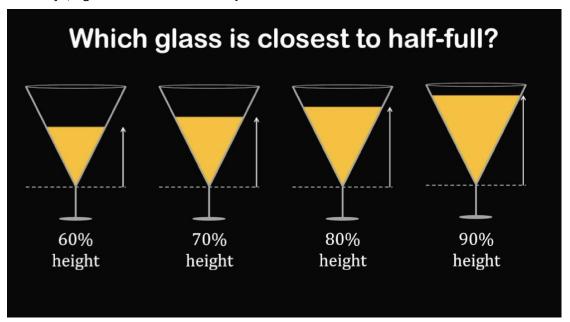
Random Questions #1

Which glass is closest to half-full?

Question from Presh Talwalkar on Instagram, linked here: https://www.instagram.com/p/C7X-UdNkuxjU/?igsh=OGZwYm85bWhtaTVy



Solution:

To solve this, we need to use the following equation(s):

$$V_{\rm cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

where r is the radius and h is the height of the cone.

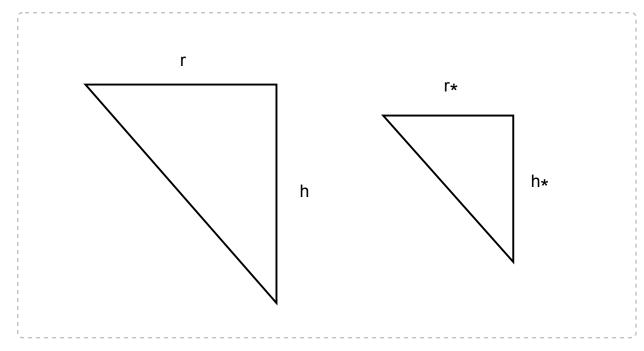
Let's let the entire cone-shaped glass have a radius r and height h. Then the fractional cone comprised of the liquid has a radius r^* and height h^* . We want to know which glass is closest to half-full, or rather, which fractional cone's volume is equal to half of the entire cone's volume. Which means, we wish to solve the following equation:

$$\frac{1}{6}\pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3}\pi (r^*)^2 h^*$$

Using similar triangles from the cross-section of the cone, we can find the following relationship:

$$\frac{r^*}{r} = \frac{h^*}{h}$$

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In[41]:= fullConeCrossSection = Triangle[{{0, 0}, {0, 1}, {-1, 1}}];
      fractionalConeCrossSection = Triangle[{{1, 0}, {1, 0.5}, {0.5, 0.5}}];
      Show[Graphics[{FaceForm[White], EdgeForm[Directive[Thick, Black]],
          EdgeLabels \rightarrow \{1 \leftrightarrow 2 \rightarrow \text{"Hey"}\}, fullConeCrossSection}], Graphics[{FaceForm[White]},
          EdgeForm[Directive[Thick, Black]], fractionalConeCrossSection}]]
```



Now we can use Mathematica to solve this problem:

In[44]:= VCone =
$$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$
;
eq = $\frac{1}{2}$ VCone == $\frac{1}{3} \pi r s^2 h s$;
In[46]:= $rs = \frac{hs r}{h}$;
eq
Out[47]=
 $\frac{1}{6} h \pi r^2 == \frac{hs^3 \pi r^2}{3 h^2}$

Now we have an equation in terms of h, r, h^* , and physical constants, where technically h and r should already be known. However, we know from the question stem the following equation: $h^* = f h$

where f is the fraction of the original height in decimal form (for example, 60% height as shown in the question/image would equate to an f value of 0.60).

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \text{In}[48] := & \text{hs = f h;} \\ & \text{eq} \\ & \text{Out}[49] = \\ & \frac{1}{6} \, \text{h} \, \pi \, r^2 = \frac{1}{3} \, \text{f}^3 \, \text{h} \, \pi \, r^2 \\ & \text{In}[52] := & \text{eq = FullSimplify[eq, } \{r > 0, \, \text{h} > 0\}] \\ & \text{Out}[52] = \\ & 2 \, \text{f}^3 == 1 \\ & \text{In}[54] := & \text{NSolve[eq, f, Reals]} \\ & \text{Out}[54] = \\ & \{ \{f \to 0.793701\} \} \end{array}$$

From this, we can see that the exact fractional height that makes the glass half-full would be $f \approx 0.794$, or for the purposes of this question, $f \approx 0.80$, meaning that the solution to this question is "80% height". We can confirm this by testing the volumes using the values r = h = 1.

In[55]:=
$$N\left[\frac{1}{6}\pi(1)^2(1)\right]$$

$$N\left[\frac{1}{3}\pi(0.8)^2(0.8)\right]$$
Out[55]=
0.523599
Out[56]=
0.536165

Or if we use the exact value of f:

In[57]:=
$$N\left[\frac{1}{6}\pi(1)^2(1)\right]$$

$$N\left[\frac{1}{3}\pi(0.793701)^2(0.793701)\right]$$
Out[57]=
0.523599
Out[58]=
0.5236

Solving the exact equation above yields the exact solution for f of $f = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$