COUNT THE NUMBER FACES

(Using Voila-Jones Algorithm Through Image processing)

```
clc;
  close all;
  clear all;
  I=imread('family.jpg');
  %read the image
  FaceDetector=vision.CascadeObjectDetector();
  %Cascade Object Detector
  %BBOX=step(FaceDetector, I);
  BBOX=FaceDetector(I);
B=insertObjectAnnotation(I, 'rectangle', BBOX, 'Face'
);
 %Annotation
 subplot(1,2,1),imshow(I),title('Original Image');
 subplot(1,2,2),imshow(B),title('Detected Image');
 %Display the result
 n=size(BBOX, 1);
 %string concatenation
 str n=num2str(n);
 str=strcat('Number of Detected Faces Are =
',str n);
 disp(str);
 %display the string
Given Image(true colour|grayscale) As input and
return the output count the number of faces Image
```





Cascade Object Detection

Vision.CascadeObjectDetector

The cascade Detector uses the viola-Jones Algorithm to detect people's Faces, Noses, Eyes, Mouth or upper body part.

Detector=vision.CascadeObjectDetector();

Uses

Bbox=detector(I); % I is image

Input Argument

Any Image (Grayscale or true colour)

Output Argument

Mx4 Martix for rectangle

[x , y , Width, height] x,y Are upper left corner

insertObjectAnnotation

RGB= insertObjectAnnotation(I,shape,position,label); Input Argument

> 1

True colour ,grayscale image

Shape

'rectangle'| 'circle' Data types char

> Position

Location and size of the annotation shape
Mx4 Martix for rectangle
[x , y , Width, height] x,y Are upper left corner
Mx3 Martix for circle
[x , y , r] x,y Are upper left corner, r=radius

• String Concatenation

```
n=size(BBOX,1);
str_n=num2str(n);
str=strcat('Number of Detected Faces Are =
',str_n);
disp(str);
```