CS323

Assignment 2 – Instructor: Anthony Le

All sections: Softcopy by TBA (Monday), 11:59 pm
Hardcopy by TBA (Wed)) by 5:00 pm
Hardcopy by TBA (Thursday) by 7:00 pm

The second assignment is to write a syntax analyzer. You may use any top-down parser such as a RDP, a predictive recursive descent parser or a table driven predictive parser.

Hence, your assignment consists of the following tasks:

1. Rewrite the grammar Rat18F (TBA) to remove any left recursion
   (Also, use left factorization if necessary)
2. Use the **lexer()** generated in the assignment 1 to get the tokens
3. **The parser should print to an output file the <u>tokens, lexemes</u> and the <u>production rules used;</u>**
   That is, **<u>first, write the token and lexeme found</u>**
   Then, **<u>print out all productions rules</u>** used for analyzing this token
   Note: - a simple way to do it is to have a "print statement" at the beginning of each function that will print the production rule.
   - It would be a good idea to have a "switch" with the "print statement" so that you can turn it on or off.
4. **Error handling:** if a syntax error occurs, your parser should generate a meaningful error message, such as token, lexeme, line number, and error type etc.

Then, your program may exit or you may continue for further analysis.

<u>The bottom line is that your program must be able to parse the entire program if it is syntactically correct.</u>

<u>5. Turn in your assignment according to the specifications given in the project outline</u>

Example

Assume we have the following statement

```
….more ….
a = b + c;
…. more ….
```

***<u>One possible output would be as follows</u>*:**

```
…. more….
Token: Identifier        Lexeme: a
    <Statement> -> <Assign>
    <Assign> ->  <Identifier>  = <Expression> ;
Token: Operator          Lexeme: =
Token: Identifier        Lexeme: b
    <Expression> -> <Term> <Expression Prime>
    <Term> -> <Factor> <Term Prime>
    <Factor> -> <Identifier>
Token:  Operator         Lexeme: +
    <Term Prime> -> ε
    <Expression Prime> -> + <Term> <Expression Prime>
Token:  Identifier       Lexeme: c
    <Term>  -> <Factor> <Term Prime>
    <Factor> -> <Identifier>
Token: Separator         Lexeme: ;
    <Term Prime> -> ε
   <Expression Prime> -> ε
…. more…..
```