The *Circus* solution for the Steam Boiler Problem (Corrected based on Jim Woodcock's original report)

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Abstract

This is a *Circus* solution for the steam boiler control system problem. The specification is based on the original report back to 2002 by Jim Woodcock. Then we use the model checker to find errors and correct them afterwards. Therefore, it is the parsed, type-checked and model-checked version of *Circus* solutions for the steam boiler problem. But by now, it is not completely model-checked, such as deadlock free, livelock free, and other properties due to the state space explosion problem.

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Introduction

This case study is based on the *Circus* solution for the steam boiler control system problem [1] from Jim Woodcock's original technical report [3]. Additionally, I also read Leo Freitas's parsable steam boiler [2] which is based on Jim Woodcock's original version as well. The purpose of this work is to formalise the solution by the model checking approach [4] we have proposed recently. It is worth noting that this document omits most of description of this model in the original version for brevity. Therefore, it can be better understood with references to the original document.

The steps to apply our approach to this case are listed below.

- Step 1. Use Circus2ZCSP translator to link this specification to the combination of CSP and Z—consequently two files named steam_boiler_z.tex and steam_boiler_csp.csp respectively.
- Step 2. Load the two files into modified ProB.
- Step 3. Then use ProB's model checking and animation functions to find errors. For errors, we modify this model to correct the problems, and then go back to "Step 1" again.

1.1 Notes

- We rename all identifies with subscript digits to underline ($_$) symbol. For example, M_1 to M_-1 . That is due to the fact that subscript is not supported in CSP.
- According to Leo's version, for the appropriate typesetting of the expected text in Unicode, the freetype should be given a LaTeX markup directives and a LaTeX command. For brevity, this model omits this additional LaTeX definitions.

The Timer

The header of a Circus model must include circus_toolkit as its parents.

```
section SteamBoiler parents circus_toolkit
```

```
channel clocktick, startcycle
```

In the original model, the *time* is initialised to *cyclelimit* by an assignment time := cyclelimit. In this model, we modify it to a schema expression (InitTimer). They are semantically equal. The reason of this modification is because, with this schema, in the final resultant $CSP \parallel Z$ model, time is initialised in the early stage (during "initialisation" of the model) instead of in the later stage by the linked assignment in CSP. This will make the model checker easier to find the initial state.

The mod operator binds more tightly than + operator (albeit, it is not the case in mathematics), thus

```
(time := time + 1 \mod cycletime)
```

will not get the expected result. It is corrected by adding additional brackets.

The Analyser

3.1 Parameters

 MAX_NUM and NUMS are introduced just for facilitating the animation.

 $| MAX_NUM : \mathbb{N}$ $NUMS == 0 ... MAX_NUM$ $| C, P, U_1, U_2, W : NUMS$ $| M_1, N_1, N_2, M_2 : NUMS$

 $M_{-1} \le N_{-1} \le N_{-2} \le M_{-2}$

3.2 Sensor

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} &Unit[X] == [\ a_1\ , a_2: NUMS\ ; st: X\ |\ a_1 \le a_2\] \\ &SState ::= sokay\ |\ sfailed \\ &QSensor == Unit[SState][qa_1\ / a_1\ , qa_2\ / a_2\ , qst\ / st] \\ &InitQSensor == [\ QSensor\ '\ |\ qa_1' = 0 \land qa_2' = C \land qst' = sokay\] \\ &VSensor == Unit[SState][va_1\ / a_1\ , va_2\ / a_2\ , vst\ / st] \\ &InitVSensor == [\ VSensor\ '\ |\ va_1' = 0 \land va_2' = 0 \land vst' = sokay\] \end{split}$$

3.3 Pump

```
PState ::= popen \mid pwaiting \mid pclosed \mid pfailed
```

Pump0 is rewritten to give a small size set $\{0, P\}$ as pa's type to ease model checking. Since the values of pa_1 and pa_2 are implied from the pump state and not the input value from environment, it is safe to reduce the size of their type.

```
Pump0 == [pa\_1, pa\_2 : \{0, P\}; pst : PState \mid pa\_1 \le pa\_2]
PumpOpen == [Pump0 \mid pst = popen \Rightarrow (pa\_1 = P \land pa\_2 = P)]
PumpWaitingOrClosed == [Pump0]
     (pst = pwaiting \lor pst = pclosed) \Rightarrow (pa\_1 = 0 \land pa\_2 = 0)
Pump == PumpOpen \land PumpWaitingOrClosed
InitPump == [PumpWaitingOrClosed' \mid pst' = pclosed]
PCState ::= pcflow \mid pcnoflow \mid pcfailed
PumpCtr0 == [Pump; pcst : PCState]
POpenPCFlowOrFailed == [PumpCtr0 |
     pst = popen \Rightarrow (pcst = pcflow \lor pcst = pcfailed)
PWaitingPCNoFlowOrFailed == [PumpCtr0]
     pst = pwaiting \Rightarrow (pcst = pcnoflow \lor pcst = pcfailed)
PClosedPCNoFlowOrFailed == [PumpCtr0]
     pst = pclosed \Rightarrow (pcst = pcnoflow \lor pcst = pcfailed)
PFailedPCFlow == [PumpCtr0 \mid
     (pst = pfailed \land pcst = pcflow) \Rightarrow (pa\_1 = P \land pa\_2 = P)
PFailedPCNoFlow == [PumpCtr0 \mid
     (pst = pfailed \land pcst = pcnoflow) \Rightarrow (pa\_1 = 0 \land pa\_2 = 0)
PFailedPCFailed == [PumpCtr0 \mid
     (pst = pfailed \land pcst = pcfailed) \Rightarrow (pa\_1 = 0 \land pa\_2 = P)
```

```
\begin{aligned} PumpCtr == & POpenPCFlowOrFailed \land PWaitingPCNoFlowOrFailed \land \\ & PClosedPCNoFlowOrFailed \land PFailedPCFlow \land PFailedPCNoFlow \land \\ & PFailedPCFailed \end{aligned} InitPumpCtr == \begin{bmatrix} PumpCtr' \mid InitPump \land pcst' = pcnoflow \end{bmatrix}
```

PumpIndex == 1..4

The names of pa_1 and pa_2 are changed to pta_1 and pta_2 to avoid confusion. And their types are changed as well due to the same reason as pa_1 and pa_2 in Pump0.

```
\begin{array}{l} PumpCtrSystem \\ pumpctr: PumpIndex \rightarrow PumpCtr \\ pta\_1, pta\_2: \{0, P, 2*P, 3*P, 4*P\} \\ \\ pta\_1 = (pumpctr\,1).pa\_1 + (pumpctr\,2).pa\_1 + \\ (pumpctr\,3).pa\_1 + (pumpctr\,4).pa\_1 \\ \\ pta\_2 = (pumpctr\,1).pa\_2 + (pumpctr\,2).pa\_2 + \\ (pumpctr\,3).pa\_2 + (pumpctr\,4).pa\_2 \\ \end{array}
```

3.4 Valve

A freetype *VAction* and a schema *SetValveState* are added to update valve's state according to the output signal sent to the physical units. If this program sends *openValve* (or *closeValve*), then its action is *openv* (or *closev*) and its state should be *vopen* (or *vclosed*). Otherwise, if none of *openValve* and *closeValve* is issued, then it is *VNoChange* and its state is unchanged.

```
VState ::= vopen \mid vclosed
VAction ::= openv \mid closev \mid VNoChange
Valve == [valve : VState]
InitValve == [Valve' \mid valve' = vclosed]
SetValveState == [\Delta Valve ; vstate? : VAction \mid (vstate? = VNoChange \Rightarrow valve' = valve) \land (vstate? = openv \Rightarrow valve' = vopen) \land (vstate? = closev \Rightarrow valve' = vclosed)]
```

3.5 Expected values

```
CValues = [qc\_1, qc\_2, vc\_1, vc\_2 : NUMS]
  InitCValues == [CValues' \mid qc\_1' = 0 \land qc\_2' = C \land vc\_1' = 0 \land vc\_2' = W]
  QLowerBoundValveOpen == [CValues; Valve | valve = vopen \land qc\_1 = 0]
  QLowerBoundValveClosed ==
      [ CValues ; QSensor ; VSensor ; PumpCtrSystem ; Valve | valve = vclosed \land
           qc_1 = max\{0, qa_1 - 5 * va_2 - 12 * U_1 + 5 * pta_1\}
qc_{-2} must be larger than or equal to 0.
  QUpperBound ==
       [ CValues ; QSensor ; VSensor ; PumpCtrSystem |
           qc_2 = max\{0, min\{C, qa_2 - 5 * va_1 + 12 * U_2 + 5 * pta_2\}\}\}
  VLowerBound == [CValues; VSensor | vc_1 = max\{0, va_1 - 5 * U_2\}]
vc_2 = min\{W, va_2 - 5 * U_1\} should be vc_2 = min\{W, va_2 + 5 * U_1\}.
  VUpperBound == [CValues; VSensor | (vc_2 = min\{W, va_2 + 5 * U_1\})]
  InputPState == \{popen, pclosed\}
  InputPCState == \{pcflow, pcnoflow\}
    .ExpectedPumpStates \_
     expectedp: PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState
     expectedpc: PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPCState
```

We add a schema *InitExpectedPumpStates* to initialise the expected pump states though their initial states can be arbitrarily chosen. In addition, we use abnormal combination of the pump state *pclosed* and the pump controller state *pcflow* to indicate this initial value should not be used to check again input pump and pump controller states.

```
InitExpectedPumpStates \_
ExpectedPumpStates'
expectedp' = \{1 \mapsto pclosed, 2 \mapsto pclosed, 3 \mapsto pclosed, 4 \mapsto pclosed\}
expectedpc' = \{1 \mapsto pcflow, 2 \mapsto pcflow, 3 \mapsto pcflow, 4 \mapsto pcflow\}
```

This schema CalcExpectedPumpState is added to update expected pump and pump controller states according to output pump states to the physical units. If the output pump state is popen, then the

expected pump state is *popen* as well and the pump controller state will be *pcflow*. Otherwise, *pclosed* and *pcnoflow* respectively. At the same time, the pump state is changed to *pwaiting* in case the pump is expected to be opened from closed.

```
CalcExpectedPumpState
\Delta ExpectedPumpStates
\Delta PumpCtrSystem
pumpstate?: PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState
\forall i : PumpIndex \bullet
           (expectedp'\ i = pumpstate?\ i) \land
                 (pumpstate? i = popen \land expectedpc' i = pcflow) \lor
                 (pumpstate? i = pclosed \land expectedpc' i = pcnoflow)
           ((pumpctr' i).pst =
                \mathbf{if}(\mathit{expectedp}\;i=\mathit{pclosed}\;\wedge
                      pump state? \, i = popen \, \land \,
                      (pumpctr\ i).pst = pclosed)
                 then
                      pwaiting
                 else
                      (pumpctr i).pst
           (pumpctr' i).pcst = (pumpctr i).pcst
```

```
\begin{split} Equipment0 == \\ QSensor \wedge VSensor \wedge PumpCtrSystem \wedge Valve \wedge \\ CValues \wedge ExpectedPumpStates \end{split}
```

3.6 Failures and repairs

```
QFailed == [\ QSensor \ | \ qst = sfailed\ ]
VFailed == [\ VSensor \ | \ vst = sfailed\ ]
PFailed == [\ PumpCtrSystem \ | \  \  (\exists i : PumpIndex \bullet (pumpctr i).pst = pfailed\ )]
PCFailed == [\ PumpCtrSystem \ | \  \  (\exists i : PumpIndex \bullet (pumpctr i).pcst = pcfailed\ )]
UnitFailure ::= qfail \ | \ vfail \ | \ pfail\langle\langle PumpIndex\rangle\rangle \ | \ pcfail\langle\langle PumpIndex\rangle\rangle
Failures == [\ failures, noacks : \mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure \ | \ noacks \subseteq failures\ ]
The original schema uses
(u = pfail \ i \land PFailed\ )
```

to calculate pump failures. However, since *PFailed* holds if at least one of pumps is failed, the schema results in pump failures for all pumps. Finally, the schema is updated to check pump failures against individual pump state directly by

```
(u = pfail \ i \land (pumpctr \ i).pst = pfailed)
```

. This is the same case as pcfail.

```
InitFailures == [Failures' \mid failures' = \varnothing \land noacks' = \varnothing]
FailuresExpected == [Failures; failureacks : \mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure \mid failureacks \subseteq noacks]
AcceptFailureAcks == [\Delta Failures; FailuresExpected \mid noacks' = noacks \land failureacks]
RepairsExpected == [Failures; repairs : \mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure \mid repairs \subseteq failures]
AcceptRepairs == [\Delta Failures; RepairsExpected \mid failures' = failures \land noacks' = noacks \land repairs]
```

The schema *UpdateFailuresAck* is added to update *noacks* according to input *failureacks*? and *repairs*?.

- For the new failures identified in this cycle, we add them to *noacks* to state they are not acknowledged.
- If failureacks? is accepted, that is failureacks? $\subseteq noacks$, we take these acknowledged failures out of noacks.
- If repairs? is accepted, that is repairs? \subseteq failures, we take these repaired failures out of noacks.

```
DpateFailures \\ \Delta Failures \\ failureacks?: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure \\ repairs?: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure \\ \bullet \\ (newnoacks: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure \bullet (\\ (newnoacks = noacks \cup (failures' \setminus failures)) \land \\ (\\ (((failureacks? \subseteq noacks) \land (repairs? \subseteq failures)) \\ \Rightarrow (noacks' = newnoacks \setminus (failureacks? \cup repairs?))) \land \\ (((failureacks? \subseteq noacks) \land \neg (repairs? \subseteq failures)) \\ \Rightarrow (noacks' = newnoacks \setminus failureacks?)) \land \\ ((\neg (failureacks? \subseteq noacks) \land (repairs? \subseteq failures)) \\ \Rightarrow (noacks' = newnoacks \setminus repairs?)) \land \\ ((\neg (failureacks? \subseteq noacks) \land \neg (repairs? \subseteq failures)) \\ \Rightarrow (noacks' = newnoacks) \\ ) \\ ) \\ ) \\ )
```

```
Equipment == (\ QLowerBoundValveOpen \lor \ QLowerBoundValveClosed\ ) \land \\ QUpperBound \land VLowerBound \land VUpperBound \land \\ ExpectedPumpStates \land EquipmentFailures
```

In InitEquipment, expected pump and pump controller states and valve state are initialised as well.

```
InitEquipment == Equipment0' \land InitQSensor \land InitVSensor \land \\ InitPumpCtrSystem \land InitCValues \land InitFailures \land \\ InitExpectedPumpStates \land InitValve
```

3.6.1 Repair Failed Equipments

This is a newly added section to repair equipments according to input *repairs*?. For *QSensor*, if it is repaired, then its *qst* will be *sokay*. Otherwise it stays unchanged.

```
RepairQSensor
\Delta QSensor
repairs?: P UnitFailure
qa\_1' = qa\_1
qa\_2' = qa\_2
qfail \in repairs? \Rightarrow qst' = sokay
qfail \notin repairs? \Rightarrow qst' = qst
```

For VSensor, if it is repaired, then its vst will be sokay. Otherwise it stays unchanged.

```
Repair VS ensor
convert conv
```

If a pump controller is repaired, its state will be pcflow if current pump state is popen, or its state will be pcnoflow if current pump state is not popen.

```
RepairAPumpCtr \\ \Delta PumpCtr
pst' = pst \\ pst = popen \Rightarrow pcst' = pcflow \\ pst \neq popen \Rightarrow pcst' = pcnoflow
```

If a pump is repaired, its state will be *pclosed* and its pump controller state stays unchanged.

```
RepairAPump \_
\Delta PumpCtr
pst' = pclosed
pcst' = pcst
```

If both a pump and its controller are repaired, then the pump will be pclosed and its controller will be pcnoflow.

```
RepairPumpCtrAndPump \_
\Delta PumpCtr
pst' = pclosed
pcst' = pcnoflow
```

The schema RepairPumps repairs all pumps and their controllers according to input repairs?.

```
RepairPumps
\Delta PumpCtrSystem
repairs?: \mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure
\forall i: PumpIndex \bullet
\exists PumpCtr ; PumpCtr' \bullet (
(\theta \ PumpCtr' = pumpctr' i) \land (\theta \ PumpCtr = pumpctr i) \land
((pfail \ i \in repairs? \land pcfail \ i \notin repairs?)
\Rightarrow RepairAPump) \land
((pfail \ i \notin repairs? \land pcfail \ i \in repairs?)
\Rightarrow RepairAPumpCtr) \land
((pfail \ i \in repairs? \land pcfail \ i \in repairs?)
\Rightarrow RepairPumpCtrAndPump) \land
((pfail \ i \notin repairs? \land pcfail \ i \notin repairs?)
\Rightarrow RepairPumpCtr' = \theta \ PumpCtr'
)
```

The *RepairEquipments* tries to repair all equipments according to input *repairs*? If *repairs*? are accepted, all equipments will be repaired. Otherwise, all equipments will stay unchanged.

```
RepairEquipments == \\ (RepairsExpected[repairs? / repairs] \land \\ RepairPumps \land RepairQSensor \land RepairVSensor \\) \lor \\ ((\neg RepairsExpected[repairs? / repairs]) \land \\ \exists PumpCtrSystem \land \exists QSensor \land \exists VSensor \\)
```

A emergency Cond state is introduced to indicate if both input repairs? and failureacks? are accepted or not. It is set to 1 if there is unaccepted repairs? or failureacks?, or both. Otherwise, it is set to 0.

This update happens in the beginning of each cycle and the value is used in the later of the cycle.

```
EmergenyCond == [\ emergencyCond : \{0,1\}] \\ MarkEmergencyCond == [\ \Delta EmergenyCond \ | \ emergencyCond' = 1] \\ ClearEmergencyCond == [\ \Delta EmergenyCond \ | \ emergencyCond' = 0] \\ EvalRepairFailureAck == \\ (RepairsExpected[repairs? / repairs] \land \\ FailuresExpected[failureacks? / failureacks] \land \\ ClearEmergencyCond \\) \lor \\ ((\neg RepairsExpected[repairs? / repairs] \lor \\ \neg FailuresExpected[failureacks? / failureacks]) \\ \land MarkEmergencyCond \\)
```

3.7 Input messages

```
InputSignal ::= \\ stop \mid steamBoilerWaiting \mid physicalUnitsReady \mid transmissionFailure \\ \\ - UnitState \\ - pumpState : PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState \\ pumpCtrState : PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPCState \\ q, v : NUMS \\ \\ - InputMsg \\ - signals : \mathbf{P} InputSignal \\ UnitState \\ failureacks, repairs : \mathbf{P} UnitFailure \\ \\
```

3.8 Analysing messages

The input value x? should be checked against calculated values c_{-1} and c_{-2} , instead of adjusted values a_{-1} and a_{-2} .

```
Expected == [x?, c\_1, c\_2 : NUMS \mid c\_1 \le x? \le c\_2]
Unexpected == \neg Expected
Sensor == [\Delta Unit[SState] ; c\_1, c\_2, c\_1', c\_2', x? : NUMS]
CheckAndAdjustSensor
Sensor
Expected \Rightarrow st' = st
Unexpected \Rightarrow st' = sfailed
st' = sokay \Rightarrow a\_1' = x? \land a\_2' = x?
st' = sfailed \Rightarrow a\_1' = c\_1 \land a\_2' = c\_2
```

```
\begin{split} Check And Adjust Q &== QSensor \land \\ Check And Adjust Sensor[\\ &q?/x?, qa\_1/a\_1, qa\_2/a\_2, qc\_1/c\_1, qc\_2/c\_2, qst/st, \\ &qa\_1'/a\_1', qa\_2'/a\_2', qc\_1'/c\_1', qc\_2'/c\_2', qst'/st'] \\ Check And Adjust V &== VSensor \land \\ Check And Adjust Sensor[\\ &v?/x?, va\_1/a\_1, va\_2/a\_2, vc\_1/c\_1, vc\_2/c\_2, vst/st, \\ &va\_1'/a\_1', va\_2'/a\_2', vc\_1'/c\_1', vc\_2'/c\_2', vst'/st'] \end{split}
```

The ExpectedPumpStateTBD checks if the expected pumps and their controllers state are undetermined. This happens in the initialisation stage when the expected states are unknown. And we indicate this in InitExpectedPumpStates.

```
ExpectedPumpStateTBD \_
exppst : InputPState
exppcst : InputPCState
exppst = pclosed
exppcst = pcflow
```

If expected pump states are unknown, we adjust pumps and their controllers states according to input states only and will not check expected pump states.

However, if expected pump states are valid, we adjust pumps and their controllers states according to input and expected pump states together.

```
CheckAndAdjustPump \\ \Delta PumpCtr \\ pst?, exppst: InputPCState \\ \hline \\ ((pst = pfailed \land pst' = pst) \lor \\ (pst \neq pfailed \land \\ (pst? = exppst \Rightarrow pst' = pst?) \land \\ (pst? \neq exppst \Rightarrow pst' = pfailed) \\ ) \\ ) \\ ((pcst = pcfailed \land pcst' = pcst) \lor \\ (pcst \neq pcfailed \land \\ (pcst? = exppcst \Rightarrow pcst' = pcst?) \land \\ (pcst? = exppcst \Rightarrow pcst' = pcst?) \land \\ (pcst? \neq exppcst \Rightarrow pcst' = pcfailed) \\ ) \\ ) \\ ) \\ )
```

```
PromotePumpCheck\_
         \Delta PumpCtr
         \Delta PumpCtrSystem
         ExpectedPumpStates
         pst?, exppst: InputPState
         pcst?, exppcst: InputPCState
         pumpState?: PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState
         pumpCtrState? : PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPCState
         i: PumpIndex
         \theta PumpCtr = pumpctr i
         \theta PumpCtr' = pumpctr' i
         pst? = pumpState? i
         pcst? = pumpCtrState? i
         exppst = expected p i
         exppcst = expectedpc \ i
      SetPumpCtr == \forall i : PumpIndex \bullet
           \exists PumpCtr; PumpCtr'; pst?, exppst: PState; pcst?, exppcst: PCState \bullet
                (PromotePumpCheck \land
                     ((CheckAndAdjustPumpTBD \land ExpectedPumpStateTBD) \lor
                         (CheckAndAdjustPump \land \neg ExpectedPumpStateTBD)
   The original predicate of StopPresent has correct. Just because we introduce NUMS for animation,
the predicate of StopPresent is modified too.
       \_StopPresent\_
         signals?: \mathbf{P} Input Signal
         stops, stops' : NUMS
         stop \in signals?
         ((stops + 1 > MAX\_NUM \land stops' = stops) \lor (stops' = stops + 1))
         StopNotPresent\_
         signals?: \mathbf{P} \ Input Signal
         stops, stops' : NUMS
         stop \not\in signals? \land stops < 3
         stops' = 0
         TooManyStops\_
         signals?: \mathbf{P} \mathit{InputSignal}
         stops, stops' : NUMS
```

 $stop \not\in signals? \land stops \ge 3$

stops' = stops

3.9 The Analyser

```
\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{channel} & level belowmin, level above max \\ \textbf{channel} & emergency stop, cfailures, level okay, nonqfailure: \mathbb{B} \\ \textbf{channel} & physical units ready, qfailure, sbwaiting, vzero: \mathbb{B} \end{array}
```

For animation purpose, *input* has been split into seven small channels: *input*1, *input*2, *input*3, *input*4, *input*5, *input*6, and *input*7.

```
channel input1 : (\mathbf{P} InputSignal)
channel input2: (PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState)
channel input3: (PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPCState)
channel input4:(NUMS)
channel input5:(NUMS)
channel input6 : (P UnitFailure)
channel input7: (\mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure)
channel startexec
channel failures repairs : (\mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure) \times (\mathbf{P} \ UnitFailure)
channel pumps: (PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState) \times VAction
{f channel set} \ Information ==
     {| emergencystop, cfailures, levelabovemax, levelbelowmin, levelokay,
          nonqfailure, physicalunitsready, qfailure, sbwaiting, vzero \}
process Analyser = begin
     state \ AnalyserState == [Equipment0; Failures; InputMsg;
          stops: NUMS; signalhistory: P InputSignal; EmergenyCond]
     StopSignalHis == [stops : NUMS ; signal history : P InputSignal]
     PumpOp == \Xi QSensor \wedge \Xi VSensor \wedge \Xi Valve \wedge \Xi CValues \wedge
          \Xi Failures \wedge \Xi ExpectedPumpStates \wedge \Xi InputMsq \wedge
          \Xi Stop Signal His \wedge \Xi Emergeny Cond
```

For InputMsg, its initial value can be arbitrarily chosen and it will not have impacts on the behaviour of the program. To ease model checking, we set a specific initial value in InitAnalyserState.

```
 \begin{split} & InitAnalyserState == [\ AnalyserState' \ | \\ & InitEquipment \land stops' = 0 \land signalhistory' = \varnothing \land \\ & \theta \ InputMsg' = (\mathbf{let} \ signals == \varnothing [InputSignal]; \\ & pumpState == \\ & \{1 \mapsto pclosed, 2 \mapsto pclosed, 3 \mapsto pclosed, 4 \mapsto pclosed\}; \\ & pumpCtrState == \\ & \{1 \mapsto pcnoflow, 2 \mapsto pcnoflow, 3 \mapsto pcnoflow, 4 \mapsto pcnoflow\}; \\ & q == 0 \ ; \ v == 0 \ ; \ failureacks == \varnothing [UnitFailure]; \\ & repairs == \varnothing [UnitFailure] \bullet \\ & \theta \ InputMsg) \\ & \land emergencyCond' = 0] \end{split}
```

```
Analyse == \\ [\Delta AnalyserState ; InputMsg? | \theta InputMsg' = \theta InputMsg? \land \\ CheckAndAdjustQ \land CheckAndAdjustV \land AdjustStops \land \\ signalhistory' = signalhistory \cup signals? \land \\ UpdateFailuresAck \land \exists PumpCtrSystem \land \exists ExpectedPumpStates \land \\ \exists Valve \land Equipment' \land \exists EmergenyCond ]
```

In its predicate, $N_{-}1 < qa_{-}2$ should be $N_{-}2 < qa_{-}2$.

```
\begin{aligned} DangerZone &== [ \ AnalyserState \ | \ qa\_1 \geq M\_1 \land qa\_2 \leq M\_2 \\ &\Rightarrow qa\_1 < N\_1 \land N\_2 < qa\_2 ] \end{aligned}
```

Instead of checking $\neg RepairsExpected \lor \neg FailuresExpected$, we check emergencyCond, because in the later stage, the failures and noacks have been updated and not original values. Therefore, it is wrong to check repairs? and failureacks? against updated failures and noacks.

```
EmergencyStopCond == [AnalyserState \mid stops \geq 3 \lor DangerZone \lor emergencyCond = 1 \lor transmissionFailure \in signals]
LevelBelowMin == [AnalyserState \mid M\_1 \leq qa\_1 < N\_1 \land qa\_2 \leq N\_2]
LevelAboveMax == [AnalyserState \mid N\_1 \leq qa\_1 \land N\_2 < qa\_2 \leq M\_2]
LevelInRange == [AnalyserState \mid N\_1 \leq qa\_1 \land qa\_2 \leq N\_2]
RateZero == [VSensor \mid va\_1 = 0 \land va\_2 = 0]
AllPhysicalUnitsOkay == [AnalyserState \mid \neg QFailed \land \neg VFailed \land \neg PFailed \land \neg PCFailed]
OtherPhysicalUnitsFail == \neg QFailed \land \neg AllPhysicalUnitsOkay
SteamBoilerWaiting == [AnalyserState \mid steamBoilerWaiting \in signalhistory]
PhysicalUnitsReady == [AnalyserState \mid physicalUnitsReady \in signalhistory]
```

HandleRepair, as a schema expression, is added to repair equipments.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \wedge \ \Xi Failures \wedge \ \Xi Input Msg \wedge \Xi Stop Signal His \wedge \\ \Xi Valve \wedge \Xi Expected Pump States \\ \\ Analyser Cycle \ \widehat{=} \ start cycle \ \rightarrow \ input 1? signals \ \rightarrow \ input 2? pump State \ \rightarrow \\ input 3? pump Ctr State \ \rightarrow \ input 4? \ q \ \rightarrow \ input 5? v \ \rightarrow \\ input 6? failureacks \ \rightarrow \ input 7? repairs \ \rightarrow \\ (\left(Handle Repair\right); \left(Set Pump Ctr \wedge Pump Op\right); \\ \left(Analyse\right); \ start exec \ \rightarrow \ Info Service) \\ \\ Pump Op 2 == \ \Xi Q Sensor \wedge \Xi V Sensor \wedge \Xi C Values \wedge \\ \Xi Failures \wedge \Xi Input Msg \wedge \Xi Stop Signal His \wedge \\ \Xi Emergeny Cond \\ Set Expected Pump State == \\ Calc Expected Pump State \wedge Set Valve State \wedge Pump Op 2 \\ \end{array}
```

 $HandleRepair == RepairEquipments \land EvalRepairFailureAck \land \Xi CValues$

```
InfoService \ \widehat{=} \ (OfferInformation\ ; \ InfoService) \ \square
failures repairs\ !noacks! repairs \ \rightarrow pumps\ ?pumpstate? vstate \ \rightarrow
\left(SetExpectedPumpState\right)\ ; \ AnalyserCycle
OfferInformation\ \widehat{=}
emergencystop. EmergencyStopCond \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
sbwaiting. SteamBoiler Waiting \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
vzero. RateZero \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
\left(LevelBelowMin\right)\ \& \ levelbelowmin \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
\left(LevelAboveMax\right)\ \& \ levelabovemax \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
levelokay. LevelInRange \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
physicalunits ready. Physical Units Ready \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
cfailures. (\neg AllPhysical Units Okay) \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
qfailure. QFailed \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
\square
nonqfailure. Other Physical Units Fail \ \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
```

 \bullet (InitAnalyserState); AnalyserCycle

end

```
\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{channelset} & \textit{TAnalyserInterface} == \{ | \textit{startcycle} | \} \\ \textbf{process} & \textit{TAnalyser} \cong \\ & \textit{Timer} \; [ | \textit{TAnalyserInterface} | ] \; \textit{Analyser} \setminus \textit{TAnalyserInterface} \end{array}
```

The Controller

4.1 The formal paragraphs

```
\begin{aligned} \mathbf{process} \ \ & Controller \ \widehat{=} \ \mathbf{begin} \\ \\ \mathbf{state} \ \ & ModeState == [\ mode : Mode] \\ & InitController == [\ ModeState' \ | \ mode' = initialisation ] \\ & EnterMode \ \widehat{=} \ m : Mode \ \bullet \ reportmode \ !m \rightarrow mode := m \end{aligned}
```

In emergencyStop mode, it is not necessary to adjust level AdjustLevel and just end report by endreport.

```
ControllerCycle \ \widehat{=} \ startexec \to startreport \to NewModeAnalysis; \\ (\big(mode \neq emergencyStop\big) \& AdjustLevel \ \Box \\ \big(mode = emergencyStop\big) \& Skip\big); \\ endreport \to ControllerCycle \\ NewModeAnalysis \ \widehat{=} \ emergencystop. \textbf{True} \to EnterMode \ (emergencyStop) \\ \Box \ emergencystop. \textbf{False} \to (\\ \big(mode = initialisation\big) \& \ InitModeAnalysis \\ \Box \ \big(mode = normal\big) \& \ NormalModeAnalysis \\ \Box \ \big(mode = degraded\big) \& \ DegradedModeAnalysis \\ \Box \ \big(mode = rescue\big) \& \ RescueModeAnalysis \\ \Box \ \big(mode \notin Mode \setminus \{emergencyStop\})\big) \& \ \textbf{Skip} \\ \big)
```

```
InitModeAnalysis =
      sbwaiting. True \rightarrow
             ( vzero.\mathbf{True} \rightarrow
                   ( qfailure. False \rightarrow
                          ( physical units ready. True \rightarrow
                                ( levelokay.True \rightarrow
                                       (cfailures. \mathbf{False} \rightarrow EnterMode(normal) \square
                                       cfailures.True \rightarrow EnterMode (degraded)) \square
                                levelokay.False \rightarrow EnterMode (emergencyStop)) <math>\square
                          physical units ready. \mathbf{False} \rightarrow
                                ( levelokay.True \rightarrow
                                       sendprogready \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip} \ \Box
                                levelokay.False \rightarrow Skip ) ) \square
                   qfailure.True \rightarrow EnterMode (emergencyStop)) <math>\square
             vzero.False \rightarrow EnterMode (emergencyStop)) <math>\square
      sbwaiting.False \rightarrow Skip
NormalModeAnalysis =
      cfailures.False \rightarrow Skip \square
      qfailure. \mathbf{True} \rightarrow EnterMode\ (rescue)\ \Box
      nongfailure.True \rightarrow EnterMode (degraded)
DegradedModeAnalysis =
      qfailure.False \rightarrow
            (\mathit{cfailures}.\mathbf{True} \to \mathbf{Skip} \ \square
             cfailures.False \rightarrow EnterMode (normal))
      \square qfailure.True \rightarrow EnterMode (rescue)
RescueModeAnalysis =
      qfailure.True \rightarrow Skip \square
      qfailure.False \rightarrow (
             cfailures. False \rightarrow EnterMode (normal)
             \Box cfailures. True \rightarrow EnterMode (degraded))
AdjustLevel \stackrel{\frown}{=} levelbelowmin \rightarrow RaiseLevel \square
      levelabovemax \rightarrow ReduceLevel \square
      levelokay.True \rightarrow RetainLevel
RaiseLevel \stackrel{\frown}{=} StartPumps;
      \mathbf{if} \ mode = initialisation \longrightarrow Close \ Valve
      ReduceLevel \stackrel{\frown}{=} StopPumps;
      \mathbf{if} \ mode = initialisation \longrightarrow Open Valve
        []\mathit{mode} \neq \mathit{initialisation} \longrightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
RetainLevel = StopPumps;
      \mathbf{if} \ mode = initialisation \longrightarrow Close Valve
        fi
StartPumps \stackrel{\frown}{=} startpumps \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
StopPumps \stackrel{\frown}{=} stoppumps \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
Open Valve \stackrel{\frown}{=} open valve \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
CloseValve \stackrel{\frown}{=} closevalve \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
• (InitController); ControllerCycle
```

 \mathbf{end}

The Reporter

```
OutputSignal ::= programReady \mid openValve \mid closeValve \mid \\ levelFailureDetection \mid steamFailureDetection \mid \\ levelRepairedAcknowledgement \mid steamRepairedAcknowledgement
```

```
OutputMsg\_
mode: Mode
signals: \mathbf{P}\ OutputSignal
pumpState: PumpIndex 	o InputPState
pumpFailureDetection: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure
pumpCtrFailureDetection: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure
pumpRepairedAcknowledgement: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure
pumpCtrRepairedAcknowledgement: \mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure
```

Similar to the *input* channel, the *output* channel is split too.

```
channel output1: Mode
channel output2: (\mathbf{P}\ OutputSignal)
channel output3: (PumpIndex \rightarrow InputPState)
channel output4: (\mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure)
channel output5: (\mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure)
channel output6: (\mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure)
channel output7: (\mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure)

process Reporter \cong \mathbf{begin}

state ReporterState == [\ OutputMsg\ ;\ valveSt:\ VAction\ |\ true\ ]
```

Similar to the *Timer* process and initial value of *InputMsg*, we initialise *OutputMsg* as well though its

initial value can be arbitrarily chosen.

```
 InitReporter == [ReporterState' \mid valveSt' = VNoChange \land \\ \theta \ OutputMsg' = \\ (\textbf{let} \ mode == initialisation ; signals == \varnothing[OutputSignal]; \\ pumpState == \{1 \mapsto pclosed, 2 \mapsto pclosed, \\ 3 \mapsto pclosed, 4 \mapsto pclosed\}; \\ pumpFailureDetection == \varnothing[UnitFailure]; \\ pumpCtrFailureDetection == \varnothing[UnitFailure]; \\ pumpRepairedAcknowledgement == \varnothing[UnitFailure]; \\ pumpCtrRepairedAcknowledgement == \varnothing[UnitFailure] \\ \bullet \ \theta \ OutputMsg)] \\ \\ ReportService \triangleq GatherReports ; ReportService \ \square \\ reportmode.emergencyStop \rightarrow mode := emergencyStop ; TidyUp \ \square \\ TidyUp \\ \\ \end{aligned}
```

This schema is used to update OutputMsg according to the inputs noacks and repairs from the Analyser process.

```
FailuresRepairs == [\Delta ReporterState; noacks?: (P UnitFailure);
     repairs?: (\mathbf{P}\ UnitFailure) \mid
     (signals' = signals \cup
           (\mathbf{if}(qfail \in noacks?) \mathbf{then} \{levelFailureDetection\} \mathbf{else} \varnothing) \cup
           (if vfail \in noacks? then \{steamFailureDetection\} else \varnothing)\cup
           (if qfail \in repairs? then \{levelRepairedAcknowledgement\}
           (if vfail \in repairs? then \{steamRepairedAcknowledgement\}
                else\varnothing)) \land
     pumpFailureDetection' =
           noacks? \cap \{i : PumpIndex \bullet pfail i\} \land
     pumpCtrFailureDetection' =
           noacks? \cap \{i : PumpIndex \bullet pcfail i\} \land
     pumpRepairedAcknowledgement' =
           repairs? \cap \{i : PumpIndex \bullet pfail i\} \land
     pumpCtrRepairedAcknowledgement' =
           repairs? \cap \{i : PumpIndex \bullet pcfail i\} \land
     mode' = mode \land valveSt' = valveSt \land pumpState' = pumpState
```

```
TidyUp \stackrel{\frown}{=} endreport \rightarrow failures repairs ? noacks? repairs \rightarrow (Failures Repairs);
           output1!mode \rightarrow output2!signals \rightarrow output3!pumpState \rightarrow
           output 4! pump Failure Detection \rightarrow output 5! pump Ctr Failure Detection \rightarrow
           output 6! pump Repaired Acknowledgement \rightarrow
           output 7! pump CtrRepaired Acknowledgement \rightarrow
           pumps ! pumpState! valveSt \rightarrow \mathbf{Skip}
     GatherReports \stackrel{\frown}{=} \square m : Nonemergency \bullet reportmode.m \rightarrow mode := m
                 sendprogready \rightarrow signals := signals \cup \{programReady\}
                 startpumps \rightarrow pumpState := PumpIndex \times \{popen\}
                 stoppumps \rightarrow pumpState := PumpIndex \times \{pclosed\}
                 openvalve \rightarrow signals, valveSt := signals \cup \{openValve\}, openv
                 closevalve \rightarrow signals, valveSt := signals \cup \{closeValve\}, closev
     • \mu X • startreport \rightarrow (InitReporter); ReportService; X
end
channelset TACReporterInterface ==
     \{ | startpumps, stoppumps, open valve, closevalve, send progready, \} 
           startreport, reportmode, endreport, failures repairs, pumps 
process TACReporter =
     (TAC ontroller
           [TACReporterInterface]
       Reporter) \setminus TACReporterInterface
```

Steam Boiler

 $\mathbf{process} \ \mathit{SteamBoiler} \ \widehat{=} \ \mathit{TACReporter}$

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