











PWA

Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices

SEO

There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

• Chrome extensions negatively affected this page's load performance. Try auditing the page in incognito mode or from a Chrome profile without extensions.



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

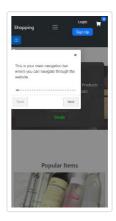
•

METRICS

0-49

50-89

90-100



1.9 s

Total Blocking Time

First Contentful Paint

600 ms

Speed Index

5.3 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

21.8 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

View Treemap

















Expand view

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 21,840 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> [LCP]

Element	
	div.position-relative.overflow-hidden.p-3.p-md-5.m-md-3.text-center.student-shopping

Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	2%	460 ms
Load Delay	26%	5,620 ms
Load Time	4%	900 ms
Render Delay	68%	14,870 ms

▲ Minimize main-thread work — 3.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Other	1,188 ms
Script Evaluation	921 ms
Style & Layout	368 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	343 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	119 ms
Rendering	89 ms
Garbage Collection	9 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	75 KiB	428 ms
intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	14 KiB	428 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34 KiB	0 ms
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	25 KiB	0 ms
minified/introjs.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	2 KiB	0 ms
css/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	0 KiB	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	30 KiB	5 ms
/jquery-3.6.0.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30 KiB	5 ms
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	7 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/prompt.js</pre>	7 KiB	0 ms

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 1,100 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (3)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	36.1 KiB	2,620 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34.2 KiB	1,080 ms
css/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	0.0 KiB	770 ms
minified/introjs.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	1.9 KiB	770 ms
127.0.0.1 1st Party	13.2 KiB	310 ms
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	13.2 KiB	310 ms

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more about text compression</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	55.3 KiB	39.6 KiB
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	37.9 KiB	27.6 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	12.8 KiB	8.8 KiB
js/Main.js (127.0.0.1)	4.5 KiB	3.1 KiB

▲ Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 31 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	34.1 KiB	31.0 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34.1 KiB	31.0 KiB

▲ Properly size images — Potential savings of 2,285 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)			2,482.4 KiB	2,285.2 KiB
img.img-fluid		images/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)	2,131.6 KiB	2,072.4 KiB
	img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	143.5 KiB	104.5 KiB
	img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	94.3 KiB	63.9 KiB

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-9.jpg (127.0.0.1)	22.9 KiB	16.3 KiB
img.i mg- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	24.7 KiB	9.8 KiB
img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	29.1 KiB	8.1 KiB
img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	18.7 KiB	5.2 KiB
img .im g- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-4.jpg (127.0.0.1)	17.5 KiB	4.9 KiB

▲ Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 1,055 KiB

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

		Size	Savings
		4,015.0 KiB	1,055.3 KiB
iv.position- elative.ove flow- idden.p- .p-md- ent-	images/john-schnjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,547.6 KiB	733.8 KiB
i	elative.ove low- dden.p- p-md-	dden.pimages/john-schnjpg (127.0.0.1) p-md-	v.position- plative.ove ow- dden.pimages/john-schnjpg (127.0.0.1) 1,547.6 KiB p-md-

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img.img-fluid	images/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)	2,131.6 KiB	147.1 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	143.5 KiB	73.4 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	94.3 KiB	58.9 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	29.1 KiB	11.3 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	24.7 KiB	11.0 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-6.jpg (127.0.0.1)	21.3 KiB	10.7 KiB
img.img- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-9.jpg (127.0.0.1)	22.9 KiB	8.9 KiB

▲ Efficiently encode images — Potential savings of 19 KiB

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)		1,641.9 KiB	19.3 KiB

	l	JRL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
rela ow- 3.p-	position- ative.overfl -hidden.p- -md-5.m-	images/john-schnjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,547.6 KiB	12.6 KiB
	ng.img- uid	portfolio/portfolio-7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	94.3 KiB	6.7 KiB

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason

Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.

Pending browser support

...pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image — Potential savings of 10 ms

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

URL
Potential Savings

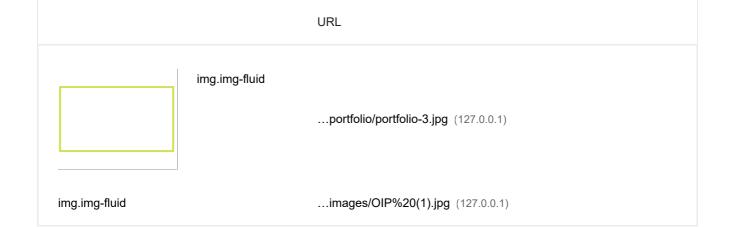
127.0.0.1 1st Party

div.positionrelative.overflow-hidden.p3.p-md-5.m-md-3.textcenter.student-shopping

...images/john-schn....jpg (127.0.0.1)
10 ms

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

127.0.0.1 (1st Party)		imagos/IMC 5400 ing (427.0.0.1)
img.img-fluid	img.img-fluid	images/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)portfolio/portfolio-2.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-9.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-7.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-1.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-5.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-6.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-8.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-fluid	portfolio/portfolio-4.jpg (127.0.0.1)



Minify CSS — Potential savings of 7 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	13.2 KiB	6.8 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	13.2 KiB	6.8 KiB

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 28 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	54.0 KiB	24.9 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/resources/na tive.js</pre>	20.4 KiB	9.7 KiB
chrome-extension://cjpalhdlnbpafiamejdnhcphjbkeiagm/js/contentscript.js	14.7 KiB	7.8 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/vendor/tinyc olor.js</pre>	11.8 KiB	5.2 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/inject.js</pre>	7.1 KiB	2.3 KiB
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	7.1 KiB	2.8 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/prompt.js	7.1 KiB	2.8 KiB

Defer offscreen images — Potential savings of 172 KiB

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)		171.6 KiB	171.6 KiB
img.i mg- fluid	portfolio/portfolio-2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	143.5 KiB	143.5 KiB
img.im g-fluid	images/OIP%20(2).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.1 KiB	28.1 KiB

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 14 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Potential Savings
Unattributable	14.0 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screens js</pre>	hot. 14.0 KiB
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.fill
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.filter
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.find
screenshot.js:1	Array.from

URL	Potential Savings
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.map
screenshot.js:1	Object.entries
screenshot.js:1	Object.keys
screenshot.js:1	@babel/plugin-transform- classes
screenshot.js:1	String.fromCodePoint
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	0.0 KiB
intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	0.0 KiB
intro.min.js:16	<pre>@babel/plugin-transform- classes</pre>

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 397 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>LCP</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	438.2 KiB	279.6 KiB
chrome-extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js	372.6 KiB	225.7 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/renderer.js</pre>	37.7 KiB	33.2 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/libs/jquery-3.1.1.min.js</pre>	27.9 KiB	20.6 KiB
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	191.4 KiB	117.9 KiB
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/atoms.js	159.9 KiB	91.4 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/playback.js</pre>	31.5 KiB	26.5 KiB

Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 4,314 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	4,042.6 KiB
images/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)	2,131.9 KiB
images/john-schnjpg (127.0.0.1)	1,547.9 KiB
portfolio/portfolio-2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	143.9 KiB
portfolio/portfolio-7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	94.6 KiB
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	38.2 KiB
portfolio/portfolio-8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	29.4 KiB
images/OIP%20(2).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.4 KiB
images/OIP%20(1).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.2 KiB
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	34.2 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34.2 KiB
jQuery CDN Cdn	30.3 KiB
/jquery-3.6.0.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.3 KiB

Avoid long main-thread tasks — 9 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Start Time	Duration
Unattributable		648 ms
chrome-extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js	1,509 ms	558 ms
Unattributable	760 ms	90 ms
127.0.0.1 1st Party		603 ms
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	1,063 ms	235 ms
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	857 ms	206 ms

URL	Start Time	Duration
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	1,298 ms	162 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn		589 ms
intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21,841 ms	516 ms
intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	21,768 ms	73 ms
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension		303 ms
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/vendor/global.js	2,133 ms	303 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn		66 ms
/jquery-3.6.0.min.js (code.jquery.com)	2,067 ms	66 ms

○ JavaScript execution time — 1.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (5)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
127.0.0.1 1st Party	1,132 ms	187 ms	67 ms
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	1,132 ms	187 ms	67 ms
Unattributable	766 ms	387 ms	177 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js</pre>	563 ms	379 ms	177 ms
Unattributable	202 ms	9 ms	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	587 ms	11 ms	2 ms
intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	587 ms	11 ms	2 ms
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	282 ms	198 ms	74 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/playba ck.js</pre>	177 ms	156 ms	12 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/atoms. js</pre>	53 ms	2 ms	51 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/record .js</pre>	51 ms	40 ms	11 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	64 ms	57 ms	4 ms
/jquery-3.6.0.min.js (code.jquery.com)	64 ms	57 ms	4 ms

○ User Timing marks and measures — 1 user timing

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
v3	Mark	0.00 ms	

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Time Spent
127.0.0.1 <u>1st Party</u>	0 ms
pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 289 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		289
Maximum DOM Depth	path	10



Avoid chaining critical requests — 8 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 133.532 ms

how to preload key requests. FCP [LCP]

Use HTTP/2

Initial Navigation

- ...pages/Homepage.html (127.0.0.1)
 - ...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 24.14 ms, 34.17 KiB
 - ...css/Main.css (127.0.0.1) 4.512 ms, 13.17 KiB
 - ...css/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 100.533 ms, 0.00 KiB
 - ...minified/introjs.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 27.823 ms, 1.91 KiB
 - ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 22.432 ms, 24.91 KiB

/jquery-3.6.0.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 35.11 ms, 30.26 KiB

- ...intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 34.509 ms, 14.03 KiB
- ...js/Main.js (127.0.0.1) 21.032 ms, 4.90 KiB

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP LCP

Preload key requests

Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn

Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats [CCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. TBT Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies. All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about font-display. FCP [LCP] Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. TBT Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP] Element div.position-relative.overflow-hidden.p-3.p-md-5.m-md-3.text-center.student-shopping Avoid large layout shifts These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS CLS

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations [CLS]

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. TBT



Accessibility

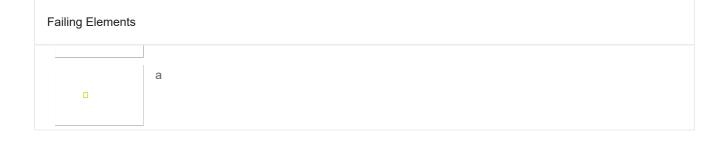
These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

ARIA

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] are missing some or all of those required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about roles and required children elements</u>.

Failing Elements		
	ul	
	a.active	
0	a	



▲ button, link, and menuitem elements do not have accessible names.

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible.</u>

Failing Elements		
	a.active	
	a	
	a	
	a	
	a	
	a	
	a	

Failing Elements	
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a

Failing Elements	
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a
	a

Failing Elements	
	a
Elements with roles	="dialog" or role="alertdialog" do not have accessible names.
	without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.
Failing Elements	
	div.introjs-tooltip.introjs-bottom-left-aligned
ARIA IDs are unique	e ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learr</u>
how to fix duplicate AF	
Failing Elements	
	div#collapseOne.accordion-collapse.collapse.show
div	#collapseOne.accordion-collapse.collapse.show
	improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of assist
nology, like a screen re	

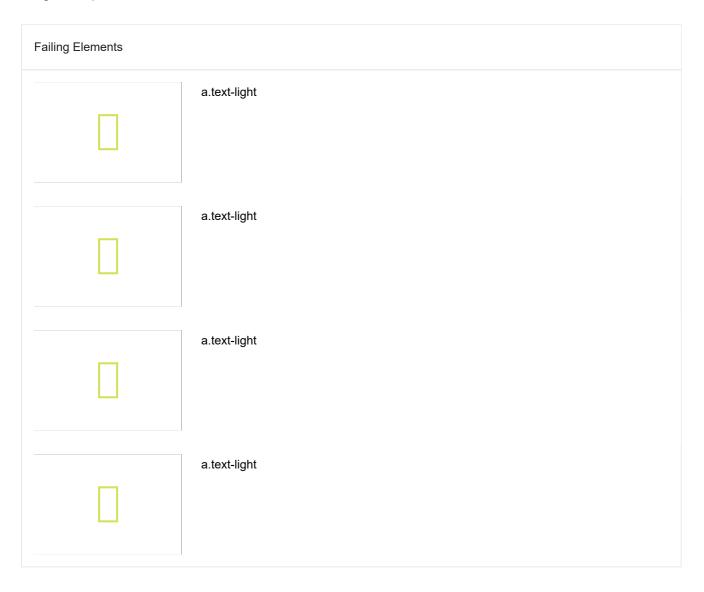
Buttons do not have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make buttons more accessible</u>.

Failing Elements	
	button#readScreenButton.btn.btn-secondary

▲ Links do not have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible</u>.



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

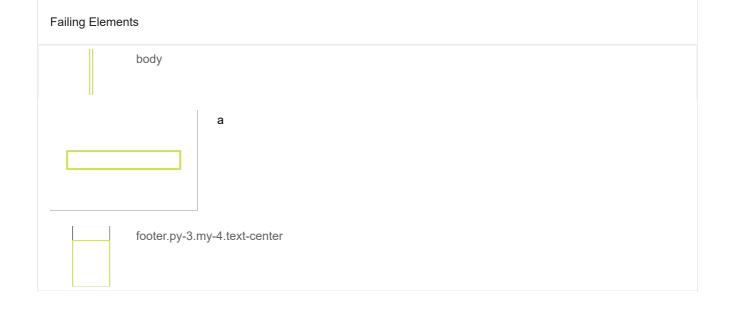
CONTRAST

Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Failing Elements	
body	h4
body	p
body	h4
body	p
body	h4
body	p

Failing Elem	ents	
	body	
		h4
	body	
		p
	hadu	
	body	h4
		114
	body	
		р
	body	
		h4
	body	
		p

Failing Elem	ents	
	body	
		h4
	body	
		p
	body	
	body	h4
		114
	body	
		p
	body	
		h4
	body	
		p

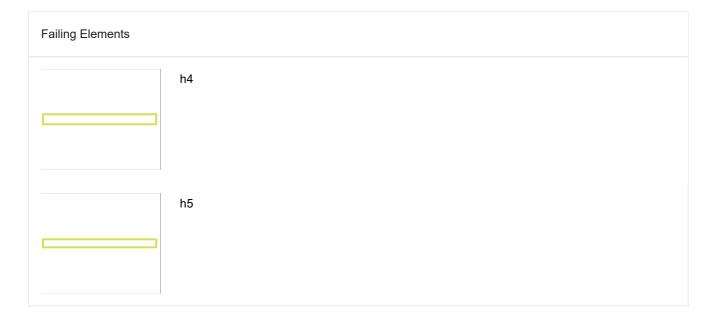


These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

NAVIGATION

▲ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u>.



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

^

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable.</u>

O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

	 The page has a logical tab order 	^
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	
	O User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>ıps</u> .
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
	 Custom controls have associated labels 	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
	O Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
	hese items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessib</u> e <u>view</u> .	<u>oility</u>
PÆ	ASSED AUDITS (19)	Hide
	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive

elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.

Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document

<body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how a ria - hidden affects focusable elements. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles. Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a

page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes.

All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix</u> <u>duplicate ids</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more about the lang attribute</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u>.

Links are distinguishable without relying on color.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. <u>Learn how to make links distinguishable</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u> about proper list structure.

List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly.
Learn more about proper list structure.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u>.

Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles.

ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles</u>.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. <u>Learn more about the alt attribute</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (32)	Hide
[accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For prabout access keys.	roper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u>
 ARIA input fields have accessible names 	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about input	n readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable t field labels.
 ARIA meter elements have accessible names 	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, so unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to	
 ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names 	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how	name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making to label progressbar elements.
 [role]s are contained by their required parent element 	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions.
 Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable 	ole descendents.
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enable focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more all	-
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screer for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about togg</u>	n readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable le fields.
 ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names 	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, so unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to	-
 ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names 	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible nam unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more a	e, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it about labeling treeitem elements.
 The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region 	

<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Lear structure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td>rn how to</td></tr><tr><td> Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers car announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>n properly</td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.</td><td>use either</td></tr><tr><td><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text Learn more about the lang attribute.</td><td>correctly.</td></tr><tr><td>O Input buttons have discernible text.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more about input buttons.</td><td>ne input</td></tr><tr><td><pre>o <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users under the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</td><td>rstand</td></tr><tr><td>O Form elements have associated labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more form element labels</u>.</td><td>e about</td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This</td><td>may</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass</u>

blocks.

0	<object> elements nave alternate text</object>	^
	Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers conveneaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	vey
0	Select elements have associated label elements.	^
	Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.	
0	Skip links are focusable.	^
lı	ncluding a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
0	Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>	^
	The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate tab nark-up helps users of screen readers. <u>Learn more about summary and caption</u>.</caption>	ole
0	Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
r	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only efer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	<u>5</u>
0	<pre> elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.</pre>	^
	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells nay improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	
0	[lang] attributes have a valid value	^
	Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn now to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>!</u>
0	<pre><video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video></pre>	^
	When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more aborideo captions</u> .	<u>out</u>
0	Identical links have the same purpose.	^
	Links with the same destination should have the same description, to help users understand the link's purpose and decide whether to follow it. Learn more about identical links.	÷
0	Document has a main landmark.	^
C	One main landmark helps screen reader users navigate a web page. <u>Learn more about landmarks</u> .	

O Elements with visible text labels have matching accessible names.

Visible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about accessible names</u>.

Tables use <caption> instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute to indicate a caption.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about captions.

elements in a large have one or more table headers.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that elements in a large table (3 or more cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u>.



Best Practices

GENERAL

▲ Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

Source	Description
127.0.0.1 1st Party	
Main.js:118	TypeError: \$().carousel is not a function at http://127.0.0.1:5500/Shopping%20Website/assets/js/Main.js:118:16

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	5.3.2

Name	Version
jQuery	3.6.0

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Hide

Uses HTTPS

^

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids deprecated APIs

^

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

Avoids third-party cookies

^

Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. <u>Learn more about phasing out third-party</u> cookies.

Allows users to paste into input fields

^

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

^

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding. Avoids unload event listeners The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue. Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more about source maps. Show 3rd-party resources (7) URL Map URL Selenium IDE Chrome Extension chromechrome-

extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets

/record.js.map

extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a

Error: Failed fetching source map (null)

ssets/record.js

URL Map URL chromechromeextension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets ssets/polyfills.js /polyfills.js.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) chromeextension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets ssets/playback.js /playback.js.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) chromechromeextension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets ssets/escape.js /escape.js.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) chromechromeextension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets ssets/atoms.js /atoms.js.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) Unattributable chromechromeextension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/sc extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/source reenshot.js maps/screenshot.bundle.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) JSDelivr CDN Cdn ...intro.js@7.2.0/intro.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...intro.js@7.2.0/intro.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

NOT APPLICABLE (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts

SEC

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description.

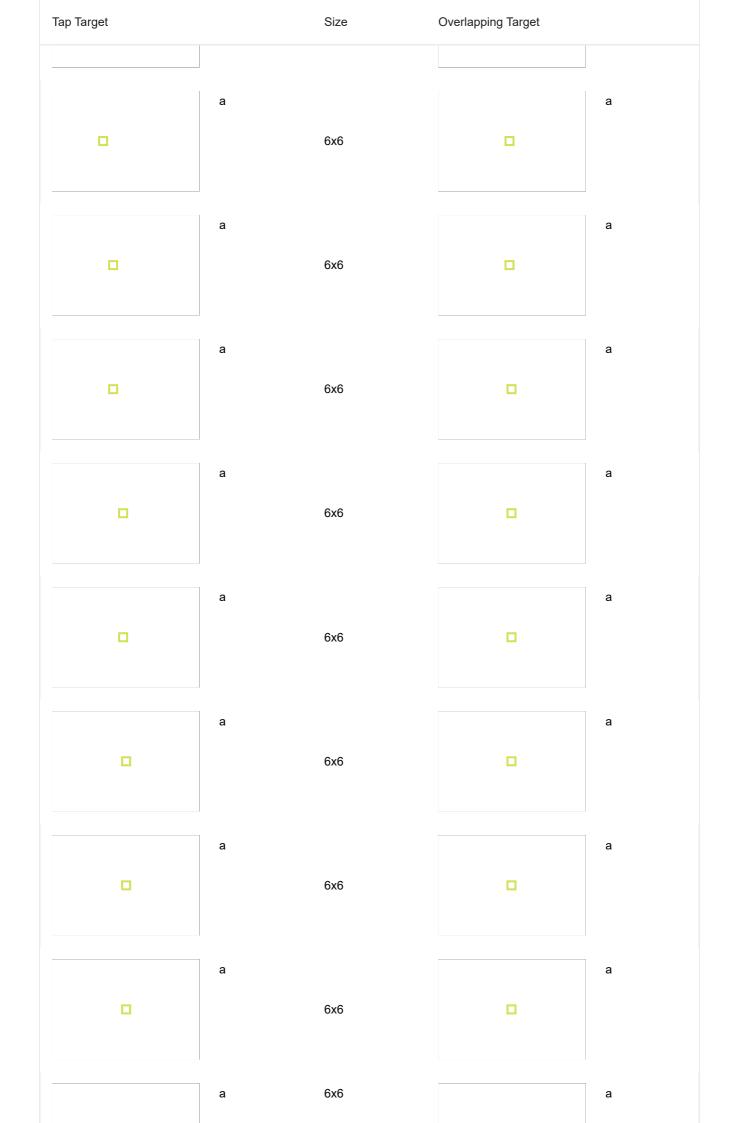
Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

Tap targets are not sized appropriately — 22% appropriately sized tap targets

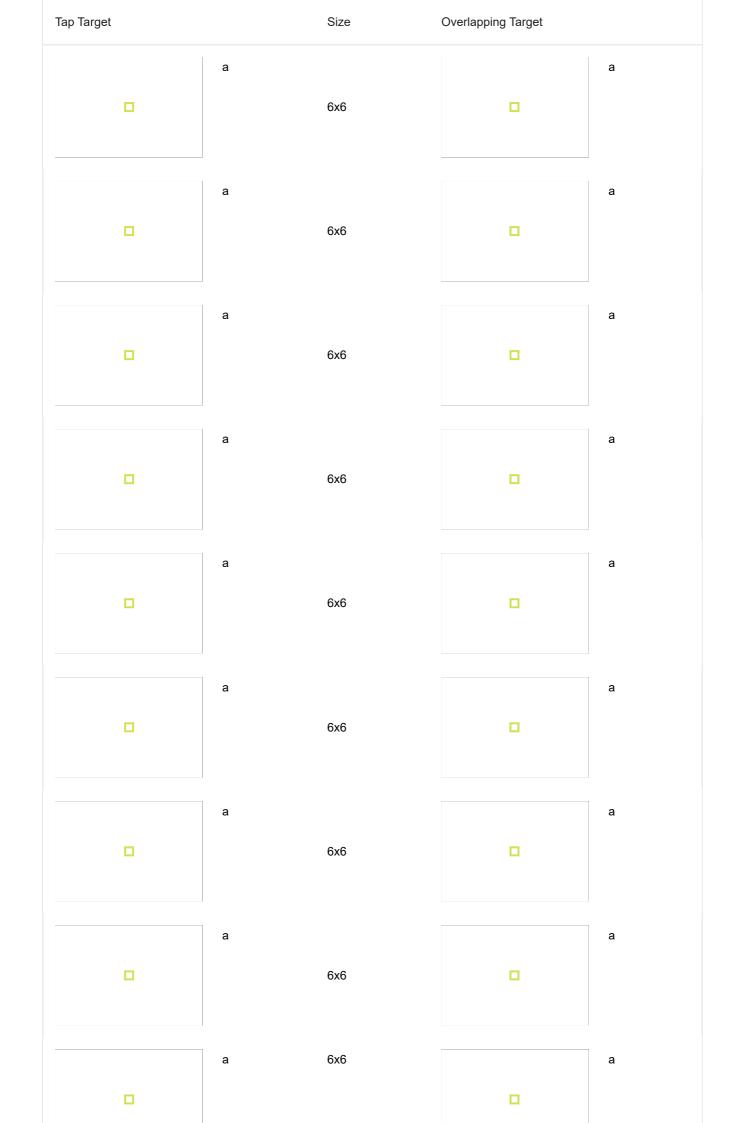
MOBILE FRIENDLY

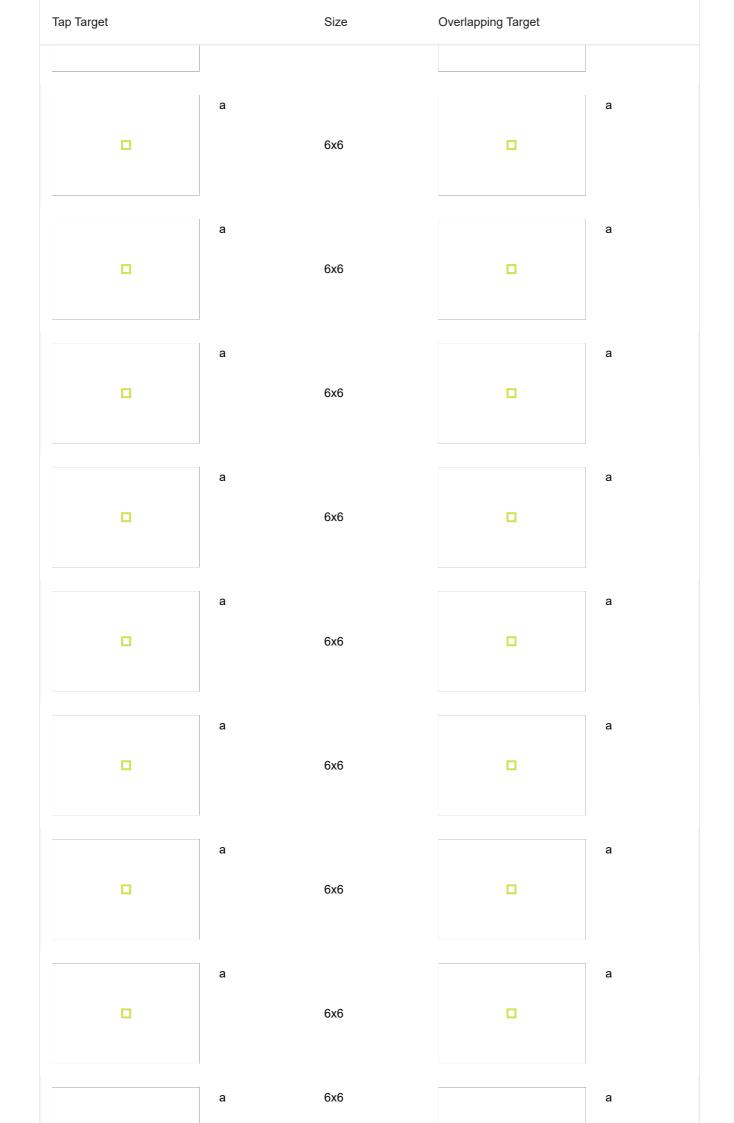
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.

Tap Target		Size	Overlapping Target	
	а	6x6		a.active
	а	6x6		a.active
	а	6x6		a
	а	6x6		а
	а	6x6		а











Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. <u>Learn how to make pages mobile-friendly.</u>

O Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (10) Hide Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. [TBT] Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible. Links are crawlable Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region.

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang</u>. Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

O robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Alongside <u>Chrome's updated Installability Criteria</u>, Lighthouse will be deprecating the PWA category in a future release. Please refer to the <u>updated PWA documentation</u> for future PWA testing.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App</u>.

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

	Failure reason	
	Page has no manifest <link/> URL	
	PWA OPTIMIZED	
	Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.	^
	A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more about splash screens.	
A	Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No ` <meta name="theme-color"/> ` tag found.	^
	The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more about theming the address bar</u> .	
4	Content is not sized correctly for the viewport The viewport size of 418px does not match the window size of 412px.	^
	If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.	
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> delay to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . <u>TBT</u>	<u> </u>
4	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched	^
	A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a devi- Learn about maskable manifest icons.	ce.
ADI	DITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)	Hid
C	Site works cross-browser	^
	To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. <u>Learn about cross-browser compatibility</u>	<u>lity</u> .
C	Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network	^
	Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception performance. <u>Learn more about page transitions</u> .	of
C	Each page has a URL	^
	Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social me Learn more about providing deep links.	edia.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Mar 27, 2024, 11:36 AM GMT

Initial page load

Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 11.5.0 Slow 4G throttling Single page session

Using Chromium 123.0.0.0 with

devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 11.5.0 | File an issue