04 - Iteration Control Structures

Ex. No.: 4.1 Date: 12.04.24

# Nth Fibonacci

Write a program to return the nth number in the fibonacci series. The value of N will be passed to the program as input.

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like -

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, . . . and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- · seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

### For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 1     | 0      |
| 4     | 2      |
| 7     | 8      |

## Program:

print(d)

```
a=int(input()) b=0 c=1

if(a==1):    print("0")

elif(a==2):    print("1")

else:    for i in range

(3,a+1):
    d=b+c

b=c    c=d
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 1     | 0        | 0   | ~ |
| ~ | 4     | 2        | 2   | ~ |
| ~ | 7     | 8        | 8   | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.2 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# Factors of a number

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number).

## For example:

| Inpu<br>t | Result           |
|-----------|------------------|
| 20        | 1 2 4 5 10<br>20 |

## **Program:**

```
a=int(input()) for i in
range(1,a+1):
if(a%i==0):
print(i,end=" ")
```

|   | Input | Expected      | Got           |   |
|---|-------|---------------|---------------|---|
| ~ | 20    | 1 2 4 5 10 20 | 1 2 4 5 10 20 | ~ |
| ~ | 5     | 1 5           | 1 5           | ~ |
| ~ | 13    | 1 13          | 1 13          | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.3 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# Product of single digit

Given a positive integer N, check whether it can be represented as a product of single digit numbers.

```
Input Format:
      Single Integer input.
      Output Format:
      Output displays Yes if condition satisfies else prints No.
      Example Input:
      14
      Output:
      Yes
      Example Input:
      13
      Output:
      No
Program:
a=int(input()) c=0 for i in range(1,10):
for j in range(1,10):
if i*j==a:
c=1
if(c==1):
print("Yes")
▼ else:
print("No")
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 14    | Yes      | Yes | ~ |
| ~ | 13    | No       | No  | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.4 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# **Unique Digit Count**

Write a program to find the count of unique digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number  $\geq 1$  and  $\leq 25000$ . For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 2 because there are only 2 unique digits '2' and '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 3 because there are 3 unique digits in this number, '1', '0', and '5'.

#### For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 292   | 2      |
| 1015  | 3      |

### **Program:**

a=input()

b=len(set(a))

print(b)

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 292   | 2        | 2   | ~ |
| ~ | 1015  | 3        | 3   | ~ |
| ~ | 123   | 3        | 3   | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.5 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# Non Repeated Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number >= 1 and <= 25000. Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 nonrepeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 nonrepeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO nonrepeated digits in this number.

#### For example:

| Input | Resul<br>t |
|-------|------------|
| 292   | 1          |
| 1015  | 2          |
| 108   | 3          |
| 22    | 0          |

**Program:** a={}

for i in input: if i in a:a[i]+=1

else:a[i]=1 print(sum([1 for i in a

if a[i]==1]))

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 292   | 1        | 1   | ~ |
| ~ | 1015  | 2        | 2   | ~ |
| ~ | 108   | 3        | 3   | ~ |
| ~ | 22    | 0        | 0   | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.6 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# Next Perfect Square

Given a number N, find the next perfect square greater than N.

Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

Perfect square greater than N.

Example Input:

10

Output:

16

## **Program:**

import math

a=int(input())

b = a + 1

while b > 0:

m=math.sqrt(b)

if(m==int(m)):

print(b)

break else:

b = b + 1

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| / | 10    | 16       | 16  | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.7 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

## Sum of Series

Write a program to find the sum of the series  $1 + 11 + 111 + 1111 + \dots + n$  terms (n will be given as input from the user and sum will be the output)

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

4

Output

1234

Explanation:

as input is 4, have to take 4 terms.

1 + 11 + 111 + 1111

Test Case 2

Input

6

Output

123456

### For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 3     | 123    |

### **Program:**

a=int(input())

t=1 s=0 for i in

range(a)

s+=t

t=t\*10+1

print(s)

|   | Input | Expected | Got    |   |
|---|-------|----------|--------|---|
| ~ | 4     | 1234     | 1234   | ~ |
| ~ | 6     | 123456   | 123456 | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.8 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# **Prime Checking**

Write a program that finds whether the given number N is Prime or not. If the number is prime, the program should return 2 else it must return 1.

Assumption:  $2 \le N \le 5000$ , where N is the given number.

Example 1: if the given number N is 7, the method must return 2

Example 2: if the given number N is 10, the method must return 1 For

example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 7     | 2      |
| 10    | 1      |

## **Program:**

a=int(input()) c=0

for i in range(2,a):

if(a%i == 0):

c=1 if(c==1):

print("1") elif(c==0):

print("2")

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 7     | 2        | 2   | ~ |
| ~ | 10    | 1        | 1   | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.9 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

## Disarium Number

A Number is said to be Disarium number when the sum of its digit raised to the power of their respective positions becomes equal to the number itself. Write a program to print number is Disarium or not.

Input Format:

Single Integer Input from stdin.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

175

Output:

Yes

Explanation 1<sup>1</sup> +

 $7^2 + 5^3 = 175$ 

Example Input:

123

Output:

No

#### For example:

| Inpu<br>t | Resul<br>t |
|-----------|------------|
| 175       | Yes        |
| 123       | No         |

### **Program:**

```
a=input() n=len(a) r=0
for i,d in enumerate(a):
r+=int(d)**(i+1) if
r==int(a):
print("Yes") else:
    print("No")
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 175   | Yes      | Yes | ~ |
| ~ | 123   | No       | No  | ~ |

Ex. No.: 4.10 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231401081 Name: Ramya R

# Perfect Square After adding One

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding 1 to it.

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

### For example:

| Input | Resul<br>t |
|-------|------------|
| 24    | Yes        |

## **Program:**

import math

a=int(input())

b=a+1

```
c=math.sqrt(b)
if(c==int(c)):
print("Yes") else:
```

print("No")

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 24    | Yes      | Yes | ~ |
| ~ | 26    | No       | No  | ~ |