

Products Table

The Products table contains details about products, including their names, categories, and unit prices. It provides reference data for linking product information to sales transactions.

Query:

-- Create Products table

```
CREATE TABLE Products (  
    product_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    product_name VARCHAR(100),  
    category VARCHAR(50),  
    unit_price DECIMAL(10, 2)  
);
```

-- Insert sample data into Products table

```
INSERT INTO Products (product_id, product_name, category, unit_price) VALUES  
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 500.00),  
(102, 'Smartphone', 'Electronics', 300.00),  
(103, 'Headphones', 'Electronics', 30.00),  
(104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00),  
(105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);
```

1. Retrieve all columns from the product table.
2. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table.
3. Filter the Products table to show only products in the 'Electronics' category.
4. Retrieve the product_id and product_name from the Products table for products with a unit_price greater than \$100.
5. Calculate the average unit_price of products in the Products table.
6. Retrieve product_name and unit_price from the Products table with the Highest Unit Price
7. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, ordering the results by unit_price in descending order.
8. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, filtering the unit_price to show only values between \$20 and \$600.
9. Retrieve the product_name and category from the Products table, ordering the results by category in ascending order.

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(104, 'Keyboard', 'Electronics', 20.00),  
(105, 'Mouse', 'Electronics', 15.00);
```

-- 1. Retrieve all columns from the product table

```
SELECT * FROM Products;
```

-- 2. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table

```
SELECT product_name, unit_price FROM Products;
```

-- 3. Filter the Products table to show only products in the 'Electronics' category

```
SELECT * FROM Products  
WHERE category = 'Electronics';
```

-- 4. Retrieve the product_id and product_name from the Products table for products with a unit_price greater than \$100

```
SELECT product_id, product_name FROM Products
```

```
WHERE unit_price > 100;
```

-- 5. Calculate the average unit_price of products in the Products table

```
SELECT AVG(unit_price) AS average_unit_price FROM Products;
```

-- 6. Retrieve product_name and unit_price from the Products table with the Highest Unit Price

```
SELECT product_name, unit_price FROM Products
```

```
WHERE unit_price = (SELECT MAX(unit_price) FROM Products);
```

-- 7. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, ordering the results by unit_price in descending order

```
SELECT product_name, unit_price FROM Products
```

```
ORDER BY unit_price DESC;
```

-- 8. Retrieve the product_name and unit_price from the Products table, filtering the unit_price to show only values between \$20 and \$600

```
SELECT product_name, unit_price FROM Products
```

```
WHERE unit_price BETWEEN 20 AND 600;
```

-- 9. Retrieve the product_name and category from the Products table, ordering the results by category in ascending order

```
SELECT product_name, category FROM Products
```

```
ORDER BY category ASC;
```