#### HW 1 Deep Learning (COSE 474)

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```
!pip install d2l
```

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```

import torch

# 2. Preliminaries

#### 2.1 Data Manipulation

#### → 2.1.1 Getting Started

```
#creates a vector of evenly spaced values

x = torch.arange(12, dtype=torch.float32)

x

tensor([ 0., 1., 2., 3., 4., 5., 6., 7., 8., 9., 10., 11.])
```

```
#outputs the amount of element in the tensor
x.numel()
<del>_____</del> 12
#outputs the shape (dimensions) of the tensor
→ torch.Size([12])
#reshape method amount of element must match the amount of element in original array
X = x.reshape(3, 4) \#or x.reshape(3,-1) reshape can automatically figure out
Χ
    #creates a tensor of zeros with the shape provided with the tuple
torch.zeros((2, 3, 4))
→ tensor([[[0., 0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., 0.]],
              [[0., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., 0.],
[0., 0., 0., 0.]]])
#creates a tensor of ones with the shape provided with the tuple
torch.ones((2, 3, 4))
→ tensor([[[1., 1., 1., 1.],
               [1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1.]],
              [[1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1.]]])
Its also possible to create a tensor with random entries from based on a given probabilty distribution, eg. a gaussian normal distribution
#creates a tensor with elements drawn from a standard Gaussian (normal) distribution with mean 0 and standard deviation 1
torch.randn(3, 4)
→ tensor([[-0.2820, -1.0460, 0.5474, 1.5674],
              [ 0.4035, -0.7775, -0.4277, -1.0743],
[ 0.3182, 1.6385, -1.6004, 0.6005]])
Its also possible to create a tensor by manually providing the values
torch.tensor([[2, 1, 4, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4], [4, 3, 2, 1]])
→ tensor([[2, 1, 4, 3],
               [1, 2, 3, 4],
              [4, 3, 2, 1]])
2.1.2 Indexing and Slicing
#Can be indexed and sliced like a python list
X[-1], X[1:3]
→ (tensor([ 8., 9., 10., 11.]),
       tensor([[ 4., 5., 6., 7.],
[ 8., 9., 10., 11.]]))
#Can also assign a value to a position in the tensor
X[1, 2] = 17
Х
tensor([[ 0., 1., 2., 3.], [ 4., 5., 17., 7.], [ 8., 9., 10., 11.]])
```

#### 2.1.3 Operations

We can apply an elementwise operation or operations that apply a scalar operation to each element of the tensors, it can be unary operation (F: R-> R) or a function that takes one real number input and applies a scalar operation that outputs a real number

torch.exp(x) #applies an exponential function to each element of a tensor

```
tensor([162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 162754.7969, 2980.9580, 8103.0840, 22026.4648, 59874.1406])
```

Or we can also apply binary operations (F: R, R -> R) or functions that takes two real number and does a function to output a single scalar real number

```
x = torch.tensor([1.0, 2, 4, 8])
y = torch.tensor([2, 2, 2, 2])
x + y, x - y, x * y, x / y, x ** y #applies different binary operations between two same sized vectors

(tensor([3., 4., 6., 10.]),
    tensor([-1., 0., 2., 6.]),
    tensor([2., 4., 8., 16.]),
    tensor([0.5000, 1.0000, 2.0000, 4.0000]),
    tensor([1., 4., 16., 64.]))
```

It is also possible to concatenate two tensors

It is also possible to do a binary operation between 2 tensors

#### 2.1.4 Broadcasting

broadcasting is a technique that allows operations between tensors of different shapes by automatically expanding their dimensions to be compatible for element-wise operations

```
[2]]),
tensor([[0, 1]]))
```

It essentialy copies the tensor a columnwise and tensor b rowwise and proceed with its operation

## → 2.1.5 Saving Memory

## 2.1.6 Conversion to other python objects

```
A = X.numpy()
B = torch.from_numpy(A)
type(A), type(B)

→ (numpy.ndarray, torch.Tensor)

a = torch.tensor([3.5])
a, a.item(), float(a), int(a)

→ (tensor([3.5000]), 3.5, 3.5, 3)
```

# 2.2 Data Preprocessing

#### → 2.2.1 Reading the Dataset

```
import os
os.makedirs(os.path.join('..', 'data'), exist_ok=True)
data_file = os.path.join('...', 'data', 'house_tiny.csv')
with open(data_file, 'w') as f:
   f.write('''NumRooms,RoofType,Price
NA, NA, 127500
2,NA,106000
4,Slate,178100
NA,NA,140000''')
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv(data_file)
print(data)
₹
       NumRooms RoofType Price
                  NaN 127500
     0
            NaN
            2.0
                     NaN 106000
     1
     2
            4.0
                   Slate 178100
                     NaN 140000
     3
            NaN
```

#### 2.2.2 Data Preparation

```
inputs, targets = data.iloc[:, 0:2], data.iloc[:, 2]
inputs = pd.get_dummies(inputs, dummy_na=True)
print(inputs)
      NumRooms RoofType_Slate RoofType_nan
           NaN
                         False
                         False
            4.0
                          True
                                      False
            NaN
                         False
                                      True
inputs = inputs.fillna(inputs.mean())
print(inputs)
₹
       NumRooms RoofType_Slate RoofType_nan
                      False
          3.0
    1
            2.0
                         False
                                       True
            4.0
                                      False
                         True
            3.0
                         False
                                       True
```

## 2.2.3 Conversion to the Tensor Format

```
X = torch.tensor(inputs.to_numpy(dtype=float))
y = torch.tensor(targets.to_numpy(dtype=float))
Х, у
[3., 0., 1.]], dtype=torch.float64),
     tensor([127500., 106000., 178100., 140000.], dtype=torch.float64))
```

## 2.3 Linear Algebra

#### 2.3.1 Scalars

```
x = torch.tensor(3.0)
y = torch.tensor(2.0)
x + y, x * y, x / y, x**y
→ (tensor(5.), tensor(6.), tensor(1.5000), tensor(9.))
```

```
2.3.2 Vectors
x = torch.arange(3)
→ tensor([0, 1, 2])
x[2]
→ tensor(2)
len(X)
→ 4
x.shape
→ torch.Size([3])
```

#### 2.3.3 Matrices

```
A = torch.arange(6).reshape(3, 2)
Α
```

```
→ tensor([[0, 1],
              [2, 3],
             [4, 5]])
→ tensor([[0, 2, 4],
             [1, 3, 5]])
A = torch.tensor([[1, 2, 3], [2, 0, 4], [3, 4, 5]])
tensor([[True, True, True],
[True, True, True],
              [True, True, True]])
2.3.4 Tensors
torch.arange(24).reshape(2, 3, 4)
[[12, 13, 14, 15],
[16, 17, 18, 19],
              [20, 21, 22, 23]]])
2.3.5 Basic Properties of Tensor Arithmetic
A = torch.arange(6, dtype=torch.float32).reshape(2, 3)
B = A.clone() # Assign a copy of A to B by allocating new memory
A, A + B
\rightarrow (tensor([[0., 1., 2.],
      [3., 4., 5.]]),
tensor([[ 0., 2., 4.],
        [ 6., 8., 10.]]))
A * B
→ tensor([[ 0., 1., 4.], [ 9., 16., 25.]])
a = 2
X = torch.arange(24).reshape(2, 3, 4)
a + X, (a * X).shape
(tensor([[[ 2, 3, 4, 5], [ 6, 7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12, 13]],
               [[14, 15, 16, 17],
      [18, 19, 20, 21],
[22, 23, 24, 25]]]),
torch.Size([2, 3, 4]))
2.3.6 Reduction
x = torch.arange(3, dtype=torch.float32)
→ (tensor([0., 1., 2.]), tensor(3.))
A.shape, A.sum()
→ (torch.Size([2, 3]), tensor(15.))
A.shape, A.sum(axis=0).shape
A.shape, A.sum(axis=1).shape
```

```
→ (torch.Size([2, 3]), torch.Size([2]))
A.sum(axis=[0, 1]) == A.sum() # Same as A.sum()
→ tensor(True)
A.mean(), A.sum() / A.numel()
→ (tensor(2.5000), tensor(2.5000))
A.mean(axis=0), A.sum(axis=0) / A.shape[0]
→ (tensor([1.5000, 2.5000, 3.5000]), tensor([1.5000, 2.5000, 3.5000]))
2.3.7 Non Reduction Sum
sum_A = A.sum(axis=1, keepdims=True)
sum_A, sum_A.shape
→ (tensor([[ 3.],
            [12.]]),
     torch.Size([2, 1]))
A / sum A
→ tensor([[0.0000, 0.3333, 0.6667],
           [0.2500, 0.3333, 0.4167]])
2.3.8 Dot Products
y = torch.ones(3, dtype = torch.float32)
x, y, torch.dot(x, y)
→ (tensor([0., 1., 2.]), tensor([1., 1., 1.]), tensor(3.))
torch.sum(x * y)
\rightarrow tensor(3.)

    2.3.9 Matrix-Vector Product

A.shape, x.shape, torch.mv(A, x), A@x

→ 2.3.10 Matrix-Matrix Multiplication

B = torch.ones(3, 4)
torch.mm(A, B), A@B
→ (tensor([[ 3., 3., 3., 3.],

✓ 2.3.11 Norms

u = torch.tensor([3.0, -4.0])
torch.norm(u)
\rightarrow tensor(5.)
torch.abs(u).sum()
\rightarrow tensor(7.)
torch.norm(torch.ones((4, 9)))
```

```
\rightarrow tensor(6.)
```

## 2.5 Automatic Differentiation

#### 2.5.1 A Simple Function

```
x = torch.arange(4.0)
\rightarrow tensor([0., 1., 2., 3.])
# Can also create x = torch.arange(4.0, requires_grad=True)
x.requires_grad_(True)
x.grad # The gradient is None by default
y = 2 * torch.dot(x, x)
→ tensor(28., grad_fn=<MulBackward0>)
y.backward()
x.grad
→ tensor([ 0., 4., 8., 12.])
x.grad == 4 * x
→ tensor([True, True, True, True])
x.grad.zero_() # Reset the gradient
y = x.sum()
y.backward()
x.grad
→ tensor([1., 1., 1., 1.])
2.5.2 Backward for Non-Scalar Variables
```

```
x.grad.zero_()
y = x * x
y.backward(gradient=torch.ones(len(y))) # Faster: y.sum().backward()
→ tensor([0., 2., 4., 6.])
```

## → 2.5.3 Detaching Computation

```
x.grad.zero_()
y = x * x
u = y.detach()
z = u * x
z.sum().backward()
x.grad == u
→ tensor([True, True, True, True])
x.grad.zero_()
y.sum().backward()
x.grad == 2 * x
→ tensor([True, True, True, True])
```

## → 2.5.4 Gradients and Python Control Flow

```
def f(a):
   b = a * 2
   while b.norm() < 1000:
```

```
b = b * 2
if b.sum() > 0:
    c = b
else:
    c = 100 * b
return c

a = torch.randn(size=(), requires_grad=True)
d = f(a)
d.backward()

a.grad == d / a

tensor(True)
```

# 3. Linear Neural Networks for Regression

## 3.1 Linear Regression

```
%matplotlib inline
import math
import time
import numpy as np
from d21 import torch as d21
```

#### → 3.1.2 Vectorization for Speed

```
n = 10000
a = torch.ones(n)
b = torch.ones(n)

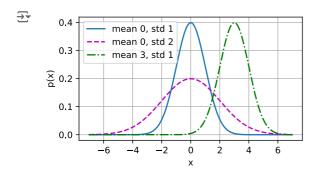
c = torch.zeros(n)
t = time.time()
for i in range(n):
    c[i] = a[i] + b[i]
f'{time.time() - t:.5f} sec'

    '0.28667 sec'

t = time.time()
d = a + b
f'{time.time() - t:.5f} sec'

'0.00095 sec'
```

## 3.1.3 The Normal Distribution and Squared Loss



## 3.2 Object-Oriented Design for Implementation

```
from torch import nn
def add_to_class(Class):
    """Register functions as methods in created class."""
    def wrapper(obj):
        setattr(Class, obj.__name__, obj)
    return wrapper
class A:
    def __init__(self):
        self.b = 1
a = A()
@add_to_class(A)
def do(self):
    print('Class attribute "b" is', self.b)
a.do()
→ Class attribute "b" is 1
class HyperParameters:
    """The base class of hyperparameters."""
    def save_hyperparameters(self, ignore=[]):
        raise NotImplemented
# Call the fully implemented HyperParameters class saved in d2l
class B(d21.HyperParameters):
    def __init__(self, a, b, c):
        self.save_hyperparameters(ignore=['c'])
        print('self.a =', self.a, 'self.b =', self.b)
        print('There is no self.c =', not hasattr(self, 'c'))
b = B(a=1, b=2, c=3)
⇒ self.a = 1 self.b = 2
     There is no self.c = True
class ProgressBoard(d21.HyperParameters):
    """The board that plots data points in animation."""
    def __init__(self, xlabel=None, ylabel=None, xlim=None,
                 ylim=None, xscale='linear', yscale='linear',
                 ls=['-', '--', '-.', ':'], colors=['C0', 'C1', 'C2', 'C3'],
                 fig=None, axes=None, figsize=(3.5, 2.5), display=True):
        self.save_hyperparameters()
    def draw(self, x, y, label, every_n=1):
        raise NotImplemented
board = d21.ProgressBoard('x')
for x in np.arange(0, 10, 0.1):
    board.draw(x, np.sin(x), 'sin', every_n=2)
board.draw(x, np.cos(x), 'cos', every_n=10)
```

#### √ 3.2.2 Models

```
class Module(nn.Module, d21.HyperParameters):
     """The base class of models.""
    def __init__(self, plot_train_per_epoch=2, plot_valid_per_epoch=1):
        super().__init__()
        self.save_hyperparameters()
        self.board = ProgressBoard()
    def loss(self, y_hat, y):
        raise NotImplementedError
    def forward(self, X):
        assert hasattr(self, 'net'), 'Neural network is defined'
        return self.net(X)
    def plot(self, key, value, train):
    """Plot a point in animation."""
        assert hasattr(self, 'trainer'), 'Trainer is not inited'
self.board.xlabel = 'epoch'
        if train:
            x = self.trainer.train_batch_idx / \
                 self.trainer.num_train_batches
            n = self.trainer.num_train_batches / \
                 self.plot_train_per_epoch
        else:
            x = self.trainer.epoch + 1
            n = self.trainer.num_val_batches / \
                 self.plot_valid_per_epoch
        self.board.draw(x, value.to(d21.cpu()).detach().numpy(),
                         ('train_' if train else 'val_') + key,
                         every_n=int(n))
    def training_step(self, batch):
        1 = self.loss(self(*batch[:-1]), batch[-1])
        self.plot('loss', 1, train=True)
        return 1
    def validation_step(self, batch):
        1 = self.loss(self(*batch[:-1]), batch[-1])
        self.plot('loss', 1, train=False)
    def configure_optimizers(self):
        raise NotImplementedError

√ 3.2.3 Data

class DataModule(d21.HyperParameters):
     """The base class of data."""
    def __init__(self, root='.../data', num_workers=4):
        self.save_hyperparameters()
    def get_dataloader(self, train):
        raise NotImplementedError
    def train_dataloader(self):
        return self.get_dataloader(train=True)
```

def val\_dataloader(self):

return self.get\_dataloader(train=False)

```
class Trainer(d21.HyperParameters):
    """The base class for training models with data."""
    def __init__(self, max_epochs, num_gpus=0, gradient_clip_val=0):
        self.save_hyperparameters()
       assert num_gpus == 0, 'No GPU support yet'
    def prepare_data(self, data):
        self.train dataloader = data.train dataloader()
        self.val_dataloader = data.val_dataloader()
        self.num_train_batches = len(self.train_dataloader)
        self.num_val_batches = (len(self.val_dataloader)
                                if self.val_dataloader is not None else 0)
    def prepare_model(self, model):
       model.trainer = self
       model.board.xlim = [0, self.max_epochs]
        self.model = model
    def fit(self, model, data):
        self.prepare_data(data)
        self.prepare_model(model)
        self.optim = model.configure_optimizers()
        self.epoch = 0
        self.train_batch_idx = 0
        self.val_batch_idx = 0
        for self.epoch in range(self.max_epochs):
            self.fit_epoch()
    def fit_epoch(self):
        raise NotImplementedError
```

#### 3.4 Linear Regression Implementation from Scratch

#### → 3.4.1 Defining the Model

```
class LinearRegressionScratch(d21.Module):
    """The linear regression model implemented from scratch."""
    def __init__(self, num_inputs, lr, sigma=0.01):
        super().__init__()
        self.save_hyperparameters()
        self.w = torch.normal(0, sigma, (num_inputs, 1), requires_grad=True)
        self.b = torch.zeros(1, requires_grad=True)

@d21.add_to_class(LinearRegressionScratch)
def forward(self, X):
    return torch.matmul(X, self.w) + self.b

> 3.4.2 Defining the Loss Function

@d21.add_to_class(LinearRegressionScratch)
def loss(self, y_hat, y):
    1 = (y_hat - y) ** 2 / 2
    return 1.mean()
```

→ 3.4.3 Defining the Optimization Algorithm

```
class SGD(d21.HyperParameters):
     """Minibatch stochastic gradient descent."""
    def __init__(self, params, lr):
        self.save_hyperparameters()
    def step(self):
        for param in self.params:
            param -= self.1r * param.grad
    def zero_grad(self):
        for param in self.params:
            if param.grad is not None:
                param.grad.zero_()
@d21.add_to_class(LinearRegressionScratch)
def configure_optimizers(self):
    return SGD([self.w, self.b], self.lr)

    ✓ 3.4.4 Training

@d21.add_to_class(d21.Trainer)
def prepare_batch(self, batch):
    return batch
@d21.add_to_class(d21.Trainer)
def fit_epoch(self):
    self.model.train()
    for batch in self.train dataloader:
        loss = self.model.training_step(self.prepare_batch(batch))
        self.optim.zero_grad()
        with torch.no_grad():
            loss.backward()
            if self.gradient_clip_val > 0: # To be discussed later
                {\tt self.clip\_gradients}({\tt self.gradient\_clip\_val}, \ {\tt self.model})
            self.optim.step()
        self.train_batch_idx += 1
    if self.val_dataloader is None:
        return
    self.model.eval()
    for batch in self.val_dataloader:
        with torch.no_grad():
            self.model.validation_step(self.prepare_batch(batch))
        self.val_batch_idx += 1
model = LinearRegressionScratch(2, 1r=0.03)
data = d21.SyntheticRegressionData(w=torch.tensor([2, -3.4]), b=4.2)
trainer = d21.Trainer(max_epochs=3)
trainer.fit(model, data)
                                   train_loss
       10.0
                                --- val_loss
        7.5
        5.0
        2.5
        0.0
                0.5
                      1.0
                           1.5
                                  2.0
                                       2.5
          0.0
                                             3.0
                           epoch
with torch.no_grad():
    print(f'error in estimating w: {data.w - model.w.reshape(data.w.shape)}')
    print(f'error in estimating b: {data.b - model.b}')
error in estimating w: tensor([ 0.1045, -0.2273])
     error in estimating b: tensor([0.2345])
```

## 4. Linear Neural Networks for Classification

## 4.2 The Image Classification Dataset

```
d21.use_svg_display()

    4.2.1 Loading the Dataset

class FashionMNIST(d21.DataModule):
                      ""The Fashion-MNIST dataset.'
                def __init__(self, batch_size=64, resize=(28, 28)):
                              super().__init__()
                              self.save_hyperparameters()
                              trans = transforms.Compose([transforms.Resize(resize),
                                                                                                                                       transforms.ToTensor()])
                               self.train = torchvision.datasets.FashionMNIST(
                                             root=self.root, train=True, transform=trans, download=True)
                              self.val = torchvision.datasets.FashionMNIST(
                                             root=self.root, train=False, transform=trans, download=True)
data = FashionMNIST(resize=(32, 32))
len(data.train), len(data.val)
                   Downloading <a href="http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz">http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz</a>
                   Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/train
                    100%| 26421880/26421880 [00:08<00:00, 3084848.43it/s]
                   Extracting ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ../data/FashionMNIST/raw
                   \label{lower_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_power_pow
                   Downloading \ \underline{http://fashion-mnist.s3-\underline{website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/train-labels-idx1-\underline{ubyte.gz}} \ to \ ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-\underline{ubyte.gz} \ to \ ../data
                   100% 29515/29515 [00:00<00:00, 278040.79it/s]
                   Extracting ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ../data/FashionMNIST/raw
                   Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
                   Downloading \ \underline{\text{http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz}} \ \ \text{to .../data/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-iraw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz} \ \ \text{to .../data/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t10k-iraw/t1
                   100% 4422102/4422102 [00:00<00:00, 4968733.21it/s]
                   Extracting ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz to ../data/FashionMNIST/raw
                   Downloading http://fashion-mnist.s3-website.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
                   \label{lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_lower_low
                                                      5148/5148 [00:00<00:00, 14658708.07it/s]Extracting ../data/FashionMNIST/raw/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz to ../data/Fa
                   (60000, 10000)
data.train[0][0].shape
  → torch.Size([1, 32, 32])
@d21.add_to_class(FashionMNIST)
def text_labels(self, indices):
                   """Return text labels."
               return [labels[int(i)] for i in indices]

✓ 4.2.2 Reading a Minibatch

@d21.add_to_class(FashionMNIST)
def get_dataloader(self, train):
                data = self.train if train else self.val
                return torch.utils.data.DataLoader(data, self.batch_size, shuffle=train,
                                                                                                                                                  num workers=self.num workers)
X, y = next(iter(data.train_dataloader()))
print(X.shape, X.dtype, y.shape, y.dtype)
  🚁 /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:557: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 4 worker proces
                           warnings.warn(_create_warning_msg(
                   torch.Size([64, 1, 32, 32]) torch.float32 torch.Size([64]) torch.int64
```

import torchvision

from torchvision import transforms

```
tic = time.time()
for X, y in data.train_dataloader():
    continue
f'{time.time() - tic:.2f} sec'
→ '12.78 sec'
4.2.3 Visualization
def show_images(imgs, num_rows, num_cols, titles=None, scale=1.5):
    """Plot a list of images."""
    raise NotImplementedError
@d21.add_to_class(FashionMNIST)
def visualize(self, batch, nrows=1, ncols=8, labels=[]):
    X, y = batch
    if not labels:
       labels = self.text_labels(y)
    d21.show_images(X.squeeze(1), nrows, ncols, titles=labels)
batch = next(iter(data.val_dataloader()))
data.visualize(batch)
       ankle boot
                                      trouser
                                                     trouser
                                                                     shirt
                                                                                                                 shirt
                       pullover
                                                                                  trouser
                                                                                                  coat
```

#### 4.3 The Base Classification Model

#### 4.3.1 The Classifier Class

```
class Classifier(d21.Module):
    """The base class of classification models."""
    def validation_step(self, batch):
        Y_hat = self(*batch[:-1])
        self.plot('loss', self.loss(Y_hat, batch[-1]), train=False)
        self.plot('acc', self.accuracy(Y_hat, batch[-1]), train=False)

@d21.add_to_class(d21.Module)
def configure_optimizers(self):
    return torch.optim.SGD(self.parameters(), lr=self.lr)

4.3.2 Accuracy
```

```
@d21.add_to_class(Classifier)
def accuracy(self, Y_hat, Y, averaged=True):
    """Compute the number of correct predictions."""
    Y_hat = Y_hat.reshape((-1, Y_hat.shape[-1]))
    preds = Y_hat.argmax(axis=1).type(Y.dtype)
    compare = (preds == Y.reshape(-1)).type(torch.float32)
    return compare.mean() if averaged else compare
```

## 4.4 Softmax Regression Implementation from Scratch

#### 4.4.1 The Softmax

```
def softmax(X):
    X \exp = torch.exp(X)
    partition = X_exp.sum(1, keepdims=True)
    return X_exp / partition # The broadcasting mechanism is applied here
X = torch.rand((2, 5))
X_{prob} = softmax(X)
X_prob, X_prob.sum(1)
→ (tensor([[0.2543, 0.1822, 0.1507, 0.2484, 0.1644],
              [0.1957, 0.1658, 0.2399, 0.2587, 0.1399]]),
      tensor([1., 1.]))

✓ 4.4.2 The Model

{\tt class} \ \ {\tt SoftmaxRegressionScratch(d21.Classifier):}
    def __init__(self, num_inputs, num_outputs, lr, sigma=0.01):
        super().__init__()
        self.save_hyperparameters()
        self.W = torch.normal(0, sigma, size=(num_inputs, num_outputs),
                              requires_grad=True)
        self.b = torch.zeros(num_outputs, requires_grad=True)
    def parameters(self):
        return [self.W, self.b]
@d21.add_to_class(SoftmaxRegressionScratch)
def forward(self, X):
    X = X.reshape((-1, self.W.shape[0]))
    return softmax(torch.matmul(X, self.W) + self.b)
y = torch.tensor([0, 2])
y_hat = torch.tensor([[0.1, 0.3, 0.6], [0.3, 0.2, 0.5]])
y_hat[[0, 1], y]
→ tensor([0.1000, 0.5000])
def cross_entropy(y_hat, y):
    return -torch.log(y_hat[list(range(len(y_hat))), y]).mean()
cross_entropy(y_hat, y)
→ tensor(1.4979)
@d21.add_to_class(SoftmaxRegressionScratch)
def loss(self, y_hat, y):
    return cross_entropy(y_hat, y)
4.4.4 Training
data = d21.FashionMNIST(batch_size=256)
model = SoftmaxRegressionScratch(num_inputs=784, num_outputs=10, lr=0.1)
trainer = d21.Trainer(max_epochs=10)
trainer.fit(model, data)
\overline{\mathbf{x}}
      0.9
      0.8
                                  train_loss
      0.7
                                 val_loss
                              --- val_acc
      0.6
       0.5
                                     8
         0
                              6
                                           10
                         epoch
```

#### 4.4.5 Prediction

```
X, y = next(iter(data.val_dataloader()))
preds = model(X).argmax(axis=1)
preds.shape
→ torch.Size([256])
wrong = preds.type(y.dtype) != y
X, y, preds = X[wrong], y[wrong], preds[wrong]
labels = [a+'\n'+b for a, b in zip(
   data.text_labels(y), data.text_labels(preds))]
data.visualize([X, y], labels=labels)
                      pullover
        sneaker
                                                   ankle boot
                                                                                   dress
                                                                                                  shirt
                                                                                                                dress
                                      sandal
                                                                     coat
                                                                   pullover
         sandal
                                                                                                 t-shirt
                        t-shirt
                                      sneaker
                                                    sneaker
                                                                                   coat
                                                                                                                 coat
```

## 4.5 Concise Implementation of Softmax Regression

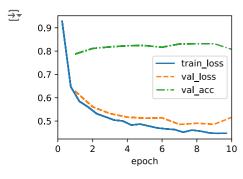
#### 

#### 4.5.2 Softmax Revisited

## 4.5.3 Training

```
from torch.nn import functional as F

data = d21.FashionMNIST(batch_size=256)
model = SoftmaxRegression(num_outputs=10, lr=0.1)
trainer = d21.Trainer(max_epochs=10)
trainer.fit(model, data)
```



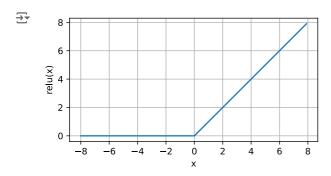
# 5. Multilayer Perceptron

# 5.1 Multilayer Perceptrons

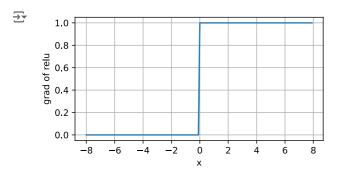
## ▼ 5.1.2 The Activation Functions

#### ▼ 5.1.2.1 ReLU Function

```
x = torch.arange(-8.0, 8.0, 0.1, requires_grad=True)
y = torch.relu(x)
d21.plot(x.detach(), y.detach(), 'x', 'relu(x)', figsize=(5, 2.5))
```

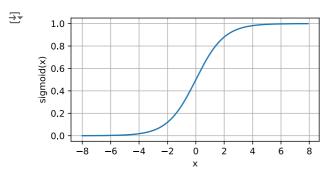


y.backward(torch.ones\_like(x), retain\_graph=True)
d21.plot(x.detach(), x.grad, 'x', 'grad of relu', figsize=(5, 2.5))

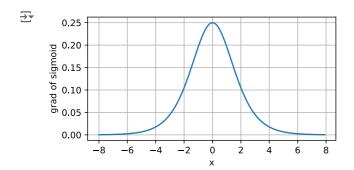


## ▼ 5.1.2.2 Sigmoid Function

```
y = torch.sigmoid(x)
d21.plot(x.detach(), y.detach(), 'x', 'sigmoid(x)', figsize=(5, 2.5))
```

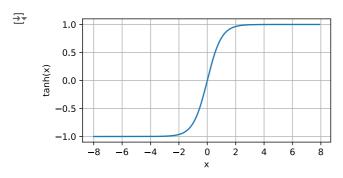


```
# Clear out previous gradients
x.grad.data.zero_()
y.backward(torch.ones_like(x),retain_graph=True)
d21.plot(x.detach(), x.grad, 'x', 'grad of sigmoid', figsize=(5, 2.5))
```

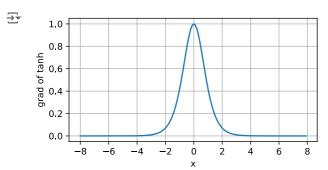


#### √ 5.1.2.3 Tanh function

```
y = torch.tanh(x)
d21.plot(x.detach(), y.detach(), 'x', 'tanh(x)', figsize=(5, 2.5))
```



```
# Clear out previous gradients
x.grad.data.zero_()
y.backward(torch.ones_like(x),retain_graph=True)
d21.plot(x.detach(), x.grad, 'x', 'grad of tanh', figsize=(5, 2.5))
```



# ▼ 5.2 Implementation of Multilayer Perceptrons

## ▼ 5.2.1 Implementation From Scratch

## ▼ 5.2.1.1 Initializing the model parameter

```
class MLPScratch(d21.Classifier):
    def __init__(self, num_inputs, num_outputs, num_hiddens, lr, sigma=0.01):
        super().__init__()
        self.save_hyperparameters()
        self.W1 = nn.Parameter(torch.randn(num_inputs, num_hiddens) * sigma)
        self.b1 = nn.Parameter(torch.zeros(num_hiddens))
        self.W2 = nn.Parameter(torch.randn(num_hiddens, num_outputs) * sigma)
        self.b2 = nn.Parameter(torch.zeros(num_outputs))
```

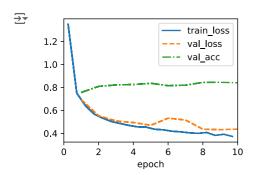
#### √ 5.2.1.2 Model

```
def relu(X):
    a = torch.zeros_like(X)
```

```
@d21.add_to_class(MLPScratch)
def forward(self, X):
    X = X.reshape((-1, self.num_inputs))
    H = relu(torch.matmul(X, self.W1) + self.b1)
    return torch.matmul(H, self.W2) + self.b2
```

## √ 5.2.1.3 Training

```
model = MLPScratch(num_inputs=784, num_outputs=10, num_hiddens=256, lr=0.1)
data = d21.FashionMNIST(batch_size=256)
trainer = d21.Trainer(max_epochs=10)
trainer.fit(model, data)
```



#### ▼ 5.2.2 Concise Implementation

#### √ 5.2.2.1 Model

#### √ 5.2.2.2 Training

```
model = MLP(num_outputs=10, num_hiddens=256, lr=0.1)
trainer.fit(model, data)
```