

Institute of Engineering & Management
Department of Computer Science & Engineering
Object Oriented Programming (IT) Lab for 3rd year 5th semester 2018
Code: CS594D

Date: 24/07/18

WEEK-3

Assignment-1

Problem Statement: Create a class called boardparam that contains 2 instance variables length and width of the integer type and a void method for calculating surface area of the board, using parameterised method to create the object.

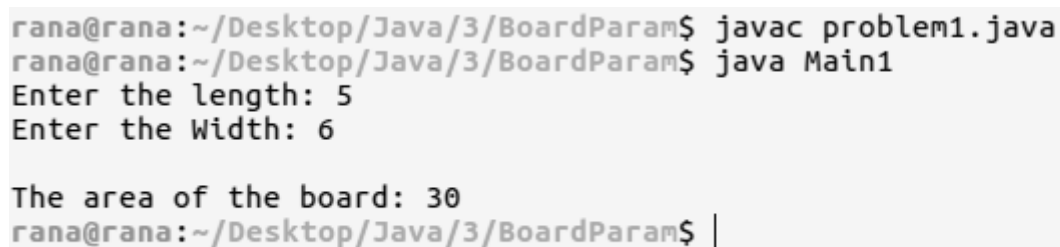
Source code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the length: ");
        int len=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter the length: ");
        int wid=sc.nextInt();
        BoardParam bp = new BoardParam();
        bp.getValue(len, wid);
        System.out.println("\nThe area of the board: "+bp.area());
        sc.close();
    }
}

class BoardParam
{
    int length, width;
    void getValue(int n1, int n2)
    {
        length = n1;
        width = n2;
    }
    int area()
    {
        return length*width;
    }
}
```

Screen-Shot:



```
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/BoardParam$ javac problem1.java
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/BoardParam$ java Main1
Enter the length: 5
Enter the Width: 6

The area of the board: 30
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/BoardParam$ |
```

Assignment-2

Problem Statement: Create a class named shape. make circle, triangle, and rectangle as object of the shape class and calculate their area by concept of method overloading.

Source code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.lang.Math;

class Main2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the shape: ");
        String len=sc.next();
        Shape sh = new Shape();
        switch(len)
        {
            case "circle":System.out.print("Enter the radius: ");
                double radius = sc.nextDouble();
                sh.area(radius);
                break;
            case "rectangle":System.out.print("Enter the length: ");
                double length = sc.nextDouble();
                System.out.print("Enter the breadth: ");
                double breadth = sc.nextDouble();
                sh.area(length, breadth);
                break;
            case "triangle":System.out.print("Enter the 1st
                                           side length:");
                double tri1 = sc.nextDouble();
                System.out.print("Enter the 2nd side length:");
                double tri2 = sc.nextDouble();
                System.out.print("Enter the 3rd side length:");
                double tri3 = sc.nextDouble();
                sh.area(tri1, tri2, tri3);
                break;
            default: System.out.println("No such Shape!!");
        }
        System.out.println("The area is "+sh.area);
        sc.close();
    }
}

class Shape
{
    double area;
    void area(double n1) { area = Math.PI*n1*n1; }
    void area(double n1, double n2) { area = n1*n2; }
    void area(double n1, double n2, double n3)
    {
        double s = (n1+n2+n3)/2;
        area = Math.sqrt(s*(s-n1)*(s-n2)*(s-n3));
    }
}
```

Screen-Shot:

```
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Shape$ javac problem2.java
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Shape$ java Main2
Enter the shape: circle
Enter the radius: 3
The area is 28.274333882308138
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Shape$ java Main2
Enter the shape: rectangle
Enter the length: 3
Enter the breadth: 2
The area is 6.0
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Shape$ java Main2
Enter the shape: triangle
Enter the 1st side length: 2
Enter the 2nd side length: 3
Enter the 3rd side length: 4
The area is 2.9047375096555625
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Shape$
```

Assignment-3

Problem Statement: Write a java program to calculate the addition of two matrix class contains an integer 2D array with dimension n x m.

Source code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main3
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("For 1st Matrix,\n Enter the no. of row: ");
        int r=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print(" Enter the no. of col: ");
        int c=sc.nextInt();
        Matrix mtx1 = new Matrix(r,c);
        mtx1.getValue();
        System.out.print("For 2nd Matrix,\n Enter the no. of row: ");
        r=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print(" Enter the no. of col: ");
        c=sc.nextInt();
        Matrix mtx2 = new Matrix(r,c);
        mtx2.getValue();
        System.out.println("\nThe result is:");
        mtx1.add(mtx2);
        mtx1.display();
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

```

class Matrix
{
    int row, col;
    int mtx[][];
    Matrix(int m, int n)
    {
        row = m;
        col = n;
        mtx = new int[row][col];
    }
    void getValue()
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<col;j++)
            {
                mtx[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
            }
        }
    }
    void add(Matrix mtx2)
    {
        if(row!=mtx2.row || col!=mtx2.col)
        {
            System.out.println("Not possible!!");
        }
        else
        {
            for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
            {
                for(int j=0;j<col;j++)
                {
                    mtx[i][j] += mtx2.mtx[i][j];
                }
            }
            System.out.println("Done!");
        }
    }
    void display()
    {
        for(int i=0;i<row;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<col;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("    "+mtx[i][j]);
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}

```

Screen-Shot:

```
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Matrix$ javac problem3.java
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Matrix$ java Main3
For 1st Matrix,
  Enter the no. of row: 3
  Enter the no. of col: 2
1 2
3 4
5 6
For 2nd Matrix,
  Enter the no. of row: 3
  Enter the no. of col: 2
6 5
4 3
2 1

The result is:
Done!
  7 7
  7 7
  7 7
rana@rana:~/Desktop/Java/3/Matrix$ |
```