# **Bazar Bookstore 2 – Program Output**

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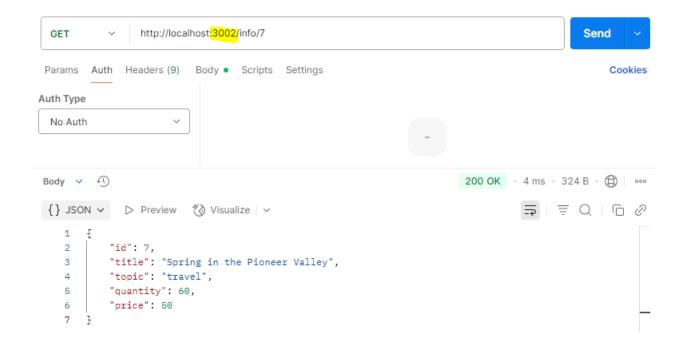
# **Caching Strategy:**

To improve performance and reduce the load on the catalog servers, we implemented an **in-memory caching system** within the front-end server. Below are the main components of the caching mechanism:

### 1. Cache Hits on Repeated Requests:

When a client requests information about a specific book (e.g., /info/:id), the front-end first checks the cache:

a) If the data is not cached or expired, the front-end fetches it from the appropriate catalog replica and stores it in the cache ( cache miss).



In the logs below, we can observe that the front-end server started at 20:15:28, and shortly after that, a book info request was issued at 20:15:46 for book ID

Because this was the first request after the server started, the cache was still empty. As a result, the front-end issued a request to the appropriate catalog replica and retrieved the book details directly from the source.

```
2025-06-07 20:15:28 Front-end server running on port 3100 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Book details: 2025-06-07 20:15:46 ID: 7 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Copic: travel 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Copic: travel 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Copic: travel 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Copic: travel 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Copic: 50
```

**b)** If the data is already cached and still valid, it is returned immediately without contacting the catalog server ( cache hit).

Just a few seconds later, at 20:15:50, the same book ID is requested again, this time, the response is served directly from the cache, avoiding a backend call.

```
2025-06-07 20:15:28 Front-end server running on port 3100 2025-06-07 20:15:46 Book details: 2025-06-07 20:15:46 ID: 7 2025-06-07 20:15:46 cpic: travel 2025-06-07 20:15:46 ritle: Spring in the Pioneer Valley 2025-06-07 20:15:46 cpic: 50 2025-06-07 20:15:50 cerving from cache: info:7
```

c) Each cached item has a Time-To-Live (TTL) of 1 minute. After that, it is considered expired and automatically removed upon access.

At 20:17:18, we see the same book being requested again, this time there's no "Serving from cache" log, which means the item had expired from cache due to TTL. The frontend automatically fetched it again from the catalog service (cache miss due to expiration).

#### 2. Cache Hits on Repeated Requests:

To simulate realistic constraints, we set the cache capacity to **only 4 items**.

In the logs below info:7 (book ID 7) was removed from the cache **to make space** for a new book request (in this case, book ID 3).

```
2025-06-07 20:41:21 Front-end server running on port 3100
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:28 ID: 7
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Etopic: travel
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Title: Spring in the Pioneer Valley
2025-06-07 20:41:28  uantity: 60
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:30 ID: 6
2025-06-07 20:41:30 =topic: academic
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Title: Why theory classes are so hard
2025-06-07 20:41:30  uantity: 72
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:31 ID: 5
2025-06-07 20:41:31 =topic: project management
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Title: How to finish Project 3 on time
2025-06-07 20:41:31  uantity: 29
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:33 ID: 4
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Etopic: undergraduate school
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Title: Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad
2025-06-07 20:41:33  unantity: 56
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Cache full. Removing least recently used: info:7
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:35 ID: 3
2025-06-07 20:41:35 = copic: undergraduate school
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Title: Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School
2025-06-07 20:41:35 wuantity: 71
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Price: 50
```

To further confirm that **book 7 (info:7)** was actually removed from the cache due to LRU:

We can observe that when we re-request book ID 7,the front-end does **not** serve it from the cache (no Serving from cache message appears). Instead, it has to **fetch it again**, and due to the cache already being full, it **evicts another item**:

```
2025-06-07 20:41:28 ID: 7
2025-06-07 20:41:28 = topic: travel
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Title: Spring in the Pioneer Valley
2025-06-07 20:41:28 wantity: 60
2025-06-07 20:41:28 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:30 ID: 6
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Exopic: academic
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Title: Why theory classes are so hard
2025-06-07 20:41:30 wantity: 72
2025-06-07 20:41:30 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:31 ID: 5
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Etopic: project management
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Title: How to finish Project 3 on time
2025-06-07 20:41:31 wuantity: 29
2025-06-07 20:41:31 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:33 ID: 4
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Etopic: undergraduate school
2025-06-07 20:41:33 Title: Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad
2025-06-07 20:41:33 wuantity: 56
2025-06-07 20:41:33 @Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Cache full. Removing least recently used: info:7
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:41:35 ID: 3
2025-06-07 20:41:35 =topic: undergraduate school
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Title: Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School
2025-06-07 20:41:35 wuantity: 71
2025-06-07 20:41:35 Price: 50
2025-06-07 20:48:16 Cache full. Removing least recently used: info:6
2025-06-07 20:48:16 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:48:16 ID: 7
2025-06-07 20:48:16 Ptopic: travel
2025-06-07 20:48:16 Title: Spring in the Pioneer Valley
2025-06-07 20:48:16 muantity: 60
2025-06-07 20:48:16 Price: 50
```

#### 3. **Admin-Controlled Cache Clearing:**

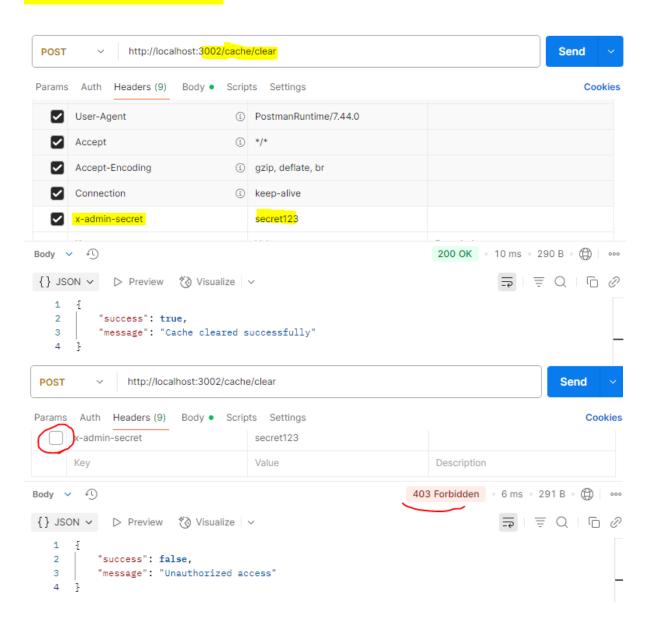
We also implemented an **admin endpoint** that allows cache to be fully cleared at any time:

http://localhost:3002/cache/clear

This endpoint requires a secret admin token. It is particularly useful for evaluation purposes. When triggered, all items are removed from the cache.

# In the request headers, we included:

x-admin-secret: secret123



After sending the request, we received the response:"Cache cleared successfully". Immediately afterward, we issued info requests for the same books that had previously been cached. In the terminal logs, we noticed that the following message did not appear: Serving from cache. This confirms that the data was fetched from the original catalog replica rather than the cache — proving that the cache was successfully cleared and the frontend fell back to querying the source servers.

```
2025-06-07 20:57:40 Book details:
2025-06-07 20:57:40 ID: 7
2025-06-07 20:57:40 Tritle: Spring in the Pioneer Valley
2025-06-07 20:57:40 Unantity: 60
2025-06-07 20:57:40 Unantity: 60
2025-06-07 20:57:40 Unantity: 50
2025-06-07 20:57:46 Unantity: 20
2025-06-07 20:57:46 Unantity: 29
2025-06-07 20:57:46 Unantity: 29
2025-06-07 20:57:46 Unantity: 29
```

## 4. Cache Consistency and Behavior:

## a) Cache Usage for Search and Info Queries

The cache is **only active** for **read-only endpoints**:

- GET /info/:id fetch details of a book.
- GET /search/:topic search books by topic.

We verified that caching is working correctly for both endpoints through repeated experiments:

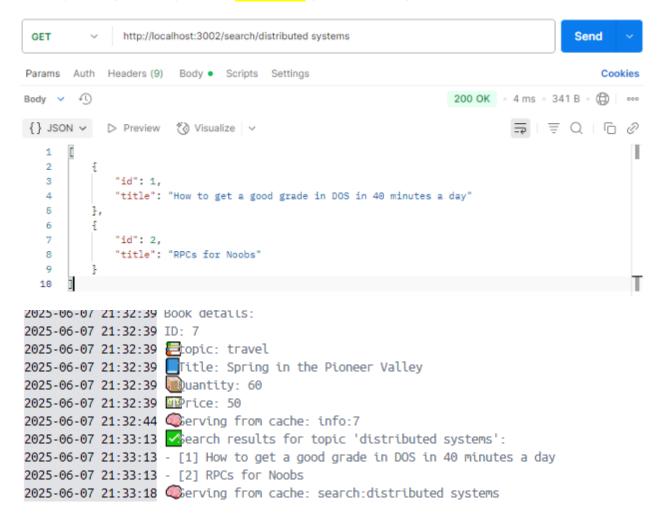
## Example: GET /info/7

First request at 21:32:39 fetched from the catalog (miss).

• Second request at 21:32:44 served from cache (**Serving from cache**: info:7).

#### Example: GET /search/distributed systems

- First request at 21:33:13 returned book list for the topic.
- Repeating the request at 21:33:18 gave: Serving from cache

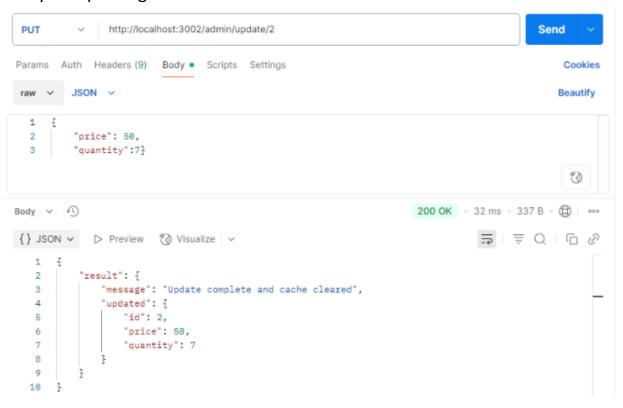


### b) Cache Consistency During Write Operations

At 21:34:23, we issued a **purchase request** for book ID **7**. Since this book was in the cache, our system correctly triggered a **cache invalidation** 

```
Send
  POST
               http://localhost:3002/purchase/7
 Params Auth Headers (9) Body . Scripts Settings
                                                                                        Cookies
Body V
                                                               200 OK = 590 ms = 301 B = (1) ----
                                                                          5 1 = Q 1 G 0
{} JSON ✓ ▷ Preview 🍪 Visualize ✓
    1
    2
           "success": true,
    3
           "message": "Book purchased successfully by order1"
2025-06-07 21:34:23 Invalidate request body: { id: 7 }
2025-06-07 21:34:23 Cache invalidated for book ID: 7
2025-06-07 21:34:23 sought book with ID: 7
```

Then, at 21:35:37, an **admin update** was issued for book ID **2**. Again, we observe the system pushing an invalidation:



To verify that invalidation was successful, we re-issued GET /info/7 and GET /info/2. Both calls were not served from cache — we confirmed this because there was **no** "Serving from cache" message. Instead, the catalog was contacted again, and the updated data (e.g., quantity dropped from  $60 \rightarrow 59$ ) was retrieved.

```
2025-06-07 21:32:39 Book details:
2025-06-07 21:32:39 ID: 7
2025-06-07 21:32:39  uantity: 60
2025-06-07 21:32:39 Price: 50
2025-06-07 21:32:44 @erving from cache: info:7
2025-06-07 21:33:13 ✓ earch results for topic 'distributed systems':
2025-06-07 21:33:13 - [1] How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day
2025-06-07 21:33:13 - [2] RPCs for Noobs
2025-06-07 21:33:18 @erving from cache: search:distributed systems
2025-06-07 21:34:23 Invalidate request body: { id: 7 }
2025-06-07 21:34:23 ♂Cache invalidated for book ID: 7
2025-06-07 21:34:23 ✓Bought book with ID: 7
2025-06-07 21:35:37 Invalidate request body: { id: 2 }
2025-06-07 21:35:37 & dmin updated book ID 2 via http://catalog2:3000
2025-06-07 21:58:49 Book details:
2025-06-07 21:58:49 ID: 7
2025-06-07 21:58:49 wantity: 59
2025-06-07 21:58:49 Price: 50
2025-06-07 21:58:57 Cache full. Removing least recently used: info:5
2025-06-07 21:58:57 Book details:
2025-06-07 21:58:57 ID: 2
2025-06-07 21:58:57 Etopic: distributed systems
2025-06-07 21:58:57 Title: RPCs for Noobs
2025-06-07 21:58:57 wuantity: 7
2025-06-07 21:58:57 Price: 50
```

# □ Load Balancing in Replicated Order & Catalog Servers:

## a) Order replica:

At 22:09:23, book purchase request:

• From the logs of **Order1**, we observe:

```
2025-06-07 22:09:23 Preceived OK from replica 2 for book 6
2025-06-07 22:09:23 [order1] Contacting catalog: http://catalog2:3000/info/6
2025-06-07 22:09:23 order1] Bought book: Why theory classes are so hard
```

This request was routed to catalog2 and successfully completed.

• From the logs of **Order2**, at the **same timestamp**:

```
2025-06-07 22:09:23 ☑ranted access to replica 1 for book 6
```

Then, at 22:09:28, another request was handled:

• Order2 now handled book 5:

```
2025-06-07 22:09:28 Preceived OK from replica 1 for book 5
2025-06-07 22:09:28 [order2] Contacting catalog: http://catalog1:3000/info/5
2025-06-07 22:09:28 order2] Bought book: How to finish Project 3 on time
```

This request was routed to catalog1 and successfully completed.

• Order1, on the other hand:

```
2025-06-07 22:09:28 ✓Granted access to replica 2 for book 5
```

### a) Catalog replica:

At 22:27:18, book purchase request:

• Catalog2 initiated an update for book 5:

```
2025-06-07 22:27:18 Wants to update book 5 — Clock: 16
2025-06-07 22:27:18 Received OK from replica 1 for book 5
2025-06-07 22:27:18 Il OKs received. Safe to update book 5
2025-06-07 22:27:18 Sent invalidate for book 5
2025-06-07 22:27:18 Update complete for book 5
```

At the exact same time, Catalog1 received a for the same book:

```
2025-06-07 22:27:18 ____ranted access to replica 2 for book 5
```

Then, at 22:27:29, the behavior switched roles:

• Catalog1 initiated an update for book 7:

```
2025-06-07 22:27:29 Wants to update book 7 — Clock: 18
2025-06-07 22:27:29 Received OK from replica 2 for book 7
2025-06-07 22:27:29 Ill OKs received. Safe to update book 7
2025-06-07 22:27:29 Sent invalidate for book 7
2025-06-07 22:27:29 Update complete for book 7
```

• Simultaneously, Catalog2 received the :

```
2025-06-07 22:27:29 ✓ranted access to replica 1 for book 7
```

This confirms that requests are distributed across different catalog & order replicas, and results were returned successfully.

# **Catalog Replica Synchronization (Sync):**

CSV catalog 1 and catalog 2 before admin update request:

```
■ books.csv M ×
backend > catalog > catalog2 > III books.csv > 🗋 data
      id,title,topic,quantity,price
     1, How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day, distributed systems, 21,60
     2,RPCs for Noobs, distributed systems, 5,50
      3,Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School,undergraduate school,71,50
     4, Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad, undergraduate school, 56,50
      5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
      6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 70,50
      7,Spring in the Pioneer Valley,travel,46,50
■ books.csv M ×
                                                                                                         Edit (
backend > catalog > catalog1 > III books.csv > 1 data
      id,title,topic,quantity,price
      1, How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day, distributed systems, 21,60
      2,RPCs for Noobs, distributed systems, 5,50
      3, Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School, undergraduate school, 71,50
      4, Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad, undergraduate school, 56, 50
      5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
      6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 70,50
      7, Spring in the Pioneer Valley, travel, 46,50
```

- a) At 22:43:50, an **admin update** was issued to book **ID 2** using **catalog2** ("RPCs for Noobs") via catalog2. The update reduced the book's quantity from  $5 \rightarrow 41$ . This can be confirmed in the logs:
  - Frontend log shows:

Catalog2 performed the update:

```
2025-06-07 22:43:50 Wants to update book 2 — Clock: 20
2025-06-07 22:43:50 Received OK from replica 1 for book 2
2025-06-07 22:43:50 All OKs received. Safe to update book 2
2025-06-07 22:43:50 Sent invalidate for book 2
2025-06-07 22:43:50 Update complete for book 2
```

 As part of the consistency mechanism, Catalog1 was synchronized immediately:

#### After synchronization:

```
■ books.csv M ×
backend > catalog > catalog2 > III books.csv > 🛅 data
  1 id,title,topic,quantity,price
  1,How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day,distributed systems,21,60
     2,RPCs for Noobs, distributed systems, 41,50
     3, Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School, undergraduate school, 71,50
     4, Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad, undergraduate school, 56,50
  6 5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
     6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 70,50
  7, Spring in the Pioneer Valley, travel, 46,50
■ books.csv M ×
backend > catalog > catalog1 > III books.csv > 🛅 data
      id,title,topic,quantity,price
  1, How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day, distributed systems, 21,60
     2,RPCs for Noobs,distributed systems,41,50
     3,Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School,undergraduate school,71,50
  4,Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad,undergraduate school,56,50
     5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
      6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 70,50
     7, Spring in the Pioneer Valley, travel, 46,50
```

b) At 23:05:11, a purchase request was made for book ID 6 through the frontend. The purchase decreased the book's quantity from  $70 \rightarrow 69$ .

• **Frontend log** shows:

Catalog1 performed the update:

 As part of the consistency mechanism, Catalog2 was synchronized immediately:

### After synchronization:

```
■ books.csv M ×
backend > catalog > catalog2 > III books.csv > 1 data
       id,title,topic,quantity,price
     1, How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day, distributed systems, 21,60
     2,RPCs for Noobs, distributed systems, 41,50
     3,Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School,undergraduate school,71,50
     4, Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad, undergraduate school, 56,50
       5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
      6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 69,50
     7, Spring in the Pioneer Valley, travel, 46,50
■ books.csv M ×
backend > catalog > catalog1 > III books.csv > 🛅 data
       id,title,topic,quantity,price
      1, How to get a good grade in DOS in 40 minutes a day, distributed systems, 21,60
      2,RPCs for Noobs, distributed systems, 41,50
      3, Xen and the Art of Surviving Undergraduate School, undergraduate school, 71,50
      4, Cooking for the Impatient Undergrad, undergraduate school, 56,50
      5, How to finish Project 3 on time, project management, 52,50
       6, Why theory classes are so hard, academic, 69,50
       7, Spring in the Pioneer Valley, travel, 46,50
```