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Day 1

- What is Data?
- Stalk holders
- Database
- DBMS
- Advantages
- Types of Database



Meaning

What is Data?

Any sort of information that is stored





Data Variety

- Contact details in telephone directory
- Messages & multimedia on WhatsApp
- Emails & attachments on Gmail
- Products & Orders on Amazon
- Location data on Google Maps
- Tweets/Posts on social media



... and many more



Variety

Not only this, web applications store activity of its users in the application.

For example

- Clicks on videos, ads, link, buttons
- IP Addresses





Velocity

Data generated for every minute in 2020

- > 41 million message on Whatsapp
- > 1.3 million voice/video calls
- > 470k people engage with reddit content
 and more...



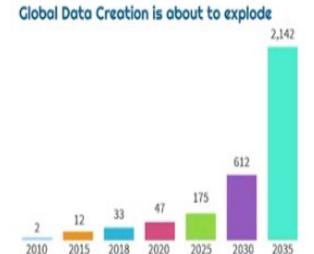


Volume

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Over 2.5 quintillion(10¹⁸) bytes of data is created every day.

It is estimated 175 zettabytes of data will be created by 2025



*Note: 1 zettabyte = 1 billion terabytes



Stakeholders

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Data is used by almost everyone

- Companies
- Application Developers
- AI/ML Engineers
- Data Scientists, etc.





Companies

Companies mine this data,

i.e., turn this data into useful information

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Companies

To build powerful recommendation systems to retain customers for a long-term







Companies





For targeted advertisements







Application Developers

Data is at the heart of the applications

Example

Platforms like Facebook, Twitter, tiktok, instagram etc. are about the posts/content created by the users











Application Developers

To bring vital healthcare and technological information, and entertainment, etc. to people







Application Developers

To bring services to the fingertips of people











Application Developers

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To help digitize nations







Stakeholders AI/ML Engineers

AI/ML Engineers use data to build intelligent softwares





Stakeholders AI/ML Engineers

- Personal Assistants
- ChatBots
- Virtual Health Assistants, etc.









AI/ML Engineers

Autonomous vehicles are trained

with existing images and traffic records





Data Scientists

Data scientists collect data and generate deeper insights helping organizations make data-driven decisions







Used by Everyone

From startups to tech giants





































Using data

To perform any operation on the data, it should be stored in an organized way





Introduction

Database

An Organised Collection of Data





Introduction

Database Management System

A software that is used to easily store and access data from the database in a secure way 205d45





Usage

Every organisation

currently uses **DBMS**

to store and maintain their data





Advantages

Security

Data is stored & maintained securely





Advantages

Ease of Use

Provides simpler ways to

create & update data at the rate

it is generated and updated respectively





Advantages

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Advantages

Durability and Availability

Durable and provides access to all the clients at any point in time



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Advantages

Performance

Quickly accessible

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to all the clients (applications and stakeholders)





Overview

Every interaction with the database happens through the DBMS



Web Application Servers



Al Models

Engines



DBMS

DBMS





Data



Database

...

Recommendation



Database

In day to day life

A database is accessed to process each request on the Web applications

















Companies and open source communities are massively investing in Database Tech



















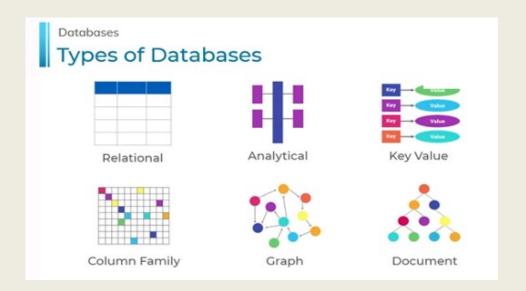






There are different types of databases based on how we organize the data







Types of Databases

Choosing a Database

Choice of database depends on our requirements

Relational Database is the most commonly used database

name	age	score
Virat	32	50
Dhoni	39	35
Sachin	47	35

Types of Database

Relational Database

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In relational databases,

the data is organised in

the form of tables





Relational Database

Table

player

name	age	score	Column Names
Virat	32	50	
Dhoni	39	35	
Sachin	47	35	← Row







Frequently Used Data Types

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Integers



Date



Float



Time



VarChar



DateTime



Text

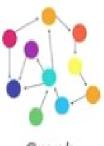


Boolean

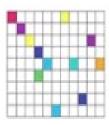


Non-Relational Databases

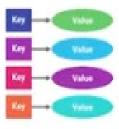
Types of Databases



Graph



Column Family



Key Value



Document

These four types are commonly

referred as non-relational databases











CouchDB



DynamoDB



cassa



Cassandra



Redis

many more









PostgreSQL



MySQL



SQLite



SQL Server



IBM DB2

many more









Thank You