



# Tools for Gossip

Bachelor's Project Thesis

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## Abstract:

## 1 Introduction

*Gossip protocols* are protocols that describe the way rumors—or, more generally, secrets—are shared in multi-agent environments. The goal of the protocols is to communicate all secrets to all agents. A lot of research has been done in this field, starting with research on the spread of infectious diseases (Kermack & McKendrick, 1927).

The definition of the gossip problem generally used nowadays was first introduced in 1972 by Hajnal et al.\* In short, agents are represented as nodes in a graph, with the edges representing a “call”—that is, one agent transferring all of their secrets to another agent. When all agents can contact all other agents, Hajnal et al. proved that this can be done in  $2n - 4$  calls, where  $n$  is the number of agents.

The problem as formulated above requires the oversight of a central authority in order to know whether all agents know all secrets. However, there are many applications where this is not feasible or desirable†. Another problem is that it often cannot be guaranteed that all agents can contact all other agents. This has led to the sub-fields of *distributed gossip*, addressing the first issue, and *dynamic gossip*, addressing the second. The combination of these fields, where there is no overseer and not all agents can contact all other agents, is called *distributed dynamic gossip*.

### 1.1 Notation

This notation used in this paper is based off of the notation used in Van Ditmarsch et al. (2018)

## 2 Method

## References

Hajnal, A., Milner, E. C., & Szemerédi, E. (1972). A cure for the telephone disease. *Canadian Mathematical Bulletin*, 15(3), 447–450. <https://doi.org/10/cpr4cv>

Kermack, W. O., & McKendrick, A. G. (1927). A contribution to the mathematical theory of epidemics. *Proceedings of the Royal Society of London*, 115(772), 700–721. <https://doi.org/10.2307/94815>

van Ditmarsch, H., van Eijck, J., Pardo, P., Ramezani, R., & Schwarzenberger, F. (2018). Dynamic gossip. *Bulletin of the Iranian Mathematical Society*, 45(3), 701–728. <https://doi.org/10/cvpm>

\*TODO: Tijdeman (1971) might have been earlier, but I have not been able to find a pdf of that paper. It is referenced in Van Ditmarsch et al. (2018) though.

†TODO: maybe find a citation for this? Or just explain it better

## A Appendix