```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, UpSampling1D, LSTM, Repe
# Load data
data = pd.read_excel('ex1.xlsx')
original amplitude = data['Amplitude'].values
noised_amplitude = data['Amplitude_noise'].values
# Reshape and scale data
original_amplitude = original_amplitude.reshape(-1, 1)
noised_amplitude = noised_amplitude.reshape(-1, 1)
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
original_amplitude = scaler.fit_transform(original_amplitude)
noised_amplitude = scaler.transform(noised_amplitude)
# Windowing function
window_size = 4500
def create_windows(data, window_size):
    windows = []
    for i in range(len(data) - window_size + 1):
        windows.append(data[i:i + window_size])
    return np.array(windows)
X = create windows(noised amplitude, window size)
y = create_windows(original_amplitude, window_size)
# Reshape for training
X train = X.reshape(-1, window size, 1)
y_train = y.reshape(-1, window_size, 1)
# Conv1D Autoencoder Model
input signal = Input(shape=(window size, 1))
x = Conv1D(16, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(input_signal)
x = MaxPooling1D(2, padding='same')(x)
x = Conv1D(8, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
encoded = MaxPooling1D(2, padding='same')(x)
x = Conv1D(8, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(encoded)
x = UpSampling1D(2)(x)
x = Conv1D(16, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = UpSampling1D(2)(x)
decoded = Conv1D(1, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
```

```
autoencoder = Model(input signal, decoded)
autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean squared error')
# Train Conv1D Autoencoder
autoencoder.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=64, validation_split=0.2)
denoised_signal = autoencoder.predict(X_train)
denoised_signal = scaler.inverse_transform(denoised_signal.reshape(-1, 1))
     Epoch 1/20
     7/7 -
                             - 6s 358ms/step - loss: 0.3554 - val_loss: 0.3041
     Epoch 2/20
                             - 4s 218ms/step - loss: 0.2737 - val loss: 0.2015
     7/7 -
     Epoch 3/20
     7/7 -
                             - 3s 243ms/step - loss: 0.1694 - val_loss: 0.0906
     Epoch 4/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 232ms/step - loss: 0.0738 - val_loss: 0.0598
     Epoch 5/20
                             - 3s 309ms/step - loss: 0.0626 - val_loss: 0.0531
     7/7 -
     Epoch 6/20
                             - 1s 212ms/step - loss: 0.0496 - val_loss: 0.0456
     7/7 -
     Epoch 7/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 227ms/step - loss: 0.0435 - val_loss: 0.0361
     Epoch 8/20
                             - 3s 229ms/step - loss: 0.0338 - val_loss: 0.0285
     7/7 -
     Epoch 9/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 238ms/step - loss: 0.0266 - val_loss: 0.0203
     Epoch 10/20
                             - 2s 224ms/step - loss: 0.0187 - val_loss: 0.0132
     7/7 -
     Epoch 11/20
                             - 3s 367ms/step - loss: 0.0119 - val_loss: 0.0076
     7/7 -
     Epoch 12/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 216ms/step - loss: 0.0068 - val loss: 0.0041
     Epoch 13/20
                             - 3s 243ms/step - loss: 0.0037 - val_loss: 0.0025
     7/7 -
     Epoch 14/20
                             - 2s 223ms/step - loss: 0.0024 - val_loss: 0.0020
     7/7 -
     Epoch 15/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 216ms/step - loss: 0.0020 - val loss: 0.0018
     Epoch 16/20
     7/7 ---
                             - 3s 294ms/step - loss: 0.0018 - val_loss: 0.0016
     Epoch 17/20
                             - 2s 344ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - val_loss: 0.0016
     7/7 -
     Epoch 18/20
     7/7 -
                             - 2s 223ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - val_loss: 0.0016
     Epoch 19/20
     7/7 -
                             - 3s 248ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - val_loss: 0.0016
     Epoch 20/20
                             - 2s 219ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - val loss: 0.0016
     7/7 .
                               - 1s 54ms/step
     16/16 -
# LSTM Autoencoder Model
input_signal_lstm = Input(shape=(window_size, 1))
encoded_lstm = LSTM(64, activation='relu', return_sequences=True)(input_signal_lstm)
encoded_lstm = LSTM(32, activation='relu', return_sequences=False)(encoded_lstm)
decoded lstm = RepeatVector(window size)(encoded lstm)
```

```
decoded_lstm = LSTM(32, activation='relu', return_sequences=True)(decoded_lstm)
decoded_lstm = LSTM(64, activation='relu', return_sequences=True)(decoded_lstm)
decoded_lstm = Conv1D(1, 3, activation='relu', padding='same')(decoded_lstm)
```

lstm_autoencoder = Model(input_signal_lstm, decoded_lstm)
lstm_autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared error')

Train LSTM Autoencoder

history_lstm = lstm_autoencoder.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=64, validatic
denoised_signal_lstm = lstm_autoencoder.predict(X_train)
denoised_signal_lstm = scaler.inverse_transform(denoised_signal_lstm.reshape(-1, 1))

```
\rightarrow
   Epoch 1/20
    7/7 .
                             - 133s 18s/step - loss: 0.3430 - val_loss: 0.2608
    Epoch 2/20
    7/7 -
                              144s 18s/step - loss: 0.2227 - val_loss: 0.1387
    Epoch 3/20
    7/7 —
                             - 139s 18s/step - loss: 0.1533 - val_loss: 0.1367
    Epoch 4/20
    7/7 -
                             - 147s 19s/step - loss: 0.1399 - val_loss: 0.1315
    Epoch 5/20
    7/7 —
                             - 139s 18s/step - loss: 0.1364 - val_loss: 0.1284
    Epoch 6/20
    7/7 -
                             - 139s 18s/step - loss: 0.1323 - val_loss: 0.1286
    Epoch 7/20
    7/7 -
                             - 147s 19s/step - loss: 0.1294 - val_loss: 0.1285
    Epoch 8/20
                             - 137s 18s/step - loss: 0.1285 - val_loss: 0.1278
    7/7 -
    Epoch 9/20
    7/7 -
                             - 131s 19s/step - loss: 0.1268 - val_loss: 0.1277
    Epoch 10/20
                             - 127s 18s/step - loss: 0.1262 - val_loss: 0.1279
    7/7 -
    Epoch 11/20
    7/7 -
                             - 137s 17s/step - loss: 0.1256 - val loss: 0.1282
    Epoch 12/20
                             - 143s 17s/step - loss: 0.1255 - val_loss: 0.1280
    7/7 -
    Epoch 13/20
                             - 144s 18s/step - loss: 0.1255 - val loss: 0.1280
    7/7 -
    Epoch 14/20
    7/7 -
                             - 150s 19s/step - loss: 0.1255 - val_loss: 0.1279
    Epoch 15/20
    7/7 -
                             - 137s 18s/step - loss: 0.1254 - val_loss: 0.1279
    Epoch 16/20
    7/7 -
                             - 138s 17s/step - loss: 0.1254 - val loss: 0.1278
    Epoch 17/20
                             - 124s 18s/step - loss: 0.1254 - val_loss: 0.1279
    7/7 —
    Epoch 18/20
    7/7 -
                             - 131s 19s/step - loss: 0.1255 - val_loss: 0.1279
    Epoch 19/20
                             - 127s 18s/step - loss: 0.1254 - val loss: 0.1281
    7/7 -
    Epoch 20/20
                             - 135s 19s/step - loss: 0.1252 - val_loss: 0.1279
    7/7 ·
    16/16 -
                               - 29s 2s/step
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
```

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, UpSampling1D

from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam

from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint

```
# Define the input layer
input_signal = Input(shape=(4500, 1))
# Build the convolutional layers
x = Conv1D(16, kernel_size=3, activation='relu', padding='same')(input_signal)
x = MaxPooling1D(pool_size=2, padding='same')(x)
x = Conv1D(8, kernel_size=3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
encoded = MaxPooling1D(pool_size=2, padding='same')(x)
# Build the upsampling layers
x = Conv1D(8, kernel_size=3, activation='relu', padding='same')(encoded)
x = UpSampling1D(size=2)(x)
x = Conv1D(16, kernel_size=3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
x = UpSampling1D(size=2)(x)
decoded = Conv1D(1, kernel_size=3, activation='relu', padding='same')(x)
# Compile the model
conv2_autoencoder = Model(inputs=input_signal, outputs=decoded)
conv2_autoencoder.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='mean_squared_error')
# Define checkpoint callback
checkpoint_path = "checkpoints/denoiser_model.h5"
checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath=checkpoint_path,
                             monitor='val_loss',
                             save_best_only=True,
                             verbose=1)
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load your trained model
model = load_model("checkpoints/denoiser_model.h5")
# ✓ Prepare your input (reshape as needed)
# Example: assume 'data["Amplitude noise"]' is the noisy signal
# X_noisy = data['Amplitude_noise'].values.reshape(1, -1, 1) # shape: (1, time_steps, 1)
# Apply the same windowing as used for training
X noisy windowed = create windows(data['Amplitude noise'].values.reshape(-1, 1), window s
X_noisy_windowed = X_noisy_windowed.reshape(-1, window_size, 1)
# Predict denoised output
denoised signal conv2 = model.predict(X noisy windowed)
# The prediction output will be windowed, we need to combine it back.
```

This simple approach takes the first window's prediction as the start

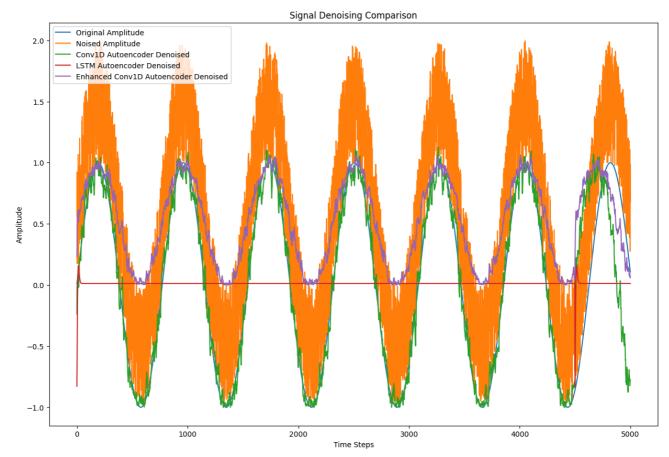
```
# and then appends the last value of subsequent window predictions.
# A more sophisticated approach might involve averaging overlapping regions.
denoised_signal_conv2_combined = []
for i in range(len(denoised_signal_conv2)):
  if i == 0:
    denoised_signal_conv2_combined.extend(denoised_signal_conv2[i].flatten().tolist())
  else:
    denoised_signal_conv2_combined.append(denoised_signal_conv2[i].flatten()[-1])
denoised_signal_conv2 = np.array(denoised_signal_conv2_combined)
# V Flatten for plotting
# denoised_signal_conv2 = denoised_signal_conv2.flatten() # Already flattened during comb
    WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built
     16/16
                               - 2s 74ms/step
# Train the model
history_enhanced_conv1d = conv2_autoencoder.fit(X_train, y_train,
                      epochs=20,
                      batch size=64,
                      validation_split=0.2,
                      callbacks=[checkpoint])
# Predict using the trained (or best saved) model
denoised_signal_conv2 = conv2_autoencoder.predict(X_train)
→ Epoch 1/20
     7/7 .
                            - 0s 256ms/step - loss: 0.2308
     Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 0.12392, saving model to checkpoints/denois
     WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
     7/7 -
                             - 6s 368ms/step - loss: 0.2277 - val_loss: 0.1239
     Epoch 2/20
                            - 0s 377ms/step - loss: 0.0976
     7/7 -
     Epoch 2: val loss improved from 0.12392 to 0.03911, saving model to checkpoints/de
     WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
     7/7 —
                       ----- 6s 461ms/step - loss: 0.0955 - val loss: 0.0391
     Epoch 3/20
     7/7 -
                            - 0s 228ms/step - loss: 0.0377
     Epoch 3: val loss did not improve from 0.03911
     7/7 -
                            - 4s 288ms/step - loss: 0.0377 - val_loss: 0.0415
     Epoch 4/20
                             - 0s 201ms/step - loss: 0.0386
     Epoch 4: val_loss improved from 0.03911 to 0.02131, saving model to checkpoints/de
     WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                            - 2s 243ms/step - loss: 0.0382 - val_loss: 0.0213
     7/7 -
     Epoch 5/20
                            - 0s 224ms/step - loss: 0.0209
     Epoch 5: val_loss improved from 0.02131 to 0.01983, saving model to checkpoints/de
     WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                             - 2s 262ms/step - loss: 0.0209 - val_loss: 0.0198
```

```
Epoch 6/20
                       - 0s 209ms/step - loss: 0.0170
Epoch 6: val loss improved from 0.01983 to 0.00857, saving model to checkpoints/de
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                       − 3s 271ms/step - loss: 0.0167 - val loss: 0.0086
Epoch 7/20
7/7 -
                       - 0s 301ms/step - loss: 0.0079
Epoch 7: val_loss improved from 0.00857 to 0.00378, saving model to checkpoints/de
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                       − 3s 343ms/step - loss: 0.0078 - val_loss: 0.0038
7/7 -
Epoch 8/20
7/7 -
                       - 0s 244ms/step - loss: 0.0034
Epoch 8: val_loss improved from 0.00378 to 0.00232, saving model to checkpoints/de
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
7/7 -
                       - 2s 282ms/step - loss: 0.0033 - val_loss: 0.0023
Epoch 9/20
7/7 -
                       - 0s 215ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 9: val_loss improved from 0.00232 to 0.00210, saving model to checkpoints/de
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                        - 2s 257ms/step - loss: 0.0023 - val_loss: 0.0021
Epoch 10/20
7/7 .
                       - 0s 204ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 10: val_loss improved from 0.00210 to 0.00195, saving model to checkpoints/du
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                       - 2s 242ms/step - loss: 0.0023 - val_loss: 0.0020
7/7 -
Epoch 11/20
7/7 -
                       - 0s 226ms/step - loss: 0.0022
Epoch 11: val_loss improved from 0.00195 to 0.00174, saving model to checkpoints/du
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `kera
                     --- 2s 266ms/step - loss: 0.0022 - val loss: 0.0017
Epoch 12/20
7/7 -
                        - 0s 199ms/step - loss: 0.0019
```

```
# Visualization
time_steps = np.arange(len(data))
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
plt.plot(time_steps, data['Amplitude'], label='Original Amplitude')
plt.plot(time_steps, data['Amplitude_noise'], label='Noised Amplitude')
plt.plot(time_steps, denoised_signal.flatten()[:len(data)], label='Conv1D Autoencoder Den
plt.plot(time_steps, denoised_signal_lstm.flatten()[:len(data)], label='LSTM Autoencoder
plt.plot(time_steps, denoised_signal_conv2.flatten()[:len(data)], label='Enhanced Conv1D

plt.xlabel('Time Steps')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
plt.title('Signal Denoising Comparison')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



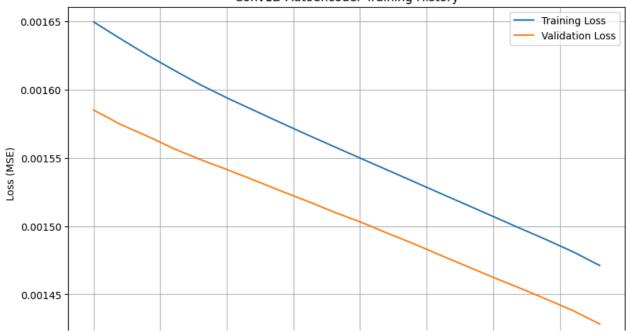


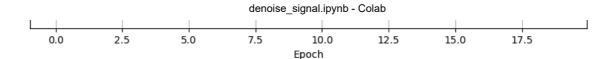
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

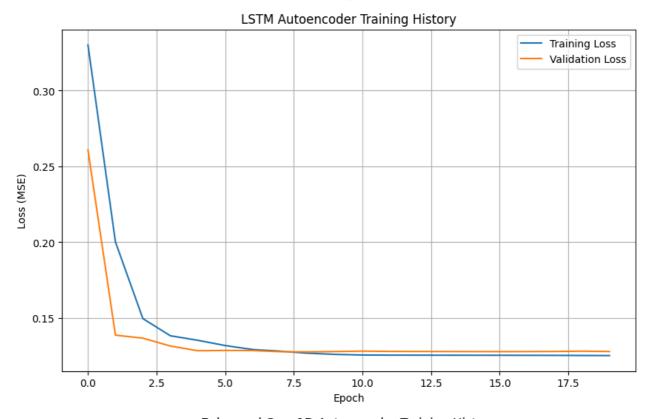
```
# --- For Conv1D Autoencoder ---
# Assuming 'history_conv1d' is the History object from your first Conv1D model's training
history_conv1d = autoencoder.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=64, validation_s
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(history_conv1d.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history_conv1d.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Conv1D Autoencoder Training History')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss (MSE)')
plt.legend()
```

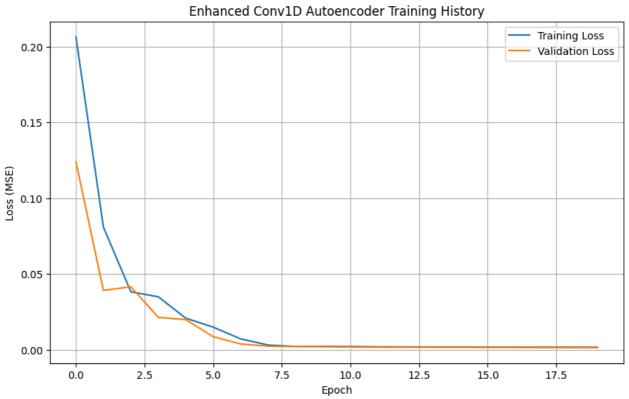
```
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# --- For LSTM Autoencoder ---
# Assuming 'history_lstm' is the History object from your LSTM model's training
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(history_lstm.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history_lstm.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('LSTM Autoencoder Training History')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss (MSE)')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# --- For Enhanced Conv1D Autoencoder ---
# Assuming 'history_enhanced_conv1d' is the History object from your enhanced Conv1D mode
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(history_enhanced_conv1d.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history_enhanced_conv1d.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Enhanced Conv1D Autoencoder Training History')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss (MSE)')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```











```
import numpy as np
# --- Prepare data for comparison ---
# Ensure all signals are of the same length and reshaped for calculations if needed
# Your denoised_signal, denoised_signal_lstm, denoised_signal_conv2 are likely 3D or 2D
# We need them flattened and clipped to the original data length for fair comparison
original signal flat = original amplitude.flatten()[:len(data)]
noisy_signal_flat = noised_amplitude.flatten()[:len(data)]
# Flatten the denoised outputs and match original data length
# Assuming your denoised_signal, denoised_signal_lstm, denoised_signal_conv2 are 2D array
denoised_conv1d_flat = denoised_signal.flatten()[:len(data)]
denoised lstm flat = denoised signal lstm.flatten()[:len(data)]
denoised_enhanced_conv1d_flat = denoised_signal_conv2.flatten()[:len(data)]
# Define the maximum possible pixel value (for PSNR, since your data is normalized to 0-1
MAX_I = 1.0
# --- Define Metric Calculation Functions ---
def calculate mse(original, reconstructed):
    """Calculates Mean Squared Error."""
    return np.mean(np.square(original - reconstructed))
def calculate_rmse(original, reconstructed):
    """Calculates Root Mean Squared Error."""
    return np.sqrt(calculate_mse(original, reconstructed))
def calculate_snr(original_signal, noisy_signal):
    """Calculates Signal-to-Noise Ratio in dB."""
    # Power of the original (clean) signal
    P signal = np.mean(original signal**2)
    # Power of the noise (difference between original and noisy)
    P_noise = np.mean((original_signal - noisy_signal)**2)
    if P noise == 0:
        return np.inf # Handle the case of perfect reconstruction/no noise
    return 10 * np.log10(P_signal / P_noise)
def calculate psnr(original signal, reconstructed signal, max val=MAX I):
    """Calculates Peak Signal-to-Noise Ratio in dB."""
    mse = calculate_mse(original_signal, reconstructed_signal)
    if mse == 0:
        return np.inf # Perfect reconstruction
    return 10 * np.log10((max_val**2) / mse)
# --- Calculate Metrics for Each Scenario ---
print("--- Quantitative Denoising Performance ---")
# 1. Noisy Signal (Baseline)
mse noisy = calculate mse(original signal flat, noisy signal flat)
rmse_noisy = calculate_rmse(original_signal_flat, noisy_signal_flat)
```

```
snr_noisy = calculate_snr(original_signal_flat, noisy_signal_flat)
psnr noisy = calculate psnr(original signal flat, noisy signal flat, MAX I)
print(f"\nNoisy Signal (Baseline):")
print(f" MSE: {mse_noisy:.6f}")
print(f" RMSE: {rmse_noisy:.6f}")
print(f" SNR: {snr_noisy:.2f} dB")
print(f" PSNR: {psnr_noisy:.2f} dB")
# 2. Conv1D Autoencoder Denoised Signal
mse_conv1d = calculate_mse(original_signal_flat, denoised_conv1d_flat)
rmse_conv1d = calculate_rmse(original_signal_flat, denoised_conv1d_flat)
snr_conv1d = calculate_snr(original_signal_flat, denoised_conv1d_flat)
psnr_conv1d = calculate_psnr(original_signal_flat, denoised_conv1d_flat, MAX_I)
print(f"\nConv1D Autoencoder Denoised:")
print(f" MSE: {mse_conv1d:.6f}")
print(f" RMSE: {rmse_conv1d:.6f}")
print(f" SNR: {snr_conv1d:.2f} dB")
print(f" PSNR: {psnr_conv1d:.2f} dB")
print(f" SNR Improvement: {(snr_conv1d - snr_noisy):.2f} dB")
# 3. LSTM Autoencoder Denoised Signal
mse_lstm = calculate_mse(original_signal_flat, denoised_lstm_flat)
rmse_lstm = calculate_rmse(original_signal_flat, denoised_lstm_flat)
snr_lstm = calculate_snr(original_signal_flat, denoised_lstm_flat)
psnr_lstm = calculate_psnr(original_signal_flat, denoised_lstm_flat, MAX_I)
print(f"\nLSTM Autoencoder Denoised:")
print(f" MSE: {mse lstm:.6f}")
print(f" RMSE: {rmse_lstm:.6f}")
print(f" SNR: {snr_lstm:.2f} dB")
print(f" PSNR: {psnr lstm:.2f} dB")
print(f" SNR Improvement: {(snr_lstm - snr_noisy):.2f} dB")
# 4. Enhanced Conv1D Autoencoder Denoised Signal
mse_enhanced_conv1d = calculate_mse(original_signal_flat, denoised_enhanced_conv1d_flat)
rmse_enhanced_conv1d = calculate_rmse(original_signal_flat, denoised_enhanced_conv1d_flat
snr_enhanced_conv1d = calculate_snr(original_signal_flat, denoised_enhanced_conv1d_flat)
psnr_enhanced_conv1d = calculate_psnr(original_signal_flat, denoised_enhanced_conv1d_flat
print(f"\nEnhanced Conv1D Autoencoder Denoised:")
print(f" MSE: {mse_enhanced_conv1d:.6f}")
print(f"
         RMSE: {rmse_enhanced_conv1d:.6f}")
print(f" SNR: {snr enhanced conv1d:.2f} dB")
print(f" PSNR: {psnr enhanced conv1d:.2f} dB")
print(f" SNR Improvement: {(snr_enhanced_conv1d - snr_noisy):.2f} dB")
--- Quantitative Denoising Performance ---
     Noisy Signal (Baseline):
      MSE: 0.082993
```