



Department of Computer Science

Subject:

OPERATING SYSTEM

Submitted by:

ABDUL REHMAN SUDAIS

Reg number:

23-NTU-CS-1123

Lab :

3 HOMETASK

Semester:

5TH

Operating Systems – COC 3071L

SE 5th A – Fall 2025

Part 1: File and Directory Operations

1. Create the following directory structure in your home directory:

```
Lab_3/
├── docs/
│   └── drafts/
├── data/
│   ├── raw/
│   └── processed/
└── scripts/
```

2. Inside docs/ :

- Create three files: intro.txt , notes.txt , summary.txt .
- Add at least **two lines of text** into each using echo >> .
- Copy summary.txt into the drafts/ folder using cp command.

3. Inside data/raw/ :

- Create two files: raw1.txt , raw2.txt .
- Append the **current date** into raw1.txt using the date command.
- Move raw2.txt into processed/ using mv . The syntax is:

```
mv source destination
```

4. Inside scripts/ :

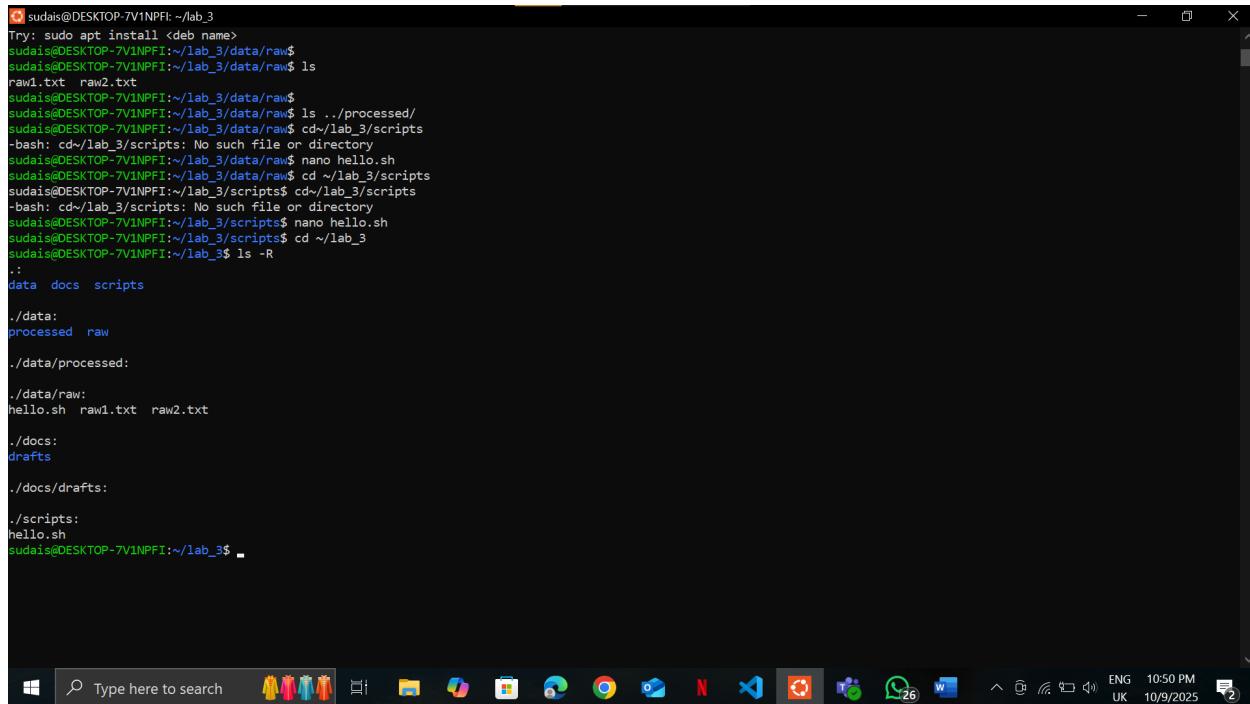
- Create a script named hello.sh with the following content:

```
echo "Hello World"
pwd
ls -lh
```

- Later, you will make it executable (in Part 3).

5. Display the directory structure recursively and take a screenshot:

```
ls -R
```



```
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3
Try: sudo apt install <deb name>
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ 
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ ls
raw1.txt raw2.txt
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ 
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ ls .. /processed/
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ cd ~/lab_3/scripts
-bash: cd ~/lab_3/scripts: No such file or directory
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ nano hello.sh
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/data/raw$ cd ~/lab_3/scripts
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/scripts$ nano hello.sh
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3/scripts$ cd ~/lab_3
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3$ ls -R
.:
data docs scripts

./data:
processed raw

./data/processed:

./data/raw:
hello.sh raw1.txt raw2.txt

./docs:
drafts

./docs/drafts:

./scripts:
hello.sh
suda1s@DESKTOP-7V1NPF1:~/lab_3$
```

Part 2: Practice with Basic Linux Commands

Run the following commands inside `Lab_3/` and note their outputs:

- `pwd` → Show current working directory.
- `whoami` → Display the current logged-in user.
- `touch extra.txt` → Create an empty file.
- `cat intro.txt` → Display file contents.
- `rm extra.txt` → Delete a file.
- `history | tail -n 5` → Show your last 5 executed commands.
- `clear` → Clear the terminal.

Take screenshots of commands and outputs.

```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ pwd  
/home/sudais/lab_3  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ whoami  
sudais  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ touch extra.txt  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ cat intro.txt  
cat: intro.txt: No such file or directory  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ rm extra.txt  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$ history | tail -n 5  
285 whoami  
286 touch extra.txt  
287 cat intro.txt  
288 rm extra.txt  
289 history | tail -n 5  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3$
```

Part 3: File Permissions and Ownership

1. Change the permissions of `hello.sh` so that:
 - Owner → Read, Write & Execute
 - Group → Read, Write & Execute
 - Others → No permissions
 - Run the script using:

```
./hello.sh
```

Take a screenshot of its output.

2. Change the permissions of `intro.txt` using **numeric notation** so that:
 - Owner → Read & Write
 - Group → Read & Write
 - Others → Read only
3. Change the permissions of `notes.txt` using **symbolic notation** so that others don't have any permission on it.
4. Verify all changes with:

```
ls -l
```

Take a screenshot of the output.

```
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ cd ~/lab_3/scripts
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ chmod 770 hello.sh
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ ./hello.sh
./hello.sh: line 1: echoHello World: command not found
/home/sudais/lab_3/scripts
total 4.0K
-rwxrwx--- 1 sudais sudais 30 Oct  9 22:49 hello.sh
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ cd ~/lab_3/docs
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ chmod 664 intro.txt
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ chmod o-rwx notes.txt
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ ls -l
total 16
drwxr-xr-x 2 sudais sudais 4096 Oct  9 22:32 drafts
-rw-rw-r-- 1 sudais sudais   23 Oct  9 23:08 intro.txt
-rw-r----- 1 sudais sudais   19 Oct  9 23:08 notes.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 sudais sudais   22 Oct  9 23:09 summary.txt
sudais@sudais-DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$
```

WC

Part 4: Reading & Searching Files

Inside docs/ :

1. Count the number of lines, words, and characters in notes.txt using wc .
2. Show only the first 2 lines of summary.txt using head -n 2 .

-
3. Show the last line of summary.txt using tail -n 1 .
 4. Search for a keyword (of your choice) in intro.txt using grep .

Take screenshots.

```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ wc notes.txt
2 8 38 notes.txt
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ head -n 2 notes.txt
These are my notes
These are my notes
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ tail -n 1 intro.txt
This is the intro file
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ grep "intro" intro.txt
This is the intro file
This is the intro file
This is the intro file
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$
```

Part 5: Linux Process Commands

1. Exploring Processes

- Use `ps -ef` and identify **3 processes** running on your system. Note their **PID, PPID, and command**.
- Run `top` for 20–30 seconds. Write down:
 - Which process is consuming the most CPU.
 - Which process is consuming the most memory.

2. Practice with Infinite Process

- Start:

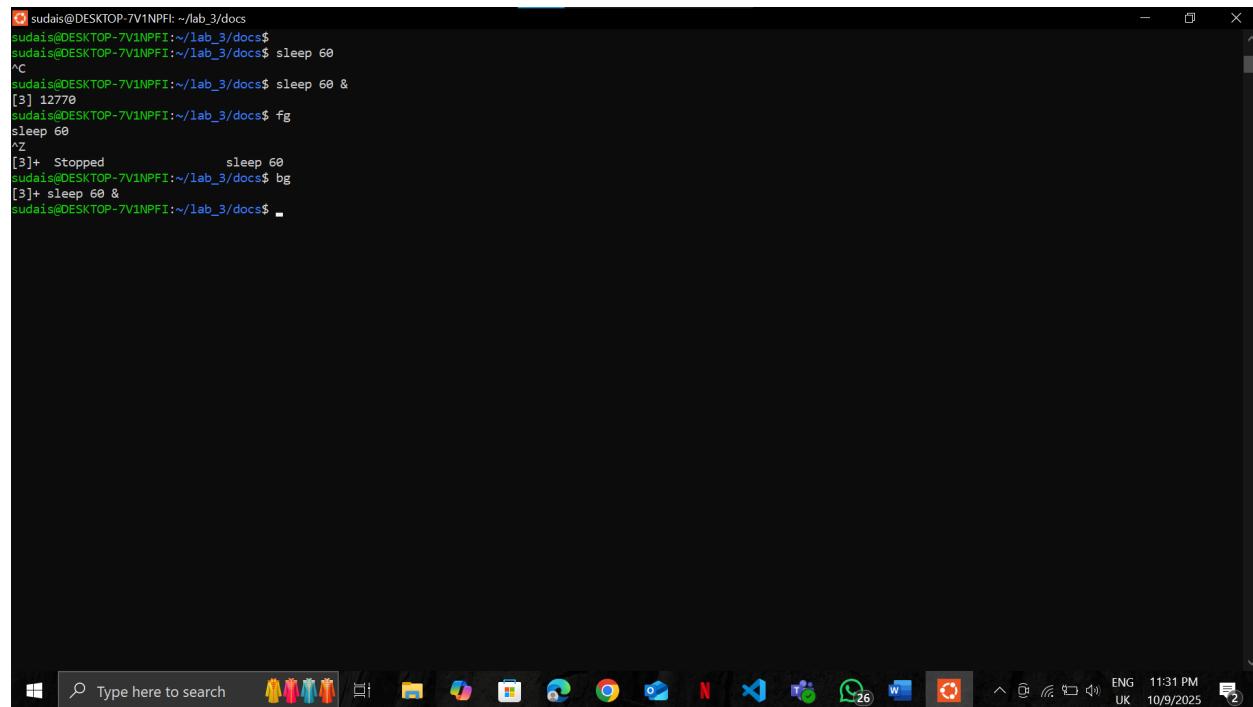
```
yes > /dev/null &
```

- Locate its PID using `ps -ef | grep yes`.
- Kill it using `kill <PID>` and verify using `ps`.

3. Foreground & Background Jobs

- Run `sleep 60` in **foreground** and terminate it with **Ctrl + C**.
- Run `sleep 60 &` in **background**, bring it to foreground with `fg`, stop with `Ctrl + Z`, then resume in background using `bg`.


```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ yes > /dev/null &  
[1] 12153  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ ps -ef | grep yes  
sudais 12153 9837 99 23:27 pts/6 00:00:16 yes  
sudais 12203 9837 0 23:28 pts/6 00:00:00 grep --color=auto yes  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ kill <PID>  
-bash: syntax error near unexpected token `newline'  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ ps -ef | grep yes  
sudais 12153 9837 99 23:27 pts/6 00:00:46 yes  
sudais 12295 9837 0 23:28 pts/6 00:00:00 grep --color=auto yes  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ ps  
 PID TTY      TIME CMD  
 9837 pts/6    00:00:00 bash  
 12153 pts/6    00:01:05 yes  
 12295 pts/6    00:00:00 grep
```



```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI: ~/lab_3/docs$  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ sleep 60  
^C  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ sleep 60 &  
[3] 12770  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ fg  
sleep 60  
^Z  
[3]+ Stopped sleep 60  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$ bg  
[3]+ sleep 60 &  
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/docs$
```

Part 6: C Programs on Processes

Program 1 – Exec with top

- Modify the exec program so that the child runs `top` instead of `ls -l`.
- Run the program.
- In another terminal, use `ps -ef | grep top` (or run `top`) to find the child's PID.
- Use the child's process ID to kill it manually.

Program 2 – Incomplete Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

int main() {

    pid_t pid = fork();

    if (pid == 0) {
        // TODO: Replace this child process with the "date" command using
        execvp
        // Hint: execvp("date", "date", NULL);
    } else {
        // TODO: Make parent wait for child before printing "Child finished"
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Task: Complete the missing parts, run the program, and take a screenshot of the output.

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface running in WSL (Ubuntu 24.04). The Explorer sidebar shows files: hello.sh, task1, task1.c, task2, and task2.c. The task1.c tab is active, displaying the following C code:

```
6 int main() {
24     else {
27         wait(NULL); // parent waits until child finishes
28         printf("Child finished - parent exiting now.\n");
29     }
30
31     return 0;
32 }
```

The terminal tab shows the following command-line session:

```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ gcc task1.c -o task1
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ ./task1
Parent Process: spawned child with PID 19285
Child Process: running 'top'...
top - 23:56:56 up 1:34, 1 user, load average: 4.11, 4.24, 3.50
Tasks: 57 total, 5 running, 52 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%CPU(s): 49.6 us, 50.3 sy, 0.0 ni, 0.0 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.1 si, 0.0 st
MiB Mem : 3843.2 total, 3020.4 free, 702.4 used, 257.5 buff/cache
MiB Swap: 1024.0 total, 1024.0 free, 0.0 used. 3140.8 avail Mem
```

PID	USER	PR	NI	VIRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+ COMMAND
12153	sudais	20	0	3124	1536	1536	R	98.7	0.0	28:23.88 yes
12375	sudais	20	0	3124	1536	1536	R	98.7	0.0	27:08.15 yes
12987	sudais	20	0	3124	1536	1536	R	98.3	0.0	23:38.75 yes
13243	sudais	20	0	3124	1536	1536	R	98.3	0.0	22:10.56 yes
18111	sudais	20	0	1074516	76660	46976	S	0.7	1.9	0:04.02 node

At the bottom, the status bar shows: Ln 32, Col 2 | Spaces: 4 | UTF-8 | LF | ENG | 11:56 PM | UK | 10/9/2025.

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface running in WSL (Ubuntu 24.04). The Explorer sidebar shows files: hello.sh, task1, task1.c, task2, and task2.c. The task2.c tab is active, displaying the following C code:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <unistd.h>
3 #include <sys/wait.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5
6 int main() {
7     pid_t pid = fork(); // create a new process
8
9     if (pid < 0) {
10         perror("fork failed"); // error in creating process
11         return 1;
12     }
13 }
```

The terminal tab shows the following command-line session:

```
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ gcc task2.c -o task2
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$ ./task2
Thu Oct  9 23:53:19 PKT 2025
Child finished
sudais@DESKTOP-7V1NPFI:~/lab_3/scripts$
```

At the bottom, the status bar shows: Ln 27, Col 2 | Spaces: 4 | UTF-8 | LF | ENG | 11:53 PM | UK | 10/9/2025.