

Salfa LITE [Light White Spirit]

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET



Safety Department Review:2.5 September 13, 2006 10-QSR-MDS Page : 1 of 4

1) MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION:

Safra Product Name **Safralite™** Product name Light White Spirit

Mixture of light paraffinic, naphthenic and 15 % aromatic Chemical Symbol

Hydrocarbons max.

UN # 1300 & CAS # 64742-49-0 ID # & CAS # Safra Company in its Yanbu Refinery Manufacturer:

P.O.Box: 30063, Yanbu Al Sinaiyah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Address:

Country of Origin & Production Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

2) PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

a- PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling point range, Deg. 85 - 130 °C Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) 0.70 - 0.75Solubility in Water Negligible Evaporation rate Not defined

(Butyl Acetate = 1)

Appearance & Odor Clear, bright liquid with a mild petroleum odor

Flash Point < 0.0c

b- CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Aromatic Content 15 % aromatic Hydrocarbons max

Sulfur Content < 1 ppm Benzene Content < 0.01% Wt.

Light White Spirit oil is high in paraffinics and very low in aromatics. The low benzene level reduces the

carcinogenic risk.

3) COMPOSITION DATA:

Ingredients Mixture of light paraffinic, naphthenic and 15 % aromatic

Hydrocarbons max..

4) HEALTH HAZARDS:

TLV 100 ppm Max.

Effect of single over exposure Low order of toxicity, very small amounts aspirated into lung Swallowing

during ingestion or vomiting, may cause severe lung congestion

resulting in labored breathing.

Skin Absorption None currently known.

Inhalation Irritating to the respiratory tract. In high concentration may cause

central nervous system effects leading to drowsiness, dizziness

and marcosis.

Skin Contact Frequent or prolonged may irritate and cause dermatitis.

Irritation but does not injure eye tissue. Eye Contact

No evidence of adverse effects from available information. Effect of repeated over exposure

MSDS SAFRALITE UN # 1300



Safety Department Review: 2.5 September 13, 2006 10-QSR-MDS Page: 2 of 4

5) FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

Special Fire Fighting Use self contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Avoid spreading, burning liquid with water which should be used

for cooling containers as water spray.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard Moderately explosive when exposed to flame or chemically

reacted. Vapor form this product, may travel or be moved by air currents and be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharges or other ignition

sources at locations distant from handling point.

Small Fire Dry chemical powder, CO2 & water supply.

Large Fire Water spray, fog or foam. Move containers or drums from fire area

if you can do it without risk. Cool containers that are exposed to

flames with water from the sides until / and after fire is out.

Special Fire Fighting Do not spray water directly into storage containers due to danger

of boil over.

6) EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID MEASURES UPON EXPOPSURE TO THE MATERIAL:

Swallowing Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient at rest. Seek immediate

medical attention.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air, call emergency medical care. If not

breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult give

oxygen.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected area with soap

and water. Seek Medical advise.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes.

Get medical care without delay.

7) STABILITY & REACTIVITY DATA:

Stability Stable

Hazardous Combustion or Burning may produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

Decomposition products When heated it emits irritating fumes, can react vigorously with

oxidizing materials.

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur.

Condition to avoid Heat, Sparks, build up of static charge.

8) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE/SPILL/LEAK MEASURES:

Steps to be taken if the material is released or spilled:

- 1. Notify safety personnel of leaks or spills.
- 2. Eliminate all sources of ignition until area is determined to be free from explosion hazard.
- 3. Provide adequate ventilation & instruct personnel to use protection against liquid contact and vapor or mist inhalation.
- 4. Contain spill by diking
- 5. Small spills could be washed away to the API separator or may be contained by using absorbents. Large spill after diking should be recovered by pumping (Use explosion proof pump).
- 6. Stop leak if you can without risk.
- 7. Use water spray to reduce vapors.

MSDS SAFRALITE UN # 1300



Safety Department Review:2.5 September 13, 2006 10-QSR-MDS Page : 3 of 4

9) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION:

Incinerate in a special furnace or if the quantity is small expose for Disposal Method

weathering, abide to local regulations. Other disposal method is

burial in approved land fill.

10) EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT FOR DEALING WITH THE MATERIAL:

Respiratory Protection Use gas mask for respiratory protection.

Ventilation Provide adequate ventilation where operating conditions may

create excessive vapors or mists. This product should be confined within closed containers in which case general (mechanical) ventilation should be sufficient. Use explosion proof equipments. Special local ventilation is recommended at points where vapors

can be expected to escape to the work place air.

Hand/body protection PVC or neoprene gloves/Impermeable apron

Chemical splash goggles. An eye wash fountain and washing **Eye Protection**

facilities to be readily available near handling areas.

11) HANDLING & STORAGE:

Use non sparking tools and explosion proof electrical equipments; Handling

> Prevent static electric spark by grounding transfer equipment; Avoid breathing vapors; Use with adequate ventilation; Don't get in eyes or skin or clothing, wash thoroughly after handling; Call safety for any

problem.

Storage Store in closed containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated area

away from source of open flame, heat, strong oxidizing agents

and ignitions; Label all containers and sample bottles.

12) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Carcinogenicity It has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Skin Absorption None currently known.

13) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Not established

14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION:

Package Type Packed in 200 liters drums every 4 drums on a pallet transported

by road trailer trucks. Also transported by road tankers.

Hazard Class / Division 3

ID # & CAS # UN 1300 & CAS # 64742-49-0 Label & Placard Flammable Liquid & Flammable

MSDS SAFRALITE UN # 1300



Safety Department

Review:2.5

September 13, 2006

10-QSR-MDS

Page : 4 of 4

15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection Not required for regular handling in open area.

Ventilation This product should be confined within closed containers in which

case general (mechanical) ventilation should be sufficient. Special local ventilation is recommended at points where vapors can be

expected to escape to the work place air.

Hand/body protection PVC or neoprene gloves/Impermeable apron

Eye Protection Eye bath and safety shower. Safety glasses with side shield.

Chemical splash goggles.

Type of Application Used as raw material in paints industry.

Respiratory Protection Not required for regular handling in open area.

MSDS SAFRALITE UN # 1300