

①

Ramya Krishnan

A20506653

Part 1 : Result size estimation:

Question 1.1 Estimate Result size

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(q) &= T(\text{Course}) \times \frac{1}{V(\text{Course, Instructor})} \times \frac{\text{Course Min} + 1}{\text{Max} - \text{Min} + 1} \\
 &= 80 \times \frac{1}{50} \times \frac{3 - 1 + 1}{6 - 1 + 1} = \underline{0.8}
 \end{aligned}$$

Question 1.2 Estimate Result size

$$\begin{aligned}
 T(q) &= T(\text{Students}) \times \left[1 - \left[1 - \frac{1}{V(\text{Student, Major})} \right] \right] \\
 &= 30,000 \times \left[1 - \left[1 - \frac{1}{20} \right] \times \left[1 - \frac{1}{32} \right] \right] \\
 &= 30,000 \times \left[1 - \left(\frac{19}{20} \times \frac{23}{32} \right) \right] \\
 &= 30,000 \times 0.3171 \\
 &= 9515.625 \\
 &= \underline{9515}
 \end{aligned}$$

Question 1.3 : Estimate Result size.

$$T(q) = \frac{(5 - 4 + 1) \times T(\text{Course})}{\text{Max}(\text{Course}, \text{Credits}) - \text{Min}(\text{Course}, \text{Credits}) + 1}$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 80}{6 - 1 + 1} = \frac{160}{6} = \underline{\underline{26.66}}$$

Question 1.4 : Estimate Result size

$$q_1 = \sigma_{\text{credit} \geq 20}(\text{Student})$$

$$T(q_1) = \frac{\text{max}(\text{Students}, \text{Credits}) - 20 + 1}{\text{max}(\text{Students}, \text{Credits}) - \text{min}(\text{Students}, \text{Credits}) + 1} \times T(\text{Student})$$

$$= 30000 \times \frac{32 - 20 + 1}{32 - 1 + 1} = \frac{13}{32} \times 30000$$

$$= \underline{\underline{12187.5}}$$

$$T(q) = \frac{T(q_1) \cdot T(\text{registered}) \cdot T(\text{course})}{\text{max}(V(q_1, \text{world}), V(\text{registered}, \text{student})) \cdot \text{max}(V(\text{registered}, \text{course}), V(\text{course}, \text{title}))}$$

$$= \frac{12187 \times 10000 \times 80}{\max(12187, 3000) \times \max(30, 80)}$$

$$= \frac{9749600000}{974960} = \underline{\underline{10000}}$$

Part 2 1/0 Cost Estimations

Question 2.1

$$B(S) = 4000 \text{ blocks}$$

$$S(R) = 1/30$$

$$S(S) = 1/20$$

$$B(R) = 300,000$$

$$M = 101$$

$$T(R) = \frac{B(R)}{S(R)} = 300000 \times \frac{1}{1/30}$$

$$= 9,000,000$$

$$T(S) = \frac{B(S)}{S(S)} = \frac{4000}{1} \times \frac{1}{1/20}$$

$$= 80,000$$

Q.

Tuple-based nested-loop join :-

clustered relations

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Total I/O cost} &= B(R) + T(R) \times B(S) \\
 &= 300000 + [9000000 \times 4000] \\
 &= 300000 + 36000000000 \\
 &= 36,000,300,000
 \end{aligned}$$

Block-nested-loop join :-

S in the outer loop.

$$S = 100 \quad \underline{1} = R$$

$$\text{Read } R = 9000000$$

$$\text{Read chunk} = 100 \times 20$$

$$= 2000 \text{ IO}$$

$$\text{Number of chunks in } S = \frac{B(S)}{m-1} = \frac{4000}{100} = 40$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Total I/O cost} &= 40 [2000 + 9000000] \\
 &= 40 [9002000] \\
 &= 360080000
 \end{aligned}$$

Merge-join :-

if R are not sorted and non-clustered.

R : 3 pass multiway sort as $B(R) \nless m(m-1)$
and R not clustered

$$3 \text{ way Sort Cost} = T(R) + 5 \times B(R)$$

S : 2 pass multiway Sort as $B(S) \leq m(m-1)$

S not clustered

$$\text{To read \& Sort} = T(S) + 3 \times B(S)$$

$$\text{join Cost for both } R \& S = B(R) + B(S)$$

~~join Cost for both R and S~~

Total I/O Cost : Sort Cost + Join Cost

$$= T(R) + 5 \times B(R) + T(S) + 3 \times B(S) +$$

$$B(R) + B(S)$$

$$= T(R) + 6 B(R) + T(S) + 4 B(S)$$

$$~~= 9000000 + 6 \times 300000 + 80000 + 4 \times 4000~~$$

$$= 9000000 + 6 \times 300000 + 80000 + 4 \times 4000$$

$$= 10896000$$

Non-Clustering Index join :-

Relations are clustered

$$I/O = B(S) + T(S) \times \frac{T(R)}{V(R,e)}$$

$$\frac{T(R)}{V(R,e)} = 120$$

$$I/O = 4000 + 80000(120)$$

$$= 9604000$$