# **Probability Density Functions**

#### **Generic PDF Function**

The generic formula for a PDF is as follows:  $P(a \le x \le b) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$ , where f(x) is the probability function describing the distribution.

```
In[*]:= P[f_, x_, a_, b_] := NIntegrate[f, {x, a, b}];
Default[P, 3] = -∞;
Default[P, 4] = ∞;
```

### **Gaussian Distribution**

Gaussian Distribution: 
$$G(y, \mu, \sigma) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(y-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

A standard Gaussian distribution has a mean of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.

In[
$$\circ$$
]:= Gaussian[ $y_{-}$ ,  $\mu_{-}$ ,  $\sigma_{-}$ ] :=  $\frac{1}{\sigma \operatorname{Sqrt}[2 \pi]} \operatorname{E}^{\frac{-(y-\mu)^2}{2 \sigma^2}}$ ;

Default[Gaussian, 2] = 0;

Default[Gaussian, 3] = 1;

# **Chi-Square Distribution**

Chi-Square Distribution: 
$$P(\chi^2) = \frac{1}{2^{n/2} \Gamma(n/2)} (\chi^2)^{n/2-1} e^{-\chi^2/2}$$

Where n represents the number of degrees of freedom for the distribution.

This distribution includes the gamma function:  $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-t} t^{x-1} dt$ 

In[\*]:= ChiSquare[chi2\_, n\_] := 
$$\frac{1}{2^{n/2} \text{ Gamma}[n/2]}$$
 (chi2)  $^{(n/2)-1} E^{-\text{chi}2/2}$ ;

## **Binomial Distribution**

Binomial Distribution: 
$$P(m, N, p) = \binom{N}{m} p^m (1-p)^{N-m}$$

This distribution represents the probability of getting m successes out of N trials, where the probability

of success is p.

$$In[ \circ ] := Bin[m_{-}, N_{-}, p_{-}] := \frac{Factorial[N]}{Factorial[m] \ Factorial[N-m]} p^{m} (1-p)^{N-m};$$

## **Poisson Distribution**

Poisson Distribution: 
$$P(m, N, p) = \frac{N^m}{m!} p^m e^{-pN} \text{ or } P(m, \mu) = \frac{e^{-\mu} \mu^m}{m!}$$

In this distribution, m represents the number of successes out of N trials, and p the probability of success. For a Poisson distribution,  $\mu = N p$ .

$$In[\bullet]:=$$
 Poisson[m\_,  $\mu$ \_] :=  $\frac{\mathsf{E}^{-\mu}\,\mu^\mathsf{m}}{\mathsf{Factorial[m]}}$ ;