Implementation of Zermelo's work of 1908 in Lestrade: Part II, Axiomatics of Zermelo set theory

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March 11, 2020

1 Introduction

This document was originally titled as an essay on the proposition that mathematics is what can be done in Automath (as opposed to what can be done in ZFC, for example). Such an essay is still in in my mind, but this particular document has transformed itself into the large project of implementing Zermelo's two important set theory papers of 1908 in Lestrade, with the further purpose of exploring the actual capabilities of Zermelo's system of 1908 as a mathematical foundation, which we think are perhaps underrated.

This is a new version of this document in modules, designed to make it possible to work more efficiently without repeated execution of slow log files when they do not need to be revisited.

This is the version being developed under Lestrade release 2.0, which still throws errors.

2 Basic concepts of set theory: the axioms of extensionality and pairing

In this section, we start to declare the basic notions and axioms of 1908 Zermelo set theory. The membership relation is declared. The axioms declared here are existence of the empty set, weak extensionality (atoms are allowed, following Zermelo's clear intentions in the 1908 paper), and pairing.

I have reedited this file to be a fairly direct implementation of Zermelo's axiomatics paper, currently just the first part discussing the axioms, but intended to include the development of theory of equivalence. The way it was initially written was a correct implementation of the axioms, but concepts were not presented in the same order. We will leave in the anachronistic demonstration of the basic property of the Kuratowski pair, which belongs at the same level of exposition. I will add comments in this pass corresponding to paragraph numbers in the Zermelo paper.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> load whatismath1
{function error}
    {move 1}
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

    {move 1}
    >>> declare y obj

    y : obj

{move 1}
```

```
>>> define =/= x y : ~ (x = y)
=/=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} ^{(x_1 = y_1)} : prop)]
=/=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> postulate E x y prop
E : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> postulate 0 obj
0 : obj
{move 0}
>>> postulate Empty x that \tilde{\ } (x E 0)
Empty : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : that
```

~ (x_1 E 0))]

```
{move 0}
>>> define Isset x : (x = 0) \ V \ Exists \ \setminus
    [y \Rightarrow y E x]
Isset : [(x_1 : obj) =>
    ({def}) (x_1 = 0) V Exists ([(y_3)])
        : obj) =>
        ({def} y_3 E x_1 : prop)]) : prop)]
Isset : [(x_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> declare u1 obj
u1 : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare v1 obj
v1 : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare nonemptyev that u1 E v1
nonemptyev : that u1 E v1
```

```
{move 1}
>>> define Inhabited nonemptyev : Fixform \
    (Isset v1, Add2 (v1 = 0, Ei1 u1 nonemptyev))
Inhabited : [(.u1_1 : obj), (.v1_1
    : obj), (nonemptyev_1 : that .u1_1
    E .v1_1) =>
    (\{def\} Isset (.v1_1) Fixform (.v1_1
    = 0) Add2 .u1_1 Ei1 nonemptyev_1 : that
    Isset (.v1_1))]
Inhabited : [(.u1_1 : obj), (.v1_1
    : obj), (nonemptyev_1 : that .u1_1
    E .v1_1) \Rightarrow (--- : that Isset (.v1_1))]
{move 0}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> define <<= x y : Forall [z => (z E x) -> \
       z E y] & (Isset x) & Isset y
<<=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Forall ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_3 E x_1) \rightarrow z_3 E y_1
       : prop)]) & Isset (x_1) & Isset
```

```
(y_1) : prop)
   <<=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : prop)]
   {move 0}
   >>> define disjoint x y : \tilde{z} = x
          (z E x) & z E y] & Isset x & Isset \
       у
   disjoint : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} \sim (Exists ([(z_4 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z_4 E x_1) & z_4 E y_1
          : prop)])) & Isset (x_1) & Isset
       (y_1) : prop)
   disjoint : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : prop)]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

We define the subset relation. Note that we stipulate that it only holds between sets, which means that the atoms do not sneak into the power sets, and the power set of an atom is the empty set.

The form of our definition of set agrees with what Zermelo says in the axiomatics paper: it is a relation only between sets, not between the atoms which might exist.

We further define the disjointness relation between sets.

begin Lestrade execution

```
>>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
  x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
  y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare z obj
  z : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare subsev1 that x <<= y
   subsev1 : that x <<= y
   {move 1}
   >>> declare subsev2 that y <<= z
```

```
subsev2 : that y <<= z
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
  >>> declare u obj
   u : obj
   {move 2}
  >>> open
      {move 3}
      >>> declare uinev that u E x
      uinev : that u E x
      {move 3}
      >>> define line1 uinev : Mp uinev, Ui \setminus
          u Simp1 subsev1
      line1 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
```

```
({def} uinev_1 Mp u Ui Simp1
       (subsev1) : that u E y)]
   line1 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
       (--- : that u E y)]
   {move 2}
   >>> define line2 uinev : Mp (line1 \
       uinev, Ui u Simp1 subsev2)
   line2 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
       ({def} line1 (uinev_1) Mp
       u Ui Simp1 (subsev2) : that
       u E z)]
   line2 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
       (--- : that u E z)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define linea3 u : Ded line2
linea3 : [(u_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(uinev_2 : that
       u_1 E x) =>
       ({def} uinev_2 Mp u_1 Ui Simp1
```

```
(subsev1) Mp u_1 Ui Simp1 (subsev2) : that
          u_1 E z)) : that (u_1 E x) \rightarrow
       u_1 E z)]
   linea3 : [(u_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       (u_1 E x) \rightarrow u_1 E z)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Transsub subsev1 subsev2 : Fixform \
    (x <<= z, (Ug linea3) Conj (Simp1 \
    Simp2 subsev1) Conj (Simp2 Simp2 subsev2))
Transsub : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
    : obj), (subsev1_1 : that .x_1 \le
    .y_1), (subsev2_1 : that .y_1 <<=
    .z_1) =>
    (\{def\}\ (.x_1 <<= .z_1)\ Fixform\ Ug
    ([(u_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(uinev_2 : that
          u_1 E .x_1) =>
          ({def} uinev_2 Mp u_1 Ui Simp1
          (subsev1_1) Mp u_1 Ui Simp1
          (subsev2_1) : that u_1 E .z_1)]) : that
       (u_1 E .x_1) \rightarrow u_1 E .z_1) Conj
    Simp1 (Simp2 (subsev1_1)) Conj
    Simp2 (Simp2 (subsev2_1)) : that
    .x_1 <<= .z_1)
```

```
Transsub : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
       : obj), (subsev1_1 : that .x_1 <<=
       .y_1), (subsev2_1 : that .y_1 <<=
       .z_1) \Rightarrow (--- : that .x_1 <<= .z_1)]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
   We prove the transitive property of the subset relation.
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare issetx that Isset x
   issetx : that Isset (x)
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare u obj
      u : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
```

```
{move 3}
   >>> declare uinev that u E x
   uinev : that u E x
   {move 3}
   >>> define line1 uinev : uinev
   line1 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
       ({def} uinev_1 : that u E x)]
   line1 : [(uinev_1 : that u E x) =>
       (--- : that u E x)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define linea2 u : Ded line1
linea2 : [(u_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(uinev_1 : that
       u_1 E x) =>
       (\{def\} uinev_1 : that u_1 E x)]) : that
    (u_1 E x) \rightarrow u_1 E x)
```

```
linea2 : [(u_1 : obj) => (--- : that
          (u_1 E x) \rightarrow u_1 E x)
      {move 1}
      >>> close
   {move 1}
   >>> define Reflsubset issetx : Fixform \
       (x <<= x, (Ug linea2) Conj issetx \
       Conj issetx)
  Reflsubset : [(.x_1 : obj), (issetx_1
       : that Isset (.x_1) =>
       (\{def\}\ (.x_1 <<= .x_1)\ Fixform\ Ug
       ([(u_1 : obj) =>
          (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(uinev_2 : that
             u_1 E .x_1) =>
             (\{def\} uinev_2 : that u_1 E .x_1)]) : that
          (u_1 E .x_1) \rightarrow u_1 E .x_1) Conj
       issetx_1 Conj issetx_1 : that .x_1
       <<= .x_1)
   Reflsubset : [(.x_1 : obj), (issetx_1
       : that Isset (.x_1) => (--- : that
       .x_1 <<= .x_1)
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

We prove the reflexive property of the subset relation (as a relation on sets).

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare inev that x E y
   inev: that x E y
   {move 1}
   >>> declare subev that y <<= z
   subev : that y \le z
   {move 1}
   >>> define Mpsubs inev subev : Mp (inev, Ui \setminus
       x Simp1 subev)
   Mpsubs : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
       : obj), (inev_1 : that .x_1 E .y_1), (subev_1
       : that .y_1 <<= .z_1) =>
       ({def} inev_1 Mp .x_1 Ui Simp1 (subev_1) : that
       .x_1 E .z_1
   Mpsubs : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
       : obj), (inev_1 : that .x_1 E .y_1), (subev_1
       : that .y_1 \ll .z_1 \implies (--- : that
       .x_1 E .z_1
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

This is the frequently useful rule of inference taking $x \in y$ and $y \subseteq z$ to $x \in z.$

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare X obj
      X : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
         >>> declare Xsetev that Isset X
         Xsetev : that Isset (X)
         {move 3}
         >>> open
            {move 4}
            >>> declare u obj
```

```
u : obj
{move 4}
>>> open
   {move 5}
   >>> declare uinxev that u E X
   uinxev : that u E X
   {move 5}
   >>> define line1 uinxev : uinxev
   line1 : [(uinxev_1 : that
       u E X) =>
       ({def} uinxev_1 : that
       u E X)]
   line1 : [(uinxev_1 : that
       u E X) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       u E X)]
   {move 4}
```

>>> close

```
{move 4}
   >>> define line2 u : Ded line1
   line2 : [(u_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(uinxev_1
          : that u_1 E X) =>
          ({def} uinxev_1 : that
          u_1 E X)): that (u_1
       E X) \rightarrow u_1 E X
   line2 : [(u_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (u_1 E X) -> u_1
       E X)]
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define line3 : Ug line2
line3 : Ug ([(u_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(uinxev_2 : that
       u_1 E X) =>
       ({def} uinxev_2 : that u_1
       E X)]) : that (u_1 E X) \rightarrow
    u_1 E X)])
line3 : that Forall ([(x''_2
```

```
: obj) =>
       (\{def\} (x', 2 E X) \rightarrow x', 2
       E X : prop)])
   {move 2}
   >>> define line4 Xsetev : Fixform \
       (X <<= X, line3 Conj Xsetev Conj \
       Xsetev)
   line4 : [(Xsetev_1 : that Isset
       (X)) =>
       ({def} (X <<= X) Fixform line3
       Conj Xsetev_1 Conj Xsetev_1 : that
       X <<= X)
   line4 : [(Xsetev_1 : that Isset
       (X)) \Rightarrow (--- : that X <<=
       X)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line5 X : Ded line4
line5 : [(X_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(Xsetev_2 : that
       Isset (X_1) =>
       (\{def\}\ (X_1 <<= X_1)\ Fixform
```

```
Ug([(u_2 : obj) =>
              ({def} Ded ([(uinxev_3
                 : that u_2 E X_1 =>
                 ({def} uinxev_3 : that
                 u_2 E X_1)): that
              (u_2 E X_1) \rightarrow u_2 E X_1) Conj
          Xsetev_2 Conj Xsetev_2 : that
          X_1 <<= X_1) : that Isset
       (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 \iff X_1)
   line5 : [(X_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       Isset (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 <<= X_1)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Subsetrefl : Ug line5
Subsetrefl : Ug ([(X_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(Xsetev_2 : that Isset
       (X_1) = >
       (\{def\}\ (X_1 <<= X_1)\ Fixform
       Ug ([(u_5 : obj) =>
           ({def} Ded ([(uinxev_6 : that
             u_5 E X_1) =>
              (\{def\}\ uinxev_6: that u_5
             E X_1)): that (u_5 E X_1) \rightarrow
          u_5 E X_1) Conj Xsetev_2
       Conj Xsetev_2 : that X_1 <<= X_1)) : that
    Isset (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 <<= X_1)
```

```
Subsetrefl : that Forall ([(x''_2 : obj) =>
        ({def} Isset (x''_2) -> x''_2 <<=
        x''_2 : prop)])</pre>
```

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

I do not know why I proved reflexivity of the subset relation again, but I am going to leave it alone for now.

begin Lestrade execution

```
>>> define Zeroisset : Fixform (Isset \
     0, Add1 (Exists [x => x E 0], Refleq \
     0))

Zeroisset : [
     ({def} Isset (0) Fixform Exists
     ([(x_4 : obj) =>
          ({def} x_4 E 0 : prop)]) Add1
     Refleq (0) : that Isset (0))]
```

Zeroisset : that Isset (0)

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

The empty set is a set.

begin Lestrade execution

```
>>> declare firstev that Isset x
firstev : that Isset (x)
{move 1}
>>> declare secondev that Isset y
secondev : that Isset (y)
{move 1}
>>> declare thirdev that \tilde{\ } (x <<= y)
thirdev : that \tilde{\ } (x <<= y)
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define linec1 : Counterexample \
       (Notconj (thirdev, Conj firstev \
       secondev))
   linec1 : [
       ({def} Counterexample (thirdev
       Notconj firstev Conj secondev) : that
       Exists ([(z_2 : obj) =>
```

```
({def} \tilde{} ((z_2 E x) \rightarrow z_2
        E y) : prop)]))]
linec1 : that Exists ([(z_2 : obj) =>
     ({def} \ \tilde{\ } ((z_2 E x) \rightarrow z_2 E y) : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare z1 obj
   z1 : obj
   {move 3}
   >>> declare u1 obj
   u1 : obj
   {move 3}
   >>> declare evu1 that \tilde{\ } ((u1 E x) -> \
        u1 E y)
   evu1 : that \sim ((u1 E x) -> u1
    Ey)
```

```
{move 3}
   >>> define linec2 u1 evu1 : Ei1 \
       u1, Conj (Notimp2 evu1, Notimp1 \
       evu1)
   linec2 : [(u1_1 : obj), (evu1_1
       : that \sim ((u1_1 E x) \rightarrow u1_1
       E y)) =>
       ({def} u1_1 Ei1 Notimp2 (evu1_1) Conj
       Notimp1 (evu1_1) : that Exists
       ([(x,_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} (x'_2 E x) & \tilde{} (x'_2
          E y) : prop)]))]
   linec2 : [(u1_1 : obj), (evu1_1
       : that \sim ((u1_1 E x) -> u1_1
       E y)) \Rightarrow (--- : that Exists)
       ([(x,_2 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (x'_2 E x) \& ~(x'_2
          E y) : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define Subsetcounter1 : Eg linec1, linec2
Subsetcounter1 : linec1 Eg [(u1_1
    : obj), (evu1_1 : that ~ ((u1_1
```

```
E x) -> u1_1 E y)) =>
       ({def} u1_1 Ei1 Notimp2 (evu1_1) Conj
       Notimp1 (evu1_1) : that Exists
       ([(x'_2 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (x'_2 E x) & (x'_2
          E y) : prop)]))]
   Subsetcounter1 : that Exists ([(x'_2)
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (x'_2 E x) & (x'_2
       E y) : prop)])
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Subsetcounter firstev secondev \
    thirdev : Subsetcounter1
Subsetcounter : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
    : obj), (firstev_1 : that Isset
    (.x_1), (secondev_1: that Isset
    (.y_1), (thirdev_1 : that ~ (.x_1)
    <<= .y_1)) =>
    ({def} Counterexample (thirdev_1
    Notconj firstev_1 Conj secondev_1) Eg
    [(u1_2 : obj), (evu1_2 : that
       ((u1_2 E .x_1) \rightarrow u1_2 E .y_1)) =>
       ({def} u1_2 Ei1 Notimp2 (evu1_2) Conj
       Notimp1 (evu1_2) : that Exists
       ([(x,3 : obj) =>
          ({def} (x'_3 E .x_1) & ~(x'_3 E .x_1)
```

```
E .y_1) : prop)]))] : that
       Exists ([(x'_2 : obj) =>
           ({def} (x'_2 E .x_1) & ~(x'_2
           E .y_1) : prop)]))]
   Subsetcounter : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_2 : obj)
        : obj), (firstev_1 : that Isset
        (.x_1), (secondev_1 : that Isset
        (.y_1), (thirdev_1 : that ~ (.x_1)
        <<= .y_1)) => (--- : that Exists
        ([(x,_2 : obj) =>
           ({def} (x'_2 E .x_1) & (x'_2 E .x_1) 
           E .y_1) : prop)]))]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

I don't think I used this result, but it is nice to have it in the library (existence of witnesses to failures of inclusion).

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare setev1 that Isset x
   setev1 : that Isset (x)
   {move 1}
   >>> declare setev2 that Isset y
   setev2 : that Isset (y)
```

```
{move 1}
   >>> declare extev [z \Rightarrow that (z E x) == \
          (z E y)]
   extev : [(z_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       (z_1 E x) == z_1 E y)
   {move 1}
   >>> postulate Ext setev1 setev2 extev \
       that x = y
   Ext : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (setev1_1)]
       : that Isset (.x_1), (setev2_1)
       : that Isset (.y_1)), (extev_1
       : [(z_2 : obj) => (--- : that (z_2)
          E .x_1) == z_2 E .y_1)) =>
       (--- : that .x_1 = .y_1)
   {move 0}
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
```

```
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare setev that z E x
setev : that z E x
{move 1}
>>> declare setev2 that z E y
\mathtt{setev2} \; : \; \mathtt{that} \; \mathtt{z} \; \mathtt{E} \; \mathtt{y}
{move 1}
>>> declare extev1 [setev => that z E y]
extev1 : [(setev_1 : that z E x) =>
     (--- : that z E y)]
```

end Lestrade execution $\text{Above we have declared the membership relation } x \in y, \text{ the empty set } 0$

and the axiom that it has no members, defined sets as elements and 0, and stated the weak axiom of extensionality: sets which have the same extension are equal.

The definition of "set" (and the possibility of objects which are not sets) is clearly stated in Zermelo's axiomatics paper.

The alternative formulation Ext1 is better in not involving logic primitives, which would add a little more burden to needed definitions. I should define one of these in terms of the other.

The rule of inference Inhabited from $x \in y$ to sethood of y is often useful.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare sev1 that x <<= y
   sev1 : that x <<= y
   {move 1}
   >>> declare sev2 that y <<= x
   sev2 : that y <<= x
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare u obj
      u : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare ineval that u E x
ineva1 : that u E x
{move 3}
>>> declare ineva2 that u\ E\ y
ineva2 : that u E y
{move 3}
>>> define dir1 ineva1 : Mpsubs \
    ineval sev1
dir1 : [(ineva1_1 : that u E x) =>
    ({def} ineval_1 Mpsubs sev1
    : that u E y)]
dir1 : [(ineval_1 : that u E x) =>
    (--- : that u E y)]
{move 2}
>>> define dir2 ineva2 : Mpsubs \
    ineva2 sev2
dir2 : [(ineva2_1 : that u E y) =>
    ({def} ineva2_1 Mpsubs sev2
```

```
: that u E x)]
      dir2 : [(ineva2_1 : that u E y) =>
          (--- : that u E x)]
      {move 2}
      >>> close
   {move 2}
   >>> define bothways u : Dediff dir1, dir2
  bothways : [(u_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Dediff ([(ineva1_1 : that
          u_1 E x) =>
          ({def} ineval_1 Mpsubs sev1
          : that u_1 E y)], [(ineva2_2
          : that u_1 E y) =>
          ({def} ineva2_2 Mpsubs sev2
          : that u_1 E x)]) : that (u_1
      E x) == u_1 E y
  bothways : [(u_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (u_1 E x) == u_1 E y)
   {move 1}
  >>> close
{move 1}
```

```
>>> define Antisymsub sev1 sev2 : Ext \
       (Simp1 (Simp2 sev1), Simp2 (Simp2 \
       sev1), bothways)
   Antisymsub : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
       : obj), (sev1_1 : that .x_1 <<=
       .y_1), (sev2_1 : that .y_1 <<= .x_1) =>
       ({def} Ext (Simp1 (Simp2 (sev1_1)), Simp2
       (Simp2 (sev1_1)), [(u_1 : obj) =>
          ({def} Dediff ([(ineva1_2 : that
             u_1 E .x_1) =>
              ({def} ineva1_2 Mpsubs sev1_1
              : that u_1 E .y_1)], [(ineva2_2
              : that u_1 E .y_1 =>
              ({def} ineva2_2 Mpsubs sev2_1
              : that u_1 E .x_1)]) : that
          (u_1 E .x_1) == u_1 E .y_1): that
       .x_1 = .y_1)
   Antisymsub : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
       : obj), (sev1_1 : that .x_1 <<=
       .y_1), (sev2_1 : that .y_1 <<= .x_1) =>
       (--- : that .x_1 = .y_1)
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

We prove that the subset relation is antisymmetric (which is an alternative way in which Zermelo states extensionality).

begin Lestrade execution

>>> clearcurrent

```
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
  x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
  y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare z obj
   z : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> postulate ; x y obj
   ;: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
      (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
   >>> postulate Pair x y that Forall [z => \
          (z E x ; y) == (z = x) V z = y]
```

```
Pair : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (---: that Forall ([(z_2: obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z_2 E x_1 ; y_1) == (z_2)
          = x_1) \ V \ z_2 = y_1 : prop)]))]
   {move 0}
   >>> define Usc x : x ; x
  Usc : [(x_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} x_1 ; x_1 : obj)]
  Usc : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
   >>> define $ x y : (x ; x) ; (x ; y)
   : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} (x_1 ; x_1) ; x_1 ; y_1 : obj)]
   : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

Above we present the operation of unordered pairing and the axiom of pairing which determines the extension of the pair. We write \mathbf{x} ; \mathbf{y} for $\{x,y\}$.

We define the singleton operation, borrowing Rosser's notation USC(x) for $\{x\}$.

We define the Kuratowski ordered pair, using the notation x\$y for (x, y). This is of course a notion unknown to Zermelo, but it is a formal feature of his system even if he did not know about it.

Our treatment differs from Zermelo's in treating the singleton as a special case of the unordered pair. He treats the two as separate constructions.

3 Developments from pairing, including the properties of the ordered pair

Herein we do some development work with unordered pairs, singletons, and Kuratowski ordered pairs. The results on Kuratowski ordered pairs are anachronistic, having nothing to do with Zermelo's development, and we do not make use of these in implementing Zermelo's proofs; lemmas provided about singletons and ordered pairs are used extensively, though it should be noted that strictly speaking Zermelo's well-ordering theorem proof does not actually depend on the axiom of pairing (pairs of objects taken from a set given in advance are provided by separation, and this is all that is actually needed in Zermelo's proof; we might at some point revise the development here to highlight this fact).

```
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare inev that y E x ; x
inev : that y E x ; x
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define line1 : Ui (y, Pair x x)
  line1 : y Ui x Pair x
  line1 : that (y E x ; x) == (y = x) V y = x
   {move 1}
   >>> define line2 : Iff1 inev line1
   line2 : [
       ({def} inev Iff1 line1 : that (y = x) V y = x)]
```

```
line2 : that (y = x) V y = x
   {move 1}
   >>> define line3 : Oridem line2
   line3 : [
       ({def} Oridem (line2) : that
       y = x
   line3 : that y = x
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Inusc1 inev : line3
Inusc1 : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (inev_1)
    : that .y_1 E .x_1 ; .x_1) =>
    ({def} Oridem (inev_1 Iff1 .y_1 Ui
    .x_1 Pair .x_1) : that .y_1 = .x_1)
Inusc1 : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (inev_1)
    : that .y_1 E .x_1 ; .x_1) \Rightarrow (---
    : that .y_1 = .x_1]
```

```
{move 0}
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> define line1 : Add1 (x = x, Refleq \setminus
          x)
      line1 : (x = x) Add1 Refleq (x)
      line1 : that (x = x) V x = x
      {move 1}
      >>> define line2 : Iff2 (line1, Ui \
          (x, Pair x x))
      line2 : [
          (\{def\}\ line1\ Iff2\ x\ Ui\ x\ Pair\ x\ :\ that
          x E x ; x)]
```

```
line2 : that x E x ; x
      {move 1}
      >>> close
   {move 1}
   >>> define Inusc2 x : line2
   Inusc2 : [(x_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (x_1 = x_1) Add1 Refleq (x_1) Iff2
       x_1 Ui x_1 Pair x_1: that x_1 E x_1
       ; x<sub>1</sub>)]
   Inusc2 : [(x_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       x_1 E x_1 ; x_1)
   {move 0}
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
```

```
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define scratch1 : Ui x (Pair x y)
   scratch1 : x Ui x Pair y
   scratch1 : that (x E x ; y) == (x = x) V x = y
   {move 1}
   >>> define scratch2 : Add1 (x = y, Refleq \setminus
       x)
   scratch2 : (x = y) Add1 Refleq (x)
   scratch2 : that (x = x) V x = y
   {move 1}
   >>> define scratch3 : Iff2 (scratch2, scratch1)
```

```
scratch3 : [
          (\{def\}\ scratch2\ Iff2\ scratch1\ :\ that
          x E x ; y)]
      scratch3 : that x E x ; y
      {move 1}
      >>> close
   {move 1}
   >>> define Inpair1 x y : scratch3
   Inpair1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} (x_1 = y_1) Add1 Refleq (x_1) Iff2
       x_1 Ui x_1 Pair y_1: that x_1 E x_1
       ; y_1)]
   Inpair1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : that x_1 E x_1 ; y_1)]
   {move 0}
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
```

```
x : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define scratch1 : Ui y (Pair x y)
   scratch1 : y Ui x Pair y
   scratch1 : that (y E x ; y) == (y = x) V y = y
   {move 1}
   >>> define scratch2 : Add2 (y = x, Refleq \setminus
       y)
   scratch2 : (y = x) Add2 Refleq (y)
   scratch2 : that (y = x) V y = y
```

```
{move 1}
  >>> define scratch3 : Iff2 scratch2 \
       scratch1
   scratch3 : [
       ({def} scratch2 Iff2 scratch1 : that
      y E x ; y)]
   scratch3 : that y E x ; y
   {move 1}
  >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Inpair2 x y : scratch3
Inpair2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} (y_1 = x_1) Add2 Refleq (y_1) Iff2
   y_1 Ui x_1 Pair y_1: that y_1 E x_1
    ; y_1)]
Inpair2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
    (---: that y_1 E x_1; y_1)
{move 0}
```

```
>>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare y obj
      y : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
         >>> declare inev1 that y E Usc x
         inev1 : that y E Usc (x)
         {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare inev2 that y = x
inev2 : that y = x
{move 3}
>>> define dir1 inev1 : Inusc1 inev1
dir1 : [(inev1_1 : that y E Usc
    (x)) =>
    ({def} Inusc1 (inev1_1) : that
    y = x
dir1 : [(inev1_1 : that y E Usc
    (x)) \Rightarrow (--- : that y = x)]
{move 2}
>>> define line3 inev2 : Eqsymm \
    inev2
line3 : [(inev2_1 : that y = x) = 
    ({def} Eqsymm (inev2_1) : that
    x = y
line3 : [(inev2_1 : that y = x) = 
    (---: that x = y)]
{move 2}
```

```
>>> define line4 : Fixform (x E Usc \
    x, Inusc2 x)
line4 : [
    ({def} (x E Usc (x)) Fixform
    Inusc2 (x): that x \in Usc(x)]
line4 : that x E Usc (x)
{move 2}
>>> declare z1 obj
z1 : obj
{move 3}
>>> define dir2 inev2 : Subs (Eqsymm \
    inev2, [z1 \Rightarrow z1 E Usc x], line4)
dir2 : [(inev2_1 : that y = x) =>
    (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (inev2_1), [(z1_2
       : obj) =>
       (\{def\} z1_2 E Usc (x) : prop)], line4) : that
    y E Usc (x)
dir2 : [(inev2_1 : that y = x) =>
    (--- : that y E Usc (x))]
{move 2}
```

```
>>> define inuscone : Fixform ((y E Usc \
       x) == y = x, Dediff dir1, dir2)
   inuscone : [
       (\{def\} ((y E Usc (x)) ==
       y = x) Fixform Dediff (dir1, dir2) : that
       (y E Usc (x)) == y = x)
   inuscone : that (y E Usc (x)) ==
   y = x
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define inuscone2 y : inuscone
inuscone2 : [(y_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} ((y_1 E Usc (x)) ==
    y_1 = x) Fixform Dediff ([(inev1_1
       : that y_1 \to Usc(x) =>
       ({def} Inusc1 (inev1_1) : that
       y_1 = x), [(inev2_3 : that
       y_1 = x) =>
       (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (inev2_3), [(z1_4
          : obj) =>
          ({def} z1_4 E Usc (x) : prop)], (x E Usc
       (x)) Fixform Inusc2 (x)) : that
       y_1 \to Usc(x)): that
    (y_1 E Usc (x)) == y_1 = x)
```

```
inuscone2 : [(y_1 : obj) => (---
    : that (y_1 E Usc (x)) == y_1
    = x)
{move 1}
>>> define one1 : Ug inuscone2
one1 : Ug (inuscone2)
one1 : that Forall ([(x,'_2 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} (x''_2 E Usc (x)) ==
    x''_2 = x : prop)
{move 1}
>>> declare w obj
w : obj
{move 2}
>>> declare y2 obj
y2 : obj
{move 2}
```

```
>>> define one2 : Fixform (One [w => \]
       w E Usc x], Ei (x, [w \Rightarrow Forall \setminus
       [y2 \Rightarrow (y2 E Usc x) == y2 = w]], one1))
one2 : [
    (\{def\}\ One\ ([(w_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} w_3 E Usc (x) : prop)]) Fixform
    Ei (x, [(w_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} Forall ([(y2_4 : obj) =>
          ({def} (y2_4 E Usc (x)) ==
          y2_4 = w_3 : prop)] : prop)], one1) : that
    One ([(w_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} \ w_2 \ E \ Usc \ (x) : prop)]))]
one2 : that One ([(w_2 : obj) =>
    ({def} w_2 E Usc (x) : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define one3 : Theax one2
one3: Theax (one2)
one3: that The (one2) E Usc (x)
{move 1}
>>> define one4 : Inusc1 one3
one4 : [
    ({def} Inusc1 (one3) : that The
```

```
(one2) = x)
   one4: that The (one2) = x
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Theeltthm x : one2
Theeltthm : [(x_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\}\ One\ ([(w_3:obj)=>
       (\{def\} w_3 E Usc (x_1) : prop)]) Fixform
    Ei (x_1, [(w_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} Forall ([(y2_4 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (y2_4 E Usc (x_1)) ==
          y2_4 = w_3 : prop)]) : prop)], Ug
    ([(y_1 : obj) =>
       ({def}) ((y_1 E Usc (x_1)) ==
       y_1 = x_1) Fixform Dediff ([(inev1_3)
          : that y_1 \to Usc(x_1) =>
          ({def} Inusc1 (inev1_3) : that
          y_1 = x_1, [(inev2_3 : that
          y_1 = x_1) =>
          (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (inev2_3), [(z1_4
             : obj) =>
             ({def} z1_4 E Usc (x_1) : prop)], (x_1)
          E Usc (x_1)) Fixform Inusc2
          (x_1)): that y_1 \to (x_1)]): that
       (y_1 E Usc (x_1)) == y_1 = x_1))) : that
    One ([(w_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} \ w_2 \ E \ Usc \ (x_1) : prop)]))]
```

```
Theeltthm : [(x_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : that)
             One ([(w_2 : obj) =>
                        ({def} \ w_2 \ E \ Usc \ (x_1) : prop)]))]
{move 0}
>>> define Theelt x : Fixform (The (Theeltthm \
             x) = x, one4)
Theelt : [(x_1 : obj),
              ({let} .one2_1 : [
                        (\{def\}\ One\ ([(w_4:obj)=>
                                   (\{def\} w_4 E Usc (x_1) : prop)]) Fixform
                       Ei (x_1, [(w_4 : obj) =>
                                   (\{def\} Forall ([(y2_5 : obj) =>
                                             (\{def\} (y2_5 E Usc (x_1)) ==
                                            y2_5 = w_4 : prop)]) : prop)], Ug
                        ([(y_1 : obj) =>
                                   ({def}) ((y_1 E Usc (x_1)) ==
                                  y_1 = x_1) Fixform Dediff ([(inev1_3
                                             : that y_1 \to Usc(x_1) =>
                                             ({def} Inusc1 (inev1_3) : that
                                            y_1 = x_1), [(inev2_3)
                                             : that y_1 = x_1 = x_1
                                             (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (inev2_3), [(z1_4
                                                       : obj) =>
                                                       ({def} z1_4 E Usc (x_1) : prop)], (x_1)
                                            E Usc (x_1)) Fixform Inusc2
                                            (x_1): that y_1 \to Usc
                                             (x_1))) : that (y_1
                                  E Usc (x_1) = y_1 = x_1)) : that
                        One ([(w_3 : obj) =>
                                   ({def} \ w_3 \ E \ Usc \ (x_1) : prop)]))]) =>
              (\{def\}\ (The\ (Theeltthm\ (x_1)) = x_1)\ Fixform
```

```
Inusc1 (Theax (.one2_1)) : that
The (Theeltthm (x_1)) = x_1)]

Theelt : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : that
    The (Theeltthm (x_1)) = x_1)]

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

We prove that $y \in \{x\}$ iff y = x, and that $(\theta y : y \in \{x\}) = x$. This involves careful manipulations of environments and forms of statements to avoid blowup.

We should also prove that if there is only one element in a set, it is the singleton of its element.

In the following block, we develop the operation which sends x and $\{x, y\}$ to y. It is not immediately clear (except to common sense) that there is such an operation. This might be useful for Zermelo's implementation of equivalence, later in this file. I'm of two minds as to whether it will actually be useful, but it was an interesting exercise building the proofs and definitions.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

    {move 1}
    >>> declare y obj
```

```
y : obj
  {move 1}
  >>> declare z obj
  z : obj
  {move 1}
  >>> goal that One [z => (z E x ; y) & (z = x) == \
         y = x
{function error}
  {move 1}
  >>> goal that Forall [z => ((z E x ; y) & (z = x) == \
         y = x) == z = y
{function error}
  {move 1}
  >>> open
      {move 2}
     >>> declare z1 obj
```

```
z1 : obj
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
  >>> declare z2 obj
   z2 : obj
   {move 3}
   >>> declare dir1 that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1 \setminus
       = x) == y = x
   dir1 : that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
    = x) == y = x
   {move 3}
   >>> declare dir2 that z1 = y
   dir2 : that z1 = y
   {move 3}
   >>> define line1 dir1 : Iff1 Simp1 \
```

```
line1 : [(dir1_1 : that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
    = x) == y = x) =>
    ({def} Simp1 (dir1_1) Iff1
    z1 Ui x Pair y : that (z1 = x) V z1
    = y)
line1 : [(dir1_1 : that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
    = x) == y = x) => (--- : that
    (z1 = x) V z1 = y)]
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> declare case1 that z1 = x
   case1 : that z1 = x
   {move 4}
   >>> define line2 case1 : Iff1 \
       case1 Simp2 dir1
   line2 : [(case1_1 : that z1
       = x) =>
       ({def} case1_1 Iff1 Simp2
       (dir1) : that y = x)
```

dir1, Ui z1, Pair x y

```
line2 : [(case1_1 : that z1)]
   = x) => (--- : that y = x)]
{move 3}
>>> define line3 case1 : Subs1 \
    Eqsymm line2 case1 case1
line3 : [(case1_1 : that z1)]
   = x) =>
    ({def} Eqsymm (line2 (case1_1)) Subs1
    case1_1 : that z1 = y)
line3 : [(case1_1 : that z1)]
    = x) => (--- : that z1 = y)]
{move 3}
>>> declare case2 that z1 = y
case2 : that z1 = y
{move 4}
>>> define line4 case2 : case2
line4 : [(case2_1 : that z1)]
    = y) =>
    (\{def\} case2_1 : that z1
```

```
= y)
   line4 : [(case2_1 : that z1)]
       = y) => (--- : that z1 = y)]
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define line5 dir1 : Cases line1 \
    dir1 line3, line4
line5 : [(dir1_1 : that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
    = x) == y = x) =>
    ({def} Cases (line1 (dir1_1), [(case1_2
       : that z1 = x) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (case1_2 Iff1
       Simp2 (dir1_1)) Subs1 case1_2
       : that z1 = y)], [(case2_2
       : that z1 = y) \Rightarrow
       (\{def\} case2_2 : that z1
       = y)]) : that z1 = y)]
line5 : [(dir1_1 : that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
    = x) == y = x) => (--- : that
    z1 = y)
{move 2}
>>> define line6 : Conj Inpair2 \
```

```
x y, Iffrefl (y = x)
   line6 : (x Inpair2 y) Conj Iffrefl
    (y = x)
   line6 : that (y E x ; y) & (y = x) ==
   y = x
   {move 2}
   >>> define line7 dir2 : Subs Eqsymm \
       dir2 [z2 \Rightarrow (z2 E x ; y) & (z2 \
          = x) == y = x line6
   line7 : [(dir2_1 : that z1 = y) =>
       (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (dir2_1), [(z2_2
          : obj) =>
          ({def} (z2_2 E x ; y) & (z2_2)
          = x) == y = x : prop), line6) : that
       (z1 E x ; y) & (z1 = x) ==
       y = x
   line7 : [(dir2_1 : that z1 = y) =>
       (---: that (z1 E x ; y) & (z1
       = x) == y = x
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
```

```
line8 : [(z1_1 : obj) =>
    ({def}) Dediff ([(dir1_2 : that
       (z1_1 E x ; y) & (z1_1 = x) ==
       y = x) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Cases (Simp1 (dir1_2) Iff1
       z1_1 Ui x Pair y, [(case1_3
          : that z1_1 = x) =>
          ({def} Eqsymm (case1_3 Iff1
          Simp2 (dir1_2)) Subs1 case1_3
          : that z1_1 = y)], [(case2_3)
          : that z1_1 = y) =>
          (\{def\} case2\_3 : that z1\_1
          = y)]) : that z1_1 = y)], [(dir2_2
       : that z1_1 = y) =>
       (\{def\} Subs (Eqsymm (dir2_2), [(z2_3
          : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z2\_3 E x ; y) \& (z2\_3)
          = x) == y = x : prop), (x Inpair2
       y) Conj Iffrefl (y = x)): that
       (z1_1 E x ; y) & (z1_1 = x) ==
       y = x)): that ((z1_1 E x; y) & (z1_1
    = x) == y = x) == z1_1 = y
line8 : [(z1_1 : obj) => (--- : that
    ((z1_1 E x ; y) & (z1_1 = x) ==
    y = x) == z1_1 = y
{move 1}
>>> close
```

>>> define line8 z1 : Dediff line5, line7

{move 1} >>> define Theother1 x y : Ug line8 Theother1 : $[(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>$ $({def} \ Ug \ ([(z1_1 : obj) =>$ ($\{def\}\ Dediff\ ([(dir1_2 : that$ $(z1_1 E x_1 ; y_1) & (z1_1$ $= x_1) == y_1 = x_1) =>$ ({def} Cases (Simp1 (dir1_2) Iff1 z1_1 Ui x_1 Pair y_1, [(case1_3 : that $z1_1 = x_1) =>$ ({def} Eqsymm (case1_3 Iff1 Simp2 (dir1_2)) Subs1 case1_3 : that $z1_1 = y_1$, [(case2_3) : that $z1_1 = y_1) =>$ $\{\{def\} case2_3 : that z1_1\}$ $= y_1)$): that $z1_1 = y_1)$, [(dir2_2) : that $z1_1 = y_1) =>$ ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (dir2_2), [(z2_3 : obj) => $(\{def\} (z2_3 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (z2_3)$ $= x_1) == y_1 = x_1 : prop), (x_1)$ Inpair2 y_1) Conj Iffrefl (y_1 $= x_1)$: that $(z1_1 E x_1$; y_1 & $(z1_1 = x_1) == y_1$ $= x_1)$): that (($z1_1 E x_1$; y_1) & $(z_1_1 = x_1) == y_1$ $= x_1) == z_11 = y_1)$: that Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) => $(\{def\} ((x''_2 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (x''_2$ $= x_1) == y_1 = x_1) == x''_2$ $= y_1 : prop)]))]$

```
(\{def\} ((x', 2 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (x', 2
       = x_1) == y_1 = x_1) == x''_2
       = y_1 : prop)]))]
{move 0}
>>> declare w obj
w : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Theother2 x y : Fixform One \setminus
    [z \Rightarrow ((z E x ; y) \& (z = x) == \
       y = x)], Ei y, [w => Forall [z => \
           ((z E x ; y) & (z = x) == y = x) == \setminus
           z = w], Theother1 x y
Theother2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) \Rightarrow
    (\{def\}\ One\ ([(z_3:obj)=>
       (\{def\} (z_3 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (z_3)
       = x_1) == y_1 = x_1 : prop) Fixform
    Ei (y_1, [(w_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} Forall ([(z_4 : obj) =>
           ({def}) ((z_4 E x_1 ; y_1) & (z_4 E x_1 ; y_1))
           = x_1) == y_1 = x_1) == z_4
           = w_3 : prop)]) : prop)], x_1
    Theother1 y_1): that One ([(z_2
        : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_2 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (z_2)
       = x_1) == y_1 = x_1 : prop)]))]
Theother2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
```

```
(---: that One ([(z_2: obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_2 E x_1 ; y_1) \& (z_2)
       = x_1) == y_1 = x_1 : prop)]))]
{move 0}
>>> declare ispairev that z = x; y
ispairev : that z = x; y
{move 1}
>>> declare z1 obj
z1 : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Theother x is
pairev : The (Theother
2 \setminus
    x y)
Theother : [(x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1)
    : obj), (ispairev_1: that .z_1
    = x_1 ; .y_1) =>
    ({def} The (x_1 Theother2 .y_1) : obj)]
Theother : [(x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1)
    : obj), (ispairev_1: that .z_1
    = x_1 ; .y_1) => (--- : obj)
```

```
{move 0}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define it : Theother x ispairev
   it : [
       ({def} x Theother ispairev : obj)]
   it : obj
   {move 1}
  >>> define line9 : Fixform ((it E x ; y) & (it \setminus
       = x) == y = x, Theax (Theother2 \
       x y))
   line9 : [
       (\{def\} ((it E x ; y) & (it
       = x) == y = x) Fixform Theax (x Theother2
       y) : that (it E x ; y) & (it
       = x) == y = x
   line9 : that (it E x ; y) & (it
    = x) == y = x
   {move 1}
   >>> define line10 : Iff1 Simp1 line9, Ui \
```

```
it, Pair x y
line10 : [
    ({def} Simp1 (line9) Iff1 it
   Ui x Pair y : that (it = x) V it
   = y)
line10 : that (it = x) V it = y
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare case1 that it = x
   case1 : that it = x
   {move 3}
   >>> define line11 case1 : Iff1 case1 \
       Simp2 line9
   line11 : [(case1_1 : that it = x) =>
       ({def} case1_1 Iff1 Simp2 (line9) : that
       y = x)
   line11 : [(case1_1 : that it = x) =>
       (--- : that y = x)]
```

```
{move 2}
>>> define line12 case1 : Subs1 \
    Eqsymm line11 case1 case1
line12 : [(case1_1 : that it = x) = 
    ({def} Eqsymm (line11 (case1_1)) Subs1
    case1_1 : that it = y)
line12 : [(case1_1 : that it = x) = 
    (---: that it = y)]
{move 2}
>>> declare case2 that it = y
case2 : that it = y
{move 3}
>>> define line13 case2 : case2
line13 : [(case2_1 : that it = y) =>
    ({def} case2_1 : that it = y)]
line13 : [(case2_1 : that it = y) =>
    (---: that it = y)]
```

```
{move 2}
      >>> close
   {move 2}
   >>> define line14 : Cases line10 line12, line13
   line14 : Cases (line10, [(case1_2
       : that it = x) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (case1_2 Iff1 Simp2
       (line9)) Subs1 case1_2 : that
       it = y)], [(case2_2 : that
       it = y) =>
       ({def} case2_2 : that it = y)])
   line14 : that it = y
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Theother3 x ispairev : line14
Theother3 : [(x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
    : obj), (ispairev_1 : that .z_1
    = x_1 ; .y_1),
    ({let} .it_1 : [
       ({def} x_1 Theother ispairev_1
       : obj)]) =>
```

```
({def} Cases (Simp1 (((.it_1 E x_1
              y_1; y_21) & (.it_1 = x_1) == .y_1
             = x_1) Fixform Theax (x_1 Theother2
              .y_1)) Iff1 .it_1 Ui x_1 Pair .y_1, [(case1_2
                        : that .it_1 = x_1) =>
                        ({def} Eqsymm (case1_2 Iff1 Simp2
                        (((.it_1 E x_1 ; .y_1) & (.it_1
                       = x_1) == .y_1 = x_1) Fixform
                       Theax (x_1 Theother2 .y_1))) Subs1
                        case1_2 : that .it_1 = .y_1), [(case2_2)
                        : that .it_1 = .y_1) =>
                        ({def} \ case2_2 : that .it_1 = .y_1)) : that
              .it_1 = .y_1)
Theother3 : [(x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1 : obj), (.
              : obj), (ispairev_1 : that .z_1
             = x_1 ; y_1 => (--- : that x_1)
             Theother ispairev_1 = .y_1)
{move 0}
>>> define Theother4 x y : Theother3 x Refleq \
              (x ; y)
Theother4 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
              ({def} x_1 Theother3 Refleq (x_1
              ; y_1) : that x_1 Theother Refleq
              (x_1 ; y_1) = y_1)
Theother4 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
              (---: that x_1 Theother Refleq (x_1)
              ; y_1) = y_1
```

{move 0} end Lestrade execution

Our aim in the next blocks of code is to characterize projections of the pair. x is the unique object which belongs to all elements of x; y. y is the unique object which belongs to exactly one element of x; y. These theorems allow us to prove that an ordered pair is determined by its projections.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

    {move 1}
    >>> declare y obj

    y : obj

    {move 1}

    >>> open

    {move 2}

    >>> declare z obj
```

```
z : obj
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare inev that z E x $ y
   inev : that z E x $ y
   {move 3}
   >>> open
      {move 4}
      >>> define line1 : Ui z (Pair \setminus
          x ; x (x ; y))
      line1 : z Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y
      line1 : that (z E (x ; x) ; x ; y) ==
       (z = x ; x) \forall z = x ; y
      {move 3}
      >>> define line2 : Iff1 inev \
```

line1

```
line2 : [
    ({def} inev Iff1 line1 : that
    (z = x ; x) V z = x ; y)]
line2 : that (z = x ; x) \forall z = x ; y
{move 3}
>>> declare eqev1 that z = x; x
eqev1 : that z = x; x
{move 4}
>>> declare w obj
w : obj
{move 4}
>>> define dir1 eqev1 : Subs1 \
    (Eqsymm eqev1, Inusc2 x)
dir1 : [(eqev1_1 : that z = x ; x) =>
    ({def} Eqsymm (eqev1_1) Subs1
    Inusc2 (x) : that x E z)]
```

```
dir1 : [(eqev1_1 : that z = x ; x) =>
   (--- : that x E z)]
{move 3}
>>> declare eqev2 that z = x; y
eqev2 : that z = x; y
{move 4}
>>> define dir2 eqev2 : Subs1 \
    (Eqsymm eqev2, Inpair1 x y)
dir2 : [(eqev2_1 : that z = x ; y) =>
    ({def} Eqsymm (eqev2_1) Subs1
   x Inpair1 y : that x E z)]
dir2 : [(eqev2_1 : that z = x ; y) =>
   (--- : that x E z)]
{move 3}
>>> define line3 : Cases line2 \
   dir1, dir2
line3 : Cases (line2, dir1, dir2)
line3 : that x E z
```

```
{move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define scratch inev : line3
scratch : [(inev_1 : that z E x $ y) =>
    ({def} Cases (inev_1 Iff1 z Ui
    (x ; x) Pair x ; y, [(eqev1_2)
       : that z = x ; x) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Eqsymm (eqev1_2) Subs1
       Inusc2 (x): that x \to z], [(eqev2_2)
       : that z = x ; y) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Eqsymm (eqev2_2) Subs1
       x Inpair1 y : that x E z)]) : that
    x E z)]
scratch : [(inev_1 : that z E x $ y) =>
    (--- : that x E z)]
{move 2}
>>> define scratch2 : Ded scratch
scratch2 : Ded (scratch)
scratch2 : that (z E x $ y) \rightarrow
x E z
```

```
{move 2}
      >>> close
   {move 2}
   >>> define scratch3 z : scratch2
   scratch3 : [(z_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_1 : that
          z_1 E x $ y) \Rightarrow
          ({def} Cases (inev_1 Iff1 z_1
          Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y, [(eqev1_2)
             : that z_1 = x ; x) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm (eqev1_2) Subs1
             Inusc2 (x) : that x \in z_1], [(eqev2_2)
             : that z_1 = x ; y) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm (eqev2_2) Subs1
             x Inpair1 y : that x E z_1)) : that
          x E z_1)) : that (z_1 E x $ y) ->
       x E z_1
   scratch3 : [(z_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (z_1 E x \$ y) \rightarrow x E z_1)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Firstprojthm1 x y : Ug scratch3
```

```
Firstprojthm1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj), (y_3 : obj)
        : obj) =>
        (\{def\}\ Ug\ ([(z_1 : obj) =>
            (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_2 : that
               z_1 E x_1 $ y_1 =>
                ({def} Cases (inev_2 Iff1 z_1
               Ui (x_1; x_1) Pair x_1; y_1, [(eqev1_3)]
                   : that z_1 = x_1 ; x_1 \Rightarrow
                   ({def} Eqsymm (eqev1_3) Subs1
                   Inusc2 (x_1): that x_1
                   E z_1], [(eqev2_3 : that
                   z_1 = x_1 ; y_1) =>
                   ({def} Eqsymm (eqev2_3) Subs1
                   x_1 Inpair1 y_1: that x_1
                   E z_1)): that x_1 E z_1)): that
            (z_1 E x_1 \$ y_1) \rightarrow x_1 E z_1): that
        Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
            (\{def\} (x''_2 E x_1 \$ y_1) \rightarrow
            x_1 E x'',2 : prop)]))]
   Firstprojthm1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)
        : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : that Forall ([(x''_2
            : obj) =>
            ({def} (x''_2 E x_1 $ y_1) \rightarrow
            x_1 E x''_2 : prop)]))]
   {move 0}
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
```

```
x : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare w obj
   w : obj
   {move 2}
   >>> open
      {move 3}
      >>> declare z obj
      z : obj
```

```
{move 3}
>>> declare firstev that Forall \
    [z \Rightarrow (z E x \$ y) \rightarrow w E z]
firstev : that Forall ([(z_2
    : obj) =>
    ({def} (z_2 E x $ y) \rightarrow w E z_2
    : prop)])
{move 3}
>>> define line1 firstev : Ui (Usc \
    x, firstev)
line1 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
        w E z_3 : prop)])) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Usc (x) Ui firstev_1
    : that (Usc (x) E x $ y) ->
    w E Usc (x))]
line1 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
    (---: that (Usc (x) E x $ y) \rightarrow
    w E Usc (x))
{move 2}
>>> define line2 firstev : Fixform \
```

```
((Usc x) E x $ y, Inpair1 (x ; x, x ; y))
line2 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} (Usc (x) E x $ y) Fixform
    (x ; x) Inpair1 x; y: that
    Usc (x) E x $ y)
line2 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
    (---: that Usc (x) E x $ y)]
{move 2}
>>> define line3 firstev : Mp (line2 \
    firstev, line1 firstev)
line3 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       w E z_3 : prop)])) \Rightarrow
    ({def} line2 (firstev_1) Mp
    line1 (firstev_1) : that w E Usc
    [(x)]
line3 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
```

```
(--- : that w E Usc (x))]
   {move 2}
   >>> define line4 firstev : Inusc1 \
       line3 firstev
   line4 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
       ([(z_3 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
          w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
       ({def} Inusc1 (line3 (firstev_1)) : that
       [(x = w)]
   line4 : [(firstev_1 : that Forall
       ([(z_3 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow
          w E z_3 : prop)])) =>
       (--- : that w = x)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line5 w : Ded line4
line5 : [(w_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(firstev_2 : that
       Forall ([(z_4 : obj) =>
           ({def} (z_4 E x $ y) \rightarrow
```

```
w_1 E z_4 : prop)])) =>
           ({def} Inusc1 (((Usc (x) E x $ y) Fixform
           (x; x) Inpair1 x; y) Mp
           Usc (x) Ui firstev_2) : that
           w_1 = x)): that Forall ([(z_3
           : obj) =>
           ({def} (z_3 E x $ y) \rightarrow w_1
           E z_3 : prop)]) -> w_1 = x)]
   line5 : [(w_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       Forall ([(z_3 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (z_3 E x \$ y) \rightarrow w_1
           E z_3 : prop)]) -> w_1 = x)]
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Firstprojthm2 x y : Ug line5
Firstprojthm2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)
    : obj) =>
    ({def} Ug ([(w_1 : obj) =>
        (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(firstev_2 : that
           Forall ([(z_4 : obj) =>
              ({def} (z_4 E x_1 $ y_1) \rightarrow
              w_1 E z_4 : prop)])) =>
           ({def} Inusc1 (((Usc (x_1) E x_1)
           y_1 Fixform (x_1 ; x_1) Inpair1
           x_1; y_1) Mp Usc (x_1) Ui
           firstev_2) : that w_1 = x_1) : that
       Forall ([(z_3 : obj) =>
```

{move 0} end Lestrade execution

At this point we have proved that x belongs to all (both) elements of (x, y), and that any w which belongs to both elements of (x, y) is actually equal to x.

The corresponding result for y will be a bit harder. We first want to prove $(\exists! z: z \in (x,y) \land y \in z)$. Then we want to prove for any w that if $(\exists! z: z \in (x,y) \land w \in z)$, then w=y.

Expanding things a bit, for the first part we want to prove $(\exists z : (\forall w : w \in (x,y) \land y \in w) \leftrightarrow w = z)$.

To be exact, this w is $\{x,y\}$, so we want to prove $(\forall w : (w \in (x,y) \land y \in w) \leftrightarrow w = \{x,y\})$.

begin Lestrade execution

>>> clearcurrent

```
{move 1}
  >>> declare x obj
  x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
  y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare w obj
      w : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
         >>> declare yinitinpairev that (w E x \$ y) & y E w
```

```
yinitinpairev : that (w E x $ y) & y E w
{move 3}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> define line1 : Simp1 yinitinpairev
   line1 : Simp1 (yinitinpairev)
   line1 : that w E x $ y
   {move 3}
   >>> define line2 : Ui (w, Pair \setminus
       (x ; x, x ; y))
   line2 : w Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y
   line2 : that (w E (x ; x) ; x ; y) ==
    (w = x ; x) V w = x ; y
   {move 3}
   >>> open
```

```
{move 5}
>>> declare casehyp1 that \
    w = x ; x
casehyp1 : that w = x; x
{move 5}
>>> define line3 casehyp1 \
    : Subs1 (casehyp1, Simp2 \
    yinitinpairev)
line3 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    W = X ; X) =>
    ({def} casehyp1_1 Subs1
    Simp2 (yinitinpairev) : that
    y E x ; x)]
line3 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    w = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    y E x ; x)]
{move 4}
>>> define line4 casehyp1 \
    : Inusc1 line3 casehyp1
line4 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    W = X ; X) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Inusc1 (line3
    (casehyp1_1)) : that
```

```
line4 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    w = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    y = x
{move 4}
>>> declare q obj
q : obj
{move 5}
>>> define dir1 casehyp1 : Subs \
    (Eqsymm line4 casehyp1, [q => \
       w = x ; q], casehyp1)
dir1 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    W = X ; X) =>
    ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (line4
    (casehyp1_1)), [(q_2
       : obj) =>
       (\{def\} w = x ; q_2
       : prop)], casehyp1_1) : that
    w = x ; y)
dir1 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    w = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    w = x ; y)
```

y = x

```
{move 4}
   >>> declare casehyp2 that \
       w = x ; y
   casehyp2 : that w = x; y
   {move 5}
   >>> define dir2 casehyp2 : casehyp2
   dir2 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
       w = x ; y) =>
       ({def}\ casehyp2\_1 : that
       w = x ; y)
   dir2 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
       w = x ; y) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       w = x ; y)]
   {move 4}
   >>> close
{move 4}
>>> define line5 : Iff1 line1 \
    line2
line5 : [
    ({def} line1 Iff1 line2 : that
```

```
(w = x ; x) V w = x ; y)]
   line5 : that (w = x ; x) \lor w = x ; y
   {move 3}
   >>> define line6 : Cases line5 \
       dir1, dir2
   line6 : Cases (line5, [(casehyp1_2
       : that w = x ; x) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (Inusc1
       (casehyp1_2 Subs1 Simp2 (yinitinpairev))), [(q_3
          : obj) =>
          (\{def\} w = x ; q_3 : prop)], casehyp1_2) : that
       w = x ; y), [(casehyp2_2
       : that w = x ; y) \Rightarrow
       ({def}\ casehyp2\_2 : that
       w = x ; y)])
   line6 : that w = x; y
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define Line6 yinitinpairev : line6
Line6 : [(yinitinpairev_1 : that
```

```
(w E x $ y) & y E w) =>
    ({def} Cases (Simp1 (yinitinpairev_1) Iff1
    w Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y, [(casehyp1_2
       : that w = x ; x) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (Inusc1
       (casehyp1_2 Subs1 Simp2 (yinitinpairev_1))), [(q_3
          : obj) =>
          (\{def\} w = x ; q_3 : prop)], casehyp1_2) : that
       w = x ; y)], [(casehyp2_2
       : that w = x ; y) \Rightarrow
       ({def} casehyp2_2 : that
       w = x ; y)]) : that w = x ; y)]
Line6 : [(yinitinpairev_1 : that
    (w E x $ y) & y E w) => (---
    : that w = x ; y
{move 2}
>>> declare isunorderedxy that w = x; y
isunorderedxy : that w = x ; y
{move 3}
>>> declare q obj
q : obj
{move 3}
>>> define Line7 isunorderedxy : Subs \
```

```
(Eqsymm isunorderedxy, [q \Rightarrow \]
          (q E x $ y) & y E q], Conj \
       (Inpair2 (x ; x, x ; y), Inpair2 \
       x y))
   Line7 : [(isunorderedxy_1 : that
       W = X ; Y) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (isunorderedxy_1), [(q_2
           : obj) =>
          ({def} (q_2 E x $ y) & y E q_2
          : prop)], ((x ; x) Inpair2
       x ; y) Conj x Inpair2 y) : that
       (w E x $ y) & y E w)]
   Line7 : [(isunorderedxy_1 : that
       w = x ; y) \Rightarrow (--- : that (w E x $ y) & y E w)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line8 w : Dediff Line6, Line7
line8 : [(w_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Dediff ([(yinitinpairev_1
       : that (w_1 E x \$ y) \& y E w_1) =>
       ({def} Cases (Simp1 (yinitinpairev_1) Iff1
       w_1 Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y, [(casehyp1_2
           : that w_1 = x ; x) \Rightarrow
           ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (Inusc1
           (casehyp1_2 Subs1 Simp2 (yinitinpairev_1))), [(q_3
```

```
: obj) =>
             (\{def\} w_1 = x ; q_3 : prop)], casehyp1_2) : that
          w_1 = x ; y), [(casehyp2_2
          : that w_1 = x ; y) \Rightarrow
          ({def} casehyp2_2 : that
          w_1 = x ; y)) : that w_1
       = x ; y)], [(isunorderedxy_2
       : that w_1 = x; y) =>
       ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (isunorderedxy_2), [(q_3
          : obj) =>
          ({def}) (q_3 E x $ y) & y E q_3
          : prop)], ((x ; x) Inpair2
       x ; y) Conj x Inpair2 y) : that
       (w_1 E x $ y) & y E w_1): that
    ((w_1 E x \$ y) \& y E w_1) ==
    w_1 = x ; y)
line8 : [(w_1 : obj) => (--- : that
    ((w_1 E x \$ y) \& y E w_1) ==
    w_1 = x ; y)
{move 1}
>>> define line9 : Ug line8
line9 : Ug (line8)
line9 : that Forall ([(x''_2 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} ((x''_2 E x \$ y) \& y E x''_2) ==
    x''_2 = x ; y : prop)
{move 1}
```

```
>>> declare q obj
   q : obj
   {move 2}
   >>> define line10 : Fixform (One [q \Rightarrow \]
           (q E x $ y) & y E q], Ei1 (x ; y, line9))
   line10 : [
       ({def}) One ([(q_3 : obj) =>
           ({def}) (q_3 E x $ y) & y E q_3
           : prop)]) Fixform (x ; y) Ei1
       line9 : that One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
           ({def} (q_2 E x $ y) & y E q_2
           : prop)]))]
   line10 : that One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (q_2 E x $ y) & y E q_2
        : prop)])
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Secondprojthm1 x y : line10
Secondprojthm1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)]
    : obj) =>
```

```
(\{def\}\ One\ ([(q_3:obj)=>
       (\{def\} (q_3 E x_1 \$ y_1) \& y_1
       E q_3 : prop) Fixform (x_1
    ; y_1 Ei1 Ug ([(w_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Dediff ([(yinitinpairev_2
          : that (w_1 E x_1 \$ y_1) \& y_1
          E w_1) =>
          ({def} Cases (Simp1 (yinitinpairev_2) Iff1
          w_1 Ui (x_1; x_1) Pair x_1
          ; y_1, [(casehyp1_3 : that
             w_1 = x_1 ; x_1) =>
              ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (Inusc1
              (casehyp1_3 Subs1 Simp2 (yinitinpairev_2))), [(q_4
                 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} w_1 = x_1 ; q_4
                 : prop)], casehyp1_3) : that
             w_1 = x_1 ; y_1), [(casehyp2_3)
              : that w_1 = x_1 ; y_1 =>
             ({def} casehyp2_3 : that
             w_1 = x_1 ; y_1): that
          w_1 = x_1 ; y_1), [(isunorderedxy_2)]
          : that w_1 = x_1 ; y_1 =>
          ({def} Subs (Eqsymm (isunorderedxy_2), [(q_3
              : obj) =>
             ({def}) (q_3 E x_1 $ y_1) & y_1
             E q_3 : prop)], ((x_1)
          ; x_1) Inpair2 x_1 ; y_1) Conj
          x_1 Inpair2 y_1) : that (w_1
          E x_1  $ y_1 & y_1 E w_1) : that
       ((w_1 E x_1 \$ y_1) \& y_1 E w_1) ==
       w_1 = x_1 ; y_1) : that One
    ([(q_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (q_2 E x_1 $ y_1) & y_1
       E q_2 : prop)]))]
Secondprojthm1 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)
    : obj) => (--- : that One ([(q_2)
```

```
: obj) =>
({def} (q_2 E x_1 $ y_1) & y_1
E q_2 : prop)]))]
```

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

We report that our text plan given just before the block of Lestrade code worked exactly to plan the proof. We still have the second part, to show that for any w that if $(\exists!z:z\in(x,y)\wedge w\in z)$, then w=y.

We used environment nesting carefully to avoid declaring anything in move 0 in this block other than Secondprojthm1.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

    {move 1}
    >>> declare y obj

    y : obj

    {move 1}

    >>> declare w obj
```

```
w : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare second
projev that One [z => \
       (z E x $ y) & w E z]
secondprojev : that One ([(z_2 : obj) =>
    ({def} (z_2 E x $ y) & w E z_2 : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare u obj
   u : obj
   {move 2}
```

```
>>> declare wev that Witnesses second
projev \setminus
wev : that secondprojev Witnesses u
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> define fact1 : Ui (u, wev)
   fact1 : u Ui wev
   fact1 : that ((u E x $ y) & w E u) ==
    u = u
   {move 2}
   >>> define fact2 : Iff2 (Refleq \setminus
       u, fact1)
   fact2 : [
       ({def} Refleq (u) Iff2 fact1
       : that (u E x $ y) & w E u)]
   fact2 : that (u E x \$ y) \& w E u
```

```
{move 2}
>>> define fact3 : Simp1 fact2
fact3 : Simp1 (fact2)
fact3 : that u E x $ y
{move 2}
>>> define fact4 : Simp2 fact2
fact4 : Simp2 (fact2)
fact4 : that w E u
{move 2}
>>> define fact5 : Ui u ((x ; x) Pair \setminus
    (x ; y))
fact5 : u Ui (x ; x) Pair x ; y
fact5 : that (u E (x ; x) ; x ; y) ==
 (u = x ; x) V u = x ; y
{move 2}
```

>>> define fact6 : Iff1 fact3 fact5

```
fact6 : [
    (\{def\} fact3 Iff1 fact5 : that
    (u = x ; x) V u = x ; y)]
fact6 : that (u = x ; x) V u = x ; y
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> declare casehyp1 that u = x; x
   casehyp1 : that u = x ; x
   {move 4}
   >>> declare casehyp2 that u = x; y
   casehyp2 : that u = x; y
   {move 4}
   >>> define line1 casehyp1 : Inusc1 \
       (Subs1 casehyp1 fact4)
   line1 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
```

```
u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Inusc1 (casehyp1_1
    Subs1 fact4) : that w = x
line1 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    w = x
{move 3}
>>> define fact7 : Ui (x ; y, wev)
fact7 : (x ; y) Ui wev
fact7 : that (((x ; y) E x $ y) & w E x ; y) ==
 (x ; y) = u
{move 3}
>>> define line2 casehyp1 : Subs1 \
    (line1 casehyp1, fact7)
line2 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} line1 (casehyp1_1) Subs1
    fact7 : that (((x ; y) E x $ y) & x E x ; y) ==
    (x ; y) = u)]
line2 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    (((x ; y) E x $ y) & x E x ; y) ==
```

```
(x ; y) = u)]
{move 3}
>>> define line3 casehyp1 : Subs1 \
    (casehyp1, line2 casehyp1)
line3 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} casehyp1_1 Subs1 line2
    (casehyp1_1) : that (((x ; y) E x $ y) & x E x ; y) ==
    (x ; y) = x ; x)]
line3 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    (((x ; y) E x $ y) & x E x ; y) ==
    (x ; y) = x ; x)]
{move 3}
>>> define line4 casehyp1 : Iff1 \
    (Conj (Inpair2 (x ; x, x ; y), Inpair1 \
    (x, y)), line3 casehyp1)
line4 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} ((x ; x) Inpair2
    x; y) Conj x Inpair1 y Iff1
    line3 (casehyp1_1) : that
    (x ; y) = x ; x)]
line4 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
```

```
u = x ; x) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    (x ; y) = x ; x)]
{move 3}
>>> define line5 casehyp1 : Inusc1 \
    (Subs1 (line4 casehyp1, Inpair2 \
    x y))
line5 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Inusc1 (line4 (casehyp1_1) Subs1
    x Inpair2 y) : that y = x)
line5 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
   u = x ; x) => (--- : that
    y = x)]
{move 3}
>>> define line6 casehyp1 : Subs1 \
    (Eqsymm line5 casehyp1, line1 \
    casehyp1)
line6 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Eqsymm (line5 (casehyp1_1)) Subs1
    line1 (casehyp1_1) : that
    w = y
line6 : [(casehyp1_1 : that
    u = x ; x) => (--- : that
```

```
w = y
{move 3}
>>> define line7 casehyp2 : (Subs1 \setminus
    casehyp2 fact4)
line7 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
    u = x ; y) \Rightarrow
    ({def} casehyp2_1 Subs1 fact4
    : that w E x ; y)]
line7 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
   u = x ; y) \Rightarrow (--- : that
    w E x ; y)]
{move 3}
>>> define line8 casehyp2 : Iff1 \
    (line7 casehyp2, Ui w (x Pair \
    y))
line8 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
    u = x ; y) \Rightarrow
    ({def} line7 (casehyp2_1) Iff1
    w Ui x Pair y : that (w = x) V w = y)
line8 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
    u = x ; y) => (--- : that
    (w = x) V w = y)
```

```
{move 3}
>>> open
   {move 5}
   >>> declare case1 that w = x
   case1 : that w = x
   {move 5}
   >>> declare case2 that w = y
   case2 : that w = y
   {move 5}
   >>> define dir2 case2 : case2
  dir2 : [(case2_1 : that
       w = y) =>
       (\{def\} case2_1 : that
       w = y)
   dir2 : [(case2_1 : that
       w = y) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       w = y)
```

{move 4}

```
>>> define fact8 : Ui (x ; x, wev)
fact8 : (x ; x) Ui wev
fact8 : that (((x ; x) E x $ y) & w E x ; x) ==
 (x ; x) = u
{move 4}
>>> define line9 case1 : Subs1 \
    (casehyp2, Subs1 (case1, fact8))
line9 : [(case1_1 : that
   W = X) =>
    ({def} casehyp2 Subs1
    case1_1 Subs1 fact8 : that
    (((x ; x) E x $ y) & x E x ; x) ==
    (x ; x) = x ; y)]
line9 : [(case1_1 : that
    w = x) => (--- : that
    (((x ; x) E x $ y) & x E x ; x) ==
    (x ; x) = x ; y)]
{move 4}
>>> define line10 case1 : Iff1 \
    (Conj (Inpair1 (x ; x, x ; y), Inusc2 \
    x), line9 case1)
```

```
line10 : [(case1_1 : that
    W = X) =>
    ({def} ((x ; x) Inpair1
    x; y) Conj Inusc2 (x) Iff1
    line9 (case1_1) : that
    (x ; x) = x ; y)
line10 : [(case1_1 : that
    w = x) => (--- : that
    (x ; x) = x ; y)]
{move 4}
>>> define line11 case1 : Inusc1 \
    (Subs1 (Eqsymm (line10 \
    case1), Inpair2 x y))
line11 : [(case1_1 : that
    W = X) =>
    ({def} Inusc1 (Eqsymm
    (line10 (case1_1)) Subs1
    x Inpair2 y) : that y = x)
line11 : [(case1_1 : that
   w = x) => (--- : that
    y = x
{move 4}
>>> define dir1 case1 : Subs1 \
    (Eqsymm line11 case1, case1)
```

```
dir1 : [(case1_1 : that
      W = X) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (line11
       (case1_1)) Subs1 case1_1
       : that w = y)]
  dir1 : [(case1_1 : that
      w = x) => (--- : that
       w = y
   {move 4}
  >>> close
{move 4}
>>> define line13 casehyp2 : Cases \
    (line8 casehyp2, dir1, dir2)
line13 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
   u = x ; y) =>
    ({def} Cases (line8 (casehyp2_1), [(case1_2
       : that w = x) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1
       (Eqsymm (((x ; x) Inpair1
       x; y) Conj Inusc2 (x) Iff1
       casehyp2_1 Subs1 case1_2
       Subs1 (x ; x) Ui wev) Subs1
       x Inpair2 y)) Subs1 case1_2
       : that w = y)], [(case2_1
       : that w = y) =>
       (\{def\} case2_1 : that
       w = y)): that w = y)
```

```
line13 : [(casehyp2_1 : that
       u = x ; y) => (--- : that
       w = y
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define line14 : Cases (fact6, line6, line13)
line14 : Cases (fact6, [(casehyp1_2
    : that u = x ; x) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (((x ; x) Inpair2
    x; y) Conj x Inpair1 y Iff1
    casehyp1_2 Subs1 Inusc1 (casehyp1_2
    Subs1 fact4) Subs1 (x; y) Ui
    wev Subs1 x Inpair2 y)) Subs1
    Inusc1 (casehyp1_2 Subs1 fact4) : that
    w = y], [(casehyp2_2 : that
    u = x ; y) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Cases (casehyp2_2 Subs1
    fact4 Iff1 w Ui x Pair y, [(case1_3
       : that w = x) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (Eqsymm
       (((x ; x) Inpair1 x ; y) Conj
       Inusc2 (x) Iff1 casehyp2_2
       Subs1 case1_3 Subs1 (x ; x) Ui
       wev) Subs1 x Inpair2 y)) Subs1
       case1_3 : that w = y)], [(case2_3)
       : that w = y) =>
       (\{def\} case2_3 : that w = y)]) : that
    w = y)])
```

```
line14 : that w = y
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line15 u wev : line14
line15 : [(u_1 : obj), (wev_1)]
    : that secondprojev Witnesses u_1),
    ({let} .fact4_1 : Simp2 (Refleq
    (u_1) Iff2 u_1 Ui wev_1)) =>
    ({def} Cases (Simp1 (Refleq (u_1) Iff2
    u_1 Ui wev_1) Iff1 u_1 Ui (x ; x) Pair
    x ; y, [(casehyp1_2 : that u_1
       = x ; x) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (((x; x) Inpair2
       x ; y) Conj x Inpair1 y Iff1
       casehyp1_2 Subs1 Inusc1 (casehyp1_2
       Subs1 .fact4_1) Subs1 (x ; y) Ui
       wev_1 Subs1 x Inpair2 y)) Subs1
       Inusc1 (casehyp1_2 Subs1 .fact4_1) : that
       w = y)], [(casehyp2_2 : that
       u_1 = x ; y) =>
       ({def} Cases (casehyp2_2 Subs1
       .fact4_1 Iff1 w Ui x Pair y, [(case1_3
          : that w = x) =>
          ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (Eqsymm
          (((x ; x) Inpair1 x ; y) Conj
          Inusc2 (x) Iff1 casehyp2_2
          Subs1 case1_3 Subs1 (x ; x) Ui
```

```
wev_1) Subs1 x Inpair2 y)) Subs1
              case1_3 : that w = y)], [(case2_3)
              : that w = y) =>
              ({def} case2_3 : that w = y)]) : that
          w = y)): that w = y)
   line15 : [(u_1 : obj), (wev_1)]
       : that secondprojev Witnesses u_1) =>
       (--- : that w = y)]
   {move 1}
   >>> define line16 : Eg (secondprojev, line15)
   line16 : secondprojev Eg line15
   line16 : that w = y
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Secondprojthm2 x y w secondprojev \
    : line16
Secondprojthm2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)]
    : obj), (w_1 : obj), (secondprojev_1
    : that One ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z_3 E x_1 $ y_1) & w_1
```

```
E z_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} secondprojev_1 Eg [(u_1 : obj), (wev_1
       : that secondprojev_1 Witnesses
       u_1),
       ({let} .fact4_1 : Simp2 (Refleq
       (u_1) Iff2 u_1 Ui wev_1)) =>
       ({def} Cases (Simp1 (Refleq (u_1) Iff2
       u_1 Ui wev_1) Iff1 u_1 Ui (x_1
       ; x_1) Pair x_1 ; y_1, [(casehyp1_2
          : that u_1 = x_1 ; x_1) =>
          (\{def\} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (((x_1
          ; x_1) Inpair2 x_1 ; y_1) Conj
          x_1 Inpair1 y_1 Iff1 casehyp1_2
          Subs1 Inusc1 (casehyp1_2 Subs1
          .fact4_1) Subs1 (x_1; y_1) Ui
          wev_1 Subs1 x_1 Inpair2 y_1)) Subs1
          Inusc1 (casehyp1_2 Subs1 .fact4_1) : that
          w_1 = y_1), [(casehyp2_2)
          : that u_1 = x_1 ; y_1 =>
          ({def} Cases (casehyp2_2 Subs1
          .fact4_1 Iff1 w_1 Ui x_1 Pair
          y_1, [(case1_3 : that w_1
             = x_1) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm (Inusc1 (Eqsymm
             (((x_1 ; x_1) Inpair1)
             x_1; y_1) Conj Inusc2 (x_1) Iff1
             casehyp2_2 Subs1 case1_3 Subs1
             (x_1; x_1) Ui wev_1) Subs1
             x_1 Inpair2 y_1)) Subs1
             case1_3 : that w_1 = y_1), [(case2_3)
             : that w_1 = y_1 = y_1
             (\{def\} case2_3 : that w_1
             = y_1)): that w_1 = y_1)): that
       w_1 = y_1: that w_1 = y_1:
Secondprojthm2 : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)
    : obj), (w_1 : obj), (secondprojev_1
```

```
: that One ([(z_3 : obj) => ({def} (z_3 E x_1 $ y_1) & w_1 E z_3 : prop)])) => (--- : that w_1 = y_1]
```

This completes the proof of the characterizations of first and second projections. Now we prove that pairs are characterized exactly by their projections. It is worth noting that the size of the Lestrade proof is more accurately determined if one ignores Lestrade's responses in the dialogue and considers only the input lines. Another alternative would be to consider the size of the Lestrade terms saved at move 0. We are currently generating this text with a setting in the prover which suppresses display of proof terms (and more generally of the definitions of defined terms) except at move 0. At move 0, displayed proof terms/definitions can be quite large because all definitions at higher indexed moves are expanded out.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

{move 1}
    >>> declare y obj
```

```
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare w obj
w : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare paireqev that (x \$ y) = z \$ w
paireqev : that (x \$ y) = z \$ w
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define line1 : Firstprojthm1 x y
   line1 : [
```

```
({def} x Firstprojthm1 y : that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
        ({def} (x''_2 E x $ y) \rightarrow
       x E x''_2 : prop)]))]
line1 : that Forall ([(x''_2 : obj) = 
    (\{def\} (x''_2 E x \ y) \rightarrow x E x''_2
    : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define line2 : Subs1 paireqev line1
line2 : [
    ({def} paireqev Subs1 line1 : that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (x''_2 E z \$ w) \rightarrow
       x E x''_2 : prop)]))]
line2 : that Forall ([(x,'_2 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} (x''_2 E z \$ w) \rightarrow x E x''_2
    : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define line3 : Firstprojthm2 z w
line3 : [
    (\{def\}\ z\ Firstprojthm2\ w\ :\ that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} Forall ([(z_4 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (z_4 E z \$ w) \rightarrow
```

```
x''_2 E z_4 : prop)]) ->
       x''_2 = z : prop)]))]
line3 : that Forall ([(x''_2 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Forall ([(z_4 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (z_4 E z \$ w) \rightarrow x''_2
       E z_4 : prop)]) \rightarrow x''_2 = z : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define line4 : Ui x line3
line4 : x Ui line3
line4 : that Forall ([(z_3 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} (z_3 E z \$ w) \rightarrow x E z_3
    : prop)]) \rightarrow x = z
{move 1}
>>> define line5 : Mp line2 line4
line5 : line2 Mp line4
line5 : that x = z
{move 1}
>>> define line6 : Secondprojthm1 x y
```

```
line6 : [
    ({def} x Secondprojthm1 y : that
    One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (q_2 E x $ y) & y E q_2
       : prop)]))]
line6 : that One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
    ({def}) (q_2 E x $ y) & y E q_2
    : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define line7 : Subs1 paireqev line6
line7 : [
    ({def} paireqev Subs1 line6 : that
    One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (q_2 E z $ w) & y E q_2
       : prop)]))]
line7 : that One ([(q_2 : obj) =>
    ({def}) (q_2 E z $ w) & y E q_2
    : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define line8 : Secondprojthm2 z w y line7
line8 : [
    ({def} Secondprojthm2 (z, w, y, line7) : that
   y = w
```

```
line8 : that y = w
      {move 1}
      >>> close
   {move 1}
   >>> define Pairseq paireqev : Conj (line5, line8)
   Pairseq : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1)
       : obj), (.w_1 : obj), (paireqev_1
       : that (.x_1 \$ .y_1) = .z_1 \$ .w_1) =>
       ({def} paireqev_1 Subs1 .x_1 Firstprojthm1
       .y_1 Mp .x_1 Ui .z_1 Firstprojthm2
       .w_1 Conj Secondprojthm2 (.z_1, .w_1, .y_1, paireqev_1
       Subs1 .x_1 Secondprojthm1 .y_1): that
       (.x_1 = .z_1) & .y_1 = .w_1)
   Pairseq : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.z_1
       : obj), (.w_1 : obj), (paireqev_1
       : that (.x_1 \$ .y_1) = .z_1 \$ .w_1) =>
       (---: that (.x_1 = .z_1) & .y_1
       = .w_1)
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

The details of the implementation of the ordered pair take up quite a lot of space but it is an important feature of the system.

It is very interesting to observe that a definition of the pair local to the

collection of relations from a given set to a given other set appears to be implicit in Zermelo's definition of correspondences; I'll be explicit about this in constructions to appear below in this document, when I add them.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare s obj
   s : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare t obj
   t : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare u obj
   u : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare dir1 that (s ; t) <<= \
```

```
dir1 : that (s ; t) <<= u
{move 2}
>>> define linea1 dir1 : Conj Mp Inpair1 \
    s t, Ui s Simp1 dir1, Mp Inpair2 \
    s t, Ui t Simp1 dir1
linea1 : [(dir1_1 : that (s ; t) <<=
    u) =>
    ({def} (s Inpair1 t) Mp s Ui
    Simp1 (dir1_1) Conj (s Inpair2
    t) Mp t Ui Simp1 (dir1_1) : that
    (s E u) & t E u)]
linea1 : [(dir1_1 : that (s ; t) <<=
    u) \Rightarrow (--- : that (s E u) & t E u)]
{move 1}
>>> declare dir2 that (s E u) & t E u
dir2 : that (s E u) & t E u
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare x1 obj
x1 : obj
{move 3}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> declare xev1 that x1 E s ; t
   xev1 : that x1 E s ; t
   {move 4}
   >>> define linebb2 xev1 : Iff1 \
       xev1, Ui x1, Pair s t
   linebb2 : [(xev1_1 : that x1
       Es;t) \Rightarrow
       ({def} xev1_1 Iff1 x1 Ui
       s Pair t : that (x1 = s) V x1
       = t)
   linebb2 : [(xev1_1 : that x1
       E s ; t) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       (x1 = s) V x1 = t)]
```

```
{move 3}
>>> open
   {move 5}
   >>> declare case1 that x1 \
       = s
   case1 : that x1 = s
   {move 5}
   >>> define linebb3 case1 : Subs1 \
       (Eqsymm case1, Simp1 dir2)
   linebb3 : [(case1_1 : that
       x1 = s) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Eqsymm (case1_1) Subs1
       Simp1 (dir2) : that x1
       E u)]
   linebb3 : [(case1_1 : that
       x1 = s) => (--- : that
       x1 E u)]
   {move 4}
   >>> declare case2 that x1 \setminus
```

```
case2 : that x1 = t
   {move 5}
   >>> define linea4 case2 : Subs1 \
       (Eqsymm case2, Simp2 dir2)
   linea4 : [(case2_1 : that
       x1 = t) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (case2_1) Subs1
       Simp2 (dir2) : that x1
       E u)]
   linea4 : [(case2_1 : that
       x1 = t) => (--- : that
       x1 E u)]
   {move 4}
   >>> close
{move 4}
>>> define linea5 xev1 : Cases \
    linebb2 xev1, linebb3, linea4
linea5 : [(xev1_1 : that x1)]
    Es;t) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Cases (linebb2 (xev1_1), [(case1_1
       : that x1 = s) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm (case1_1) Subs1
       Simp1 (dir2): that x1
```

```
E u)], [(case2_2 : that
          x1 = t) =>
          ({def} Eqsymm (case2_2) Subs1
          Simp2 (dir2) : that x1
          E u)]) : that x1 E u)]
   linea5 : [(xev1_1 : that x1
       E s ; t) \Rightarrow (--- : that
       x1 E u)]
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define linea6 x1 : Ded linea5
linea6 : [(x1_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(xev1_2 : that
       x1_1 E s ; t) \Rightarrow
       ({def} Cases (xev1_2 Iff1
       x1_1 Ui s Pair t, [(case1_3
           : that x1_1 = s) =>
           ({def} Eqsymm (case1_3) Subs1
          Simp1 (dir2): that x1_1
          E u)], [(case2_3 : that
          x1_1 = t) =>
           ({def} Eqsymm (case2_3) Subs1
          Simp2 (dir2) : that x1_1
          E u)]) : that x1_1 E u)]) : that
    (x1_1 E s ; t) \rightarrow x1_1 E u)
```

```
linea6 : [(x1_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (x1_1 E s ; t) \rightarrow x1_1
       E u)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define linebb7 dir2 : Fixform ((s ; t) <<= \
    u, Conj (Ug linea6, Conj (Inhabited \
    Inpair1 s t, Inhabited Simp1 dir2)))
linebb7 : [(dir2_1 : that (s E u) \& t E u) =>
    (\{def\} ((s ; t) \le u) Fixform
    Ug ([(x1_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(xev1_2 : that
          x1_1 E s ; t) =>
          ({def} Cases (xev1_2 Iff1
          x1_1 Ui s Pair t, [(case1_3
             : that x1_1 = s) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm (case1_3) Subs1
             Simp1 (dir2_1) : that
             x1_1 E u)], [(case2_3
             : that x1_1 = t) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm (case2_3) Subs1
             Simp2 (dir2_1) : that
             x1_1 E u)): that x1_1
          E u)]) : that (x1_1 E s; t) ->
       x1_1 E u)]) Conj Inhabited
    (s Inpair1 t) Conj Inhabited (Simp1
    (dir2_1)) : that (s ; t) <<=
    u)]
```

```
linebb7 : [(dir2_1 : that (s E u) \& t E u) =>
       (--- : that (s ; t) <<= u)]
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Pairsubs s t u : Dediff linea1, linebb7
Pairsubs : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj), (u_1
    : obj) =>
    ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_1 : that
       (s_1 ; t_1) \ll u_1 \implies
       ({def} (s_1 Inpair1 t_1) Mp s_1
       Ui Simp1 (dir1_1) Conj (s_1 Inpair2
       t_1) Mp t_1 Ui Simp1 (dir1_1) : that
       (s_1 E u_1) & t_1 E u_1)], [(dir2_2
       : that (s_1 E u_1) & t_1 E u_1) =>
       (\{def\} ((s_1 ; t_1) \le u_1) Fixform
       Ug ([(x1_5 : obj) =>
          (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(xev1_6: that
             x1_5 E s_1 ; t_1) =>
             ({def} Cases (xev1_6 Iff1
             x1_5 Ui s_1 Pair t_1, [(case1_7
                : that x1_5 = s_1) =>
                ({def} Eqsymm (case1_7) Subs1
                Simp1 (dir2_2) : that
                x1_5 E u_1)], [(case2_7
                : that x1_5 = t_1) =>
                ({def} Eqsymm (case2_7) Subs1
                Simp2 (dir2_2) : that
                x1_5 E u_1)): that
```

```
x1_5 E u_1)): that (x1_5
          E s_1 ; t_1) \rightarrow x1_5 E u_1) Conj
       Inhabited (s_1 Inpair1 t_1) Conj
       Inhabited (Simp1 (dir2_2)) : that
       (s_1 ; t_1) \le u_1): that
    ((s_1 ; t_1) \le u_1) == (s_1
    E u_1) & t_1 E u_1)]
Pairsubs : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj), (u_1
    : obj) => (--- : that ((s_1 ; t_1) <<=
    u_1) == (s_1 E u_1) & t_1 E u_1)
{move 0}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare dir1 that Usc s <<= t
   dir1 : that Usc (s) <<= t</pre>
   {move 2}
   >>> define linea8 dir1 : Simp1 (Iff1 \
       dir1, Pairsubs s s t)
   linea8 : [(dir1_1 : that Usc (s) <<=
       t) =>
       ({def} Simp1 (dir1_1 Iff1 Pairsubs
       (s, s, t)) : that s E t)]
```

```
linea8 : [(dir1_1 : that Usc (s) <<=
      t) => (--- : that s E t)]
   {move 1}
  >>> declare dir2 that s E t
  dir2 : that s E t
   {move 2}
   >>> define linea9 dir2 : Fixform (Usc \
       s <<= t, Iff2 (Conj dir2 dir2, Pairsubs \
       s s t))
   linea9 : [(dir2_1 : that s E t) =>
       ({def} (Usc (s) <<= t) Fixform
      dir2_1 Conj dir2_1 Iff2 Pairsubs
       (s, s, t): that Usc (s) \ll 
       t)]
  linea9 : [(dir2_1 : that s E t) =>
       (--- : that Usc (s) <<= t)]
   {move 1}
  >>> close
{move 1}
```

```
Uscsubs : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj) \Rightarrow
    ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_1 : that
       Usc (s_1) \ll t_1 \gg
       ({def} Simp1 (dir1_1 Iff1 Pairsubs
       (s_1, s_1, t_1): that s_1
       E t_1)], [(dir2_2 : that s_1
       E t_1) =>
       (\{def\} (Usc (s_1) \le t_1) Fixform
       dir2_2 Conj dir2_2 Iff2 Pairsubs
       (s_1, s_1, t_1) : that Usc (s_1) <<=
       t_1)): that (Usc (s<sub>1</sub>) <<=
    t_1) == s_1 E t_1)]
Uscsubs : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj) =>
    (--- : that (Usc (s_1) <<= t_1) ==
    s_1 E t_1)]
{move 0}
>>> define Pairinhabited s t : Ei s, [u \Rightarrow \]
       u E s ; t], Inpair1 s t
Pairinhabited : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj)]
    : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Ei (s_1, [(u_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} u_2 E s_1 ; t_1 : prop)], s_1
    Inpair1 t_1) : that Exists ([(u_2
       : obj) =>
       ({def} u_2 E s_1 ; t_1 : prop)]))]
Pairinhabited : [(s_1 : obj), (t_1 : obj)]
```

>>> define Uscsubs s t : Dediff linea8, linea9

This is a batch of axioms relating unordered pairs and singletons to subset which were brought to my attention by the actual Zermelo development.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

    {move 1}

    >>> declare sethyp that Isset x

    sethyp : that Isset (x)

    {move 1}

    >>> open

    {move 2}
```

```
>>> declare W obj
W : obj
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare absurdhyp that W E 0
   absurdhyp : that W E 0
   {move 3}
   >>> define line1 absurdhyp : Giveup \
       (W E x, Mp absurdhyp Empty W)
  line1 : [(absurdhyp_1 : that W E 0) =>
       ({def} (W E x) Giveup absurdhyp_1
       Mp Empty (W) : that W E x)]
   line1 : [(absurdhyp_1 : that W E 0) =>
       (--- : that W E x)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
```

```
{move 2}
   >>> define lineb2 W : Ded line1
   lineb2 : [(W_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(absurdhyp_1 : that
          W_1 E 0) =>
          ({def} (W_1 E x) Giveup absurdhyp_1
          Mp Empty (W_1): that W_1 \to x): that
       (W_1 E 0) \rightarrow W_1 E x)
   lineb2 : [(W_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : that)
       (W_1 E O) -> W_1 E x)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Zeroissubset sethyp : Fixform \
    (0 <<= x, Conj (Ug lineb2, Conj (Zeroisset, sethyp)))
Zeroissubset : [(.x_1 : obj), (sethyp_1)]
    : that Isset (.x_1) =>
    (\{def\}\ (0 <<= .x_1) \ Fixform \ Ug\ ([(W_1
       : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(absurdhyp_2 : that
          W_1 E 0) =>
          ({def}) (W_1 E .x_1) Giveup
          absurdhyp_2 Mp Empty (W_1) : that
```

```
W_1 E .x_1) : that (W_1
          E \ 0) \ \rightarrow \ W_1 \ E \ .x_1)]) \ Conj \ Zeroisset
       Conj sethyp_1 : that 0 <<= .x_1)
   Zeroissubset : [(.x_1 : obj), (sethyp_1
       : that Isset (.x_1) => (--- : that
       0 <<= .x_1)
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
  The empty set is a subset of every set.
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare y obj
   y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> define <=/= x y : (x <<= y) & x =/= \setminus
       У
   <=/=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (x_1 \le y_1) \& x_1 = /= y_1
       : prop)]
   <=/=: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : prop)]
```

4 The axiom scheme of separation

We now develop the signature axiom scheme of Zermelo set theory, which may be thought of as its solution to the "paradoxes of naive set theory". An arbitrary predicate of untyped objects can be converted to a set, if restricted to an already given set.

Our development follows the order in the axiomatics paper. In Zermelo's treatment, this is the third axiom, after extensionality and the axiom of elementary sets (empty set, singleton, and pairing). Zermelo does assert that the object witnessing an instance of separation is a subset of the bounding set, and so a set: we merely provide an additional axiom that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$, from which the assertion that it is a subset of A can be proved.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare A obj

A : obj

{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj
```

```
{move 1}
>>> declare pred [x => prop]
pred : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : prop)]
{move 1}
>>> postulate Set A pred obj
Set : [(A_1 : obj), (pred_1 : [(x_2)
       : obj) => (--- : prop)]) =>
    (--- : obj)]
{move 0}
>>> postulate Separation A pred that Forall \
    [x \Rightarrow (x \in Set \land pred) == (x \in A) \& pred \setminus
       x٦
Separation : [(A_1 : obj), (pred_1
    : [(x_2 : obj) => (--- : prop)]) =>
    (---: that Forall ([(x_2: obj) =>
       ({def}) (x_2 E A_1 Set pred_1) ==
       (x_2 E A_1) & pred_1 (x_2) : prop)]))]
{move 0}
```

We present the axiom of separation and the constructor implementing it. Like the deduction theorem, this is a constructor taking constructions

end Lestrade execution

to objects. Its argument of type [x:obj => prop] is a general predicate of objects, and may be thought of as a proper class.

The fact that any property of objects however formulated generates a set when restricted to a previously given set implements Zermelo's intention. We do not thereby automatically find ourselves in a second order theory, because we have not provided ourselves with quantifiers over proper classes. We could declare quantifiers over proper classes easily enough, but we have not done so. It is worth noting that in Automath (at least in later versions) quantification over any type, including function types such as the type of predicates of sets we are considering here, is automatically provided: as soon as one axiomatizes Zermelo set theory along these lines in Automath, one has thereby axiomatized second order Zermelo set theory, which is a bit stronger. Weakness in a logical framework can be an advantage.

begin Lestrade execution

We provide the additional axiom that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$ is always a set (which is only relevant to empty extensions). Like Scthm2. this is implicit in Zermelo's statement of his axioms.

```
begin Lestrade execution

>>> declare sillyeq that x = Set A pred
```

```
sillyeq : that x = A Set pred
   {move 1}
   >>> define Separation3 sillyeq : Separation2 \
       A pred
   Separation3 : [(.A_1 : obj), (.x_1)]
       : obj), (.pred_1 : [(x_2 : obj) = 
          (--- : prop)]), (sillyeq_1
       : that .x_1 = .A_1 Set .pred_1) =>
       ({def} .A_1 Separation2 .pred_1 : that
       Isset (.A_1 Set .pred_1))]
   Separation3 : [(.A_1 : obj), (.x_1)]
       : obj), (.pred_1 : [(x_2 : obj) =>
          (--- : prop)]), (sillyeq_1
       : that .x_1 = .A_1 Set .pred_1) =>
       (--- : that Isset (.A_1 Set .pred_1))]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

This is a tricky "theorem" which allows the deduction that x is a set from the proof of x=x if x happens to be ultimately defined using the separation constructor, without the user needing to specify the predicate defining the set. This is a diabolical perhaps unintended use of the implicit argument mechanism.

```
begin Lestrade execution

>>> define Separation4 sillyeq : Separation \
```

A pred

{move 0} end Lestrade execution

This is a tricky "theorem" which allows the instance of separation defining x to be extracted from the proof of x = x. This is a diabolical perhaps unintended use of the implicit argument mechanism.

```
begin Lestrade execution
```

>>> declare X7 obj

X7 : obj

```
{move 1}
>>> declare Y7 obj
Y7 : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare Z7 obj
Z7 : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare xinyev that X7 E Y7
xinyev : that X7 E Y7
{move 1}
>>> declare pred7 [Z7 => prop]
pred7 : [(Z7_1 : obj) => (--- : prop)]
{move 1}
>>> declare univev that Forall [Z7 => \
       (Z7 E Y7) -> pred7 Z7]
```

```
univev : that Forall ([(Z7_2 : obj) =>
    ({def} (Z7_2 E Y7) \rightarrow pred7 (Z7_2) : prop)])
{move 1}
>>> define Univcheat xinyev univev : Mp \
    xinyev, Ui X7 univev
Univcheat : [(.X7_1 : obj), (.Y7_1
    : obj), (xinyev_1 : that .X7_1 E .Y7_1), (.pred7_1
    : [(Z7_2 : obj) => (--- : prop)]), (univev_1)
    : that Forall ([(Z7_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (Z7_3 E .Y7_1) \rightarrow .pred7_1
       (Z7_3) : prop)])) =>
    ({def} xinyev_1 Mp .X7_1 Ui univev_1
    : that .pred7_1 (.X7_1))]
Univcheat : [(.X7_1 : obj), (.Y7_1
    : obj), (xinyev_1 : that .X7_1 E .Y7_1), (.pred7_1
    : [(Z7_2 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : prop)]), (univev_1)
    : that Forall ([(Z7_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (Z7_3 E .Y7_1) \rightarrow .pred7_1
       (Z7_3) : prop)])) => (---
    : that .pred7_1 (.X7_1))]
```

This is another implicit argument trick. From evidence for $x \in y$ and $(\forall z : z \in y \to \phi(z))$, get evidence for $\phi(x)$. The advantage is that the second parameter may be a complex defined notion which is only universal when expanded: the implicit argument mechanism handles the expansion without the user's attention being needed.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare inev7 that X7 E Set Y7, pred7
   inev7: that X7 E Y7 Set pred7
   {move 1}
   >>> define Separation5 inev7 : Iff1 inev7, Ui \
       X7, Separation4 Refleq Set Y7, pred7
   Separation5 : [(.X7_1 : obj), (.Y7_1
       : obj), (.pred7_1 : [(Z7_2 : obj) =>
          (--- : prop)]), (inev7_1 : that
       .X7_1 E .Y7_1 Set .pred7_1) =>
       ({def} inev7_1 Iff1 .X7_1 Ui Separation4
       (Refleq (.Y7_1 Set .pred7_1)) : that
       (.X7_1 E .Y7_1) & .pred7_1 (.X7_1))]
   Separation5 : [(.X7_1 : obj), (.Y7_1
       : obj), (.pred7_1 : [(Z7_2 : obj) =>
          (--- : prop)]), (inev7_1 : that
       .X7_1 E .Y7_1 Set .pred7_1) => (---
       : that (.X7_1 E .Y7_1) & .pred7_1
       (.X7_1))
```

This is a tricky method to get a proof of $a \in A \land \phi(a)$ from a proof of $a \in \{x \mid \phi(x)\}$. The numbers attached to the various flavors of separation are arbitrary, basically in order of discovery of the need for them.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> declare y obj
   y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare z obj
   z : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare Aisset that Isset A
   Aisset : that Isset (A)
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare X obj
      X : obj
      {move 2}
```

```
{move 3}
   >>> declare Xinev that X E (Set \setminus
       A pred)
  Xinev : that X E A Set pred
   {move 3}
   >>> define line1 Xinev : Simp1 Iff1 \setminus
       Xinev, Ui X, Separation A pred
   line1 : [(Xinev_1 : that X E A Set
       pred) =>
       ({def} Simp1 (Xinev_1 Iff1
       X Ui A Separation pred) : that
       X E A)]
   line1 : [(Xinev_1 : that X E A Set
       pred) => (--- : that X E A)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line2 X : Ded line1
```

>>> open

```
line2 : [(X_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(Xinev_1 : that
          X_1 E A Set pred) =>
          ({def} Simp1 (Xinev_1 Iff1
          X_1 Ui A Separation pred) : that
          X_1 \to A) : that (X_1 \to A)
       pred) -> X_1 E A)]
   line2 : [(X_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       (X_1 E A Set pred) \rightarrow X_1 E A)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Sepsub A pred, Aisset : Fixform \
    ((Set A pred) <<= A, Conj (Ug line2, Conj \
    (Separation2 A pred, Aisset)))
Sepsub : [(A_1 : obj), (pred_1 : [(x_2)
       : obj) => (--- : prop)]), (Aisset_1
    : that Isset (A_1) =>
    ({def} ((A_1 Set pred_1) <<= A_1) Fixform
    Ug([(X_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(Xinev_2 : that
          X_1 E A_1 Set pred_1) =>
          ({def} Simp1 (Xinev_2 Iff1
          X_1 Ui A_1 Separation pred_1) : that
          X_1 \to A_1)): that (X_1
       E A_1 Set pred_1) -> X_1 E A_1)]) Conj
```

This uses the implicit argument mechanism to extract a proof that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$ is a subset of A (if A is a set) from the proof that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$ is equal to itself. The magic is that this works if the form used for $\{x : \phi(x)\}$ is a definition from which we do not want to extract the predicate.

```
begin Lestrade execution

>>> declare eqev that (Set A pred) = Set \
    A pred

eqev : that (A Set pred) = A Set pred

{move 1}

>>> define Sepsub2 Aisset eqev : Sepsub \
    A pred, Aisset

Sepsub2 : [(.A_1 : obj), (.pred_1 \
    : [(x_2 : obj) => (--- : prop)]), (Aisset_1 \
    : that Isset (.A_1)), (eqev_1 \
    : that (.A_1 Set .pred_1) = .A_1
```

```
Set .pred_1) =>
    ({def} Sepsub (.A_1, .pred_1, Aisset_1) : that
    (.A_1 Set .pred_1) <<= .A_1)]

Sepsub2 : [(.A_1 : obj), (.pred_1
    : [(x_2 : obj) => (--- : prop)]), (Aisset_1
    : that Isset (.A_1)), (eqev_1
    : that (.A_1 Set .pred_1) = .A_1
    Set .pred_1) => (--- : that (.A_1
    Set .pred_1) <<= .A_1)]

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution</pre>
```

This uses the implicit argument mechanism to extract a proof that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$ is a subset of A (if A is a set) from the proof that $\{x \in A : \phi(x)\}$ is equal to itself. The magic is that this works if the form used for $\{x : \phi(x)\}$ is a definition from which we do not want to extract the predicate.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare M obj

    M : obj

    {move 1}
    >>> declare M1 obj
```

```
M1 : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare x obj
x : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Complement M M1 : Set M [x => \
        ~ (x E M1)]
Complement : [(M_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj)]
    : obj) =>
    (\{def\} M_1 Set [(x_2 : obj) =>
        ({def} ^{\sim} (x_2 E M1_1) : prop)] : obj)]
Complement : [(M_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj)
    : obj) => (--- : obj)]
{move 0}
>>> define Compax M M1 : Fixform (Forall \
     [x => (x E Complement M M1) == (x E M) & \sim (x E M1)], Separation \
    M [x => (x E M1)])
Compax : [(M_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj) =>
     (\{def\} Forall ([(x_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (x_3 E M_1 Complement M1_1) ==
```

```
(x_3 E M_1) \& ~(x_3 E M1_1) : prop)]) Fixform
       M_1 Separation [(x_3 : obj) =>
          ({def}) \sim (x_3 E M1_1) : prop) : that
       Forall ([(x_2 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (x_2 E M_1 Complement M1_1) ==
          (x_2 E M_1) & (x_2 E M_1) : prop)]))]
   Compax : [(M_1 : obj), (M1_1 : obj) =>
       (---: that Forall ([(x_2: obj) =>
          (\{def\} (x_2 E M_1 Complement M1_1) ==
          (x_2 E M_1) \& (x_2 E M_1) : prop)]))]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
  Above we implement the relative complement and its defining axiom.
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
   y : obj
```

```
{move 1}
   >>> declare z obj
   z : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> define ** x y : Set x [z \Rightarrow z E y]
   **: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} x_1 Set [(z_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} z_2 E y_1 : prop)] : obj)]
   **: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare T obj
  T : obj
```

```
{move 1}
>>> declare A obj
A : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare x obj
x : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare B obj
B : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Intersection T A : Set A [x => \
        Forall [B \Rightarrow (B E T) \rightarrow x E B]]
Intersection : [(T_1 : obj), (A_1 : obj)]
     : obj) =>
     (\{def\} A_1 Set [(x_2 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} Forall ([(B_3 : obj) =>
           ({def}) (B_3 E T_1) \rightarrow x_2
           E B_3 : prop)]) : prop)] : obj)]
```

```
Intersection : [(T_1 : obj), (A_1 : obj)]
    : obj) => (--- : obj)]
{move 0}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare inev that A E T
   inev : that A E T
   {move 2}
   >>> open
      {move 3}
      >>> declare u obj
      u : obj
      {move 3}
      >>> open
         {move 4}
```

```
>>> declare hyp1 that u E Intersection \
    T A
hyp1 : that u E T Intersection
Α
{move 4}
>>> declare x1 obj
x1 : obj
{move 4}
>>> declare B1 obj
B1 : obj
{move 4}
>>> declare hyp2 that Forall \setminus
    [B1 \Rightarrow (B1 E T) \rightarrow u E B1]
hyp2 : that Forall ([(B1_2
    : obj) =>
    ({def}) (B1_2 E T) -> u E B1_2
    : prop)])
{move 4}
```

```
>>> define line1 hyp2 : Ui A hyp2
line1 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} A Ui hyp2_1 : that
    (A E T) \rightarrow u E A)
line1 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    (--- : that (A E T) ->
    u E A)]
{move 3}
>>> define line2 hyp2 : Mp inev \
    line1 hyp2
line2 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} inev Mp line1 (hyp2_1) : that
    u E A)]
line2 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
```

```
(--- : that u E A)]
{move 3}
>>> define line3 hyp2 : Conj \
    (line2 hyp2, hyp2)
line3 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} line2 (hyp2_1) Conj
    hyp2_1 : that (u E A) & Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (B1\_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)]))]
line3 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    (--- : that (u E A) & Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)]))]
{move 3}
>>> define line4 hyp2 : Fixform \
    (u E Intersection T A, Iff2 \
    (line3 hyp2, Ui (u, Separation \
    A [x1 \Rightarrow Forall [B1 \Rightarrow (B1 \setminus
           E T) -> x1 E B1]])))
```

```
line4 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (B1_3 E T) ->
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    ({def} (u E T Intersection
    A) Fixform line3 (hyp2_1) Iff2
    u Ui A Separation [(x1_5
       : obj) =>
       ({def} Forall ([(B1_6
          : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (B1\_6 E T) \rightarrow
          x1_5 E B1_6 : prop)]) : prop)] : that
    u E T Intersection A)]
line4 : [(hyp2_1 : that Forall
    ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (B1\_3 E T) \rightarrow
       u E B1_3 : prop)])) =>
    (--- : that u E T Intersection
    A)]
{move 3}
>>> define line5 hyp1 : Simp2 \
    (Iff1 (hyp1, Ui (u, Separation \
    A [x1 => Forall [B1 => (B1 \setminus
          E T) -> x1 E B1]])))
line5 : [(hyp1_1 : that u E T Intersection
    A) =>
    ({def} Simp2 (hyp1_1 Iff1
    u Ui A Separation [(x1_5
       : obj) =>
       ({def} Forall ([(B1_6
```

```
: obj) =>
               (\{def\} (B1_6 E T) \rightarrow
              x1_5 E B1_6 : prop)]) : prop)]) : that
        Forall ([(B1_2 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (B1_2 E T) \rightarrow
           u E B1_2 : prop)]))]
   line5 : [(hyp1_1 : that u E T Intersection
        A) \Rightarrow (--- : that Forall
        ([(B1_2 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (B1_2 E T) \rightarrow
           u E B1_2 : prop)]))]
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define bothways u : Dediff line5, line4
bothways : [(u_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Dediff ([(hyp1_2 : that
       u_1 E T Intersection A) =>
        ({def} Simp2 (hyp1_2 Iff1
        u_1 Ui A Separation [(x1_6
           : obj) =>
           ({def} Forall ([(B1_7
               : obj) =>
               (\{def\} (B1_7 E T) \rightarrow
              x1_6 E B1_7 : prop)]) : prop)]) : that
        Forall ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow
           u_1 E B1_3 : prop)]))], [(hyp2_2
```

```
: that Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
              (\{def\} (B1_4 E T) \rightarrow
              u_1 E B1_4 : prop)])) =>
           ({def} (u_1 E T Intersection
          A) Fixform inev Mp A Ui hyp2_2
          Conj hyp2_2 Iff2 u_1 Ui A Separation
           [(x1_6 : obj) =>
              ({def} Forall ([(B1_7
                 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} (B1_7 E T) ->
                 x1_6 E B1_7 : prop)]) : prop)] : that
          u_1 E T Intersection A)]) : that
       (u_1 E T Intersection A) ==
       Forall ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow u_1
          E B1_3 : prop)]))]
   bothways : [(u_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (---
       : that (u_1 E T Intersection
       A) == Forall ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow u_1
          E B1_3 : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define Intax1 inev : Ug bothways
Intax1 : [(inev_1 : that A E T) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ug\ ([(u_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Dediff ([(hyp1_2 : that
```

```
({def} Simp2 (hyp1_2 Iff1
          u_1 Ui A Separation [(x1_6
              : obj) =>
              ({def} Forall ([(B1_7
                 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} (B1_7 E T) ->
                 x1_6 E B1_7 : prop)]) : prop)]) : that
          Forall ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
              ({def}) (B1_3 E T) ->
             u_1 E B1_3 : prop)]))], [(hyp2_2
          : that Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
              (\{def\} (B1_4 E T) \rightarrow
             u_1 E B1_4 : prop)])) =>
          ({def} (u_1 E T Intersection
          A) Fixform inev_1 Mp A Ui
          hyp2_2 Conj hyp2_2 Iff2 u_1
          Ui A Separation [(x1_6 : obj) =>
              ({def} Forall ([(B1_7
                 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} (B1_7 E T) ->
                 x1_6 E B1_7 : prop)]) : prop)] : that
          u_1 E T Intersection A)]) : that
       (u_1 E T Intersection A) ==
       Forall ([(B1_3 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (B1_3 E T) \rightarrow u_1
          E B1_3 : prop)]))]) : that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (x''_2 E T Intersection
       A) == Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (B1_4 E T) \rightarrow x''_2
          E B1_4 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
Intax1 : [(inev_1 : that A E T) =>
    (---: that Forall ([(x', 2)]
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (x''_2 E T Intersection
```

u_1 E T Intersection A) =>

```
A) == Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
              (\{def\} (B1_4 E T) \rightarrow x''_2
              E B1_4 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> define Intax T A : Ded Intax1
Intax : [(T_1 : obj), (A_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_1 : that A_1)])
       E T_1) =>
       (\{def\}\ Ug\ ([(u_2 : obj) =>
           ({def} Dediff ([(hyp1_3 : that
              u_2 E T_1 Intersection A_1) =>
              ({def} Simp2 (hyp1_3 Iff1
              u_2 Ui A_1 Separation [(x1_7
                 : obj) =>
                 ({def} Forall ([(B1_8
                     : obj) =>
                     (\{def\} (B1_8 E T_1) \rightarrow
                     x1_7 E B1_8 : prop)]) : prop)]) : that
              Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} (B1\_4 E T\_1) \rightarrow
                 u_2 E B1_4 : prop)]))], [(hyp2_3
              : that Forall ([(B1_5 : obj) =>
                 (\{def\} (B1_5 E T_1) \rightarrow
                 u_2 E B1_5 : prop)])) =>
              ({def} (u_2 E T_1 Intersection
              A_1) Fixform inev_1 Mp A_1
              Ui hyp2_3 Conj hyp2_3 Iff2
              u_2 Ui A_1 Separation [(x1_7
```

```
: obj) =>
                  ({def} Forall ([(B1_8
                     : obj) =>
                     ({def}) (B1_8 E T_1) \rightarrow
                     x1_7 E B1_8 : prop)]) : prop)] : that
              u_2 E T_1 Intersection A_1)]) : that
           (u_2 E T_1 Intersection A_1) ==
           Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
              ({def}) (B1_4 E T_1) \rightarrow
              u_2 E B1_4 : prop)]))]) : that
       Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
           ({def} (x'', 2 E T_1 Intersection
           A_1) == Forall ([(B1_4 : obj) =>
              (\{def\} (B1_4 E T_1) \rightarrow
              x''_2 E B1_4 : prop)]) : prop)]))]) : that
    (A_1 E T_1) \rightarrow Forall ([(x'',3)])
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (x'', 3 E T_1 Intersection
       A_1) == Forall ([(B1_5 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (B1_5 E T_1) \rightarrow x''_3
           E B1_5 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
Intax : [(T_1 : obj), (A_1 : obj) =>
    (---: that (A_1 E T_1) \rightarrow Forall
    ([(x', '_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (x'', 3 E T_1 Intersection
       A_1) == Forall ([(B1_5 : obj) =>
           ({def} (B1_5 E T_1) \rightarrow x''_3
           E B1_5 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
```

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

Above we develop the set intersection operation and prove the natural symmetric form of its associated comprehension axiom (without the asymmetric special role of A).

The following development makes use of the reasoning in Russell's paradox to show that for every set there is some object not belonging to it.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x1 obj
   x1 : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
   y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> define Russell x1 : Set x1 [y => \
          ~ (y E y)]
   Russell : [(x1_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} x1_1 Set [(y_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} ~ (y_2 E y_2) : prop)] : obj)]
  Russell : [(x1_1 : obj) => (--- : obj)]
```

```
{move 0}
>>> define Russellax x1 : Fixform (Forall \
    [y => (y E Russell x1) == (y E x1) & \sim (y E y)], Separation \
    x1 [y => (y E y)])
Russellax : [(x1_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Forall ([(y_3 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (y_3 E Russell (x1_1)) ==
       (y_3 E x1_1) & (y_3 E y_3) : prop)]) Fixform
    x1_1 Separation [(y_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} \sim (y_3 E y_3) : prop)] : that
    Forall ([(y_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (y_2 E Russell (x1_1)) ==
       (y_2 E x1_1) & (y_2 E y_2) : prop)]))]
Russellax : [(x1_1 : obj) => (---
    : that Forall ([(y_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (y_2 E Russell (x1_1)) ==
       (y_2 E x1_1) & (y_2 E y_2) : prop)]))]
{move 0}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 2}
```

```
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare rhyp1 that (Russell \setminus
       x) E x
   rhyp1 : that Russell (x) E x
   {move 3}
   >>> open
      {move 4}
      >>> declare rhyp2 that (Russell \
          x) E Russell x
      rhyp2 : that Russell (x) E Russell
       (x)
      {move 4}
      >>> open
         {move 5}
         >>> declare y1 obj
```

```
y1 : obj
{move 5}
>>> define line1 : Ui (Russell \
    x, Russellax x)
line1 : Russell (x) Ui Russellax
 (x)
line1 : that (Russell (x) E Russell
 (x)) == (Russell (x) E x) & ~ (Russell
 (x) E Russell (x))
{move 4}
>>> define linea1 : Ui (Russell \
    x, Separation x [y1 => ^{\sim} (y1 \
       E y1)])
linea1 : Russell (x) Ui
 x Separation [(y1_3 : obj) =>
    ({def} ^{(y1_3 E y1_3)} : prop)]
linea1 : that (Russell (x) E x Set
 [(y1_4 : obj) =>
    ({def} \ \ \ \ (y1_4 E y1_4) : prop)]) ==
 (Russell (x) E x) & ~ (Russell
 (x) E Russell (x))
{move 4}
```

```
linea1
               line2 : [
                    ({def} rhyp2 Iff1 linea1
                    : that (Russell (x) E x) & \tilde{} (Russell
                    (x) E Russell (x)))]
               line2 : that (Russell (x) E x) & \tilde{} (Russell
                 (x) E Russell (x))
               {move 4}
               >>> define line3 : Simp2 line2
               line3 : Simp2 (line2)
               line3 : that ~ (Russell (x) E Russell
                 (x))
               {move 4}
               >>> define line4 : Mp rhyp2 \
                    line3
Dependency error line 2826
(paused, type something to continue) >
Dependency error line 2826
(paused, type something to continue) >
                               161
```

>>> define line2 : Iff1 rhyp2 \

```
objectof a non object line 2749: {function error}
(paused, type something to continue) >
Errors found in declaring line4 as rhyp2 Mp line3
(paused, type something to continue) >
               >>> close
            {move 4}
            >>> define line5 rhyp2 : line4
[rhyp2 => line4] is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line6 : Negintro line5
Negintro line5 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line7 : Ui (Russell \
                x, Russellax x)
            line7 : Russell (x) Ui Russellax
             (x)
            line7 : that (Russell (x) E Russell
             (x)) == (Russell (x) E x) & ~ (Russell
             (x) E Russell (x))
            {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare z obj
            z : obj
            {move 4}
            >>> define linea7 : Ui (Russell \
                 x, Separation x [z \Rightarrow (z E z)]
            linea7 : Russell (x) Ui x Separation
              [(z_3 : obj) =>
                 ({def} ^{c} (z_3 E z_3) : prop)]
            linea7 : that (Russell (x) E x Set
              [(z_4 : obj) =>
                 ({def})^{-}(z_4 E z_4) : prop)]) ==
              (Russell (x) E x) & \tilde{} (Russell
              (x) E Russell (x))
            {move 3}
            >>> define line8 : Iff2 (Conj \
                 (rhyp1, line6), linea7)
Iff2 (Conj (rhyp1, line6), linea7) is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line9 : Mp line8 line6
Mp line8 line6 is not well-formed
```

```
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> close
         {move 3}
         >>> define notin rhyp1 : line9
[rhyp1 => line9] is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> define Notin1 : Negintro notin
Negintro notin is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> define Enotin1 : Ei1 (Russell \
             x, Notin1)
Ei1 (Russell x, Notin1) is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> close
      {move 2}
      >>> define Notin2 x : Notin1
[x => Notin1] is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
```

>>> define Enotin x : Enotin1

By a diagonalization similar to that in the Russell argument, we are able to uniformly select an element from the complement of each set.

The use of the definitions linea1 and linea7 (which eliminate the need to define Russellax) are a test of the matching capabilities of Lestrade. But the formulation of something like Russellax for a defined set construction is probably a good idea.

I believe I may use the constructions here to implement some of Zermelo's constructions where he speaks generally of choosing something not in a set.

5 The axioms of power set and union

In this section, we introduce the axioms of power set and union, which allow construction of more specific sets.

```
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
   >>> declare x obj
   x : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare y obj
   y : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> declare z obj
   z : obj
   {move 1}
   >>> postulate Sc x obj
   Sc : [(x_1 : obj) \Rightarrow (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
```

```
>>> postulate Scthm x : that Forall [z => \
          (z E Sc x) == z <<= x]
   Scthm : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : that
       Forall ([(z_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z_2 E Sc (x_1)) ==
          z_2 \ll x_1 : prop)]))]
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
   Here is the declaration of the power set operation (for which we use a
variant of Rosser's notaiton SC(x)) and its main axiom.
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare X obj
      X : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
```

>>> declare Xisset that Isset X

```
Xisset : that Isset (X)
{move 3}
>>> define line1 : Ui X Subsetrefl
line1 : X Ui Subsetrefl
line1 : that Isset (X) -> X <<=
X
{move 2}
>>> define line2 Xisset : Xisset \
    Mp line1
line2 : [(Xisset_1 : that Isset
    (X)) =>
    ({def} Xisset_1 Mp line1 : that
    X <<= X)
line2 : [(Xisset_1 : that Isset
    (X)) \Rightarrow (--- : that X <<=
    X)]
{move 2}
>>> define line3 : Scthm X
```

```
line3 : Scthm (X)
line3 : that Forall ([(z_2 : obj) =>
    ({def} (z_2 E Sc (X)) ==
    z_2 <<= X : prop)])
{move 2}
>>> define line4 : Ui X line3
line4 : X Ui line3
line4 : that (X E Sc (X)) ==
X <<= X
{move 2}
>>> define linea5 Xisset : line2 \
    Xisset Iff2 line4
linea5 : [(Xisset_1 : that Isset
    (X)) =>
    ({def} line2 (Xisset_1) Iff2
    line4 : that X E Sc (X))]
linea5 : [(Xisset_1 : that Isset
    (X)) \Rightarrow (--- : that X E Sc
```

(X)

```
{move 2}
         >>> declare v obj
         v : obj
         {move 3}
         >>> define line6 Xisset : Fixform \
             (Isset Sc X, Add2 ((Sc X) =0, Ei \
             (X, [v \Rightarrow v E (Sc X)], linea5 \setminus
             Xisset)))
[Xisset => Fixform (Isset Sc X, Add2 ((Sc X) =0, Ei (X, [v => v E (Sc X)], line
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> close
      {move 2}
      >>> define line7 X : Ded line6
[X => Ded line6] is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
      >>> define linea7 X : Ded linea5
      linea7 : [(X_1 : obj) =>
          ({def} Ded ([(Xisset_2 : that
             Isset (X_1)) =>
             ({def} Xisset_2 Mp X_1 Ui Subsetrefl
             Iff2 X_1 Ui Scthm (X_1): that
```

```
X_1 \to Sc(X_1): that
          Isset (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 \to Sc (X_1)
      linea7 : [(X_1 : obj) => (--- : that
          Isset (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 \to Sc (X_1)
      {move 1}
      >>> close
   {move 1}
   >>> define Scofsetisset : Ug line7
Ug line7 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
end Lestrade execution
   The power set of a set is a set.
begin Lestrade execution
   >>> define Inownpowerset : Ug linea7
   Inownpowerset : Ug ([(X_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(Xisset_2 : that Isset
          (X_1)) =>
           ({def} Xisset_2 Mp X_1 Ui Subsetrefl
          Iff2 X_1 Ui Scthm (X_1): that
          X_1 \to Sc(X_1)): that Isset
       (X_1) \rightarrow X_1 \to Sc (X_1))
```

This is an additional axiom implicit in Zermelo's treatment but natural in any case: the power set of an atom is empty by the axioms given, but we further specify that it is the empty set. The axiom is stated in the convenient general form that all power sets are sets (which is what Zermelo actually says), but the case of atoms (and the empty set itself) is the only case in which it is actually needed. Careful reading of Zermelo's axiom may reveal that he says that power sets are actually sets, which would fully justify this.

```
begin Lestrade execution
>>> declare w obj
```

end Lestrade execution

```
w : obj
{move 1}
>>> postulate Union x obj
Union : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : obj)]
{move 0}
>>> postulate Uthm x : that Forall [z => \
       (z E Union x) == Exists [w => (z E w) & w E x]]
Uthm : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : that)
    Forall ([(z_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z_2 E Union (x_1)) ==
       Exists ([(w_4 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z_2 E w_4) & w_4 E x_1
          : prop)]) : prop)]))]
{move 0}
>>> postulate Uthm2 x : that Isset Union \setminus
    Х
Uthm2 : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : that)
    Isset (Union (x_1)))]
{move 0}
```

```
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare unioninhyp that z E Union \
   unioninhyp : that z E Union (y)
   {move 2}
   >>> declare unionsubshyp that y <<= \
   unionsubshyp : that y <<= x
   {move 2}
   >>> define line1 unioninhyp : Iff1 \
       unioninhyp, Ui z Uthm y
   line1 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
       (y)) =>
       ({def} unioninhyp_1 Iff1 z Ui Uthm
       (y): that Exists ([(w_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z E w_2) & w_2 E y : prop)]))]
   line1 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
       (y)) \Rightarrow (---: that Exists ([(w_2)
          : obj) =>
```

```
({def} (z E w_2) & w_2 E y : prop)]))]
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare w1 obj
   w1 : obj
   {move 3}
   >>> declare wev that (z E w1) & w1 \setminus
       Еу
   wev: that (z E w1) & w1 E y
   {move 3}
   >>> define line2 wev : Mpsubs Simp2 \setminus
       wev unionsubshyp
   line2 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
       : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
       E y) =>
       ({def} Simp2 (wev_1) Mpsubs
       unionsubshyp : that .w1_1 E x)]
```

```
line2 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
    : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E y) => (--- : that .w1_1 E x)]
{move 2}
>>> define line3 wev : Conj Simp1 \
    wev line2 wev
line3 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
    : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E y) =>
    ({def} Simp1 (wev_1) Conj
    line2 (wev_1) : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E x)]
line3 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
    : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E y) => (--- : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E x)
{move 2}
>>> define line4 wev : Ei1 w1 line3 \
    wev
line4 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
    : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
    E y) =>
    (\{def\} .w1_1 Ei1 line3 (wev_1) : that
    Exists ([(x'_2 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (z E x'_2) \& x'_2
       E x : prop)]))]
```

```
line4 : [(.w1_1 : obj), (wev_1
       : that (z E .w1_1) & .w1_1
       E y) \Rightarrow (--- : that Exists)
       ([(x,_2 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z E x'_2) \& x'_2
          E x : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line5 unioninhyp unionsubshyp \
    : Eg (line1 unioninhyp, line4)
line5 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
    (y)), (unionsubshyp_1 : that
    y <<= x) =>
    ({def} line1 (unioninhyp_1) Eg
    [(.w1_2 : obj), (wev_2 : that
       (z E .w1_2) \& .w1_2 E y) =>
       ({def} .w1_2 Ei1 Simp1 (wev_2) Conj
       Simp2 (wev_2) Mpsubs unionsubshyp_1
       : that Exists ([(x'_3 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E x'_3) & x'_3
          E x : prop)]))] : that
    Exists ([(x'_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E x'_2) & x'_2 E x : prop)]))]
line5 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
    (y)), (unionsubshyp_1: that
```

```
y \ll x) \Rightarrow (--- : that Exists)
       ([(x, 2 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z E x'_2) & x'_2 E x : prop)]))]
   {move 1}
   >>> define line6 unioninhyp unionsubshyp \
       : Iff2 (line5 unioninhyp unionsubshyp, Ui \
       z Uthm x)
   line6 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
       (y)), (unionsubshyp_1 : that
       y <<= x) =>
       ({def} (unioninhyp_1 line5 unionsubshyp_1) Iff2
       z Ui Uthm (x) : that z E Union
       [(x)]
   line6 : [(unioninhyp_1 : that z E Union
       (y)), (unionsubshyp_1 : that
       y \ll x) \Rightarrow (--- : that z E Union)
       (x)
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> declare uihyp that z E Union y
uihyp : that z E Union (y)
```

```
{move 1}
>>> declare ushyp that y <<= x
ushyp : that y \ll x
{move 1}
>>> define Unionmonotone uihyp ushyp : line6 \
    uihyp ushyp
Unionmonotone : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
    : obj), (.z_1 : obj), (uihyp_1
    : that .z_1 E Union (.y_1)), (ushyp_1
    : that .y_1 <<= .x_1) =>
    ({def} uihyp_1 Iff1 .z_1 Ui Uthm (.y_1) Eg
    [(.w1_3 : obj), (wev_3 : that
       (.z_1 E .w1_3) \& .w1_3 E .y_1) =>
       ({def} .w1_3 Ei1 Simp1 (wev_3) Conj
       Simp2 (wev_3) Mpsubs ushyp_1 : that
       Exists ([(x'_4 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (.z_1 E x'_4) & x'_4
          E .x_1 : prop)]))] Iff2
    .z_1 Ui Uthm (.x_1): that .z_1 E Union
    (.x_1)
Unionmonotone : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
    : obj), (.z_1 : obj), (uihyp_1
    : that .z_1 E Union (.y_1)), (ushyp_1
    : that .y_1 \ll .x_1 => (--- : that
    .z_1 E Union (.x_1)
```

```
{move 0}
   >>> define ++ x y : Union (x ; y)
   ++: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\}\ Union\ (x_1 ; y_1) : obj)]
   ++: [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj) =>
       (--- : obj)]
   {move 0}
   >>> goal that (z E x ++ y) == (z E x) V z E y
{function error}
   {move 1}
   >>> open
      {move 2}
      >>> declare dir1 that z E x ++ y
      dir1 : that z E x ++ y
      {move 2}
      >>> define linec1 dir1 : Iff1 dir1, Ui \setminus
          z, Uthm (x; y)
```

```
linec1 : [(dir1_1 : that z E x ++
    y) =>
    (\{def\}\ dir1_1\ Iff1\ z\ Ui\ Uthm\ (x\ ;\ y)\ :\ that
    Exists ([(w_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E w_2) & w_2 E x ; y : prop)]))]
linec1 : [(dir1_1 : that z E x ++
    y) \Rightarrow (--- : that Exists ([(w_2)
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E w_2) & w_2 E x ; y : prop)]))]
{move 1}
>>> open
   {move 3}
   >>> declare w83 obj
   w83 : obj
   {move 3}
   >>> declare wev83 that (z E w83) & w83 \setminus
       E x ; y
   wev83 : that (z E w83) & w83 E x; y
   {move 3}
```

```
>>> define linec2 wev83 : Iff1 Simp2 \
    wev83, Ui w83, Pair x y
linec2 : [(.w83_1 : obj), (wev83_1
    : that (z E .w83_1) & .w83_1
    E x ; y) =>
    ({def} Simp2 (wev83_1) Iff1
    .w83_1 Ui x Pair y : that (.w83_1
    = x) V .w83_1 = y)]
linec2 : [(.w83_1 : obj), (wev83_1
    : that (z E .w83_1) & .w83_1
    E x ; y) => (--- : that (.w83_1)
    = x) V .w83_1 = y)]
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> declare case1 that w83 = x
   case1 : that w83 = x
   {move 4}
   >>> declare case2 that w83 = y
   case2 : that w83 = y
```

```
>>> define linec3 case1 : Add1 \
    (z E y, Subs1 case1 Simp1 wev83)
linec3 : [(case1_1 : that w83)]
    = x) =>
    (\{def\}\ (z\ E\ y)\ Add1\ case1_1
    Subs1 Simp1 (wev83) : that
    (z E x) V z E y)]
linec3 : [(case1_1 : that w83
    = x) => (--- : that (z E x) V z E y)]
{move 3}
>>> define linec4 case2 : Add2 \
    (z E x, Subs1 case2 Simp1 wev83)
linec4 : [(case2_1 : that w83
    = y) =>
    (\{def\} (z E x) Add2 case2_1
    Subs1 Simp1 (wev83) : that
    (z E x) V z E y)]
linec4 : [(case2_1 : that w83
    = y) \Rightarrow (--- : that (z E x) V z E y)]
{move 3}
>>> close
```

{move 4}

```
{move 3}
  >>> define linec5 wev83 : Cases \
       linec2 wev83, linec3, linec4
   linec5 : [(.w83_1 : obj), (wev83_1
       : that (z E .w83_1) & .w83_1
       E x ; y) =>
       ({def} Cases (linec2 (wev83_1), [(case1_1
          : that .w83_1 = x) =>
          ({def} (z E y) Add1 case1_1
          Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_1) : that
          (z E x) V z E y)], [(case2_2
          : that .w83_1 = y) =>
          ({def}) (z E x) Add2 case2_2
          Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_1) : that
          (z E x) V z E y)]) : that
       (z E x) V z E y)]
   linec5 : [(.w83_1 : obj), (wev83_1
       : that (z E .w83_1) & .w83_1
       E x ; y) \Rightarrow (--- : that (z E x) V z E y)]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define linec6 dir1 : Eg linec1 \
    dir1, linec5
```

```
linec6 : [(dir1_1 : that z E x ++
    y) =>
    ({def} linec1 (dir1_1) Eg [(.w83_2
       : obj), (wev83_2 : that (z E .w83_2) & .w83_2
       E x ; y) =>
       ({def} Cases (Simp2 (wev83_2) Iff1
       .w83_2 Ui x Pair y, [(case1_3
          : that .w83_2 = x) =>
          ({def}) (z E y) Add1 case1_3
          Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_2) : that
          (z E x) V z E y)], [(case2_3)
          : that .w83_2 = y) =>
          ({def}) (z E x) Add2 case2_3
          Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_2) : that
          (z E x) V z E y)]) : that
       (z E x) V z E y)] : that
    (z E x) V z E y)]
linec6 : [(dir1_1 : that z E x ++
   y) \Rightarrow (--- : that (z E x) V z E y)]
{move 1}
>>> declare dir2 that (z E x) V z E y
dir2 : that (z E x) V z E y
{move 2}
>>> open
   {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare case1 that z E x
case1 : that z E x
{move 3}
>>> declare case2 that z E y
case2 : that z E y
{move 3}
>>> define linec7 : Inpair1 x y
linec7 : [
    ({def} x Inpair1 y : that x E x ; y)]
linec7 : that x E x ; y
{move 2}
>>> define linec8 : Inpair2 x y
linec8 : [
    (\{def\} x Inpair2 y : that y E x ; y)]
linec8 : that y E x ; y
```

```
{move 2}
>>> declare z1 obj
z1 : obj
{move 3}
>>> define linec9 case1 : Ei x, [z1 \setminus
       => (z E z1) & z1 E x ; y], Conj \
    (case1, linec7)
linec9 : [(case1_1 : that z E x) =>
    (\{def\} Ei (x, [(z1_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E z1_2) & z1_2
       E x ; y : prop)], case1_1
    Conj linec7): that Exists ([(z1_2)
       : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z E z1_2) & z1_2
       E x ; y : prop)]))]
linec9 : [(case1_1 : that z E x) = 
    (---: that Exists ([(z1_2)
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E z1_2) & z1_2
       E x ; y : prop)]))]
{move 2}
>>> define linec10 case2 : Ei y, [z1 \setminus
       => (z E z1) & z1 E x ; y], Conj \
    (case2, linec8)
```

```
linec10 : [(case2_1 : that z E y) =>
       ({def} Ei (y, [(z1_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z E z1_2) & z1_2
          E x ; y : prop)], case2_1
       Conj linec8): that Exists ([(z1_2
          : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E z1_2) & z1_2
          E x ; y : prop)]))]
   linec10 : [(case2_1 : that z E y) =>
       (---: that Exists ([(z1_2)
          : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E z1_2) & z1_2
          E x ; y : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define linec11 dir2 : Cases dir2, linec9, linec10
linec11 : [(dir2_1 : that (z E x) V z E y) =>
    ({def} Cases (dir2_1, [(case1_2
       : that z E x) \Rightarrow
       (\{def\} Ei (x, [(z1_3 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E z1_3) & z1_3
          E x ; y : prop)], case1_2
       Conj x Inpair1 y) : that Exists
       ([(z1_3 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E z1_3) & z1_3
```

```
E x ; y : prop)]))], [(case2_2
       : that z E y) =>
       (\{def\} Ei (y, [(z1_3 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z E z1_3) & z1_3
          E x ; y : prop)], case2_2
       Conj x Inpair2 y) : that Exists
       ([(z1_3 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (z E z1_3) \& z1_3
          E x ; y : prop)]))]) : that
    Exists ([(z1_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (z E z1_2) & z1_2 E x ; y : prop)]))]
linec11 : [(dir2_1 : that (z E x) V z E y) =>
    (---: that Exists ([(z1_2: obj) =>
       ({def} (z E z1_2) & z1_2 E x ; y : prop)]))]
{move 1}
>>> define linec12 dir2 : Iff2 linec11 \
    dir2, Ui z, Uthm (x; y)
linec12 : [(dir2_1 : that (z E x) V z E y) =>
    ({def} linec11 (dir2_1) Iff2
    z Ui Uthm (x ; y) : that z E Union
    (x ; y))]
linec12 : [(dir2_1 : that (z E x) V z E y) =>
    (--- : that z E Union (x ; y))]
{move 1}
>>> close
```

```
{move 1}
>>> define Binaryunion x y z : Dediff \
    linec6, linec12
Binaryunion : [(x_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_1 : obj), (y_2 : obj)]
    : obj), (z_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_2 : that
       z_1 E x_1 ++ y_1) =>
       ({def} dir1_2 Iff1 z_1 Ui Uthm
       (x_1; y_1) Eg [(.w83_3 : obj), (wev83_3)]
          : that (z_1 E .w83_3) \& .w83_3
          E x_1 ; y_1) =>
          ({def} Cases (Simp2 (wev83_3) Iff1
          .w83_3 Ui x_1 Pair y_1, [(case1_4
              : that .w83_3 = x_1) =>
             ({def}) (z_1 E y_1) Add1
             case1_4 Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_3) : that
             (z_1 E x_1) V z_1 E y_1), [(case2_4)
             : that .w83_3 = y_1) =>
             ({def}) (z_1 E x_1) Add2
             case2_4 Subs1 Simp1 (wev83_3) : that
              (z_1 E x_1) V z_1 E y_1): that
          (z_1 E x_1) V z_1 E y_1): that
       (z_1 E x_1) V z_1 E y_1), [(dir_2_2)
       : that (z_1 E x_1) V z_1 E y_1) =>
       ({def} Cases (dir2_2, [(case1_4
          : that z_1 \to x_1 = x
          (\{def\} Ei (x_1, [(z1_5 : obj) =>
              ({def}) (z_1 E z1_5) & z1_5
             E x_1 ; y_1 : prop), case1_4
          Conj x_1 Inpair1 y_1) : that
          Exists ([(z1_5 : obj) =>
             ({def} (z_1 E z1_5) & z1_5
```

: that $z_1 E y_1$ =>

E x_1 ; y_1 : prop)]))], [(case2_4

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

Here we declare the set union operation and its defining theorem, and define binary union. Various utilities need to be developed, for example the theorem Unionmonotone needed in the proof below that a subset of a partition is a partition.

6 The axiom of choice

Here we state the axiom of choice in its original form: each partition has a choice set.

```
>>> declare x obj
x : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare y obj
y : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare w obj
w : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Ispartition x : (Forall [y => \
       (y E x) -> Exists [z => z E y]]) & Forall \
    [y => (y E (Union x)) -> One [z => \setminus
          (y E z) & z E x]]
```

```
Ispartition : [(x_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Forall ([(y_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (y_3 E x_1) \rightarrow Exists)
       ([(z_5 : obj) =>
           ({def} z_5 E y_3 : prop)]) : prop)]) & Forall
    ([(y_3 : obj) =>
       ({def} (y_3 E Union (x_1)) \rightarrow
       One ([(z_5 : obj) =>
          ({def}) (y_3 E z_5) & z_5 E x_1
           : prop)]) : prop)]) : prop)]
Ispartition : [(x_1 : obj) => (---
    : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> declare partev that Ispartition \
       Х
   partev : that Ispartition (x)
   {move 2}
   >>> declare subpartev that y <<= x
   subpartev : that y <<= x
```

```
{move 2}
      >>> goal that Ispartition y
{function error}
      {move 2}
      >>> declare x17 obj
      x17 : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> declare z17 obj
      z17 : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> goal that Forall [z17 => (z17 \setminus
             E y) -> Exists [x17 => x17 E z17]]
{function error}
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
```

```
>>> declare z1 obj
z1 : obj
{move 3}
>>> open
   {move 4}
   >>> declare inev that z1 E y
   inev : that z1 E y
   {move 4}
   >>> define line1 inev : Mpsubs \setminus
       inev, subpartev
   line1 : [(inev_1 : that z1)]
       E y) =>
       ({def} inev_1 Mpsubs subpartev
        : that z1 E x)]
   line1 : [(inev_1 : that z1)]
       E y) \Rightarrow (--- : that z1 E x)]
   {move 3}
```

```
>>> define line2 inev : Mp line1 \
       inev, Ui z1 Simp1 partev
   line2 : [(inev_1 : that z1
       E y) =>
       ({def} line1 (inev_1) Mp
       z1 Ui Simp1 (partev) : that
       Exists ([(z_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} z_2 E z1 : prop)]))]
   line2 : [(inev_1 : that z1)]
       E y) \Rightarrow (--- : that Exists)
       ([(z_2 : obj) =>
          ({def} z_2 E z1 : prop)]))]
   {move 3}
   >>> close
{move 3}
>>> define line3 z1 : Ded line2
line3 : [(z1_1 : obj) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_2 : that
       z1_1 E y) =>
       ({def} inev_2 Mpsubs subpartev
       Mp z1_1 Ui Simp1 (partev) : that
       Exists ([(z_3 : obj) =>
          ({def} z_3 E z_1_1 : prop)]))))) : that
    (z1_1 E y) \rightarrow Exists ([(z_3)
       : obj) =>
       ({def} z_3 E z1_1 : prop)]))]
```

```
line3 : [(z1_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (z1_1 E y) \rightarrow Exists
       ([(z_3 : obj) =>
           ({def} z_3 E z1_1 : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line4 partev subpartev : Ug \
    line3
line4 : [(partev_1 : that Ispartition
    (x)), (subpartev_1 : that y <<=
    x) =>
    ({def} \ Ug \ ([(z1_1 : obj) =>
       (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_2 : that
          z1_1 E y) =>
          ({def} inev_2 Mpsubs subpartev_1
          Mp z1_1 Ui Simp1 (partev_1) : that
          Exists ([(z_3 : obj) =>
              ({def} z_3 E z_1_1 : prop)])))) : that
       (z1_1 E y) \rightarrow Exists ([(z_3)
          : obj) =>
           ({def} z_3 E z_1_1 : prop)])))) : that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (x', 2 E y) \rightarrow Exists)
       ([(z_4 : obj) =>
           ({def} z_4 E x''_2 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
```

```
line4 : [(partev_1 : that Ispartition
           (x)), (subpartev_1 : that y <<=
          x) \Rightarrow (--- : that Forall ([(x''_2
              : obj) =>
              (\{def\} (x''_2 E y) \rightarrow Exists
              ([(z_4 : obj) =>
                 ({def} z_4 E x''_2 : prop)]) : prop)]))]
      {move 1}
      >>> goal that Forall [z17 => (z17 \setminus
              E Union y) \rightarrow One [x17 => (z17 \
                 E x17) & x17 E y]]
{function error}
      {move 2}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
         >>> declare z1 obj
         z1 : obj
          {move 3}
         >>> open
             {move 4}
```

```
>>> declare thehyp that z1 E Union \
    У
thehyp : that z1 E Union (y)
{move 4}
>>> define line5 thehyp : Unionmonotone \
    thehyp subpartev
line5 : [(thehyp_1 : that z1
    E Union (y)) =>
    ({def} thehyp_1 Unionmonotone
    subpartev : that z1 E Union
    [(x)]
line5 : [(thehyp_1 : that z1
    E Union (y)) => (---: that)
    z1 E Union (x))]
{move 3}
>>> define line6 thehyp : Mp \setminus
    line5 thehyp, Ui z1 Simp2 partev
line6 : [(thehyp_1 : that z1
    E Union (y)) \Rightarrow
    ({def} line5 (thehyp_1) Mp
    z1 Ui Simp2 (partev) : that
    One ([(z_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E z_2) & z_2
       E x : prop)]))]
```

```
line6 : [(thehyp_1 : that z1
                E Union (y)) => (---: that)
                One ([(z_2 : obj) =>
                   ({def} (z1 E z_2) & z_2
                   E x : prop)]))]
            {move 3}
            >>> declare w1 obj
            w1 : obj
            {move 4}
            >>> goal that Forall [w1 => \setminus
                    ((z1 E w1) & w1 E x) == \
                   (z1 E w1) & w1 E y]
{function error}
            {move 4}
            >>> open
               {move 5}
               >>> declare w2 obj
               w2 : obj
```

```
{move 5}
>>> open
   {move 6}
  >>> declare dir1 that (z1 \
       E w2) & w2 E x
   dir1 : that (z1 E w2) & w2
   Еx
   {move 6}
  >>> define line7 dir1 : Simp2 \
       dir1
   line7 : [(dir1_1 : that
       (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
       ({def} Simp2 (dir1_1) : that
       w2 E x)]
   line7 : [(dir1_1 : that
       (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
       (--- : that w2 E x)]
   {move 5}
   >>> define line8 dir1 : Iff1 \
       thehyp, Ui z1 Uthm y
```

```
line8 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} thehyp Iff1
    z1 Ui Uthm (y) : that
    Exists ([(w_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E w_2) & w_2
       E y : prop)]))]
line8 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (--- : that Exists
    ([(w_2 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E w_2) & w_2
       E y : prop)]))]
{move 5}
>>> define line9 dir1 : Ui \
    z1 Simp2 partev
line9 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} z1 Ui Simp2
    (partev) : that (z1
    E Union (x)) -> One
    ([(z_3 : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E z_3) & z_3
       E x : prop)]))]
line9 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (--- : that (z1 E Union
    (x)) \rightarrow One ([(z_3)]
```

```
: obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E z_3) & z_3
       E x : prop)]))]
{move 5}
>>> define line10 dir1 \
    : Unionmonotone thehyp \
    subpartev
line10 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} thehyp Unionmonotone
    subpartev : that z1
    E Union (x))]
line10 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (--- : that z1 E Union
    [(x)]
{move 5}
>>> define line11 dir1 \
    : Mp line10 dir1, line9 \
    dir1
line11 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} line10 (dir1_1) Mp
```

line9 (dir1_1) : that One ($[(z_2 : obj) =>$

({def} (z1 E z_2) & z_2

```
line11 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (--- : that One ([(z_2
       : obj) =>
       ({def}) (z1 E z_2) & z_2
       E x : prop)]))]
{move 5}
>>> open
   {move 7}
   >>> declare w3 obj
   w3 : obj
   {move 7}
   >>> declare u obj
   u : obj
   {move 7}
   >>> declare whyp3 that \
       Forall [u => ((z1 \setminus
          E u) & u E x) == \setminus
          u = w3
             204
```

E x : prop)]))]

```
whyp3 : that Forall
 ([(u_2 : obj) =>
    ({def}) ((z1 E u_2) & u_2)
    E x) == u_2 = w3
    : prop)])
{move 7}
>>> define line12 whyp3 \
    : Iff1 dir1, Ui w2 \
    whyp3
line12 : [(.w3_1 : obj), (whyp3_1
    : that Forall ([(u_3
       : obj) =>
       ({def} ((z1
       E u_3) & u_3
       E x) == u_3 = .w3_1
       : prop)])) =>
    ({def} dir1 Iff1
    w2 Ui whyp3_1 : that
    w2 = .w3_1)
line12 : [(.w3_1 : obj), (whyp3_1
    : that Forall ([(u_3
       : obj) =>
       ({def} ((z1
       E u_3) & u_3
       E x) == u_3 = .w3_1
       : prop)])) =>
    (--- : that w2 = .w3_1)
```

```
{move 6}
>>> open
   {move 8}
   >>> declare w4 obj
   w4 : obj
   {move 8}
   >>> declare whyp4 \
       that (z1 E w4) & w4 \setminus
       Еу
   whyp4 : that (z1
    E w4) & w4 E y
   {move 8}
   >>> define line13 \
       whyp4 : Mpsubs Simp2 \
       whyp4 subpartev
   line13 : [(.w4_1
       : obj), (whyp4_1
       : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
       E y) =>
       ({def} Simp2
       (whyp4_1) Mpsubs
       \verb"subpartev": that"
```

```
.w4_1 E x)
```

```
line13 : [(.w4_1)]
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) => (---
    : that .w4_1 E x)]
{move 7}
>>> define line14 \
    whyp4 : Iff1 (Conj \
    Simp1 whyp4 line13 \
    whyp4, Ui w4 whyp3)
line14 : [(.w4_1
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) =>
    ({def} Simp1
    (whyp4_1) Conj
    line13 (whyp4_1) Iff1
    .w4_1 Ui whyp3
    : that .w4_1 = w3)]
line14 : [(.w4_1
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) => (---
    : that .w4_1 = w3)]
{move 7}
```

```
>>> define line15 \
    whyp4 : Subs1 line14 \
    whyp4 Simp2 whyp4
line15 : [(.w4_1
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) =>
    ({def} line14
    (whyp4_1) Subs1
    Simp2 (whyp4_1) : that
    w3 E y)]
line15 : [(.w4_1
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) => (---
    : that w3 E y)]
{move 7}
>>> define line16 \
    whyp4 : Subs1 (Eqsymm \
    line12 whyp3, line15 \
    whyp4)
line16 : [(.w4_1
    : obj), (whyp4_1
    : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
    E y) =>
    ({def} Eqsymm
    (line12 (whyp3)) Subs1
    line15 (whyp4_1) : that
    w2 E y)]
```

```
line16 : [(.w4_1
       : obj), (whyp4_1
       : that (z1 E .w4_1) & .w4_1
       E y) => (---
       : that w2 E y)]
   {move 7}
   >>> close
{move 7}
>>> define line17 whyp3 \
    : Eg line8 dir1 line16
line17 : [(.w3_1 : obj), (whyp3_1)]
    : that Forall ([(u_3
       : obj) =>
       ({def} ((z1
       E u_3) & u_3
       E x) == u_3 = .w3_1
       : prop)])) =>
    ({def} line8 (dir1) Eg
    [(.w4_2 : obj), (whyp4_2)]
       : that (z1 E .w4_2) \& .w4_2
       E y) =>
       ({def} Eqsymm
       (line12 (whyp3_1)) Subs1
       Simp1 (whyp4_2) Conj
       Simp2 (whyp4_2) Mpsubs
       subpartev Iff1
       .w4_2 Ui whyp3_1
       Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_2) : that
```

```
w2 E y)] : that
       w2 E y)]
   line17 : [(.w3_1 : obj), (whyp3_1)]
       : that Forall ([(u_3
          : obj) =>
          ({def}) ((z1
          E u_3) & u_3
          E x) == u_3 = .w3_1
          : prop)])) =>
       (--- : that w2 E y)]
   {move 6}
   >>> close
{move 6}
>>> define line18 dir1 \
    : Eg line11 dir1 line17
line18 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} line11 (dir1_1) Eg
    [(.w3_2 : obj), (whyp3_2)]
       : that Forall ([(u_4
          : obj) =>
          ({def} ((z1
          E u_4) & u_4
          E x) == u_4 = .w3_2
          : prop)])) =>
       ({def} line8 (dir1_1) Eg
       [(.w4_3 : obj), (whyp4_3)]
          : that (z1 E .w4_3) & .w4_3
            210
```

```
E y) =>
          ({def} Eqsymm
          (dir1_1 Iff1
          w2 Ui whyp3_2) Subs1
          Simp1 (whyp4_3) Conj
          Simp2 (whyp4_3) Mpsubs
          subpartev Iff1
          .w4_3 Ui whyp3_2
          Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_3) : that
          w2 E y)] : that
       w2 E y)] : that
    w2 E y)]
line18 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (--- : that w2 E y)]
{move 5}
>>> define line19 dir1 \
    : Conj Simp1 dir1, line18 \
    dir1
line19 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    ({def} Simp1 (dir1_1) Conj
    line18 (dir1_1) : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E y)]
line19 : [(dir1_1 : that
    (z1 E w2) & w2 E x) =>
    (---: that (z1 E w2) & w2
    E y)]
```

```
{move 5}
   >>> declare dir2 that (z1 \setminus
       E w2) & w2 E y
   dir2 : that (z1 E w2) & w2
   Еу
   {move 6}
   >>> define line20 dir2 \
       : Conj (Simp1 dir2, Mpsubs \
       Simp2 dir2 subpartev)
   line20 : [(dir2_1 : that
       (z1 E w2) & w2 E y) =>
       ({def} Simp1 (dir2_1) Conj
       Simp2 (dir2_1) Mpsubs
       subpartev : that (z1
       E w2) & w2 E x)]
   line20 : [(dir2_1 : that
       (z1 E w2) & w2 E y) =>
       (---: that (z1 E w2) \& w2
       E x)]
   {move 5}
   >>> close
{move 5}
```

```
>>> define line21 w2 : Dediff \
    line19, line20
line21 : [(w2_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_2
       : that (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
       E x) =>
       ({def} Simp1 (dir1_2) Conj
       thehyp Unionmonotone
       subpartev Mp z1 Ui Simp2
       (partev) Eg [(.w3_4
          : obj), (whyp3_4
          : that Forall ([(u_6
             : obj) =>
             ({def}) (z1
             E u_6) & u_6
             E x) == u_6 = .w3_4
             : prop)])) =>
          ({def} thehyp Iff1
          z1 Ui Uthm (y) Eg
          [(.w4_5 : obj), (whyp4_5)]
             : that (z1 E .w4_5) & .w4_5
             E y) =>
             ({def} Eqsymm
             (dir1_2 Iff1
             w2_1 Ui whyp3_4) Subs1
             Simp1 (whyp4_5) Conj
             Simp2 (whyp4_5) Mpsubs
             subpartev Iff1
             .w4_5 Ui whyp3_4
             Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_5) : that
             w2_1 E y)]: that
          w2_1 E y)] : that
       (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
       E y)], [(dir2_2
       : that (z1 E w2_1) \& w2_1
```

```
E y) =>
          ({def} Simp1 (dir2_2) Conj
          Simp2 (dir2_2) Mpsubs
          subpartev : that (z1
          E w2_1) & w2_1 E x)) : that
       ((z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
       E x) == (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
       E y)]
   line21 : [(w2_1 : obj) =>
       (---: that ((z1 E w2_1) \& w2_1)
       E x) == (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
       E y)]
   {move 4}
   >>> close
{move 4}
>>> define line22 thehyp : Ug \
    line21
line22 : [(thehyp_1 : that
    z1 E Union (y)) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ug\ ([(w2_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_2
          : that (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
          E x) =>
          ({def} Simp1 (dir1_2) Conj
          thehyp_1 Unionmonotone
          subpartev Mp z1 Ui Simp2
          (partev) Eg [(.w3_4
             : obj), (whyp3_4
```

```
: that Forall ([(u_6
            : obj) =>
            ({def} ((z1
            E u_6) & u_6
            E x) == u_6 = .w3_4
            : prop)])) =>
         ({def} thehyp_1
         Iff1 z1 Ui Uthm (y) Eg
         [(.w4_5 : obj), (whyp4_5)]
            : that (z1 E .w4_5) \& .w4_5
            E y) =>
            ({def} Eqsymm
            (dir1_2 Iff1
            w2_1 Ui whyp3_4) Subs1
            Simp1 (whyp4_5) Conj
            Simp2 (whyp4_5) Mpsubs
            subpartev Iff1
            .w4_5 Ui whyp3_4
            Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_5) : that
            w2_1 E y)]: that
         w2_1 E y)]: that
      (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
     E y)], [(dir2_2
      : that (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
     E y) =>
      ({def} Simp1 (dir2_2) Conj
     Simp2 (dir2_2) Mpsubs
     subpartev : that (z1
     E w2_1) & w2_1 E x)) : that
   ((z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
  E x) == (z1 E w2_1) & w2_1
  E y)]) : that Forall
([(x','_2 : obj) =>
   ({def} ((z1 E x''_2) & x''_2
  E x) == (z1 E x''_2) & x''_2
  E y : prop)]))]
```

```
line22 : [(thehyp_1 : that
       z1 E Union (y)) => (---
       : that Forall ([(x')^2]
          : obj) =>
          ({def} ((z1 E x'',_2) & x'',_2
         E x) == (z1 E x', _2) & x', _2
          E y : prop)]))]
  {move 3}
  >>> define line23 thehyp : Onequiv \
       line6 thehyp line22 thehyp
  line23 : [(thehyp_1 : that
      z1 E Union (y)) =>
       ({def} line6 (thehyp_1) Onequiv
       line22 (thehyp_1) : that
      One ([(x',',2:obj)=>
          ({def} (z1 E x'',2) & x'',2
         E y : prop)]))]
  line23 : [(thehyp_1 : that
       z1 E Union (y)) => (---
       : that One ([(x',',2:obj)=>
          ({def} (z1 E x'',2) & x'',2
          E y : prop)]))]
  {move 3}
  >>> close
{move 3}
```

```
line24 : [(z1_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} Ded ([(thehyp_2 : that
       z1_1 E Union (y)) =>
       ({def} thehyp_2 Unionmonotone
       subpartev Mp z1_1 Ui Simp2
       (partev) Onequiv Ug ([(w2_4
          : obj) =>
          ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_5
             : that (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
             E x) =>
             ({def} Simp1 (dir1_5) Conj
             thehyp_2 Unionmonotone
             subpartev Mp z1_1 Ui
             Simp2 (partev) Eg
             [(.w3_7 : obj), (whyp3_7)]
                 : that Forall ([(u_9
                    : obj) =>
                   ({def}) ((z1_1)
                   E u_9) & u_9
                   E x) == u_9 = .w3_7
                    : prop)])) =>
                 ({def} thehyp_2
                Iff1 z1_1 Ui Uthm
                 (y) Eg [(.w4_8)]
                    : obj), (whyp4_8
                    : that (z1_1
                   E .w4_8) & .w4_8
                   E y) =>
                    ({def} Eqsymm
                    (dir1_5 Iff1
                   w2_4 Ui whyp3_7) Subs1
                   Simp1 (whyp4_8) Conj
                   Simp2 (whyp4_8) Mpsubs
                   subpartev Iff1
                    .w4_8 Ui whyp3_7
```

```
Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_8) : that
                      w2_4 E y)]: that
                   w2_4 E y)]: that
                (z1_1 E w2_4) & w2_4
                E y)], [(dir2_5
                : that (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
                E y) =>
                ({def} Simp1 (dir2_5) Conj
                Simp2 (dir2_5) Mpsubs
                subpartev : that (z1_1
                E w2_4) \& w2_4 E x)]) : that
             ((z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
             E x) == (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
             E y)]) : that One ([(x'', 3
             : obj) =>
             ({def} (z1_1 E x'''_3) & x'''_3
             E y : prop)]))]) : that
       (z1_1 E Union (y)) \rightarrow One
       ([(x',','_3 : obj) =>
          (\{def\} (z1_1 E x'''_3) \& x'''_3
          E y : prop)]))]
   line24 : [(z1_1 : obj) => (---
       : that (z1_1 E Union (y)) ->
       One ([(x',',3:obj) =>
          ({def} (z1_1 E x'''_3) & x'''_3
          E y : prop)]))]
   {move 2}
   >>> close
{move 2}
>>> define line25 partev subpartev \
```

```
line25 : [(partev_1 : that Ispartition
    (x)), (subpartev_1 : that y <<=
    x) =>
    (\{def\}\ Ug\ ([(z1_1 : obj) =>
       ({def} Ded ([(thehyp_2 : that
          z1_1 E Union (y)) =>
          ({def} thehyp_2 Unionmonotone
          subpartev_1 Mp z1_1 Ui Simp2
          (partev_1) Onequiv Ug ([(w2_4
             : obj) =>
             ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_5
                : that (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
                E x) =>
                ({def} Simp1 (dir1_5) Conj
                thehyp_2 Unionmonotone
                subpartev_1 Mp z1_1
                Ui Simp2 (partev_1) Eg
                [(.w3_7 : obj), (whyp3_7)]
                    : that Forall ([(u_9
                       : obj) =>
                       ({def}) ((z1_1
                      E u_9) & u_9
                      E x) == u_9 = .w3_7
                       : prop)])) =>
                    ({def} thehyp_2
                    Iff1 z1_1 Ui Uthm
                    (y) Eg [(.w4_8)]
                       : obj), (whyp4_8
                       : that (z1_1
                      E .w4_8) & .w4_8
                      E y) =>
                       ({def} Eqsymm
                       (dir1_5 Iff1
                      w2_4 Ui whyp3_7) Subs1
                      Simp1 (whyp4_8) Conj
```

```
Simp2 (whyp4_8) Mpsubs
                       subpartev_1 Iff1
                       .w4_8 Ui whyp3_7
                       Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_8) : that
                       w2_4 E y)]: that
                    w2_4 E y)]: that
                 (z1_1 E w2_4) & w2_4
                 E y)], [(dir2_5
                 : that (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
                 E y) =>
                 ({def} Simp1 (dir2_5) Conj
                 Simp2 (dir2_5) Mpsubs
                 subpartev_1 : that (z1_1
                 E w2_4) \& w2_4 E x)]) : that
              ((z1_1 E w2_4) & w2_4
             E x) == (z1_1 E w2_4) \& w2_4
             E y)]) : that One ([(x'', 3
              : obj) =>
              ({def} (z1_1 E x'''_3) & x'''_3
             E y : prop)]))]) : that
       (z1_1 E Union (y)) \rightarrow One
       ([(x',','_3 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z1_1 E x'''_3) & x'''_3
          E y : prop)]))]) : that
    Forall ([(x', 2 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (x''_2 E Union (y)) \rightarrow
       One ([(x',',4:obj)=>
          ({def} (x'',2 E x''',4) & x''',4
          E y : prop)]) : prop)]))]
line25 : [(partev_1 : that Ispartition
    (x)), (subpartev_1 : that y <<=
    x) \Rightarrow (--- : that Forall ([(x', 2')])
       : obj) =>
       ({def} (x''_2 E Union (y)) \rightarrow
       One ([(x',',4:obj) =>
          ({def} (x''_2 E x'''_4) & x'''_4
```

```
E y : prop)]) : prop)]))]
   {move 1}
   >>> close
{move 1}
>>> declare partev2 that Ispartition x
partev2 : that Ispartition (x)
{move 1}
>>> declare subpartev2 that y <<= x
subpartev2 : that y <<= x
{move 1}
>>> define Subpartition partev2 subpartev2 \
    : Fixform (Ispartition y, Conj (line4 \
    partev2 subpartev2, line25 partev2 subpartev2))
Subpartition : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
    : obj), (partev2_1 : that Ispartition
    (.x_1), (subpartev2_1 : that
    .y_1 <<= .x_1) =>
    ({def} Ispartition (.y_1) Fixform
    Ug ([(z1_5 : obj) =>
       (\{def\}\ Ded\ ([(inev_6 : that
```

```
z1_5 E .y_1) =>
      ({def} inev_6 Mpsubs subpartev2_1
      Mp z1_5 Ui Simp1 (partev2_1) : that
      Exists ([(z_7 : obj) =>
         ({def} z_7 E z_{1_5} : prop)]))))) : that
   (z1_5 E .y_1) \rightarrow Exists ([(z_7)
      : obj) =>
      ({def} z_7 E z1_5 : prop)]))]) Conj
Ug ([(z1_4 : obj) =>
   ({def} Ded ([(thehyp_5 : that
      z1_4 E Union (.y_1)) \Rightarrow
      ({def} thehyp_5 Unionmonotone
      subpartev2_1 Mp z1_4 Ui Simp2
      (partev2_1) Onequiv Ug ([(w2_7
         : obj) =>
         ({def} Dediff ([(dir1_8
            : that (z1_4 E w2_7) \& w2_7
            E .x_1) =>
            ({def} Simp1 (dir1_8) Conj
            thehyp_5 Unionmonotone
            subpartev2_1 Mp z1_4 Ui
            Simp2 (partev2_1) Eg
            [(.w3_10 : obj), (whyp3_10)]
                : that Forall ([(u_12
                   : obj) =>
                   ({def}) ((z1_4)
                   E u_12) & u_12 E .x_1) ==
                   u_12 = .w3_10 : prop)])) =>
                ({def} thehyp_5 Iff1
                z1_4 Ui Uthm (.y_1) Eg
                [(.w4_11 : obj), (whyp4_11)]
                   : that (z1_4 E .w4_11) \& .w4_11
                   E.y_1) =>
                   ({def} Eqsymm (dir1_8
                   Iff1 w2_7 Ui whyp3_10) Subs1
                   Simp1 (whyp4_11) Conj
                   Simp2 (whyp4_11) Mpsubs
                   subpartev2_1 Iff1
```

```
.w4_11 Ui whyp3_10
                       Subs1 Simp2 (whyp4_11) : that
                       w2_7 E .y_1): that
                    w2_7 E .y_1): that
                 (z1_4 E w2_7) & w2_7
                E .y_1)], [(dir2_8
                 : that (z1_4 E w2_7) \& w2_7
                E .y_1) =>
                 ({def} Simp1 (dir2_8) Conj
                Simp2 (dir2_8) Mpsubs
                subpartev2_1 : that (z1_4
                 E w2_7) & w2_7 E .x_1): that
              ((z1_4 E w2_7) \& w2_7 E .x_1) ==
              (z1_4 E w2_7) & w2_7 E .y_1)): that
          One ([(x',',6:obj)=>
             ({def} (z1_4 E x'''_6) & x'''_6
             E .y_1 : prop)]))]) : that
       (z1_4 E Union (.y_1)) \rightarrow One
       ([(x',','_6 : obj) =>
          ({def} (z1_4 E x'''_6) & x'''_6
          E .y_1 : prop)]))]) : that
    Ispartition (.y_1))]
Subpartition : [(.x_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj), (.y_1 : obj)]
    : obj), (partev2_1 : that Ispartition
    (.x_1), (subpartev2_1 : that
    .y_1 \ll .x_1) \Rightarrow (---: that Ispartition)
    (.y_1)
{move 0}
```

end Lestrade execution

We prove above that a subset of a partition is a partition.

begin Lestrade execution

```
>>> postulate Ac that Forall [x => (Ispartition \setminus
       x) \rightarrow Exists [y \Rightarrow (y \iff Union \
           x) & Forall [z \Rightarrow (z E x) \rightarrow \]
              One [w => (w E y) \& w E z]]]]
Ac : that Forall ([(x_2 : obj) =>
    (\{def\} Ispartition (x_2) \rightarrow Exists
    ([(y_4 : obj) =>
        (\{def\} (y_4 \le Union (x_2)) \& Forall
        ([(z_6 : obj) =>
           ({def} (z_6 E x_2) \rightarrow One
           ([(w_8 : obj) =>
               ({def}) (w_8 E y_4) & w_8
              E z_6 : prop)]) : prop)]) : prop)])
{move 0}
>>> declare partx that Ispartition x
partx : that Ispartition (x)
{move 1}
>>> define Product partx : Set Sc (Union \
    x) [y => Forall [z => (z E x) -> \
           One [w \Rightarrow (w E y) \& w E z]]]
Product : [(.x_1 : obj), (partx_1)]
    : that Ispartition (.x_1)) =>
    (\{def\}\ Sc\ (Union\ (.x_1))\ Set\ [(y_2
        : obj) =>
        (\{def\} Forall ([(z_3 : obj) =>
```

Examples of use of this axiom are needed. I should add the development of binary product.

7 The axiom of infinity

The axiom of infinity is introduced in the original form used by Zermelo. 0 is implemented as \emptyset and the successor operation is implemented as the singleton operation.

```
begin Lestrade execution
    >>> clearcurrent
{move 1}
    >>> declare x obj

    x : obj

{move 1}
```

```
>>> declare pred [x => prop]
pred : [(x_1 : obj) => (--- : prop)]
{move 1}
>>> define inductive pred : (Forall [x \Rightarrow \]
       pred x -> pred Usc x]) & pred 0
inductive : [(pred_1 : [(x_2 : obj) =>
       (--- : prop)]) =>
    (\{def\} Forall ([(x_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} pred_1 (x_3) \rightarrow pred_1
       (Usc (x_3)) : prop)]) & pred_1
    (0) : prop)]
inductive : [(pred_1 : [(x_2 : obj) =>
       (--- : prop)]) => (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> postulate N obj
N : obj
{move 0}
>>> postulate Nax1 that inductive [x => \
       x E N]
```

```
Nax1 : that inductive ([(x_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} x_2 E N : prop)])
   {move 0}
   >>> declare predindev that inductive pred
   predindev : that inductive (pred)
   {move 1}
   >>> declare isnatev that x E N
   isnatev : that x E N
   {move 1}
   >>> postulate Nax2 predindev isnatev : that \
       x E N
  Nax2 : [(.x_1 : obj), (.pred_1 : [(x_2)
          : obj) => (--- : prop)]), (predindev_1
       : that inductive (.pred_1)), (isnatev_1
       : that .x_1 E N) => (--- : that .x_1
       E N)
   {move 0}
end Lestrade execution
```

Natural numbers are defined as those objects which have all inductive properties, and it is declared that the collection of natural numbers is a set (and that belonging to this set is an inductive property). We cannot prove that having all inductive properties is an inductive property, because we have not equipped ourselves with second order quantification.

This is not exactly the same as Zermelo's development: he simply asserts the existence of a set \mathbb{N}_0 membership in which is inductive, then defines \mathbb{N} as the intersection of all inductive subsets of \mathbb{N}_0 , and shows that the latter set is uniquely determined by this procedure. But this approach is equivalent, and one is asserting the existence of a definite object.

Some declarations related to arithmetic and finite sets should appear here.

8 Commencing the theory of equivalence

This completes the development of the axioms of 1908 Zermelo set theory under Lestrade. It remains to develop the theory of equivalence following the Zermelo paper.

```
{move 1}
>>> declare z obj
z : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare A obj
A : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare B obj
B : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare disjev that A disjoint B
disjev : that A disjoint B
{move 1}
>>> define product disjev : Set Sc (A ++ \setminus
    B) [z => Exists [x => (x E A) & Exists \setminus
           [y \Rightarrow (y E B) \& z = x ; y]]]
```

Above I saved myself a little work by defining binary product independently of the infinitary product defined with AC. The missing ingredient would be the proof of equivalence of disjointness of A, B with $\{A, B\}$ being a partition (which would probably be good for me).

```
begin Lestrade execution

>>> declare F obj

F : obj

{move 1}

>>> declare s obj
```

```
s : obj
{move 1}
>>> declare t obj
t : obj
{move 1}
>>> define Equivalent disjev : Exists \
    [F => (F <<= product disjev) & Forall \
       [s \Rightarrow (s E A ++ B) \rightarrow One [t \Rightarrow \]
              (t E F) & s E t]]]
Equivalent : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1)]
    : obj), (disjev_1 : that .A_1 disjoint
    .B_1) =>
    (\{def\} Exists ([(F_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (F_2 <<= product (disjev_1)) & Forall
       ([(s_4 : obj) =>
           (\{def\} (s_4 E .A_1 ++ .B_1) ->
          One ([(t_6 : obj) =>
              ({def}) (t_6 E F_2) \& s_4
              E t_6 : prop)]) : prop)]) : prop)]) : prop)]
Equivalent : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1
    : obj), (disjev_1 : that .A_1 disjoint
    .B_1) => (--- : prop)
{move 0}
```

```
>>> define Mapping disjev F : (F <<= \
    product disjev) & Forall [s => (s E A ++ \
       B) -> One [t => (t E F) \& s E t]]
Mapping : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1 : obj), (disjev_1
    : that .A_1 disjoint .B_1), (F_1
    : obj) =>
    ({def} (F_1 <<= product (disjev_1)) & Forall
    ([(s_3 : obj) =>
       (\{def\} (s_3 E .A_1 ++ .B_1) \rightarrow
       One ([(t_5 : obj) =>
          ({def} (t_5 E F_1) & s_3 E t_5
          : prop)]) : prop)]) : prop)]
Mapping : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1 : obj), (disjev_1
    : that .A_1 disjoint .B_1), (F_1
    : obj) => (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> declare ismap that Mapping disjev \
    F
ismap: that disjev Mapping F
{move 1}
>>> declare c obj
c : obj
```

```
{move 1}
>>> declare d obj
d : obj
{move 1}
>>> define corresponds ismap c d : (c ; d) E F
corresponds : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1
    : obj), (.disjev_1 : that .A_1 disjoint
    .B_1), (.F_1 : obj), (ismap_1
    : that .disjev_1 Mapping .F_1), (c_1
    : obj), (d_1 : obj) =>
    ({def} (c_1 ; d_1) E .F_1 : prop)]
corresponds : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1
    : obj), (.disjev_1 : that .A_1 disjoint
    .B_1), (.F_1 : obj), (ismap_1
    : that .disjev_1 Mapping .F_1), (c_1
    : obj), (d_1 : obj) => (--- : prop)]
{move 0}
>>> declare infield that s E A ++ B
infield: that s E A ++ B
{move 1}
```

```
>>> open
   {move 2}
   >>> define line1 : Mp infield, Ui \
       s Simp2 ismap
   line1 : infield Mp s Ui Simp2 (ismap)
   line1 : that One ([(t_2 : obj) =>
       ({def} (t_2 E F) \& s E t_2 : prop)])
   {move 1}
  >>> define theimage : The line1
   theimage: The (line1)
   theimage : obj
   {move 1}
  >>> define theimagefact : Fixform ((theimage \
       E F) & s E theimage, Theax line1)
   theimagefact : [
       ({def} ((theimage E F) & s E theimage) Fixform
       Theax (line1): that (theimage
       E F) & s E theimage)]
```

```
theimagefact : that (theimage E F) & s E theimage
      {move 1}
      >>> declare u obj
      u : obj
      {move 2}
      >>> goal that One [u \Rightarrow (u \in theimage) \& ~(u = s)]
{function error}
      {move 2}
      >>> define line2 : Fixform theimage \
          E product disjev, Mpsubs Simp1 theimagefact, Simp1 \
          ismap
      line2 : [
          ({def} (theimage E product (disjev)) Fixform
          Simp1 (theimagefact) Mpsubs Simp1
          (ismap) : that theimage E product
          (disjev))]
      line2 : that theimage E product (disjev)
      {move 1}
```

```
theimage Separation4 Refleq product \
          disjev
      line3 : Simp2 (line2 Iff1 theimage
       Ui Separation4 (Refleq (product (disjev))))
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) \in [(x_2 \in A ++ B) \in A ++ B)]
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall((x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
```

>>> define line3 : Simp2 Iff1 line2, Ui \

```
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E Sc(A ++ B)) & Exists(
(paused, type something to continue) >
      {move 1}
      >>> open
         {move 3}
         >>> declare u1 obj
         u1 : obj
         {move 3}
         >>> declare witnessev1 that Witnesses \
             line3 u1
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => ({def} (x_2 : Sc(A ++ B) : Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => ({def} (x_2 : Sc(A ++ B) : Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall((x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) \in [(x_2 \in A) ++ B)\})
(paused, type something to continue) >
```

```
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall((x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) \in [(x_2 \in A) ++ B)\})
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall((x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) \in [(x_2 \in A) ++ B)\})
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => ({def} (x_2 : Sc(A ++ B) : Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing that Forall([(x_2 : obj) => (\{def\} (x_2 \in Sc(A ++ B) Set [
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E product(disjev)) == (
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to that (theimage E Sc(A ++ B)) & Exists(
(paused, type something to continue) >
theobjectsort inapplicable line 3066
(paused, type something to continue) >
failure to compute object sort in fixtypes
(paused, type something to continue) >
Failure in comparing {function error} to [(x_2 : obj) => (--- : prop)] line 307
```

```
(paused, type something to continue) >
bad proof/evidence type, body not prop line 3913
(paused, type something to continue) >
Errors found in declaring witnessev1 as {error type}
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> define line4 witnessev1 : Simp1 \
             witnessev1
witnessev1 : Simp1 witnessev1 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> define line5 witnessev1 : Simp2 \
             witnessev1
witnessev1 : Simp2 witnessev1 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
         >>> open
            {move 4}
            >>> declare v1 obj
            v1 : obj
            {move 4}
            >>> declare witnessev2 that Witnesses \
                line5 witnessev1 v1
```

```
{declare command error}
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line6 witnessev2 : Simp1 \
                witnessev2
witnessev2 : Simp1 witnessev2 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line7 witnessev2 : Simp2 \
                witnessev2
witnessev2 : Simp2 witnessev2 is not well-formed
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> define line8 witnessev2 : Iff1 \
                Subs1 line7 witnessev2 Simp2 \
                theimagefact, Ui s, Pair u1 \
witnessev2 : Iff1 Subs1 line7 witnessev2 Simp2 theimagefact, Ui s, Pair u1 v1 i
(paused, type something to continue) >
            >>> open
               {move 5}
               >>> declare case1 that s = u1
```

case1 : that s = u1

```
{move 5}
               >>> declare u2 obj
               u2 : obj
               {move 5}
               >>> goal that One [u2 => \
                       (u2 E theimage) & \tilde{} (u2 \
                       = s)]
{function error}
               {move 5}
               >>> declare case2 that s = v1
               case2 : that s = v1
               {move 5}
               >>> goal that One [u2 => \
                       (u2 E theimage) & ~ (u2 \
                       = s)
{function error}
               {move 5}
               >>> close
```

Above is Zermelo's definition of the "immediate equivalence" of disjoint sets A and B. We also define the notion of a mapping from A to B, where A, B are disjoint, realized as a subset F of the binary product of A and B defined above with the property that each element of $A \cup B$ belongs to exactly one element of F, and the notion of correspondence of C in one of the sets with a C in the other set via F.

begin Lestrade execution

```
>>> define Mappings disjev : Set (Sc \
    product disjev, Mapping (disjev))

Mappings : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1 : obj), (disjev_1
    : that .A_1 disjoint .B_1) =>
    ({def} Sc (product (disjev_1)) Set
    [(F_2 : obj) =>
        ({def} disjev_1 Mapping F_2 : prop)] : obj)]
```

```
Mappings : [(.A_1 : obj), (.B_1 : obj), (disjev_1
      : that .A_1 disjoint .B_1) => (---
      : obj)]
```

{move 0}
end Lestrade execution

Here we define the set of all mappings witnessing the equivalence of disjoint A and B. This set is nonempty iff $A \sim B$ holds. Note the use of the curried abstraction Mapping(disjev) as an argument.