





















Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO

PWA



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49

49 50–89

90-100



Expand view

METRICS

First Contentful Paint

0.5 s

Total Blocking Time

30 ms

Speed Index

0.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint

2.2 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

View Treemap



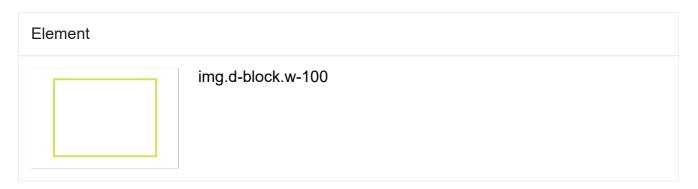
Show audits relevant to: All <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u> <u>TBT</u> <u>CLS</u>

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	i	2,131.6 KiB	2,131.6 KiB
ock.w-100	m gimages/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1) d- bl	2,131.6 KiB	2,131.6 KiB

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 2,230 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	5%	120 ms
Load Delay	4%	90 ms
Load Time	9%	200 ms
Render Delay	82%	1,820 ms

▲ Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 147 KiB

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)		2,131.6 KiB	147.1 KiB
w-100	im g. d- blo ckimages/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)	2,131.6 KiB	147.1 KiB

▲ Enable text compression — Potential savings of 29 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 1st Party	41.2 KiB	29.2 KiB
pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)	23.6 KiB	17.1 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	12.8 KiB	8.8 KiB
js/Main.js (127.0.0.1)	4.7 KiB	3.3 KiB

▲ Properly size images — Potential savings of 31 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)			47.0 KiB	30.7 KiB
	img .car d- img -top	images/OIP%20(2).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.1 KiB	18.4 KiB

URL		Resource Size	Potential Savings
img .car dimages/OIF img -top	.jpg (127.0.0.1)	18.9 KiB	12.3 KiB

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 250 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	34.5 KiB	250 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34.5 KiB	250 ms

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason

Failure type

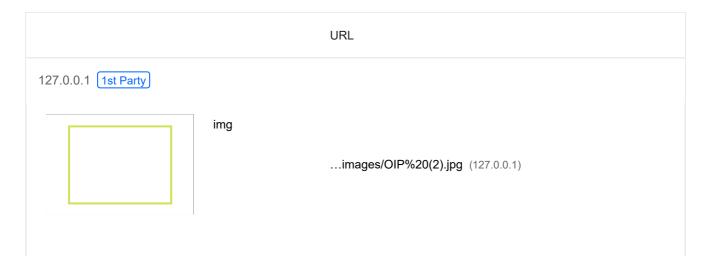
Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.

Pending browser support

...pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>CLS</u>





Minify CSS — Potential savings of 7 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn how to minify CSS</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 1st Party	13.2 KiB	6.8 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	13.2 KiB	6.8 KiB

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 28 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	54.0 KiB	24.9 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/resources/na tive.js</pre>	20.4 KiB	9.7 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://cjpalhdlnbpafiamejdnhcphjbkeiagm/js/contentscript.js</pre>	14.7 KiB	7.8 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/vendor/tinyc olor.js</pre>	11.8 KiB	5.2 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://dmghijelimhndkbmpgbldicpogfkceaj/data/content_script/inject.js</pre>	7.1 KiB	2.3 KiB
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	7.1 KiB	2.8 KiB
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/prompt.js	7.1 KiB	2.8 KiB

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 14 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

URL	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot js</pre>	. 14.0 KiB
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.fill
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.filter
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.find
screenshot.js:1	Array.from
screenshot.js:1	Array.prototype.map
screenshot.js:1	Object.entries
screenshot.js:1	Object.keys
screenshot.js:1	<pre>@babel/plugin-transform- classes</pre>
screenshot.js:1	String.fromCodePoint

Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 10 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	12.8 KiB	10.4 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	12.8 KiB	10.4 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 397 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Unattributable	438.2 KiB	279.6 KiB
chrome-extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js	372.6 KiB	225.7 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build/renderer.js</pre>	37.7 KiB	33.2 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/libs/jquery-3.1.1.min.js</pre>	27.9 KiB	20.6 KiB
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	191.4 KiB	117.9 KiB
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/atoms.js	159.9 KiB	91.4 KiB
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/playback.js	31.5 KiB	26.5 KiB

JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	298 ms	101 ms	46 ms
Unattributable	151 ms	3 ms	0 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js</pre>	146 ms	98 ms	46 ms
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	148 ms	24 ms	17 ms

URL	Total CPU	Script	Script
	Time	Evaluation	Parse
pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)	148 ms	24 ms	17 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.6 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT

Category	Time Spent
Other	195 ms
Script Evaluation	189 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	87 ms
Style & Layout	60 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	20 ms
Rendering	13 ms
Garbage Collection	1 ms

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 3 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Start Time	Duration
Unattributable		238 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/screenshot.js</pre>	413 ms	145 ms
Unattributable	309 ms	93 ms
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension		72 ms
chrome-extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/vendor/global.js	558 ms	72 ms

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
v3	Mark	0.00 ms	

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Time Spent
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	0 ms
pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 2,450 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Transfer Size
127.0.0.1 1st Party	2,244.9 KiB
images/IMG_5400.jpg (127.0.0.1)	2,131.9 KiB
images/OIP%20(2).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.4 KiB
images/OIP%20(1).jpg (127.0.0.1)	28.2 KiB
pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)	24.0 KiB
images/OIP.jpg (127.0.0.1)	19.2 KiB
css/Main.css (127.0.0.1)	13.2 KiB
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	200.3 KiB
fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?2820a38 (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	127.8 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34.5 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	24.7 KiB
font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	13.4 KiB

O Avoids an excessive DOM size — 170 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	,	Value
Total DOM Elements			170
Maximum DOM Depth		path	10
Maximum Child Elements	bo	dy	7

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 5 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 2,125.348 ms

Initial Navigation

- ...pages/Notifications.html (127.0.0.1)
 - ...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 22.24 ms, 34.47 KiB
 - ...css/Main.css (127.0.0.1) 5.656 ms, 13.17 KiB
 - ...font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)
 - ...fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?2820a38... (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 1,948.991 ms, 127.77 KiB
 - ...js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 2,035.199 ms, 24.68 KiB
 - ...js/Main.js (127.0.0.1) 2.956 ms, 5.05 KiB
- O Minimize third-party usage Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	200 KiB	0 ms
fonts/bootstrap-icons.woff2?2820a38 (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	128 KiB	0 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	34 KiB	0 ms
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	25 KiB	0 ms
font/bootstrap-icons.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	13 KiB	0 ms
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	7 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets/prompt.js</pre>	7 KiB	0 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (17)	Hide
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.	
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP LCP	
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn how to avoid page redirects</u> . FCP [LCP]	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using <link rel="preload"/> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Le	<u>earn</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. <u>Learn more about HTTP/2</u> .	
Use video formats for animated content	^

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats (LCP)

	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity.	
	Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
	If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
	Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^
	A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u> .	
	All text remains visible during webfont loads	^
	Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about font-display. FCP [LCP]	
C	Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
	Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. TBT	<u>0</u>
	Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded	^
	Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful pain Learn more about optimal lazy loading. LCP	t.
	Element	
	img.d-block.w-100	
C		^
	img.d-block.w-100	
	Avoid large layout shifts These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout	

AVOIds document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by to of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	ens
Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> (CLS
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecon</u> <u>delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . (TBT)	<u>d</u>



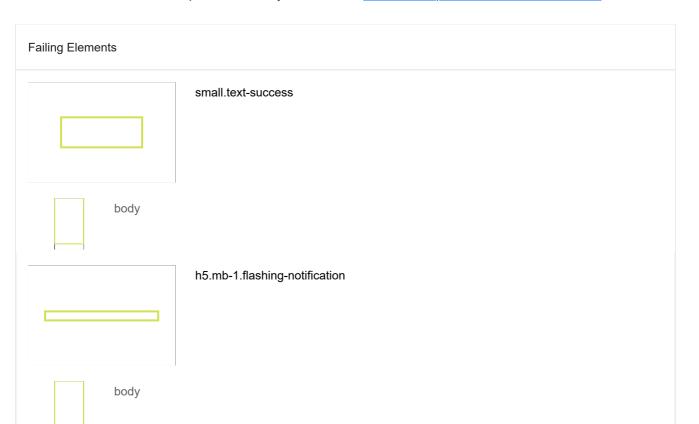
Accessibility

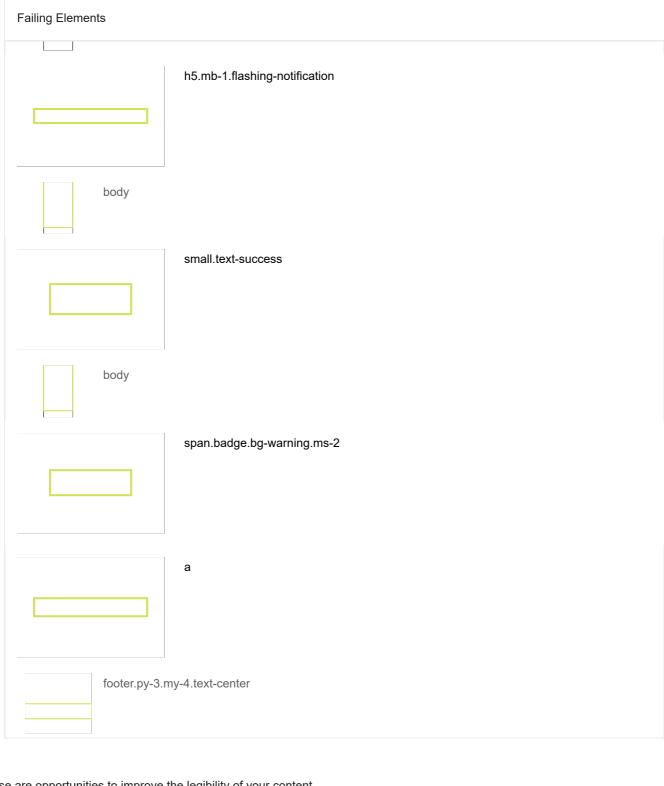
These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

CONTRAST

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.





These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

NAVIGATION

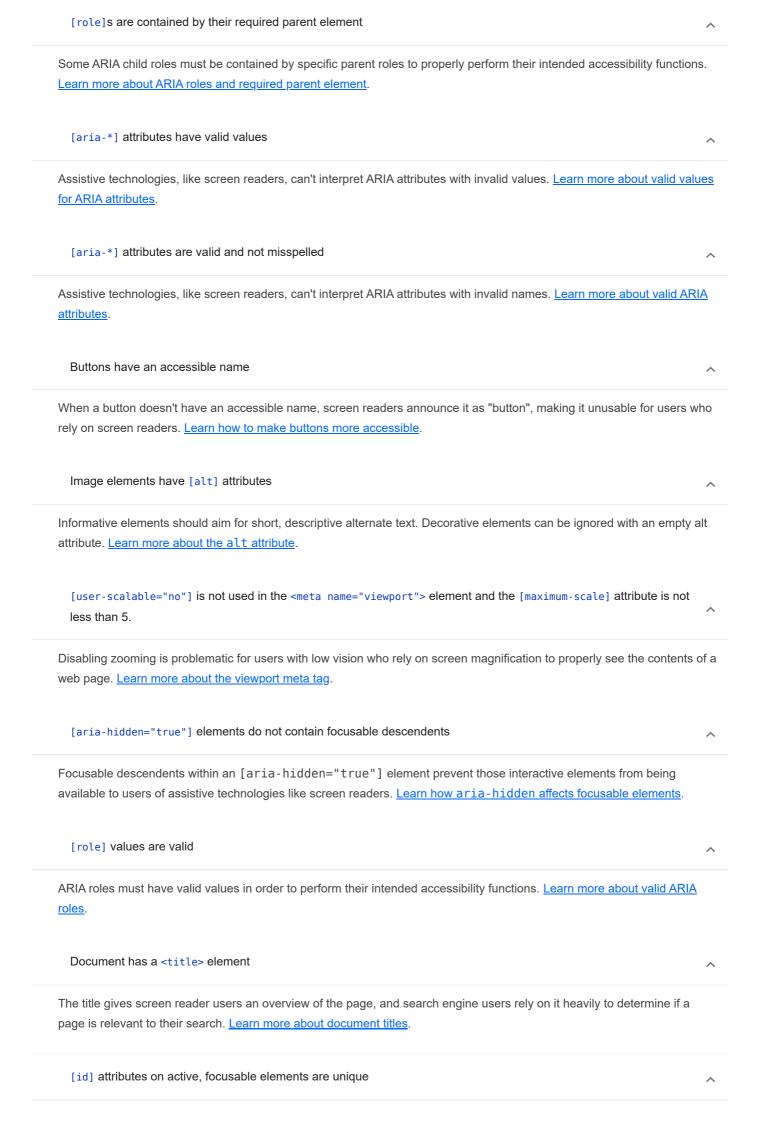
Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.

Failing Elements			
	h5.mb-1		

r alling t	ешено	
	h5.mb-1.flashing-notification	
	h5.card-title	
	h5	
These are oppo	rtunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.	
ADDITIONAL	ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hid
Interacti	ve controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom in focusable.	eractive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls	
Interacti	ve elements indicate their purpose and state	^
	elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive <u>Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints</u> .	
O The pag	e has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing th	rough the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about ordering.</u>	
Visual o	der on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM orde ordering.	matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual</u>	
O User foo	us is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can	tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to avoid focus trap</u>	<u>)S</u> .

O	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	
0	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
0	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
0	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
0	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
The		
revie	se items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessib</u> <u>ew</u> .	<u>oility</u>
<u>revie</u>		Hide
<u>revie</u>	ew.	
<u>revie</u>	SSED AUDITS (21)	Hide
<u>revie</u>	SSED AUDITS (21) [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes.	Hide
<u>revie</u>	Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	Hide
<u>revie</u>	SSED AUDITS (21) [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document</body>	Hide
<u>revie</u>	[aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.</body></body>	Hide
<u>revie</u>	Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles.</body></body>	Hide



All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Links are distinguishable without relying on color. Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles. ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about ARIA roles. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute.

NOT APPLICABLE (36)

O [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u>.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusation for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make command elements more accessible.	ble
Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of the elements. <u>Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible</u> .	se
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	sable
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, no it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements.	naking
 Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents. 	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	sable
 ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names 	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
 ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names 	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	ng it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^

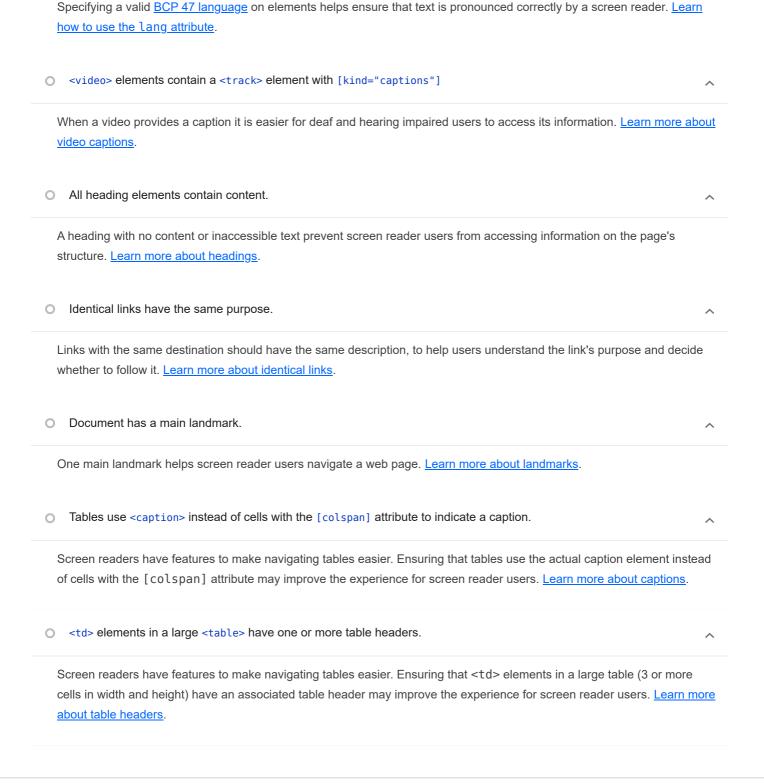
0	<pre><dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</pre></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how</u> <u>structure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td><u>/ to</u></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can proportion announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>erly</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Lear</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td><u>ırn</u></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eit the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.</td><td>ther</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>html element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correct Learn more about the Lang attribute.</td><td>otly.</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Input buttons have discernible text.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the inpubutton. Learn more about input buttons.</td><td>ut</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.</td><td>l</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn mabout proper list structure</u>.</td><td><u>nore</u></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl></pre>	

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass</u>

blocks.

	Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced proper Learn more about proper list structure.</menu>	ly.
C	The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
	Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.	
C	<object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
	Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers conmeaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	vey
C	Select elements have associated label elements.	^
	Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about the select element</u> .	
C	Skip links are focusable.	^
	Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
C	No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
	A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	
C	Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>	^
	The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate tal mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>	ble
C	Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the header attribute.	
C	elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	
C	[lang] attributes have a valid value	^

O List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements





Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

		Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High
SED AUDITS (14)		
Uses HTTPS		
All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the ntruders from tampering with or passively listening in on to prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs	initial request being served over the communications between you	er HTTPS. HTTPS prevents
Avoids deprecated APIs		
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the brow	wser. <u>Learn more about deprec</u> a	ated APIs.
Avoids third-party cookies		
Support for third-party cookies will be removed in a future cookies.	version of Chrome. Learn more	e about phasing out third-party
Allows users to paste into input fields		
Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and about user-friendly input fields.	weakens security by blocking p	password managers. <u>Learn more</u>
Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page I	load	
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request taction instead. Learn more about the geolocation permiss		onsider tying the request to a us
Avoids requesting the notification permission on page lo	pad	
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting.		ntext. Consider tying the request
Displays images with correct aspect ratio		
mage display dimensions should match natural aspect ra	tio. <u>Learn more about image as</u>	spect ratio.
Serves images with appropriate resolution		
mage natural dimensions should be proportional to the di	snlay size and the nivel ratio to	maximize image clarity Learn h

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Map URL
Selenium IDE Chrome Extension	
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a ssets/record.js Error: Failed fetching source map (null)</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets /record.js.map</pre>
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a ssets/polyfills.js</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets /polyfills.js.map</pre>
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a ssets/playback.js</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets /playback.js.map</pre>
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	

URL	Map URL
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a ssets/escape.js</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets /escape.js.map</pre>
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/a ssets/atoms.js</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mooikfkahbdckldjjndioackbalphokd/assets /atoms.js.map</pre>
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
Unattributable	
<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/sc reenshot.js</pre>	<pre>chrome- extension://mmanaflgaempokjfbeeabkadnkoidjam/source maps/screenshot.bundle.map</pre>
Error: Failed fetching source map (null)	
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	
js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	js/bootstrap.bundle.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u>.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING

▲ Links are not crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable

Uncrawlable Link	
	a.text-light
	a.text-light
	a.text-light
	a.text-light

To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Hoo o moto nome "vio mont", tog with width or initial coals	
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . (TBT)	
<u>dolay to door input</u> .	
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more about HTTP status codes</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page isn't blocked from indexing</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn mo</u> <u>about crawler directives</u>.</td><td><u>'e</u></td></tr><tr><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty a attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.</td><td>lt</td></tr><tr><td>Document has a valid hreflang</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>ΓAPPLICABLE (4)</td><td>Hid</td></tr><tr><td>robots.txt is valid</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Hide

PASSED AUDITS (8)

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u> .	e to
Tap targets are sized appropriately	^
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more about tap targets.)
Alongside Chrome's updated Installability Criteria, Lighthouse will be deprecating the PWA category in	
a future release. Please refer to the <u>updated PWA documentation</u> for future PWA testing.	
PVA	
PWA	
These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App.</u>	
INSTALLABLE	
▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason	^

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more about splash screens.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. [TBT] Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more about page transitions</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more about providing deep links</u>.

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Mar 27, 2024, 2:58 PM GMT Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 11.5.0 Custom throttling Single page session

Using Chromium 123.0.0.0 with devtools