



# **Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology**

IT3021 Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence

# Assignment 1

Submitted to Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

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#### 1 Data Set Selection

This dataset about flights of spy planes operated by the FBI and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) which is the data comes from more than four months of plane tracking data provided by the website Flightradar24, plus the Federal Aviation Administration's aircraft registration database. The original source files can be found using the links provided below.

Data Set Link :- <a href="https://github.com/BuzzFeedNews/2016-04-federal-surveillance-planes">https://github.com/BuzzFeedNews/2016-04-federal-surveillance-planes</a>

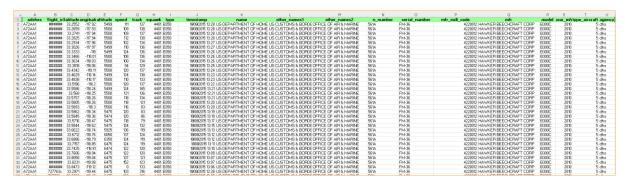


Figure 1- First few rows of Fed1.CSV dataset file



## 2 ER – Diagram for Data Set

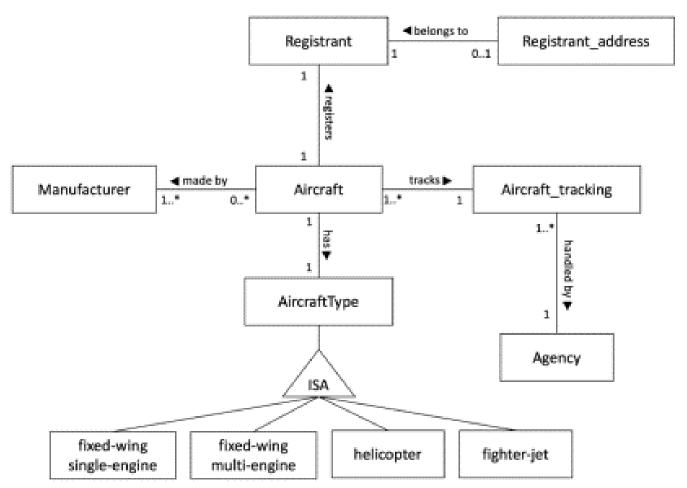


Figure 2- ER diagram



## 3 Preparation of data sources

More than 4 months of aircraft transponder detections from the plane tracking website Flightradar24 had obtained by BuzzFeed news, covering August 17 to December 31, 2015 UTC, containing all data displayed on the site. The United States, Alaska, Hawaii and Puerto Rico are the countries mainly focus on. Fightradar24 receives data from its network of ground-based receivers, supplemented by a feed from ground radars provided by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) with a 5min delay. Then I have partitioned my FAA.csv dataset into different source types like in the diagram given below.

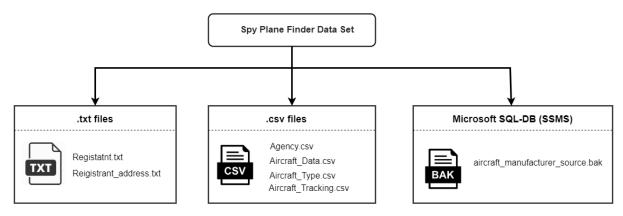


Figure 3 - Split Dataset

All the snapshots of this partitioned source files are attached below



#### 3.1 .TXT files

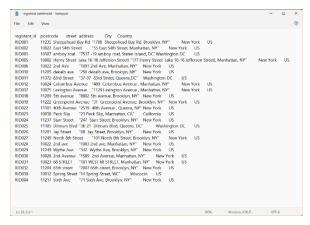


Figure 4- Registant\_Address .txt file

Figure 5 - Registant.txt file

#### 3.2 .CSV files

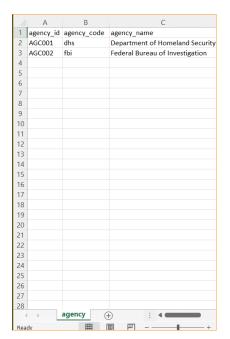


Figure 6 - Agency.csv file

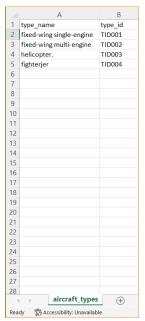


Figure 7 - Aircraft\_type.csv



Á	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1
1	n_number	adshex	year_mfr	serial_number	model	mfr_mdl_code	manufact_id	type_id	registant_id
2	100WG	A006AF	2008	53814	407	1182154	MAN002	TID003	RID002
3	102BR	A00C4B	2010	18282264	182T	2072703	MAN011	TID001	RID028
4	108F	A022E9	2012	FM-53	B300C	4220012	MAN006	TID002	RID013
5	142LJ	A0AB21	2010	18282272	182T	2072703	MAN011	TID001	RID027
6	143GM	A0AE77	2010	T20608971	T206H	2073303	MAN011	TID001	RID024
7	143GS	A0AE7C	2010	T20608970	T206H	2073303	MAN011	TID001	RID030
8	149CS	A0C462		154581	P3B	5260217	MAN007	TID002	RID037
9	1558	A0E032		BC-20	A200	1152921	MAN001	TID002	RID033
10	1559	A0E055		BC-16	A200	1152921	MAN001	TID002	RID033
11	1560	A0E2D1		BC-09	A200	1152921	MAN001	TID002	RID033
12	159CM	A0EBDC	1987	760333	S-76B	8143007	MAN009	TID003	RID038
13	161V	A0F740	2011	FM-52	B300C	4220012	MAN006	TID002	RID005
14	168DK	A10FBB	2012	18282351	182T	2072703	MAN011	TID001	RID028
15	172AE	A120A0	2004	3839	AS 350 B3	8680954	MAN012	TID003	RID038
16	182EM	A1488A	2010	18282233	182T	2072703	MAN011	TID001	RID030
17	183AE	A14BD6		3852	AS 350 B3	8680954	MAN012	TID003	RID034
18	187AE	A15AB2	2004	3846	AS 350 B3	8680954	MAN012	TID003	RID038
19	189CB	A1624F	2015	T20609189	T206H	2073343	MAN008	TID001	RID028
20	194DD	A17756	2015	T20609194	T206H	2073343	MAN008	TID001	RID019
21	197WS	A18431		T20609197	T206H	2073343	MAN008	TID001	RID027
22	208EB	A1B021	2004	208B1047	208B	2073701	MAN011	TID001	RID039
23	215KS	A1CD07	2007	53788	407	1182206	MAN004	TID003	RID002
24	223EM	A1EC96	2010	18282252	182T	2072703	MAN011	TID001	RID018
25	223JC	A1ECF1	1995	36106	412EP	1182205	MAN004	TID003	RID002
26	232DW	A2104E	2005	20608232	206H	2073301	MAN011	TID001	RID021
27	236KS	A21FBC	2005	20608236	206H	2073301	MAN011	TID001	RID039
28	239LF	A22AEF	2005	20608239	206H	2073301	MAN011	TID001	RID039
	b   i	aircraft_da	ata (+	)		: 4			·
Rea	dy 💸 Acce	ssibility: Unav	ailable			<b>#</b> [	<b>■</b> □		+ 100%

Figure 8 - Aircraft\_data.csv file

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
adshex	flight_id	latitude	longitude	altitude	speed	track	squawk	timestamp	agency_id
A006AF	7f6369c	35.04171	-106.678	5700	75	275	0	11/04/2015 21:40	AGC002
A006AF	7e345bb	36.2514	-115.181	2700	56	18	1024	11/12/2015 22:00	AGC002
A006AF	7e92528	36.2414	-115.379	5981	0	278	4414	11/11/2015 07:45	AGC002
A006AF	7f22072	36.23011	-115.258	2900	0	287	1200	11/07/2015 07:38	AGC002
A006AF	7e3ef7b	35.1657	-106.78	5925	118	95	0	11/05/2015 03:25	AGC002
A006AF	7e3ef7b	35.17121	-106.813	5900	121	67	0	11/05/2015 03:25	AGC002
A006AF	7e345bb	35.0396	-106.654	5700	59	270	0	11/04/2015 21:39	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.5227	-83.2468	4050	101	120	0	09/08/2015 22:05	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.2064	-83.4369	5425	51	255	0	10/08/2015 23:52	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3986	-83.2864	5475	155	109	4414	12/24/2015 22:31	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3637	-87.9723	5100	100	180	4414	12/20/2015 5:20	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3702	-83.2579	4650	172	265	4414	12/24/2015 19:14	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3531	-83.1286	3300	91	271	4707	8/28/2015 23:33	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.35751	-83.1088	3250	82	326	4707	8/28/2015 23:33	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.35521	-83.0964	3250	59	346	4707	8/28/2015 23:33	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3462	-83.0741	3250	106	62	4707	8/28/2015 23:32	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3432	-83.0773	3250	118	66	4707	8/28/2015 23:32	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3352	-83.1259	3250	127	31	4707	8/28/2015 23:31	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3322	-83.1301	3250	112	19	4707	8/28/2015 23:31	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.32351	-83.1401	3250	120	356	4707	8/28/2015 23:31	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.28601	-83.1205	3250	144	278	4707	8/28/2015 23:30	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.2847	-83.1087	3275	123	218	4707	8/28/2015 23:29	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.2884	-83.1034	3250	121	213	4707	8/28/2015 23:29	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.30731	-83.0591	3250	138	123	4707	8/28/2015 23:28	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3139	-83.064	3250	137	117	4707	8/28/2015 23:28	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.3199	-83.1344	3250	81	340	4707	8/28/2015 23:27	AGC002
A00C4B	7428d8d	42.30331	-83.1472	3250	103	285	4707	8/28/2015 23:26	AGC002
-	aircraft_t	racking	<b>(+)</b>			1 4			

Figure 9 - Aircraft\_tracking.csv file



#### 3.3 .bak file

	manufact name	manufact id
1	BEECH	MAN001
2	BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON CANADA	MAN002
3	PILATUS	MAN003
4	BELL	MAN004
5	BOMBARDIER INC	MAN005
6	HAWKER BEECHCRAFT CORP	MAN006
7	LOCKHEED	MAN007
8	TEXTRON AVIATION INC	800/AM
9	SIKORSKY	MAN009
10	AMERICAN EUROCOPTER CORP	MAN010
11	CESSNA	MAN011
12	EUROCOPTER	MAN012
13	PIPER	MAN013
14	AMERICAN EUROCOPTER LLC	MAN014
15	BEECHCRAFT CORP	MAN015
16	BEECH	MAN001
17	BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON CANADA	MAN002
18	PILATUS	MAN003

Figure 10 -aircraft\_manufacturer\_source.bak file

To describe the sources, I have used Database Diagrams.

Source	Source type	Description
Agency.csv	CSV	Includes the details of all agencies who owns tracked aircrafts
Aircraft_Data.csv	CSV	Includes the details of aircrafts
Aircraft_Tracking.csv	CSV	Include the tracking information of aircrafts owned by agencies
Aircraft_Types.csv	CSV	Include the details of aircraft types
Registant .txt	txt	Include the details of Registered name
Registant_Address.txt	txt	Include the details of Address of Registered company
Aircraft_Manufacturer_ Source.bak	bak	Includes the details of Aircraft manufacturers

Table 1- Description of Source files



## Detailed source file columns descriptions are given in the table below

## 3.3.1 Agency Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Agency	Agency_id	nvarchar(6)	Unique agency id
	Agency_code	nvarchar(5)	Unique 3 letter code given for
			each agency
	Agency_name	nvarchar(50)	Name of the agency

Table 2 - Details of Agency Table

## 3.3.2 Aircraft\_Data Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Aircraft_Data	adshex	nvarchar(10)	Unique id given for each aircraft
	n_number	nvarchar(20)	Unique registration number given when the aircraft was registered
	year_mfr	int	Manufactured year
	serial_number	nvarchar(20)	Serial number of the air craft
	model	nvarchar(20)	Model of the aircraft
	mfr_mdl_code	int	Model code assigned by the manufactuer
	manufact id	nvarchar(6)	ID of the manufacturer
	Type_id	nvarchar(6)	Corresponding ID of the type of the aircraft
	Registant_id	nvarchar(6)	ID of the registant who registered the aircraft

Table 3 - Details of Aircraft\_Data Table

## 3.3.3 Aircraft\_Type Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Aircraft_Type	type_id	nvarchar(6)	Unique id of the aircraft type
	type_name	nvarchar(50)	Name of the aircraft type

Table 4 - Details of Aircraft Type table



## 3.3.4 Aircraft\_manufacturer\_source Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Aircraft_	manufact _id	nvarchar(6)	Unique id of the
manufacturer_source			manufacturer
	manufact_name	nvarchar(50)	Name of the
			manufacturer

Table 5 - Details of Aircraft manufacturer table

## 3.3.5 Registant Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Registant	registant _id	nvarchar(6)	Unique id of the regitant
	registant _name	nvarchar(50)	Name of the registant
	other_names1	nvarchar(60)	Other names for the
			registant
	other_name2	nvarchar(60)	Other names for the
			registant

Table 6 - Details of Registant Table

## 3.3.6 Registant \_Address Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types	Description
Registant_Address	registant _id	nvarchar(6)	Unique id of the regitant
	Postalcode	nvarchar(50)	Name of the registant
	city	nvarchar(60)	Other names for the registant
	address	nvarchar(60)	Other names for the registant
	country	nvarchar(10)	Country of the registant

Table 7 - Details of Registant Address Table

## 3.3.7 Aircraft\_Tracking Table

Table	Column Name	Data Types Description		
Aircraft_Tracking	flight _id	nvarchar(6)	Flight id	
	adshex	nvarchar(50)	Unique id of aircraft	
	latitude	float	Geographic location in	
		digital degrees		
	longtitude	float Geographic location i		
		digital degrees		
	altitude	int	int Altitude in feet	
	speed	int	Ground speed in knots	
	track	int	Compass bearing in	
			degrees,with 0	
			corresponding to north	



squawk	int	Four digit code	
		transmitted bt the	
		transponder	
timestamp	datetime	Extract the time when	
		the aircraft was being	
		tracked	
Agency_id	Nvarchar(6)	Federal agency operating	
		the aircraft	

Table 8 - Details of Aircraft Tracking Table

#### 3.3.8 Names and definitions of columns

## Names of columns are defined in the table given below.

Column name	More about description	
adshex	Unique identifier for each aircraft, corresponding to its "Mode-S" code, in hexademical format.	
flight_id	Unique identifier for each "flight segment," in hexadecimal format. A flight segment is a continuous series of transponder detections for one aircraft. There may be more than one segment per flight, if a plane disappears from Flightradar24's coverage for a period — for example when flying over rural areas with sparse receiver coverage. While being tracked by Fightradar24, surveillance planes were typically detected several times per minute.	
latitude, longitude	Geographic location in digital degrees.	
altitude	Altitude in feet.	
speed	Ground speed in knots	
track	Compass bearing in degrees, with 0 corresponding to north.	
squawk	Four-digit code transmitted by the transponder	
timestamp	Full UTC timestamp	
name	Name of aircraft registrant.	
other_names1, other_names2	Other names for the registrant, if listed.	



n_number	Aircraft registration number, sometimes called a "tail number." For U.Sregistered planes, these begin with the letter "N," followed by up to five alphanumeric characters.	
serial_number	Identifying number assigned to the aircraft by its manufacturer.	
mfr_mdl_code	Code designating the manufacturer and model of the aircraft.	
mfr	Manufacturer.	
model	Aircraft model.	
year_mfr	Year in which aircraft was manufactured.	
type_aircraft	fixed-wing single-engine, fixed-wing multi-engine, helicopter, fighter-jet	

Table 9 - Names of the columns and their definitions

## **4 Solution Architecture**

#### 4.1 Architectural diagram

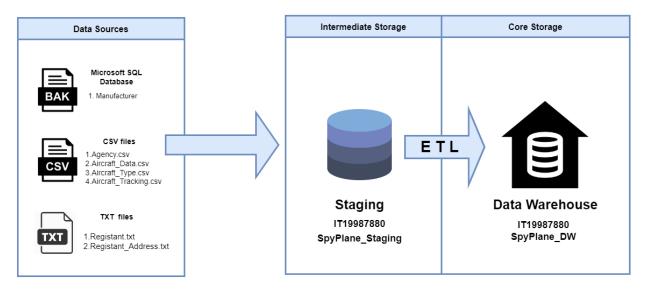


Figure 11 - Archetectural Diagram



**Staging** is the first step for the data warehousing .I created the Staging Database named as "IT19987880 SpyPlane\_Staging" .Inside the Staging databasee, I manually created tables which are given below

- Stg\_Agency
- Stg\_Aircraft\_Data
- Stg Aircraft tracking
- Stg\_Aircraft\_Types
- Stg\_Manufacturer
- Stg\_Registant
- Stg\_Registant\_Manufacturer

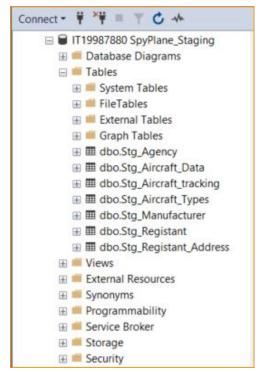


Figure 12 - Stagged tables

## 5 Data warehouse design & development

#### 5.1 Dimension Table Design

The data warehouse is the core of the BI system. The data warehouse is a database built for the purpose of data analysis and reporting. According to my scenario my data warehouse named as 'IT19987880 SpyPlane\_DW'. Inside the data warehouse database, I manually created tables which are given below.



- Dim\_Agency
- Dim\_Aircraft\_Data
- Dim\_Aircraft\_Type
- Dim\_Manufact
- Dim\_Registrant
- Dim\_Date
- Fact\_Aircraft\_Tracking

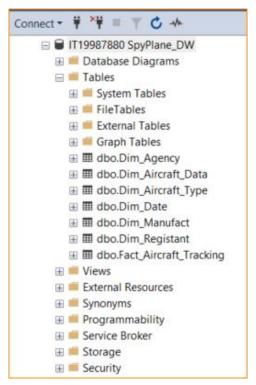


Figure 13 - created table list of Data warehouse

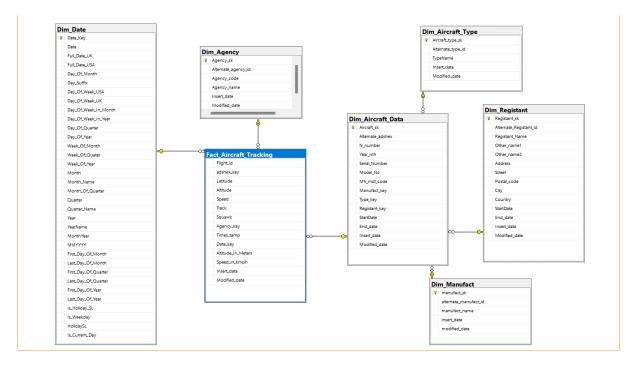


Figure 14 - Snowflake database diagram



#### 5.1.1 Dim\_Agency

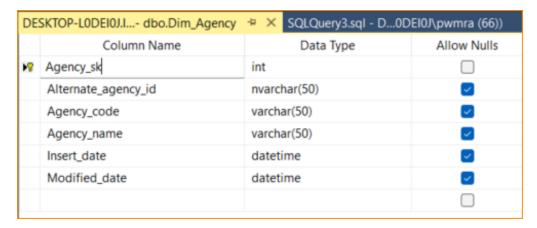


Figure 15 - Dim\_Agency table

#### 5.1.2 Dim\_Aircraft\_Data

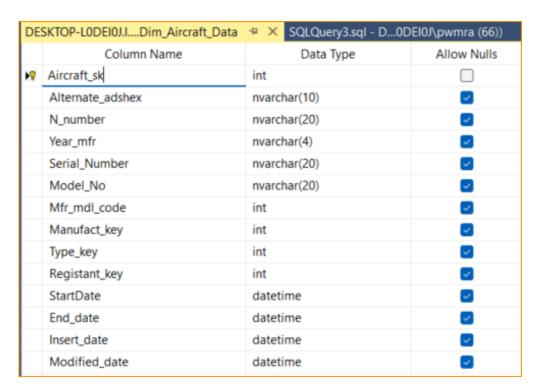


Figure 16 - Dim\_Aircraft\_Data table

### 5.1.3 Dim\_Aircraft\_Type



DESKTOP-L0DEI0J.ITDim_Aircraft_Type + ×			SQLQuery3.sql - D0DEI0J\pwmra (66))		
	Column Name			Data Type	Allow Nulls
₽¥	Aircraft_type_sk	int			
	Alternate_type_id	varchar(50)		(50)	
	TypeName	var	char	(50)	
	Insert_date	dat	etin	ne	
	Modified_date	dat	etin	ne	

Figure 17 - Dim\_Aircraft\_Type table

#### 5.1.4 Dim\_Date

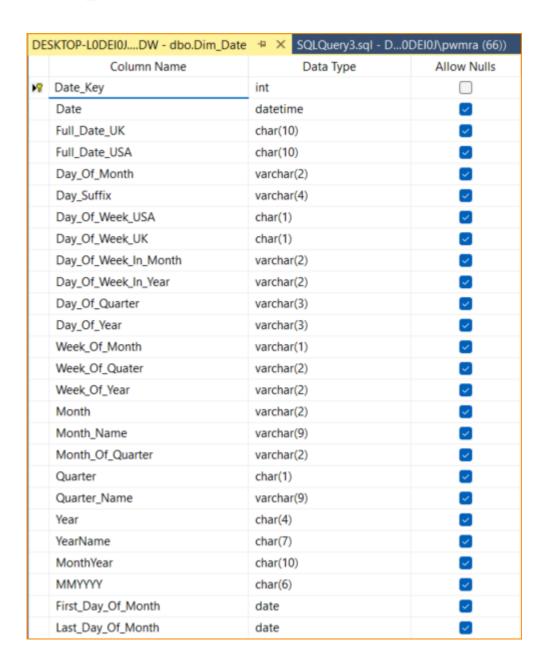


Figure 18 - Dime\_Date table



#### 5.1.5 Dim\_Manufact

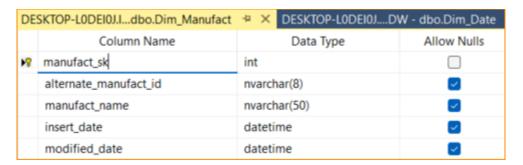


Figure 19 - Dim\_Manufact table

#### 5.1.6 Dim\_Registrant

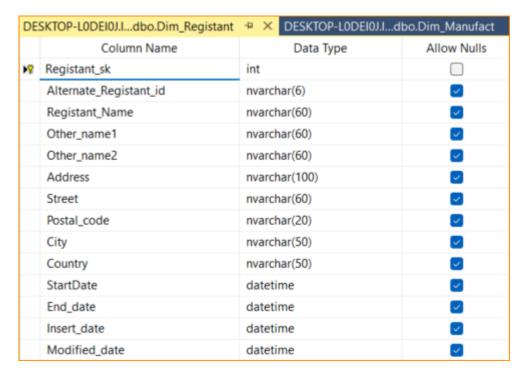


Figure 20 - Dim\_Registant table



#### 5.1.7 Fact\_Aircraft\_Tracking

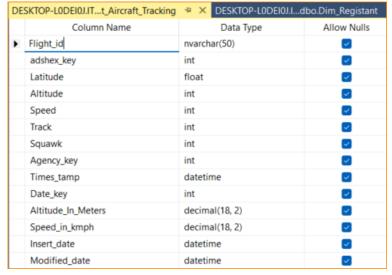


Figure 21 - Fact\_Aircraft\_Tracking

#### 5.2 Calculation

When creating the fact table, I have added two extra attribute columns to the fact table which will be derived from the data which are already in the fact table .

Those two equations are shown below.

- 1. altitude\_in\_meters → ([altitude]\*(0.3048))
- 2.  $speed_in_kmph \rightarrow ([speed]^*(1.852))$

Those data types are derived attributes as well.

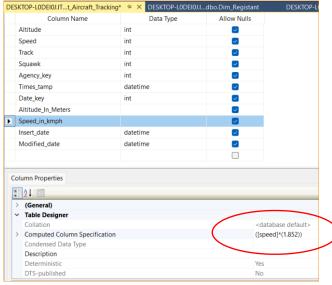


Figure 23 - calculation for speed in kmph

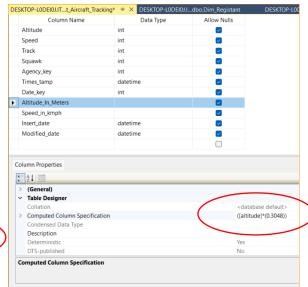


Figure 22 - Calculation for altitude in meters



#### 5.3 Assumptions:

I have taken **Dim\_Registrant** as a slowly changing dimension. I need to keep track of the historical dates assuming that, registrant addresses are change time to time.

**Dim\_Date** table is a static table. in that case I named the data inside the **Dim\_Date** table as static data. All the data in the **Dim\_Date** table is given in the diagram below with its datatype.

As you can see, this is a snowflake schema which has normalized dimension tables. Snowflake schemas will use less space to store dimension tables but are more complex.

#### 5.4 Surrogate Key

Surrogate key is the key acts as primary key or unique id in dimensional model tables. According to my scenario all the surrogate keys are,

```
agency_sk
aircraft_sk
aircraft_type_sk
manfact_sk
registant_sk
```

#### 5.5 Static Table

Here in my scenario **Dim\_Date** table is the only table that can consider as a static table. Simply, it's a dimension table but it simply can create by executing a query which can find via internet. I used the same **Dim\_Date** table used in my DWBI lab sessions.

#### 5.6 Derived Attributes

Those are the attributes which are not in the source files of the dataset. Simply, the attributes we created according to the dimension and fact table rules as well as for our preference.

surrogate keys, insert\_date, modified\_date, start\_date, end\_date, altitude\_in\_meters and speed\_in\_kmph are the attributes which can be consider as derived attributes

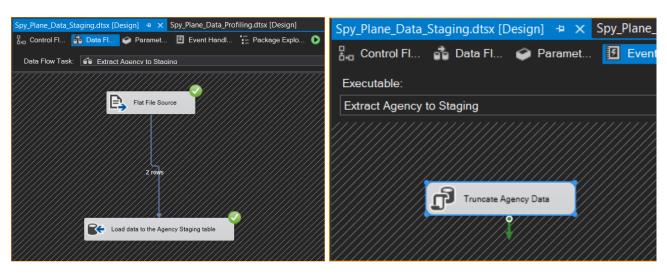


## **6 ETL Development**

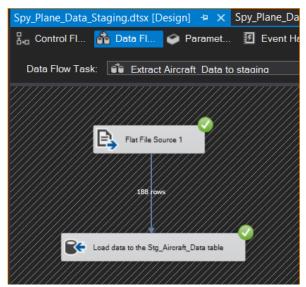
Snap shots of ETL process are included below.

- 6.1 Staging Steps
- 6.1.1 Extract Agency data to staging

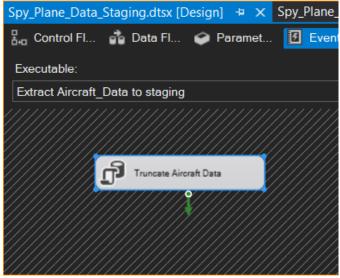
Dataflow truncate



#### 6.1.2 Extract Aircraft\_Data to staging



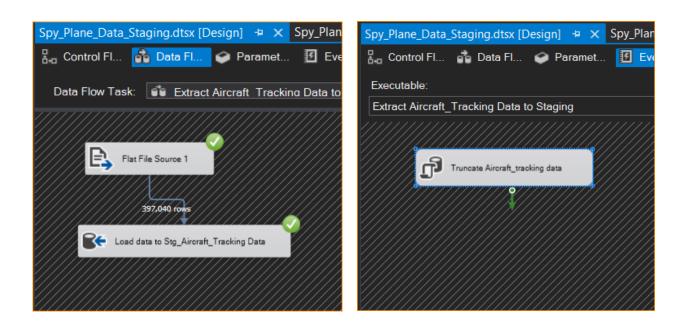
Dataflow



Truncate



#### 6.1.3 Extract Aircraft\_Tracking to staging



#### 6.1.4 Extract Aircraft\_Types to staging

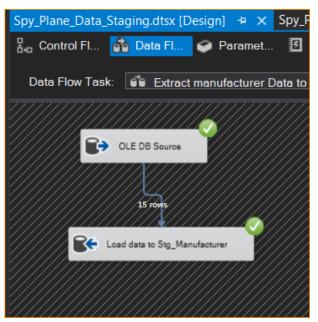
Truncate

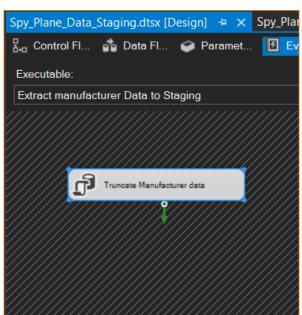




#### 6.1.4 Extract Manufacturer data to staging

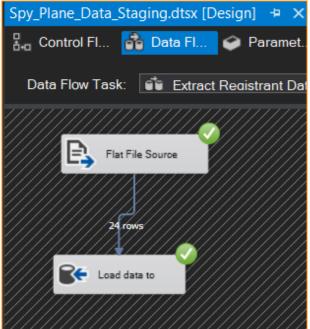
Dataflow Truncate

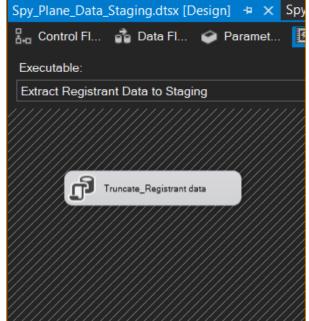




#### 6.1.5 Extract Registant data to staging

Dataflow Truncate





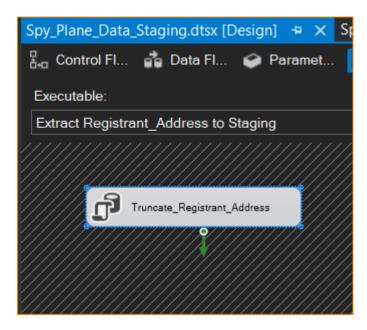


## 6.1.6 Extract Registant\_Address data to staging

#### **Dataflow**



#### Truncate





#### 6.1.7 Overall Staging Diagram





#### 6.2 Data Profiling





#### 6.3 Data Transformation

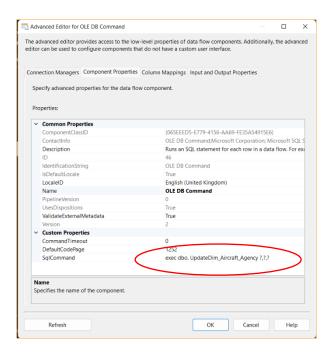
#### 6.3.1 Transform and Load "Agency" details

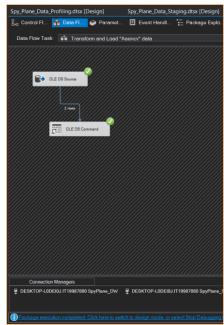
First I have created a procedure called "UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_Agency" and executed in the IT19987880 SpyPlane\_DW Database. I have mentioned the code below

```
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[UpdateDim_Aircraft_Agency]
@agency_id nvarchar(50),
@agency_code nvarchar(6),
@agency_name nvarchar(50)
AS
BEGIN
if not exists (
select Agency_sk
from dbo.Dim_Agency
where Alternate_agency_id = @agency_id
BEGIN
insert into dbo.Dim_Agency(Alternate_agency_id ,Agency_code ,Agency_name,
Insert date, Modified date)
values( @agency id, @agency code,@agency name, GETDATE(), GETDATE())
END;
if exists (
select Agency_sk
from dbo.Dim_Agency
where Alternate_agency_id = @agency_id
)
BEGIN
update dbo.Dim_Agency
set
Agency_code = @agency_code,
Agency_name = @agency_name,
Modified_date = GETDATE()
where Alternate_agency_id = @agency_id
END;
END;
```



OLE DB Command SSIS tool used to execute, **UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_Agency** procedure, it is used to insert data into position staging to **Dim\_Agency** without data duplication







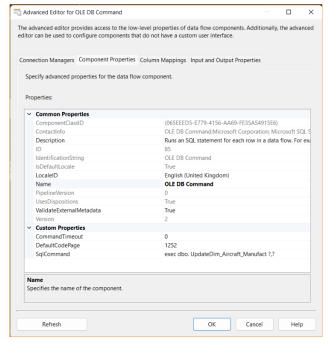
#### 6.3.2 Transform and Load "Manufacturer" details

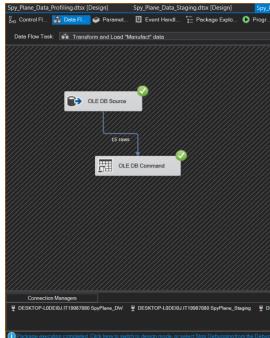
First I have created a procedure called "UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_Manufact" and executed in the IT19987880 SpyPlane\_DW Database. I have mentioned the code below

```
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[UpdateDim_Aircraft_Manufact]
@manufact_name nvarchar(50),
@manufact_id nvarchar(6)
AS
BEGIN
if not exists (
select manufact sk
from dbo.Dim Manufact
where alternate manufact id = @manufact id
insert into dbo.Dim Manufact(alternate manufact id ,manufact name, insert date,
modified date)
values( @manufact id, @manufact name, GETDATE(), GETDATE())
END;
if exists (
select manufact_sk
from dbo.Dim_Manufact
where alternate_manufact_id = @manufact_id
BEGIN
update dbo.Dim_Manufact
set manufact_name = @manufact_name,
modified_date = GETDATE()
where alternate_manufact_id = @manufact_id
END;
END;
```

OLE DB Command SSIS tool used to execute, **UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_Manufact** procedure, it is used to insert data into position staging to **Dim\_Manufact** without data duplication







#### 6.3.3 Transform and Load "Aircraft\_Type" details

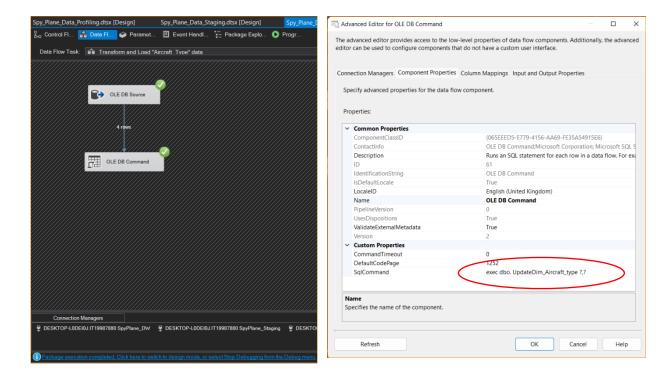
First I have created a procedure called "UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_type" and executed in the IT19987880 SpyPlane\_DW Database. I have mentioned the code below

```
CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[UpdateDim_Aircraft_type]
@type_name varchar(50),
@type_id varchar(50)
AS
BEGIN
if not exists (
select Aircraft_type_sk
from dbo.Dim_Aircraft_Type
where Alternate_type_id = @type_id
BEGIN
insert into dbo.Dim_Aircraft_Type(Alternate_type_id , TypeName,
Insert_date,Modified_date)
values(@type_id, @type_name, GETDATE(), GETDATE())
END;
if exists (
select Aircraft_type_sk
from dbo.Dim_Aircraft_Type
where Alternate_type_id = @type_id
```



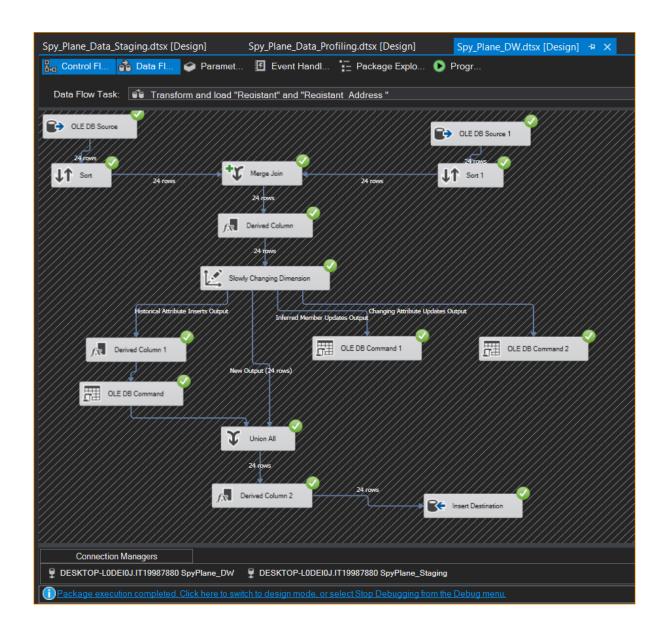
# BEGIN update dbo.Dim\_Aircraft\_Type set TypeName = @type\_name, Modified\_date = GETDATE() where Alternate\_type\_id = @type\_id END; END;

OLE DB Command SSIS tool used to execute, **UpdateDim\_Aircraft\_type** procedure, it is used to insert data into position staging to **Dim\_Aircraft\_Type** without data duplication



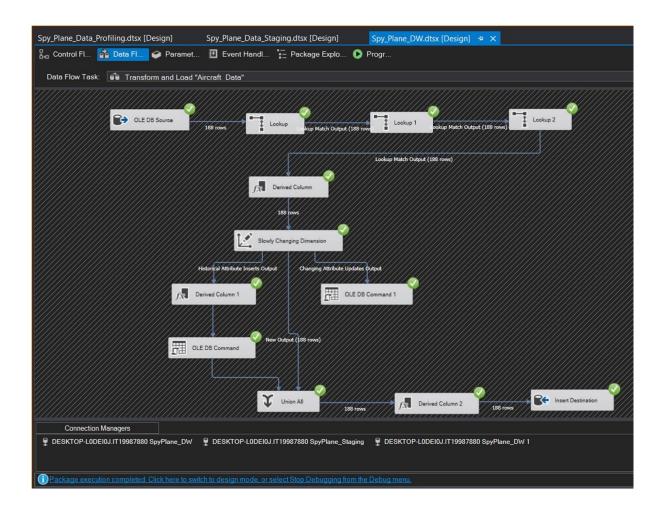


#### 6.3.4 Transform and Load "Fact\_Regitant" and "Registant\_Address" details



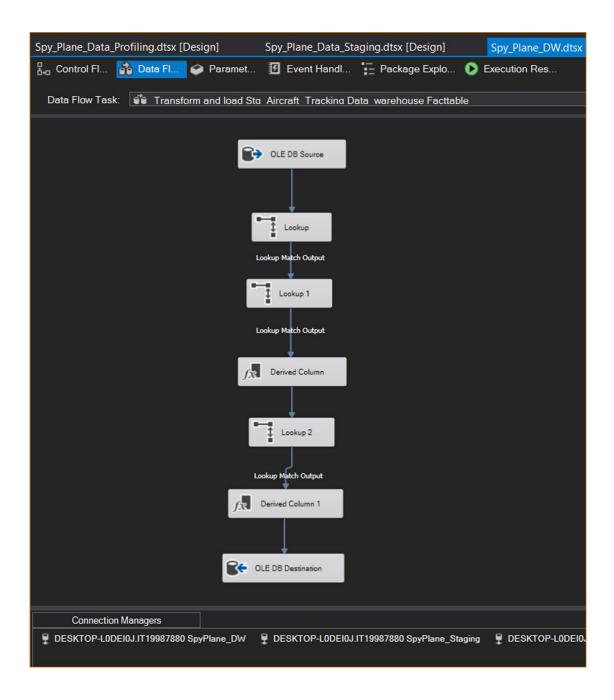


#### 6.3.5 Transform and Load "Aircraft Data" details





## 6.3.6 Transform and Load "Fact\_Aircraft\_Tracking" details





#### 6.4 Overall Diagram of Data Warehouse

#### Final IT19987880 SpyPlane\_DW Control flow





#### 6.5 Accumulating Fact Table

