# Introduction: the Web

### **Course Details**

- Course Name: Web Engineering
- Course Lecturers: Dr. Nour Eldeen Mahmoud.
- Google Enroll Code: qiytui7

### **Course Details**

- Grades Distribution for Year Work.
  - 20 => Mid-term exam.
  - 15 => Lab.
  - 5 => Presentation.

### **Presentation**

#### You are required to prepare

- 1) a PowerPoint presentation maximum 20 slider (10 minutes)
- 2) a live coding example simple demo (10 minutes) no screénshots

Maximum number from 4-5, not less than 4 and not more than 5

Topics to be covered

Express.js, Node.js, Templating engines (e.g., EJS or Pug)

Password hashing and JWT (JSON Web Tokens)

Understanding and using Content Delivery Networks (CDNs)

Progressive Web Apps

Basic web security threats: XSS, CSRF, SQL injection

React, Vue, Angular

Serverless architecture

WebAssembly

Jest, Mocha - testing

Load balancing and database replication

### **Presentation**

Caching strategies

State management solutions like Redux

CMS - WordPress, Joomla

Regular coding practice: LeetCode, CodeWars, freeCodeCamp

Debugging JavaScript: breakpoints, watchers, and call stacks

Tools to measure web performance: Google Lighthouse, WebPageTest

Basic performance optimization strategies: minification, compression, lazy loading

Microservices Architecture

GraphQL

WebSockets and real-time communication (Socket.io)

OAuth2 and OpenID Connect

DevOps and CI/CD Pipelines (Jenkins, CircleCI, GitHub Actions)

API Rate Limiting and Throttling

Containerization with Docker and Docker Compose

NoSQL Databases (MongoDB)

Graph Databases (Neo4j)

Headless CMS (Strapi, Contentful)

Service Workers and Advanced Caching

Message Queues (RabbitMQ, Kafka)

Web Accessibility (WCAG)

Multi-threading in JavaScript (Web Workers)

## Learning

I hear and I forget.

I see and I remember

I do and I understand. {this course is about doing}

### **Confucius**

Chinese philosopher & reformer (551 BC - 479 BC)

## **Agenda**

- World Wide Web (Web 1.0)
- Social Web (Web 2.0)
- Semantic Web (Web 3.0)
- Web Science

### **World Wide Web**



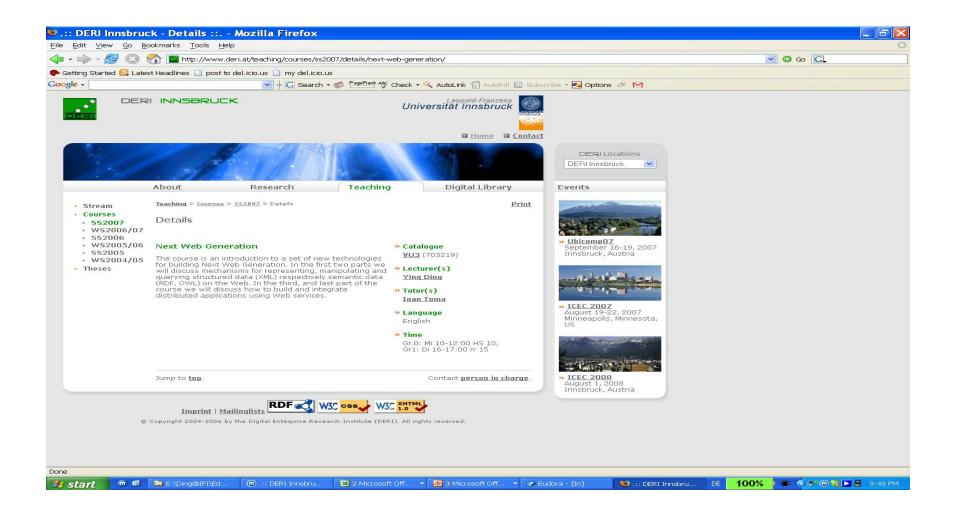
 The World Wide Web ("WWW" or simply the "Web") is a system of interlinked, hypertext documents that runs over the Internet. With a Web browser, a user views Web pages that may contain text, images, and other multimedia and navigates between them using hyperlinks.

 The Web was created around 1990 by Tim Berners-Lee and Robert Cailliau working at CERN in Geneva, Switzerland.

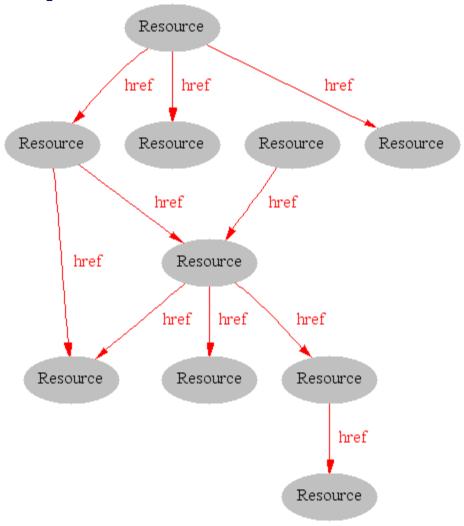
### **WWW: Basic Ideas**

- Hypertext/hyperlink:
- Resource Identifiers
  - unique identifiers used to locate a particular resource (computer file, document or other resource) on the network
  - URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)/URL (Uniform Resource Locator): http or ftp
    - http://somehost/absolute/URI/with/absolute/path/to/resourc e.txt
    - ftp://somehost/resource.txt
- Markup language:
  - characters or codes embedded in text which indicate structure, semantic meaning, or advice on presentation

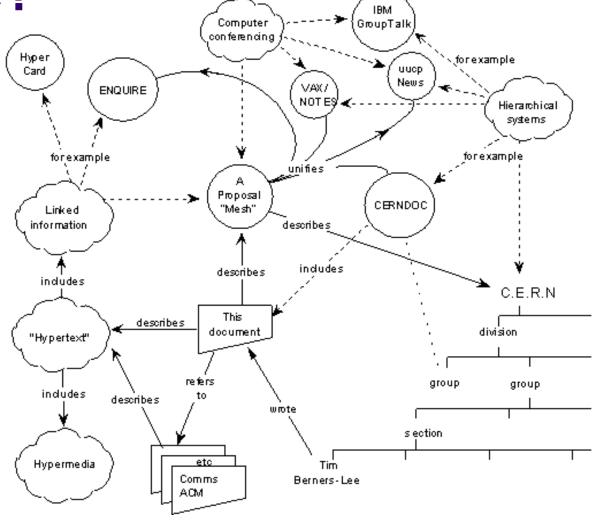
### **WWW – Web 1.0**



# The current (syntactic / structural) Web



# Was the Web meant to be more?



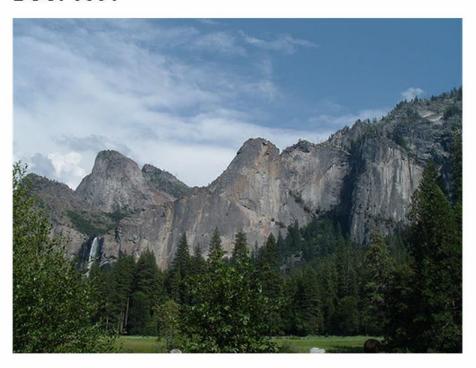
### **Overview**

- World Wide Web (Web 1.0)
- Social Web (Web 2.0)
- Semantic Web (Web 3.0)
- Web Science

### Social Web – Web 2.0

- The term Web 2.0 was made popular by Tim O'Reilly:
  - http://www.oreillynet.com/pub/a/oreilly/tim/news/2005/09/30/what
     -is-web-20.html
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web\_2.0
  - "Web 2.0 ... has ... come to refer to what some people describe as a second phase of architecture and application development for the World Wide Web."
- The Web where "ordinary" users can meet, collaborate, and share using social software applications on the Web (tagged content, social bookmarking, AJAX, etc.)
- Popular examples include:
  - Bebo, del.icio.us, digg, Flickr, Google Maps, Skype, Technorati, orkut, 43 Things, Wikipedia...

#### **DSCF0831**



#### Comments



#### mtnjohn proiys:

#### Great capture.

Posted 18 months ago. ( permalink )



#### Cloudie proiys:

#### Thanks!

Posted 18 months ago. ( permalink )

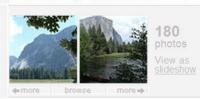


#### Campin' Guy protys:

Nice shot! I see a lot of Yosemite picture and I can honestly say, "THIS is a nice

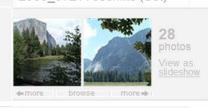


#### Cloudie's photostream



#### This photo also belongs to:

2005\_0721Yosemite (Set)



yosemite (Pool)

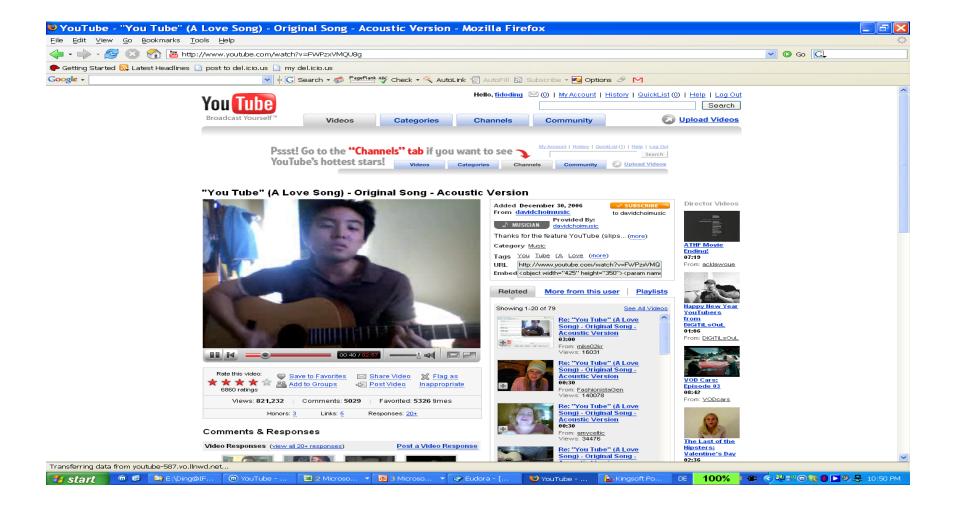
#### Tags

yosemite

#### Additional Information

- © All rights reserved
- o Taken with a Fujifilm FinePix A210. More properties
- o Taken on July 21, 2005
- Viewed 228 times
- This photo is public

### YouTube



# Features / principles of Web 2.0

http://www.oreillynet.com/pub/a/oreilly/tim/news/200 5/09/30/what-is-web-20.html Cheaper

**WEB** 

- 1. The Web as platform
- Data is the next "Intel Inside"
- 3. End of the software release cycle
- 4. Lightweight programming models
- 5. Software above the level of a single device
- 6. Rich user experiences

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### Semantic Web – Web 3.0

- Tim Berners-Lee has a vision of a Semantic Web which
  - has machine-understandable semantics of information, and
  - millions of small specialized reasoning services that provide support in automated task achievement based on the accessible information

### What is the Semantic Web?

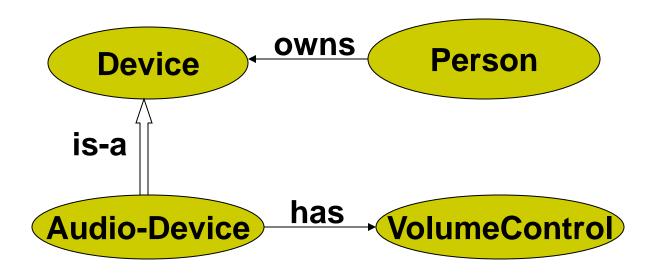
- "An extension of the current Web in which information is given well-defined meaning, better enabling computers and people to work in cooperation."
  - Sir Tim Berners-Lee et al., Scientific American, 2001: tinyurl.com/i59p
- "...allowing the Web to reach its full potential..." with far-reaching consequences
- "The next generation of the Web"

## **Ontology**

- The semantic Web is essentially based on ontologies
  - ontologies are formal and consensual specifications of conceptualizations...
     (e.g. by OO Models, or Entity Relationship model)
  - providing a shared and common understanding of a domain that can be communicated across people and application systems

(not application specific, but consensual for a domain)

# A very simple Ontology

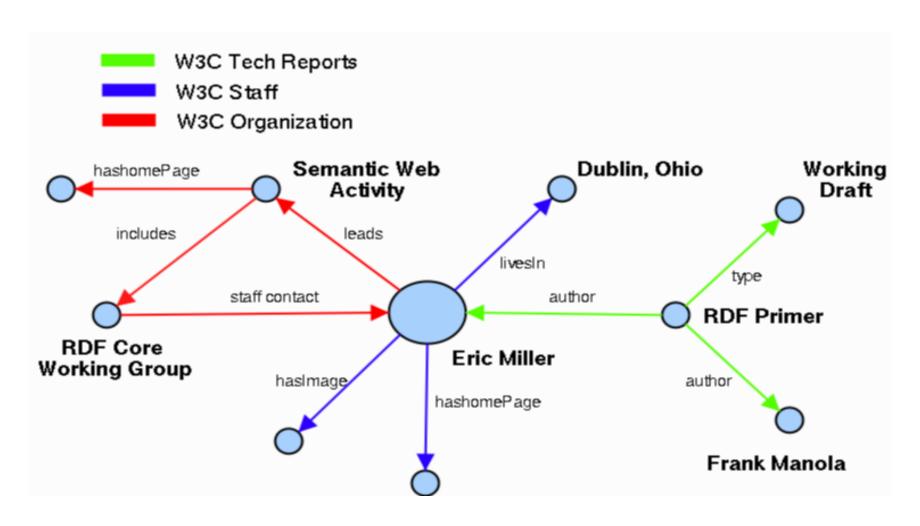


Ontologies describe *concepts* and their *Relations*.

### What is Semantic Web for?

- Integrating trying to solve the problem of data and service integration
- Searching Providing better communication between human and computers by adding machine-processable semantics to data.

# **Semantic Searching**



## **Semantic Searching**

#### Text Search Results



Semantic Search Augmentation



#### Related Activities: WSC Semantic Web Activity

Related Recommendations: Regrated Description Framework (RDF) Model and Syntax Specification, 22 February 1999 - Ralph Swide, Ora Lemita

#### Related W3C Working Brafts: <u>BDF Model Theory</u>, 14 February 2002 Fathish Hayes <u>BDF Pilmer</u>, 19 March 2002 - Frank

Macota , Eric Miller RDF Test Care, 15 November 2001 , 41 Bastone, Dave Baskett Semantic Interpretation for Except Bassgotton, 16 November 2001 , Luc Van

#### Related Mailing Lists:

sear-off-rules. Sep 2001 to April 2002 ( 197 mags)

#### Information from AlMusic

Top Albums:
Seed of the Tango
Appalachia Walfz
Simply Baroque
Transcriptions
Portiant of Yo Yo Ma
Biography:
Yo Yo Ma was the celle's forement
contemporary proponent, while primarily a
classical performer, he also made a
number of highly successful srossower
recordings. Born October 7, 1935 to
Chinese parents living in Paris, he began
plasing.

#### Shop@AOL

. See full bio.

800. Com Music - Seul Df The Tango - ... Appalachia Waltz / Yo-Yo Ma Edgar ... Yo-Yo Ma Made In America; \$11.97 800. Com Music - Brahms Sonatas For ... Grappelli Stephane/Yo Yo Ma: Anvthi ... Mere Shapoing@AOI.

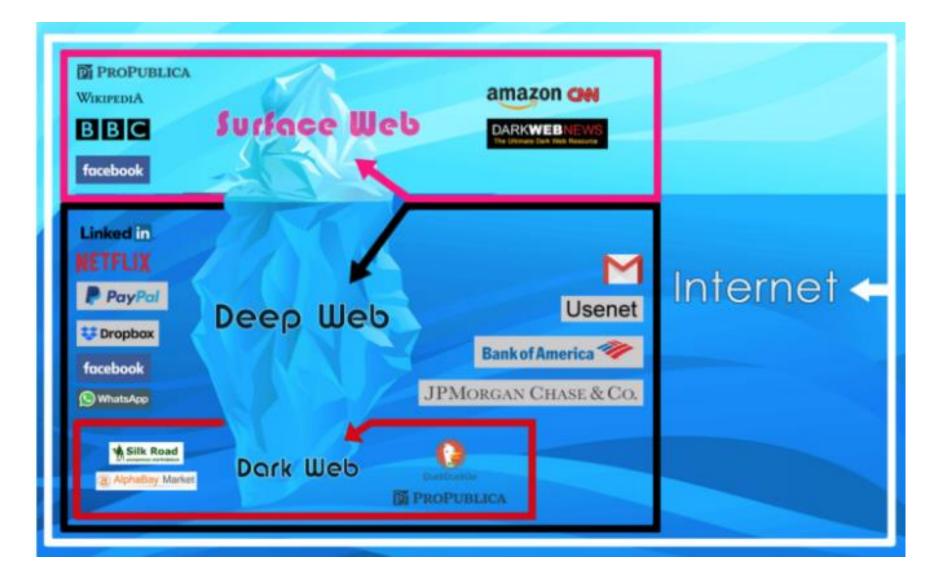
Concert tickets from TicketMaster
Silk Road Project With Ye Yo Ma-Celle
On 5/12/02 at Seattle, WA
Silk Road Project With Yo Yo Ma-Celle
On 5/13/02 at Seattle, WA
Seattle Symphony Silk Road Project
On 5/14/02 at Seattle, WA
Silk Road Project With Yo Yo Ma-Celle
On 5/15/02 at Seattle, WA
Seattle Symphony Silk Road Project
On 5/15/02 at Seattle, WA
More TicketMaster concerts

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# The World Wide Web as a social Phenomenon

- On the order of 10<sup>8</sup> users
  - Used in every country on Earth
    - On every continent (incl. Antarctica), Mars link is in transit!
  - A tiny percentage is "trained" in any way
- On the order of 10<sup>10</sup> indexed web resources (text) in Google etc
  - 500x bigger when including the "hidden Web"
- Massively distributed and open
  - Anyone can play -- To someone on the Web, you're the nut
- A set of protocols and languages driven by a strong standards approach
  - Implementation and platform independence crucial
  - World Wide Web Consortium the most prominent



### From Web 1.0 to Web 3.0

### Web 1.0 / 2.0 / 3.0 Summary

Crawl	Walk	Run
Web 1.0	Web 2.0	Web 3.0
Mostly Read-Only	Wildly Read-Write	Portable & Personal
Company Focus	Community Focus	Individual Focus
Home Pages	Blogs / Wikis	Lifestreams / Waves
Owning Content	Sharing Content	Consolidating Content
Web Forms	Web Applications	Smart Applications
Directories	Tagging	User Behavior
Page Views	Cost Per Click	User Engagement
Banner Advertising	Interactive Advertising	Behavioral Advertising
Britannica Online	Wikipedia	The Semantic Web
HTML/ Portals	XML/RSS	RDF / RDFS / OWL

### Some videos to share

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6gmP4nk0
 EOE