## CN 5344

## **Project 2 Wireshark Lab: TCP**

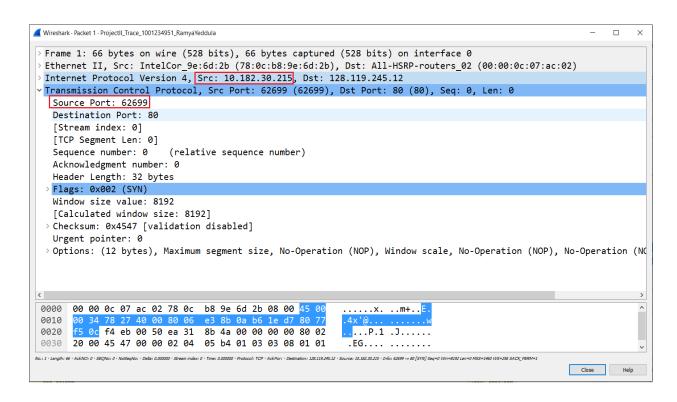
By Ramya Yeddula (1001234951)

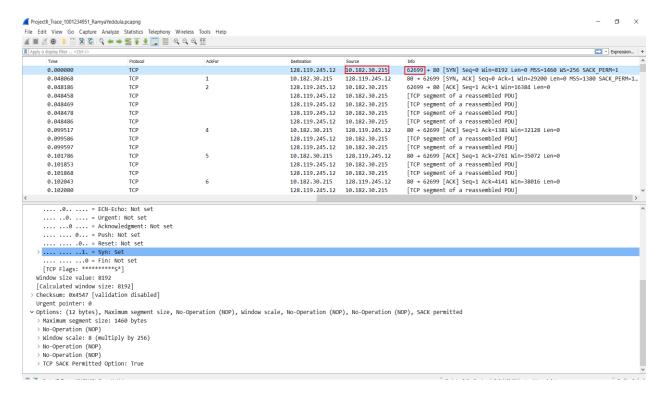
1. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

To answer this question, it's probably easiest to select an HTTP message and explore the details of the TCP packet used to carry this HTTP message, using the "details of the selected packet header window" (refer to Figure 2 in the "Getting Started with Wireshark" Lab if you're uncertain about the Wireshark windows.

The IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer are:

IP address: 10.182.30.215 Port number: 62699





2. What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?

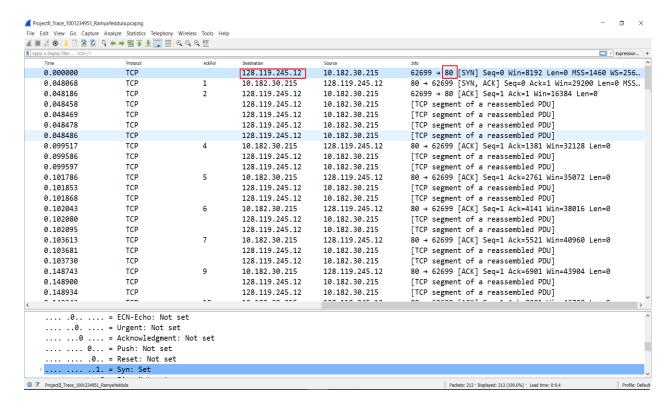
IP address and Port number of gaia.cs.umass.edu are:

IP address: 128.119.245.12

Port number: 80

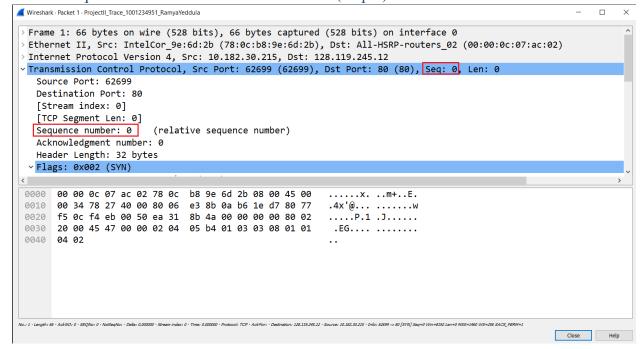
```
■ Wireshark · Packet 1 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula

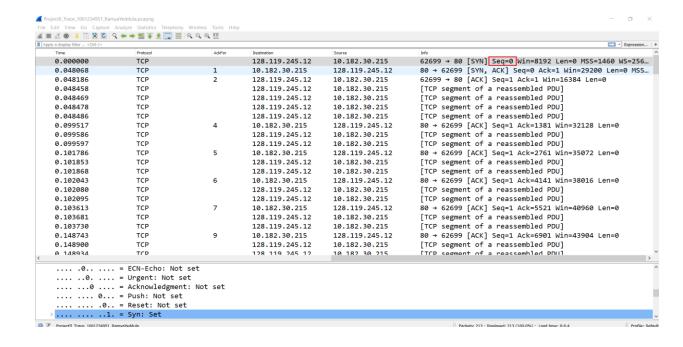
                                                                                                                            Frame 1: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b), Dst: All-HSRP-routers_02 (00:00:0c:07:ac:02)
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.182.30.215, Dst: 128.119.245.12
v Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 62699 (62699), Dst Port: 80 (80), Seq: 0, Len: 0
    Source Port: 62699
   Destination Port: 80
    [Stream index: 0]
    [TCP Segment Len: 0]
    Sequence number: 0
                            (relative sequence number)
   Acknowledgment number: 0
   Header Length: 32 bytes
  Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
     000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
     .... 0 .... = Acknowledgment: Not set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
 0000 00 00 0c 07 ac 02 78 0c b8 9e 6d 2b 08 00 45 00
                                                                  .....x. ..m+..E.
 0010 00 34 78 27 40 00 80 06 e3 8b 0a b6 1e d7 80 77
                                                                 .4x'@....w
       f5 0c f4 eb 00 50 ea 31 8b 4a 00 00 00 00 80 02
                                                                 .....P.1 .J.....
 0030
       20 00 45 47 00 00 02 04 05 b4 01 03 03 08 01 01
                                                                  .EG.... ......
 0040 04 02
io. 1 · Length: 66 · AckNO: 0 · SEQNo: 0 · NatSegNo: · Delta: 0.000000 · Stream index: 0 · Time: 0.00000 · Protocol: TCP · AckFor: · Destination: 128.119.245.12 · Source: 10.182.30.215 · Info: 62699 → 80 (SVN) Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK, PERM=
                                                                                                                  Close Help
```



4. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment

**a.** The Sequence number of the TCP SYN is 0. (Seq=0)





**b.** In the TCP segment, the SYN control bit (Check in flags portion in the figure) is set to 1, hence this identifies the segment as a SYN segment.

```
Wireshark · Packet 1 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula
                                                                                                               Frame 1: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b), Dst: All-HSRP-routers_02 (00:00:0c:07:ac:02)
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.182.30.215, Dst: 128.119.245.12
 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 62699 (62699), Dst Port: 80 (80), Seq: 0, Len: 0
   Source Port: 62699
   Destination Port: 80
   [Stream index: 0]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
   Sequence number: 0
                         (relative sequence number)
   Acknowledgment number: 0
   Header Length: 32 bytes
   Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
     000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
     .... ...0 .... = Acknowledgment: Not set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
     .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
    .... .... ..1. = Syn: Set
     .... .... ...0 = Fin: Not set
     [TCP Flags: ********S*]
   Window size value: 8192
   [Calculated window size: 8192]
  > Checksum: 0x4547 [validation disabled]
   Urgent pointer: 0
```

5. What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu

to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did gaia.cs.umass.edu determine that value? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment?

a. The Sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by the gaia.cs.umass.edu to the client computer (10.182.30.215) in reply to the SYN is 0. (Seq = 0)

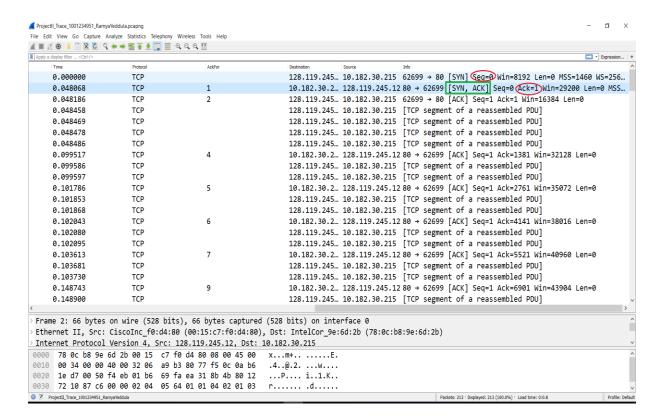
```
✓ Wireshark · Packet 2 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula

 Frame 2: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
 Ethernet II, Src: CiscoInc_f0:d4:80 (00:15:c7:f0:d4:80), Dst: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b)
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 10.182.30.215
 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80 (80), Dst Port: 62699 (62699), Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
   Source Port: 80
   Destination Port: 62699
   [Stream index: 0]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
  Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
   Acknowledgment number: 1 (relative ack number)
   Header Length: 32 bytes
  000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
    .... = Acknowledgment: Set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
     .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
   > .... .... ..1. = Syn: Set
     .... .... 0 = Fin: Not set
    [TCP Flags: ******A**S*]
   Window size value: 29200
   [Calculated window size: 29200]
  > Checksum: 0x87c6 [validation disabled]
   Urgent pointer: 0
  v Ontions: (12 hytes) Maximum segment size No-Oneration (NOP) No-Oneration (NOP) SACK nermitted No-Oneration
```

b. The value of the acknowledgement field in SYNACK segment is 1. (Ack = 1)

```
✓ Wireshark · Packet 2 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula
                                                                                                            П
  Frame 2: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: CiscoInc_f0:d4:80 (00:15:c7:f0:d4:80), Dst: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b)
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 10.182.30.215
 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80 (80), Dst Port: 62699 (62699), Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
   Source Port: 80
   Destination Port: 62699
   [Stream index: 0]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
   Sequence number: 0 (relative sequence number)
   Acknowledgment number: 1 (relative ack number)
   Header Length: 32 bytes
  Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)
     000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
    .... = Acknowledgment: Set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
     .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
   > .... syn: Set
     .... .... 0 = Fin: Not set
    [TCP Flags: ******A**S*]
   Window size value: 29200
   [Calculated window size: 29200]
   Checksum: 0x87c6 [validation disabled]
   Urgent pointer: 0
  v Ontions: (12 hvtes)
                       Maximum segment size No-Operation (NOP) No-Operation (NOP) SACK permitted No-Operation
```

c. The acknowledgement field contains the value of the next sequence number the gaia.cs.umass.edu is expecting to receive, since gaia.cs.umass.edu has already received a SYN segment with sequence number 0 (seq=0) from the client computer (10.182.30.215) and SYNACK segment is a reply to the SYN segment. Hence the acknowledgement field of SYNACK contains the value of the sequence number of the next segment which in this case is ACK segment whose Sequence number is 1. Here SYN segment, SYNACK segment and ACK segment together indicates three-way handshaking. Hence in this case gaia.cs.umass.edu determine that value of the acknowledgement field by adding 1 to the initial sequence number of SYN segment from the client computer (10.182.30.215).



d. In the TCP segment, the SYN control bit and Acknowledgement control bit (Check in flags portion in the figure) are set to 1, hence this identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment.

```
■ Wireshark · Packet 2 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula

                                                                                                               П
  Frame 2: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: CiscoInc_f0:d4:80 (00:15:c7:f0:d4:80), Dst: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b)
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 10.182.30.215
∨Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80 (80), Dst Port: 62699 (62699), Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
   Source Port: 80
   Destination Port: 62699
   [Stream index: 0]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
   Sequence number: 0
                         (relative sequence number)
   Acknowledgment number: 1
                               (relative ack number)
   Header Length: 32 bytes
  Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)
     000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
     .... 1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
     .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
   > .... .... ..1. = Syn: Set
     .... .... ...0 = Fin: Not set
     [TCP Flags: ******A**S*]
   Window size value: 29200
   [Calculated window size: 29200]
  > Checksum: 0x87c6 [validation disabled]
   Urgent pointer: 0
  vOntions: (12 hytes) Maximum segment size No-Oneration (NOP) No-Oneration (NOP) SACK mermitted No-Oneration'
```

6. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command? Note that in order to find the POST command, you'll need to dig into the packet content field at the bottom of the Wireshark window, looking for a segment with a "POST" within its DATA field.

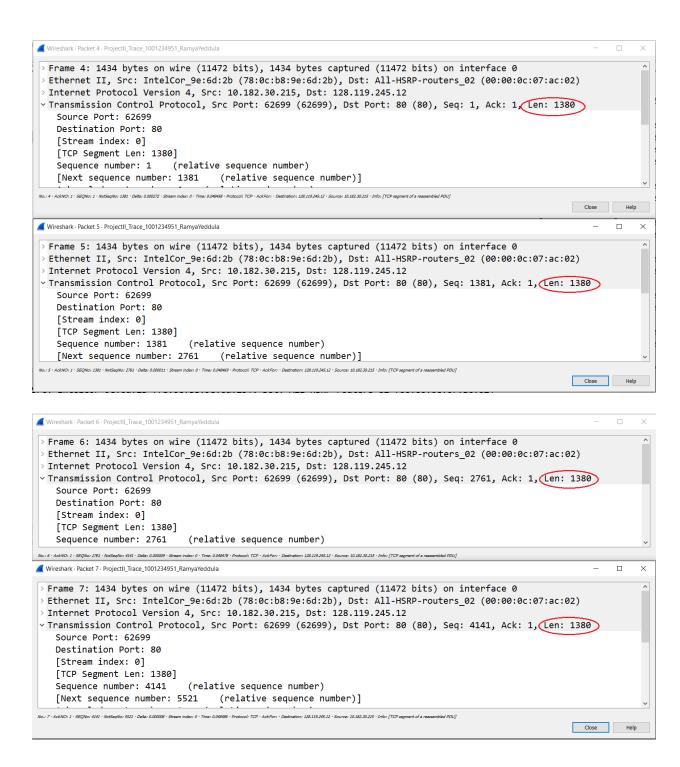
The sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command is 1.

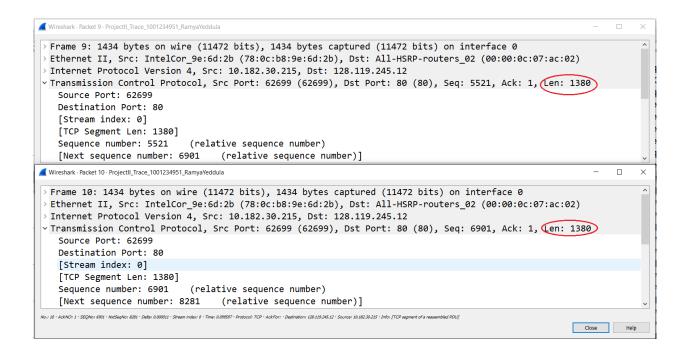
```
(Seq = 1)

✓ Wireshark · Packet 4 · ProjectII_Trace_1001234951_RamyaYeddula

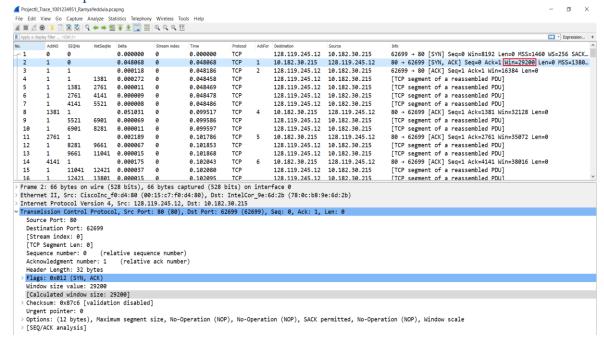
                                                                                                                                Frame 4: 1434 bytes on wire (11472 bits), 1434 bytes captured (11472 bits) on interface 0
   Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_9e:6d:2b (78:0c:b8:9e:6d:2b), Dst: All-HSRP-routers_02 (00:00:0c:07:ac:02)
 > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.182.30.215, Dst: 128.119.245.12
 √ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 62699 (62699), Dst Port: 80 (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 1380
    Source Port: 62699
    Destination Port: 80
    [Stream index: 0]
     [TCP Segment Len: 1380]
   Sequence number: 1 (relative sequence number)
     [Next sequence number: 1381 (relative sequence number)]
    Acknowledgment number: 1 (relative ack number)
    Header Length: 20 bytes
   > Flags: 0x010 (ACK)
    Window size value: 64
     [Calculated window size: 16384]
     [Window size scaling factor: 256]
   > Checksum: 0x9875 [validation disabled]
    Urgent pointer: 0
   > [SEQ/ACK analysis]
    TCP segment data (1380 bytes)
  9999
          05 8c 78 29 40 00 80 06 de 31 0a b6 1e d7 80 77
f5 0c f4 eb 00 50 ea 31 8b 4b 01 b6 69 fb 50 10
00 40 98 75 00 00 50 4f 53 54 20 2f 77 69 72 65
  0010
  0020
  0030
          73 68 61 72 6b 2d 6c 61 62 73 2f 6c 61 62
81 2d 72 65 70 6c 79 2e 68 74 6d 20 48 54
  0040
  0050
                                     73 74 3a 20 67 61 69
73 2e 65 64 75 0d 0a
  0060
         2f 31 2e 31 0d 0a 48 6f
            63 73 2e 75 6d 61 73
                                                                                                                       Close Help
```

8. What is the length of each of the first six TCP segments? Length of each of the first six TCP segments: 1380 bytes





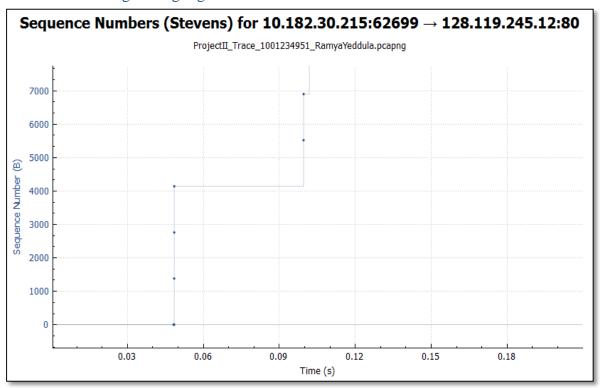
- 9. What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the receiver for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?
  - a. The minimum amount of buffer space advertised at gaia.cs.umass.edu is 29200 bytes. This is shown in the first acknowledgment from gaia.cs.umass.edu.which is SYNACK packet in our case.



b. In this case, the receiver window increase steadily hence the lack of receiver buffer space never throttle the sender.

182	1117 1	0.000437	0	0.309707	TCP	121	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=111781	Win=192000	Len=0
183	1131 1	0.000429	0	0.310136	TCP	122	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=113161	Win=194944	Len=0
184	1145 1	0.000449	0	0.310585	TCP	124	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=114541	Win=197888	Len=0
185	1159 1	0.000001	0	0.310586	TCP	125	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=115921	Win=200704	Len=0
186	1173 1	0.000002	0	0.310588	TCP	128	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=117301	Win=203648	Len=0
187	1186 1	0.000001	0	0.310589	TCP	129	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=118681	Win=206592	Len=0
188	1200 1	0.000387	0	0.310976	TCP	130	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=120061	Win=209536	Len=0
189	1214 1	0.000461	0	0.311437	TCP	131	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=121441	Win=212480	Len=0
190	1228 1	0.000001	0	0.311438	TCP	132	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=122821	Win=215424	Len=0
191	1242 1	0.000001	0	0.311439	TCP	133	10.182.30.215	128.119.245.12	80 → 62699	[ACK] Sec	=1 Ack=124201	Win=218240	Len=0

- 10. Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? What did you check for (in the trace) in order to answer this question?
  - a. There are no retransmitted segments in this trace file between client (10.182.30.215) and destination (128.119.245.12)
  - b. This can be shown using Sequence Graph (Stevens) where all the sequence numbers are increasing with respect to time. If there are any retransmitted segments then in that case the sequence number of the retransmitted segment would be smaller than its neighboring segments.



11. How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment (see Table 3.2 on page 247 in the text).

The amount of data being acknowledged is the difference between the acknowledged sequence numbers between two consecutive Acks.

The Acks between 128.119.245.12:80 to 10.182.30.215:62699 which can be seen below:

Segment Number in Trace	Acknowledged	Acknowledged Data			
	Sequence Number				
8	1381	1380			
11	2761	1380			
14	4141	1380			
17	5521	1380			
20	6901	1380			
23	8281	1380			
26	9661	1380			
29	11041	1380			
32	12421	1380			
35	13801	1380			
36	15181	1380			

According to the trace the amount of data the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK is 1380 bytes.

c. According to the trace, there are some cases where the receiver is acknowledging every other segment. For example ,segment 174 has acknowledged data as 2760 bytes = 1380 \* 2

Segment Number	Acknowledged S	Sequence	Acknowledged Data
	Number		
174	92461		2760
175	95221		2760
176	97981		2760

														-		
170	85561	1	0.000203 0	0.	299492 T	CP 94	4	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=85561	Win=183296
171	86941	1	0.000465 0	0.	299957 T	TCP 96	6	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=86941	Win=183296
172	88321	1	0.000402 0	0.	300359 T	CP 97	7	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=88321	Win=183296
173	89701	1	0.000928 0	0.	301287 T	TCP 98	8	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=89701	Win=183296
174	92461	1	0.000935 0	0.	302222 T	CP 10	<u> </u>	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=92461	Win=183296
175	95221	1	0.001159 0	0.	303381 T	CP 16	94	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=95221	Win=183296
176	97981	1	0.000398 0	0.	303779 T	TCP 16	96	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=97981	Win=183296
177	102121	1	0.002090 0	0.	305869 T	CP 11	10	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=10212	1 Win=183296…
178	104881	1	0.000888 0	0.	306757 T	TCP 11	12	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=10488	1 Win=183296…
179	107641	1	0.001674 0	0.	308431 T	TCP 11	18	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=10764	1 Win=183296…
180	109021	1	0.000422 0	0.	308853 T	TCP 11	19	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=10902	1 Win=186112
181	110401	1	0.000417 0	0.	309270 T	TCP 12	20	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=11040	1 Win=189056
182	111781	1	0.000437 0	0.	309707 T	CP 12	21	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=11178	1 Win=192000…
183	113161	1	0.000429 0	0.	310136 T	CP 12	22	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=11316	1 Win=194944…
184	114541	1	0.000449 0	0.	310585 T	CP 12	24	10.182.30.215	128.11	9.245.12	80 -	62699	[ACK]	Seq=1	Ack=11454	1 Win=197888

12. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection? Explain how you calculated this value

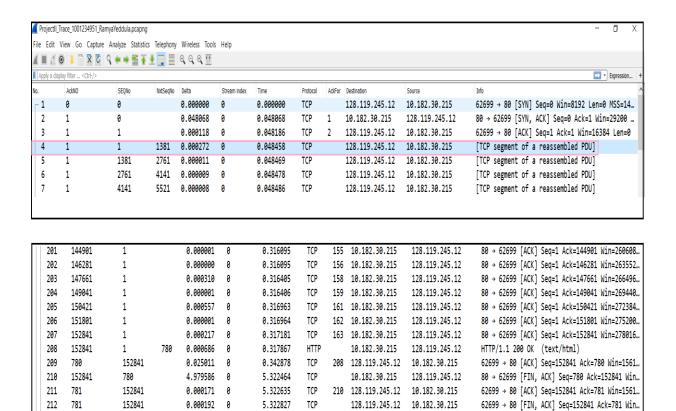
Throughput = Total amount of data transmitted / transmission time

Total amount of data transmitted is obtained by the difference between the sequence number of the first TCP segment and the acknowledged sequence number of the last ACK.

I.e. Total amount of data transmitted =152842-1 => 152841 bytes (check segment: 4 and segment: 213 in the trace)

Transmission time = 5.370484 - 0.048458 = > 5.322026 (check times of segment: 4 and segment: 213 in the trace)

Throughput = 152841 bytes/5.322026 secs => 28.7186 Kbyte/sec



212 10.182.30.215 128.119.245.12 80 → 62699 [ACK] Seq=781 Ack=152842 Win=2780...

7. Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection. What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST)? At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received? Given the difference between when each TCP segment was sent, and when its acknowledgement was received, what is the RTT value for each of the six Segments? What is the EstimatedRTT value (see Section 3.5.3, page 239 in text) after the receipt of each ACK?

5.370484 TCP

0.047657 0

152842

781

Assume that the value of the EstimatedRTT is equal to the measured RTT for the first segment, and then is computed using the EstimatedRTT equation on page 239 for all subsequent segments.

a. The sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST) are:

Segment Number from the trace	Sequence Number
4	1
5	1381
6	2761
7	4141
9	5521
10	6901

b. The following table the time the segment was sent ,the segments was received and the RTT value for each of the six segments:

Segment	Sequence	Sent Time	Ack received	RTT (sec)
Number from	Number		Time	
the trace				
4	1	0.048458	0.099517	0.051059
5	1381	0.048469	0.101786	0.053317
6	2761	0.048478	0.102043	0.053565
7	4141	0.048486	0.103613	0.055127
9	5521	0.099586	0.148743	0.049157
10	6901	0.099597	0.149343	0.049746

EstimatedRTT= 
$$(1-\alpha)$$
\*EstimatedRTT +  $\alpha$ \*SampleRTT

where 
$$\alpha = 0.125$$

1. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 4 is

2. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 5 is

EstimatedRTT = 
$$0.875 * 0.051059 + 0.125 * 0.053317 => 0.0513412$$
 seconds

3. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 6 is

EstimatedRTT = 
$$0.875 * 0.0513412 + 0.125 * 0.053565 => 0.0516192$$
 seconds

4. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 7 is

EstimatedRTT = 
$$0.875 * 0.0516192 + 0.125 * 0.055127 => 0.0520577$$
 seconds

5. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 9 is

EstimatedRTT = 
$$0.875 * 0.0520577 + 0.125 * 0.049157 => 0.0516951$$
 seconds

6. EstimatedRTT after the receipt of Ack of segment 10 is

EstimatedRTT = 
$$0.875 * 0.0516951 + 0.125 * 0.049746 => 0.05145146$$
 seconds

