





University of Colombo, Sri Lanka

University of Colombo School of Computing

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Second Year Examination - Semester II - UCSC AY20 [held in March/ April 2024]

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ENH 2201/EN 2102 — Enhancement III (Entrepreneurship)

(Two (2) Hours)

Answer ALL questions

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Number	of Pages	$= 0^{\circ}$

Number of Questions = 30

	To be completed by the candidate								
Index Number:									

Important Instructions to candidates:

- I. The medium of instruction and questions is in English.
- II. Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper. If a page or a part of this question paper is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- III. This paper has thirty (30) Multiple Choice Questions across seven (07) pages (including the cover page).
- IV. MCQs should be marked on the MCQ answer sheet provided.
- V. Write your index number CLEARLY on the MCQ answer sheet provided according to the instructions given on it.
- VI. Answer ALL questions.
- VII. Calculators and any electronic device capable of storing and retrieving text including electronic dictionaries, smart watches and mobile phones are not allowed
- VIII. Each MCQ has five (05) answers with only one (01) correct answer.

1	a)	Small Business Loans	s b) Bootstrapping	c) Credit Card
.	d)	Angel Investors	е		,
W.	hich of	the following individu	ıals is w	idely recognized as a	prominent entrepreneu
mo	odern s	ociety?			
Γ	a)	Leonardo Da Vinci	b)	Marie Curie	c) Albert Einstein
	d)	Elon Musk	e)	William Shakespear	,
_					
W.	hich of	the following is NOT	a comp	onent of the Business	s Model Canvas?
	a)	Opportunities	b)	Cost Structures	c) Revenue Strea
L	<u>d</u>)	Value Propositions	e) •	Customer Segments	
					e different groups of pe
or	organiz	zations the enterprise a	ims to r	each and serve is:	
Γ	a)	Revenue Streams	- h)	Cost Structures	-) V-1 D
		Ito tollar Diloulin			
į.	,	Customer Segments			c) value Proposition
	,	Customer Segments	e)	Key Activities	c) value Proposition
	,	Customer Segments			c) value Proposition
Th	ď)	Customer Segments	e)	Key Activities	c) value Proposition
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	a) Vision	b) Passi	on	c) Commitment
	d) Hard Work	e) Dela	ying	
			-	
) A husir	ness's success is defi	ned by the value	it creates for	
	a) Owners, Custom		Tr creates for.	
	b) Competitors, Riv		ts	
	c) Substitutes, Bend			
	d) Government, Jud	liciary, Constitut	ion	
	e) Leaders, Entrepr	eneurs, Manager	rs .	
l 0) A good	l trait in an entrepren	neur which will d	lrive him towards th	e path to success
t t	a) Ignoring the idea	as of the compan	y's team	
	b) Avoiding risks			
	c) Analyzing the ex			rtunities.
1	d) Looking at probl		e mindset	
	e) Avoiding leaders	snip roles		·
II) WILLOW	of the following is			<u>.</u>
	a) Entrepreneurship	p is risk-free and	guarantees success.	
	•	•	guarantees success.	
	b) Entrepreneurship	p involves follow	•	ness models.
	b) Entrepreneurshipc) Entrepreneurshipd) Entrepreneurship	p involves follow p is solely focus	ving traditional busined on individual pro	ness models. fit.
	b) Entrepreneurshijc) Entrepreneurshijd) Entrepreneurshijskills.	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creativ	ving traditional busined on individual pro	ness models. fit. problem-solving
	b) Entrepreneurshijc) Entrepreneurshijd) Entrepreneurshijskills.	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creativ	ving traditional busing traditional busing of on individual provity, innovation, and	ness models. fit. problem-solving
	b) Entrepreneurshijc) Entrepreneurshijd) Entrepreneurshijskills.	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creativ p does not involve	ving traditional busing traditional busing of on individual provity, innovation, and we creating value for	ness models. fit. problem-solving
	b) Entrepreneurshijc) Entrepreneurshijd) Entrepreneurshijskills.e) Entrepreneurshij	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creative p does not involves ssociated with e	ving traditional busing traditional busing of the continuation, and view creating value for the creating value for the creating value is:	ness models. fit. problem-solving
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	b) Entrepreneurship c) Entrepreneurship d) Entrepreneurship skills. e) Entrepreneurship ular misconception a a) Hard work alwa b) The staff hired a c) Every Business d) Anyone regardle	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creative p does not involve ssociated with e ys means succes at first will not al Plan is not a per ess of their age of	ving traditional busined on individual provity, innovation, and we creating value for intrepreneurship is: s. ways be the best. fect Business Plan.	ness models. fit. problem-solving customers.
12) A pop	b) Entrepreneurship c) Entrepreneurship d) Entrepreneurship skills. e) Entrepreneurship ular misconception a a) Hard work alwa b) The staff hired a c) Every Business d) Anyone regardle e) When you become	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creative p does not involve ssociated with e ys means succes at first will not all Plan is not a per ess of their age come an entreprende	ving traditional busined on individual provity, innovation, and we creating value for intrepreneurship is: s. ways be the best. fect Business Plan. an become entrepreneur, you can manage	ness models. fit. problem-solving customers. neurs. work-life balance
12) A pop	b) Entrepreneurship c) Entrepreneurship d) Entrepreneurship skills. e) Entrepreneurship ular misconception a a) Hard work alwa b) The staff hired a c) Every Business d) Anyone regardle	p involves follow p is solely focuse p requires creative p does not involve ssociated with e ys means succes at first will not all Plan is not a per ess of their age come an entreprende	ving traditional busined on individual provity, innovation, and we creating value for intrepreneurship is: s. ways be the best. fect Business Plan. an become entrepreneur, you can manage	ness models. fit. problem-solving customers. neurs. work-life balanc
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- 14) Which of the following individuals is an upcoming entrepreneur in Sri Lanka?
 - a) Jackson Anthony

b) Sujeewa Prasannaarachchi

c) Dhanika Perera

- d) Muttiah Muralitharan
- e) Rukantha Gunathileke
- 15) Which of the following is **INCORRECT** about entrepreneurship?
 - a) Entrepreneurship involves taking risks and pursuing opportunities.
 - b) Entrepreneurship is solely focused on making a profit.
 - c) Entrepreneurship requires creativity and innovation.
 - d) Entrepreneurship involves creating value for customers.
 - e) Entrepreneurship does not always guarantee success at first attempt.
- 16) Which of the following answers contains 4Ps of Marketing?
 - a) Production, Pricing, Publicity, Packaging
 - b) Product, Profit, Placement, Public Relations
 - c) Productivity, Pricing Strategy, Positioning, Publicity
 - d) Product, Price, Place, Promotion
 - e) Product, Promotion, Public Relations, People
- 17) Which of the following is an Entrepreneurial Marketing Technique?
 - a) Growth Hacking Strategy
- b) Lean Startup Methodology

c) Digital Marketing

- d) Crowdsourcing
- e) Customer Relationship Management
- 18) Which of the following is **CORRECT** about Entrepreneurial Marketing?
 - a) Entrepreneurial marketing is the overlap between entrepreneurship and marketing.
 - b) Entrepreneurial marketing only focuses on established markets.
 - c) Entrepreneurial marketing excludes the need for innovation.
 - d) Entrepreneurial marketing is solely about traditional marketing techniques.
 - e) Entrepreneurial marketing doesn't involve creating value for customers.

- 19) Consider the following characteristics.
 - I. Oriented towards entrepreneurs and innovations.
 - II. Utilizes informal methods for data collection, unlike traditional marketing.
 - III. Captures first-coming customers, develops a client base, and fosters long-term relationships.

Which of the above characteristics is/are associated with ENTREPRENEURIAL MARKETING?

a) I Only	b)	II and II Only	c)	II and III Only
d) III Only	e)	I, II and III		

- 20) Which of the following is TRUE about Social innovation?
 - a) Developing and deploying effective solutions to challenging social and environmental issues
 - b) Engaging in unethical practices and exploitation of vulnerable populations
 - c) Developing and prioritizing only the short-term gains at the expense of long-term societal well-being
 - d) Ignoring systemic problems and focusing on individual success
 - e) Upholding outdated practices and traditions regardless of societal impact
- 21) Which of the following correctly denotes the types of Business Structures in Sri Lanka?
 - Sole Proprietorship, Partnership, Limited Liability Company, Public Limited Company
 - b) Sole Proprietorship, Sole Partnership, Unlimited Liability Corporation, Government Corporation
 - c) Public Limited Company, Limited Liability Partnership, Public Corporation, Cooperative Partnership
 - d) Nonprofit Corporation, Public Partnership, Limited Liability Company, Public Limited Company
 - e) Partnership, Private Limited Company, Sole Corporation, Unlimited Liability Partnership

- 22) In the registration process of a company in Sri Lanka, what is required regarding the appointment of a company secretary?
 - a) A foreign resident secretary must be appointed before incorporation.
 - b) A local resident secretary must be appointed after incorporation.
 - c) A local resident secretary must be appointed before incorporation.
 - d) The appointment of a company secretary is not mandatory in Sri Lanka.
 - e) The appointment of a company secretary is optional and can be decided by the company at any time after incorporation.
- 23) What are the categories of rights included within the scope of Intellectual Property?
 - a) Financial Property and Real Property
 - b) Industrial Property and Copyright
 - c) Personal Property and Public Property
 - d) Tangible Property and Intangible Property
 - e) EPF and ETF
- 24) Which of the following types of employment are commonly recognized under employment laws and regulations?
 - a) Sole Proprietorship and Partnership
 - b) Volunteering and Franchising
 - c) Illegal Employees and Ethical Employees
 - d) Moonlighting and Volunteering
 - e) Casual Employees and Apprentices/Interns
- 25) Which of the following are **NOT** characteristics of an entrepreneur?
 - a) Creativity and Innovation
- b) Risk taking and Adaptability
- c) Dependence and Inflexibility
- d) Passion and Resilience
- e) Leadership and Vision
- 26) What does "Status Quo" refer to?
 - a) The future state of something
 - b) The previous state of something
 - c) The current state of something
 - d) The ideal state of something.
 - e) The unchanged or existing state of affairs

- 27) Consider the following Statements.
 - I. An entrepreneur is someone who starts or owns a business.
 - II. Entrepreneurs think of the word "no" as "to find a better way", continually learning, growing and reaching higher.
 - III. Entrepreneurs are business people who find their success by taking risks.

Which of the above characteristics is/are TRUE about an entrepreneur?

- a) I Only
- b) II and II Only
- c) II and III Only

- d) III Only
- e) I, II and III
- 28) Which of the following are types typically included in the Value Proposition Canvas?
 - a) Customer Segments and Revenue Streams
 - b) Key Activities and Key Resources
 - c) Customer Jobs, Pains, and Gains
 - d) Cost Structure and Key Partners
 - e) Channels and Customer Relationships
- 29) Which of the following statements accurately describe personal branding?
 - a) It refers to the process of promoting a corporate entity's identity.
 - b) It involves creating a unique identity for an individual to differentiate themselves.
 - c) It's a legal process to trademark an individual's name for commercial purposes.
 - d) It's the practice of creating a brand logo for personal use.
 - e) It's the act of impersonating others online for personal gain.
- 30) Which of the following terms are commonly associated with social innovation?
 - a) Efficiency, Productivity, Cost-cutting, Outsourcing, Monopoly
 - b) Profitability, Competition, Individualism, Marketing, Sales
 - c) Legislation, Taxation, Regulation, Litigation, Capitalism
 - d) Risk, Uncertainty, Disruption, Monopoly, Exploitation
 - Beneficiary, Empathy, Idea, Impact, Business Model

*** End of the Paper ***

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