0x4\*n, n=0...7; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
THRESH	9:0	0x96/0x0	Threshold used for checking room place in Tx packet buffer of TCn. Threshold in KB units, when the packet buffer is filled up with payload over that threshold, no more data read request is sent. Default values: 0x96 (150 KB) for TXPBSIZE0. 0x0 (0 KB) for TXPBSIZE1-7. It should be set to: (packet buffer size) — MSS. For instance, if packet buffer size is set to 20 KB in corresponding TXPBSIZE.SIZE, if MSS of 9.5 KB (9728-byte) jumbo frames is supported for TCn, it is set to: 0xA (10 KB).
Reserved	31:10	0x0	Reserved.



## 8.2.3.10 DCB Registers

DCB registers are owned by the PF in an IOV mode.

### 8.2.3.10.1 DCB Receive Packet Plane Control and Status — RTRPCS (0x02430; RW)

RTRPCS is equivalent to the 82598's RMCS.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	0	0b	Reserved.
RRM	1	0b	Receive Recycle Mode defines the recycle mode within a BWG. 0b = No recycle. 1b = Recycle within the BWG. It is the only supported mode when DCB is enabled.
RAC	2	0b	Receive Arbitration Control. 0b = Round Robin (RR). 1b = Weighted Strict Priority (WSP).
Reserved	5:3	0x0	Reserved.
Reserved	15:6	0x0	Reserved.
LRPB	18:16	0x0	Last Received Packet Buffer Status Indication. Indicates the last packet buffer that was used in Rx arbiter.
Reserved	26:19	0x0	Reserved.
Reserved	27	0b	Reserved
Reserved	31:28	0x6	Reserved

### 8.2.3.10.2 DCB Transmit Descriptor Plane Control and Status — RTTDCS (0x04900; RW) DMA-Tx

RTTDCS was DPMCS mapped to 0x07F40 in the 82598.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TDPAC	0	0b	TC Transmit Descriptor Plane Arbitration Control. 0b = RR 1b = WSP
VMPAC	1	0b	VM Transmit Descriptor Plane Arbitration Control. 0b = RR 1b = Weighted Round Robin (WRR).
Reserved	3:2	00b	Reserved.



Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TDRM	4	0b	TC Transmit descriptor plane recycle mode defines the recycle mode within a BWG. 0b = No recycle. 1b = Recycle within the BWG. It is the only supported mode.
Reserved	5	0b	Reserved.
ARBDIS	6	0	DCB Arbiters Disable. When set to 1 this bit pauses the Tx Descriptor plane arbitration state-machine. Therefore, during nominal operation this bit should be set to 0.
Reserved	16:7	0	Reserved.
LTTDESC (RO)	19:17	0x0	Last Transmitted TC (RO). This field indicates the last transmitted TC in XMIT descriptor arbiter DMA.
Reserved	21:20	00b	Reserved.
BDPM	22	1b	Bypass Data_Pipe Monitor. In order to enable bypassing the above limit. In DCB mode, this bit must be cleared.
BPBFSM	23	1b	Bypass Packet Buffer Free Space Monitor. In order to enable bypassing the packet buffer free space monitor (not checking if there is enough free space in the packet buffer before requesting the data). This bit must be cleared in DCB mode or SR-IOV mode.
Reserved	30:24	0x0	Reserved.
SPEED_CHG	31	0b	Link speed has changed. Read and clear flag. Set by hardware to indicate that the link speed has changed. Cleared by software at the end of the link speed change procedure. Refer to <a href="#">Section 4.6.11.2</a> .

### 8.2.3.10.3 DCB Transmit Packet Plane Control and Status- RTTPCS (0x0CD00; RW)

RTTPCS is mapped to 0x0CD00 for compatibility with the 82598's PDPMCS.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	4:0	0x0	Reserved
TPPAC	5	0b	Transmit Packet Plane Arbitration Control 0b = RR (with respect to stop markers). 1b = Strict Priority (SP), with respect to stop markers)
Reserved	7:6	00b	Reserved.
TPRM	8	0b	Transmit packet plane recycle mode defines the recycle mode within a BWG. 0b = No recycle. 1b = Recycle within the BWG.



Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	21:9	0x0	Reserved.
ARBD	31:22	0x224	ARB_delay. Minimum cycles delay between a packet's arbitration. When RTTPCS.TPPAC is set to 1b the arbitration delay is according to ARBD, otherwise the arbitration delay is 0x0. Should be kept at default in non-DCB mode. In DCB mode, should be set to 0x004.

#### 8.2.3.10.4 DCB Receive User Priority to Traffic Class — RTRUP2TC (0x03020; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
UP0MAP	2:0	0x0	Receive UP 0 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 0 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 0 is routed.</li> <li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet puffer a Priority Flow Control (PFC) frame with the <i>Timer 0</i> field and Class Enable Vector bit 0 set is sent.</li> </ul>
UP1MAP	5:3	0x0	Receive UP 1 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 1 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 1 is routed.</li> <li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx Packet Buffer a P FC frame with the <i>Timer 1</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 1 set is sent.</li> </ul>
UP2MAP	8:6	0x0	Receive UP 2 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 2 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 2 is routed.</li> <li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx Packet Buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 2</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 2 set is sent.</li> </ul>
UP3MAP	11:9	0x0	Receive UP 3 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 3 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 3 is routed.</li> <li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 3</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 3 set is sent.</li> </ul>
UP4MAP	14:12	0x0	Receive UP 4 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 4 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 4 is routed.</li> <li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 4</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 4 set is sent.</li> </ul>



Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
UP5MAP	17:15	0x0	Receive UP 5 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 5 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 5 is routed.</li><li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 5</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 5 set is sent.</li></ul>
UP6MAP	20:18	0x0	Receive UP 6 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 6 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 6 is routed.</li><li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 6</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 6 set is sent.</li></ul>
UP7MAP	23:21	0x0	Receive UP 7 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 7 is bound to TC n. Used for two purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Define into which Rx packet buffer incoming traffic carrying 802.1p field set to 7 is routed.</li><li>Define according to the filling status of which Rx packet buffer a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 7</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 7 set is sent.</li></ul>
Reserved	31:24	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.5 DCB Transmit User Priority to Traffic Class — RTTUP2TC (0x0C800; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
UP0MAP	2:0	0x0	Transmit UP 0 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 0 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 0</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 0 set, to determine which TC must be paused.
UP1MAP	5:3	0x0	Transmit UP 1 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 1 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 1</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 1 set, to determine which TC must be paused.
UP2MAP	8:6	0x0	Transmit UP 2 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 2 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 2</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 2 set, to determine which TC must be paused.
UP3MAP	11:9	0x0	Transmit UP 3 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 3 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 3</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 3 set, to determine which TC must be paused.





Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
UP4MAP	14:12	0x0	Transmit UP 4 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 4 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 4</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 4 set, to determine which traffic class must be paused.
UP5MAP	17:15	0x0	Transmit UP 5 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 5 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 5</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 5 set, to determine which traffic class must be paused.
UP6MAP	20:18	0x0	Transmit UP 6 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 6 is bound to V n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 6</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 6 set, to determine which traffic class must be paused.
UP7MAP	23:21	0x0	Transmit UP 7 to TC Mapping. When set to n, UP 7 is bound to TC n. Used when receiving a PFC frame with the <i>Timer 7</i> field and <i>Class Enable Vector</i> bit 7 set, to determine which TC must be paused.
Reserved	31:24	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.6 DCB Receive Packet Plane T4 Config — RTRPT4C[n] (0x02140 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RW)

RTRPT4C is equivalent to the 82598's RT2CR.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
CRQ	8:0	0x0	Credit Refill Quantum. Amount of credits to refill in 64-byte granularity. Possible values 0x000:0x1FF (0 to 32,704 bytes).
BWG	11:9	0x0	Bandwidth Group Index. Bandwidth Group (BWG).
MCL	23:12	0x0	Max Credit Limit. Maximum amount of credits for a configured packet buffer in 64-byte granularity. Possible values 0x000:0xFFFF (0 to 262,080 bytes).
Reserved	29:24	0x0	Reserved.
GSP	30	0b	Group Strict Priority. When set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate packet buffer over any traffic of other packet buffers within the group.
LSP	31	0b	Link Strict Priority. If set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate packet buffer over any traffic of other packet buffers.



### 8.2.3.10.7 Strict Low Latency Tx Queues — TXLLQ[n] (0x082E0 + 4\*n, n=0...3; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Strict Low latency	31:0	0x0	Strict Low Latency Enable. When set, defines the relevant Tx queue as strict low latency. All queues belong to a LSP TC must be set as strict low latency queues. Bit 'm' in register 'n' correspond to Tx queue 32 x 'n' + 'm'.

### 8.2.3.10.8 DCB Receive Packet Plane T4 Status — RTRPT4S[n] (0x02160 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RO)

RTRPT4S is equivalent to the 82598's RT2SR.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	31:0	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.9 DCB Transmit Descriptor Plane T2 Config - RTTDT2C[n] (0x04910 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RW) DMA-Tx

RTTDT2C was TDTQ2TCCR in the 82598 at 0x0602C + 0x40\*n, n=0...7.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
CRQ	8:0	0x0	Credit Refill Quantum. Amount of credits to refill the TC in 64-byte granularity Possible values 0x000 – 0x1FF (0 – 32,704 bytes)
BWG	11:9	0x0	Bandwidth Group Index. Assignment of this TC to a bandwidth group.
MCL	23:12	0x0	Max Credit Limit. Max amount of credits for a configured TC in 64-byte granularity Possible values 0x000 – 0xFFFF (0 – 262,080 bytes)
Reserved	29:24	0x0	Reserved.
GSP	30	0b	Group Strict Priority. When set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate TC over any traffic of other TCs within the group.
LSP	31	0b	Link Strict Priority. When set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate TC over any traffic of other TCs.



### 8.2.3.10.10 DCB Transmit Packet Plane T2 Config — RTTPT2C[n] (0x0CD20 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RW)

RTTPT2C is mapped to 0x0CD20 + 4\*n [n=0...7] for compatibility with the 82598's TDPT2TCCR.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
CRQ	8:0	0x0	Credit Refill Quantum. Amount of credits to refill the TC in 64-byte granularity. Possible values 0x000: 0x1FF (0 to 32,704 bytes).
BWG	11:9	0x0	Bandwidth Group. Assignment of this TC to a BWG.
MCL	23:12	0x0	Max Credit Limit. Max amount of credits for a configured TC in 64-byte granularity. Possible values 0x000:0xFFFF (0 – 262,080 bytes).
Reserved	29:24	0x0	Reserved.
GSP	30	0b	Group Strict Priority. When set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate TC over any traffic of other TCs within the group.
LSP	31	0b	Link Strict Priority. When set to 1b enables strict priority to the appropriate TC over any traffic of other TCs.

### 8.2.3.10.11 DCB Transmit Packet plane T2 Status — RTTPT2S[n] (0x0CD40 + 4\*n, n=0...7; RO)

RTTPT2S is mapped to 0x0CD40 + 4\*n [n=0...7] for compatibility with the 82598's TDPT2TCSR.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	31:0	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.12 DCB Transmit Rate-Scheduler MMW — RTTBCNRM (0x04980; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
MMW_SIZE	10:0	0x0	Maximum memory window size for the rate-scheduler (for all Tx queues). This is the maximum amount of 1 KB units of payload compensation time that can be accumulated for Tx queues attached to TCn. This number must be multiplied by the rate-factor of the Tx queue before performing the MMW saturation check for that queue.
Reserved	31:11	0x0	Reserved.



### 8.2.3.10.13 DCB Transmit Descriptor Plane Queue Select — RTTDQSEL (0x04904; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
TXDQ_IDX	6:0	0x0	<p>Tx Descriptor Queue Index or TX Pool of Queues Index</p> <p>This register is used to set VM and Transmit Scheduler parameters that are configured per Tx queue or per Tx pool of queues via indirect access. It means that prior to read or write access such registers, software has to make sure this field contains the index of the Tx queue or Tx pool of queue to be accessed.</p> <p>When DCB is disabled, VM parameters include a pool of Tx queues. As a result, this field points to the index of the pool (and not a queue index).</p> <p>When DCB is enabled, and/or when programming rate limiters, this field points to a Tx queue index.</p> <p>The registers that are affected by this index are: RTTDT1C, RTTDT1S, RTTBCNRC, RTTBCNRS</p>
Reserved	31:7	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.14 DCB Transmit Descriptor Plane T1 Config — RTTDT1C (0x04908; RW)

128 internal registers indirectly addressed via RTTDQSEL.TXDQ\_IDX. When DCB is disabled, configure the pool index with the credits allocated to the entire pool.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
CRQ	13:0	X	<p>Credit Refill Quantum.</p> <p>Amount of credits to refill the VM in 64-byte granularity.</p> <p>Possible values 0x000:0x3FFF (0 to 1,048,512 bytes).</p>
Reserved	31:14	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.10.15 DCB Transmit Descriptor Plane T1 Status — RTTDT1S (0x0490C; RO)

128 internal registers indirectly addressed via RTTDQSEL.TXDQ\_IDX.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	31:0	0x0	Reserved.



### 8.2.3.10.16 DCB Transmit Rate-Scheduler Config — RTTBCNRC (0x04984; RW)

128 internal registers indirectly addressed via RTTDQSEL.TXDQ\_IDX.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
RF_DEC	13:0	X	<p>Tx rate-scheduler rate factor hexadecimal part, for the Tx queue indexed by TXDQ_IDX field in the RTTDQSEL register.</p> <p>Rate factor bits that come after the hexadecimal point.</p> <p>Meaningful only if the <i>RS_ENA</i> bit is set.</p> <p>When RTTBCNRD.DRIFT_ENA is set, this field is periodically modified by hardware as well.</p>
RF_INT	23:14	X	<p>Tx rate-scheduler rate factor integral part, for the Tx queue indexed by TXDQ_IDX field in the RTTDQSEL register</p> <p>Rate factor bits that come before the hexadecimal point.</p> <p>Rate factor is defined as the ratio between the nominal link rate (such as 1 GbE) and the maximum rate allowed to that queue .</p> <p>Minimum allowed bandwidth share for a queue is 0.1% of the link rate. For example, 10 Mb/s for the 82599 operated at 10 GbE, leading to a maximum allowed rate factor of 1000.</p> <p>Meaningful only if the <i>RS_ENA</i> bit is set.</p> <p>When RTTBCNRD.DRIFT_ENA is set, this field is periodically modified by hardware as well.</p>
Reserved	30:24	0x0	Reserved.
RS_ENA (SC)	31b	0	<p>Tx rate-scheduler enable, for the Tx queue indexed by TXDQ_IDX field in the RTTDQSEL register</p> <p>When set, the rate programmed in this register is enforced (the queue is rate controlled). At the time it is set, the current timer value is loaded into the time stamp stored for that entry. The bit can be self-cleared internally if the full line rate is recovered via the rate-drift mechanism.</p> <p>When cleared, the rate factor programmed in this register is meaningless, the switch for that queue is always forced to on. The queue is not rate-controlled . Bandwidth group assignment of this TC to a BWG.</p> <p>Each TC must be assigned to a different BWG number, unless the TC is a member of a BWG. No more than two TCs can share the same BWG.</p>

### 8.2.3.10.17 DCB Transmit Rate-Scheduler Status — RTTBCNRS (0x04988; RW)

128 internal registers indirectly addressed via RTTDQSEL.TXDQ\_IDX.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
MIFS	31:0		<p>Tx rate-scheduler current Minimum Inter-Frame Spacing (MIFS), for the Tx queue indexed by TXDQ_IDX field in the RTTDQSEL register.</p> <p>When read, it is the current algebraic value of the MIFS interval for the queue, expressed in byte units (31 LS-bits taken), relative to the rate-scheduler. It is obtained by hardware subtracting the current value of the timer associated to that rate-scheduler from the time stamp stored for that queue. A strict positive value means a switch in off state. It is expressed in 2's complement format.</p>



### 8.2.3.10.18 DCB Transmit BCN Rate Drift — RTTBCNRD (0x0498C; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	0	0b	Reserved
BCN_CLEAR_ALL	1	0b/SC	Clear all BCN rate-limiters. When set, the 128 RTTBCNRC.RS_ENA bits are cleared — releasing any active BCN rate-limiter. This bit must be set by software each time the link speed has changed. This bit is self cleared by hardware.
DRIFT_FAC	15:2	0b	BCN Rate Drift Factor. Rate drift factor bits that come after the hexadecimal point, while a zero is always assumed before the hexadecimal point (because rate drift factor must be smaller than unity). The rate drift factor ranges from 0.00006 to 0.99994. Rate drift factor is a decreasing factor by which every rate-factor of BCN rate-controlled queues must be multiplied periodically, once every DRIFT_INT $\mu$ s. Each time the rate-factor of a queue reaches unity, the RS_ENA bit in its corresponding RTTBCNRC register is internally cleared. Meaningful only when the DRIFT_ENA bit is set.
DRIFT_INT	30:16	0b	BCN Rate Drift Interval Timer. Interval in $\mu$ s used internally to periodically increase the rate of BCN rate-controlled queues (namely the rate-drift mechanism). Meaningful only when the DRIFT_ENA bit is set.
DRIFT_ENA	31	0b	BCN Rate Drift Enable bit. When cleared, the rate-drift mechanism performed by hardware is disabled. It is assumed software handles it. When set, the rate-drift mechanism performed by hardware is enabled. Rate of BCN rate-controlled queues are periodically increased in a multiplicative manner. Relevant only for Tx queues for which the RX_ENA bit is set in the RTTBCNRC register.



## 8.2.3.11 DCA Registers

### 8.2.3.11.1 Rx DCA Control Register — DCA\_RXCTRL[n] (0x0100C + 0x40\*n, n=0...63 and 0x0D00C + 0x40\*(n-64), n=64...127 / 0x02200 + 4\*n, [n=0...15]; RW)

DCA\_RXCTRL[0...15] are also mapped to address 0x02200... to maintain compatibility with the 82598.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	4:0	00x	Reserved.
Rx Descriptor DCA EN	5	0b	Descriptor DCA EN. When set, hardware enables DCA for all Rx descriptors written back into memory. When cleared, hardware does not enable DCA for descriptor write-backs.
Rx Header DCA EN	6	0b	Rx Header DCA EN. When set, hardware enables DCA for all received header buffers. When cleared, hardware does not enable DCA for Rx Headers. <sup>1</sup>
Rx Payload DCA EN	7	0b	Payload DCA EN. <b>Note:</b> When set, hardware enables DCA for all Ethernet payloads written into memory. When cleared, hardware does not enable DCA for Ethernet payloads. Default cleared.
Reserved	8	0b	Reserved.
RXdescReadROEn	9	1b	Rx Descriptor Read Relax Order Enable
Reserved	10	0b	Reserved.
RXdescWBROen	11	0b (RO)	Rx Descriptor Write Back Relax Order Enable. This bit must be 0b to enable correct functionality of the descriptors write back.
Reserved	12	1b	Reserved. Must be set to 0.
RXdataWriteROEn	13	1b	Rx data Write Relax Order Enable
Reserved	14	0b	Reserved.
RxRepHeaderROEn	15	1b	Rx Split Header Relax Order Enable
Reserved	23:16	0x0	Reserved.
CPUID	31:24	0x0	Physical ID (see complete description in <a href="#">Section 3.1.3.1.2</a> ). Legacy DCA capable platforms — The device driver, upon discovery of the physical CPU ID and CPU bus ID, programs the <i>CPUID</i> field with the physical CPU and bus ID associated with this Rx queue. DCA 1.0 capable platforms — The device driver programs a value, based on the relevant APIC ID, associated with this Rx queue.



### 8.2.3.11.2 Tx DCA Control Registers — DCA\_TXCTRL[n] (0x0600C + 0x40\*n, n=0...127; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Reserved	4:0	0x0	Reserved.
Tx Descriptor DCA EN	5	0b	Descriptor DCA Enable. When set, hardware enables DCA for all Tx descriptors written back into memory. When cleared, hardware does not enable DCA for descriptor write-backs. This bit is cleared as a default and also applies to head write back when enabled.
Reserved	7:6	00b	Reserved.
Reserved	8	0b	Reserved.
TXdescRDROEn	9	1b	Tx Descriptor Read Relax Order Enable.
Reserved	10	0b	Reserved.
TXdescWBROEn	11	1b	Relax Order Enable of Tx Descriptor as well as head pointer write back (when set).
Reserved	12	0b	Reserved.
TXDataReadROEn	13	1b	Tx Data Read Relax Order Enable.
Reserved	23:14	0x0	Reserved.
CPUID	31:24	0x0	Physical ID (see complete description in <a href="#">Section 3.1.3.1.2</a> ) Legacy DCA capable platforms — the device driver, upon discovery of the physical CPU ID and CPU bus ID, programs the CPUID field with the physical CPU and bus ID associated with this Tx queue. DCA 1.0 capable platforms — the device driver programs a value, based on the relevant APIC ID, associated with this Tx queue.





### 8.2.3.11.3 DCA Requester ID Information Register — DCA\_ID (0x11070; RO)

To ease software implementation, a DCA requester ID field, composed of device ID, bus # and function # is set up in MMIO space for software to program the chipset DCA Requester ID Authentication register.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
Function Number	2:0	0x0	Function Number. Function number assigned to the function based on BIOS/OS enumeration.
Device Number	7:3	0x0	Device Number. Device number assigned to the function based on BIOS/OS enumeration.
Bus Number	15:8	0x0	Bus Number. Bus Number assigned to the function based on BIOS/OS enumeration.
Reserved	31:16	0x0	Reserved.

### 8.2.3.11.4 DCA Control Register — DCA\_CTRL (0x11074; RW)

**Note:** This register is shared by both LAN functions.

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
DCA_DIS	0	1b	DCA Disable. 0b = DCA tagging is enabled for this device. 1b = DCA tagging is disabled for this device.
DCA_MODE	4:1	0x0	DCA Mode. 0000b = Legacy DCA is supported. The TAG field in the TLP header is based on the following coding: bit 0 is DCA enable; bits 3:1 are CPU ID). 0001b = DCA 1.0 is supported. When DCA is disabled for a given message, the TAG field is 0000b,0000b. If DCA is enabled, the TAG is set per queue as programmed in the relevant DCA Control register. All other values are undefined.
Reserved	31:5	0x0	Reserved.



### 8.2.3.12 Security Registers

Security registers are mainly concerned with the internal settings of the AES crypto engine shared by LinkSec and IPsec. They are owned by the PF in an IOV mode.

Refer to [Section 4.6.12](#) for the way to modify these registers prior to enabling or disabling a security offload. Note that only one security offload, either LinkSec or IPsec, can be enabled at a time.

Security offload can be disabled via internal security fuses. In this case, the following security related fields are not writable:

- SECTXCTRL.SECTX\_DIS is read as 0x1.
- SECRXCTRL.SECRX\_DIS is read as 0x1.
- IPSTXIDX.IPS\_TX\_EN is read as 0x0.
- IPSRXIDX.IPS\_RX\_EN is read as 0x0.
- LSECTXCTRL bits 1:0 are read as 00b.
- LSECRXCTRL bits 3:2 are read as 00b.

#### 8.2.3.12.1 Security Tx Control — SECTXCTRL (0x08800; RW)

Field	Bit(s)	Init Val	Description
SECTX_DIS	0	1b RW / RO if fused-off	<p>Tx Security Offload Disable Bit.</p> <p>When set, the AES crypto engine used in Tx by LinkSec and IPsec off loads is disabled. This mode must be used to save the 82599's power consumption when no security offload is enabled.</p> <p>When cleared, the AES crypto engine used in Tx by LinkSec or IPsec off load is enabled. Normal operating mode when a security offload is enabled.</p>
TX_DIS	1	0b	<p>Disable Sec Tx Path.</p> <p>When set, no new packet is fetched out from the Tx packet buffers, so that the Tx security block can be internally emptied prior to changing the security mode. SECTXSTAT.SECTX_RDY bit is deasserted until the path is emptied by hardware.</p> <p>When cleared, Tx data path is enabled. Normal operating mode.</p>
STORE_FORWARD	2	0b	<p>Tx Sec Buffer Mode.</p> <p>When set, a complete frame is stored in the internal security Tx buffer prior to being forwarded to the MAC. Operating mode when IPsec offload is enabled (as requested to overwrite ICV field in AH frames).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It increases the Tx internal latencies (for all TCs).</p> <p>When cleared, Tx sec buffer is operated in pass-through mode. Operating mode when LinkSec is enabled or when no security offload is enabled.</p>
Reserved	31:3	0x0	Reserved.