Spark based LINEAR REGRESSION Algorithm & Sample Linear Data set in HDFS Cluster

Hadoop multi node, Spark cluster



Agenda

- Teammates
- About Hadoop
- Hadoop Setup
- About Spark
- Spark Setup
- Algorithm
- Executing using Spark on the HDFS cluster

Teammates

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- Sidharth Kaushik 21BDS064



Hadoop:

Hadoop is a distributed computing platform that uses clusters of commodity hardware to store and process large amounts of data. It is based on the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) and the MapReduce programming model. Hadoop enables scalable, reliable, and efficient processing of big data.

Single - Node:

Hadoop single node refers to running Hadoop on a single machine, rather than a cluster. It is useful for development, testing and learning purposes. Setting up Hadoop single node involves installing Hadoop and configuring it to run on a local machine, with all Hadoop components running on a single node.

Multi - Node:

Hadoop multi-node refers to a setup where multiple machines work together in a Hadoop cluster to store and process large datasets. This setup enables parallel processing, fault tolerance, and high availability of data. The multi-node configuration includes master and worker nodes, with each node performing specific roles in the Hadoop ecosystem.

HDFS Setup



Configure Hadoop:

Modify the configuration in following "XML" files:

- core-site.xml
- hdfs-site.xml
- yarn-site.xml
- mapred-site.xml

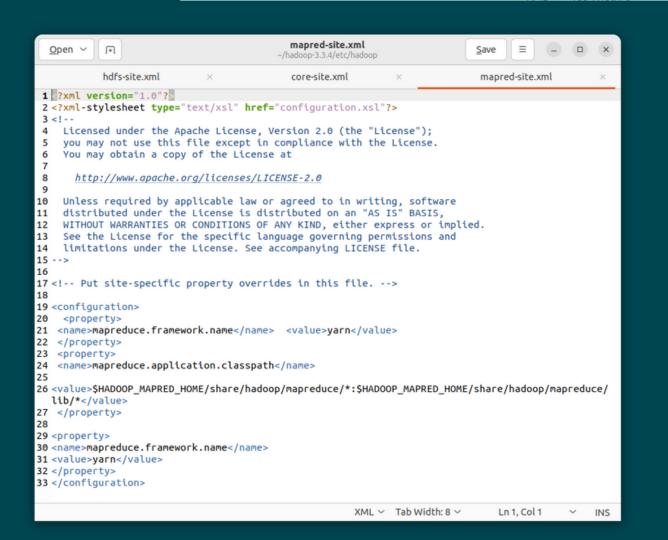
Setup Java path:

Setup the java path in the following files:

- hadoop-env.sh
- yarn-env.sh
- mapred-env.sh

Files

```
hdfs-site.xml
  Open V 1
 1 ?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
 2 <?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="configuration.xsl"?>
3 <!--
4 Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
    you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
    You may obtain a copy of the License at
      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
10 Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
   distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
12 WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
   See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
14 limitations under the License. See accompanying LICENSE file.
15 -->
17 <!-- Put site-specific property overrides in this file. -->
19 <configuration>
20 <property>
21 <name>dfs.replication</name>
22 <value>1</value>
23 </property>
25 <property>
26 <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
27 <value>/home/hadoop/hadoop-3.3.4/etc/hadoop/name/namenode</value>
28 </property>
29 cproperty>
30 <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
31 <value>/home/hadoop/hadoop-3.3.4/etc/hadoop/data/datanode</value>
32 </property>
33 </configuration>
                                                      XML ~ Tab Width: 8 ~
                                                                             Ln 1. Col 1 V INS
```



```
core-site.xml
  Open V 1
                                                                          Save ≡ – □ ×
                    hdfs-site.xml
                                                                     core-site.xml
 1 | ?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?
 2 <?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="configuration.xsl"?>
 4 Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
   you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
   You may obtain a copy of the License at
      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
10 Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
   distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
12 WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
13 See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
14 limitations under the License. See accompanying LICENSE file.
17 <!-- Put site-specific property overrides in this file. -->
19 <configuration>
20 <property>
21 <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
22 <value>hdfs://master:9000</value> </property>
23 cproperty>
24 <name>hadoop.proxyuser.dataflair.groups</name> <value>*</value>
25 </property>
26 <property>
27 <name>hadoop.proxyuser.dataflair.hosts</name> <value>*</value>
28 </property>
29 cproperty>
30 <name>hadoop.proxyuser.server.hosts</name> <value>*</value>
31 </property>
32 <property>
33 <name>hadoop.proxyuser.server.groups</name> <value>*</value>
34 </property>
                                                     XML ~ Tab Width: 8 ~
                                                                             Ln 1, Col 1

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```



HDFS Setup

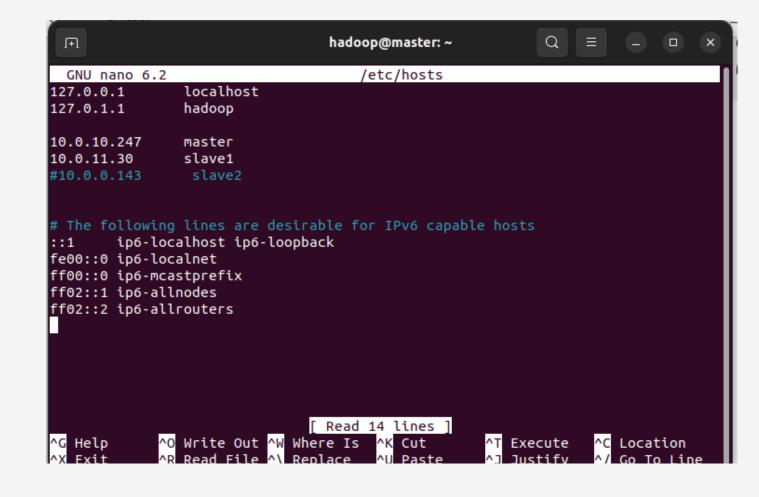


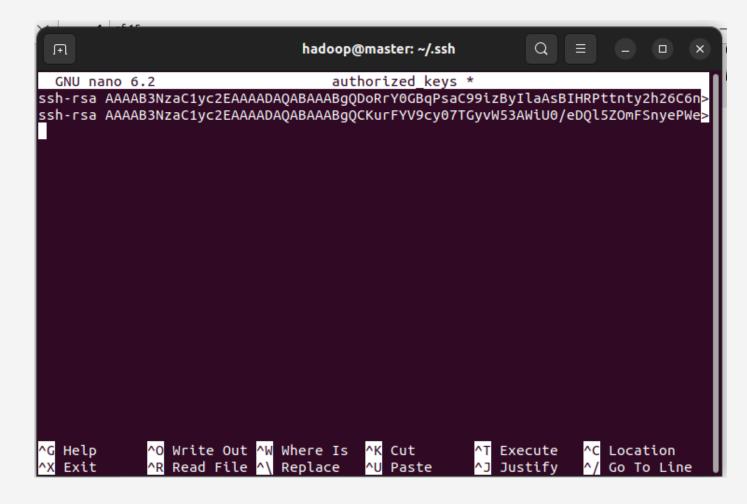
Add all IP addresses of nodes under /home/username/etc/hosts



SSH keys generated by each system should add under

/home/username/.ssh/authorized_keys





Start the Hadoop daemons

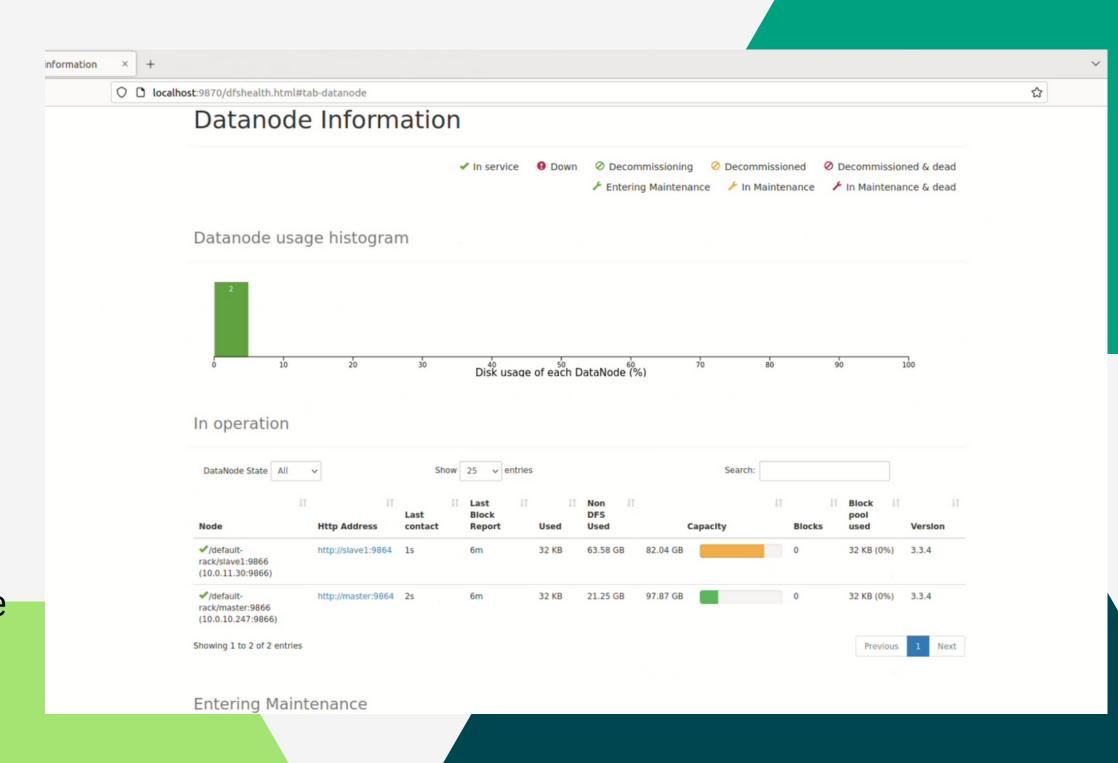
Start the Hadoop deamos on the master node using this command:

"start-all.sh"

Verify the cluster

Verify the hadoop cluster is running by checking the Hadoop web page, which can be accesed at localhost

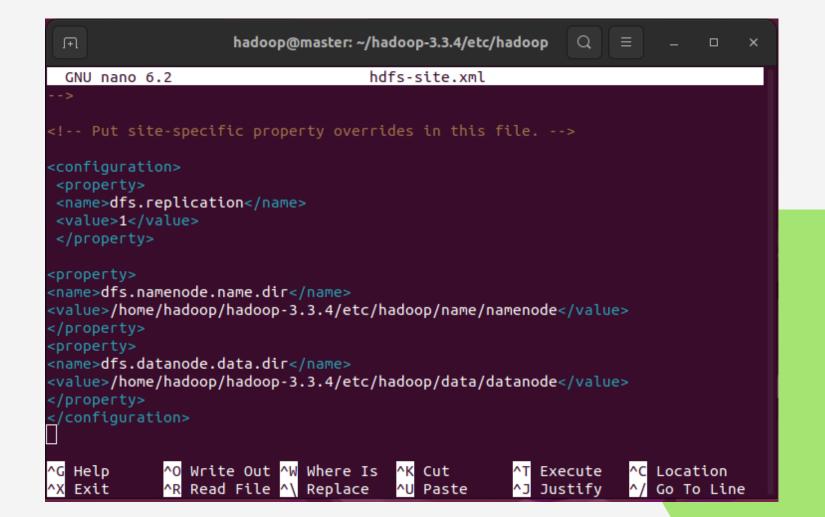
http://<master-node-IP_address>:9870

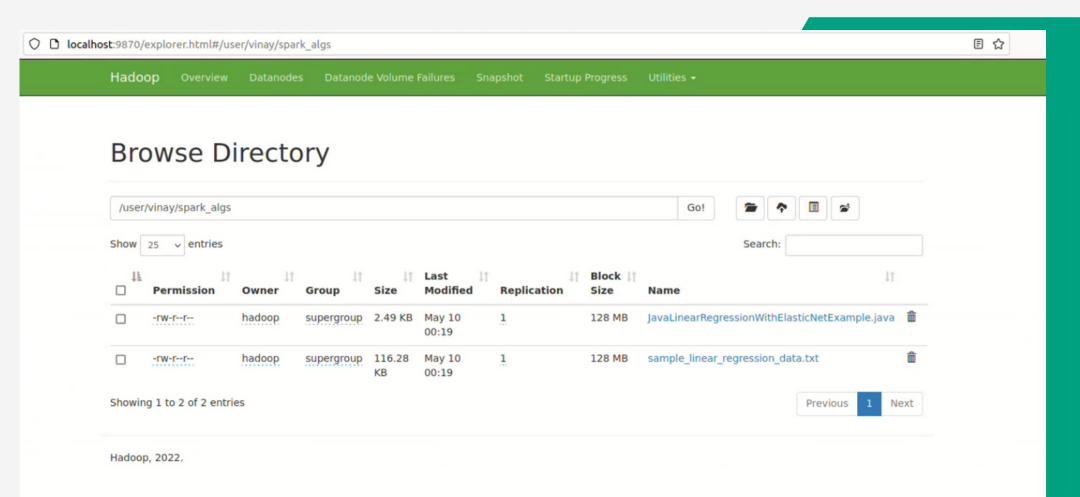


Upload Data set to hadoop cluster

Dataset storage can be seen here http://<master-node-IP_address>:9870

Location of Dataset in Datanode







Spark:

Apache Spark is an open-source distributed computing system designed for big data processing and analytics. It provides a unified platform for batch processing, real-time streaming, graph processing, and machine learning workloads. Spark uses in-memory processing for faster data processing and provides APIs in Java, Python, Scala, and R. Spark runs on top of Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) and other storage systems like Amazon S3, and provides integration with various data sources such as Hive, Cassandra, and Kafka. Spark has gained popularity due to its ease of use, scalability, and performance improvements over traditional big data processing systems.

Spark cluster:

A Spark cluster is a group of computers working together to process large-scale data workloads. In a Spark cluster, the workload is distributed among the cluster nodes, enabling parallel processing for faster data processing and analytics.

Spark Setup



Configure spark

Spark-env.sh

• Spark-deafults.conf

```
Addop@master /apt/spark.3.12-bin-hadoop3/conf

GNU nano 6:2

Spark.defaults.conf

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(the "Licenses"); you may not use this file except in compilance with
the License. You may obtain a capy of the License as
the License. You may obtain a capy of the License as
the License. You may obtain a capy of the License as
the License. You may obtain a capy of the License as
the License. You may obtain a capy of the License as
the License for the specific Language governing near Asis as a series of the specific Language governing permissions and
situations under the License.

See the License for the specific Language governing permissions and
situations under the License.

So Default system properties included when running spark-submit.
Sints a useful for setting default environmental settings.

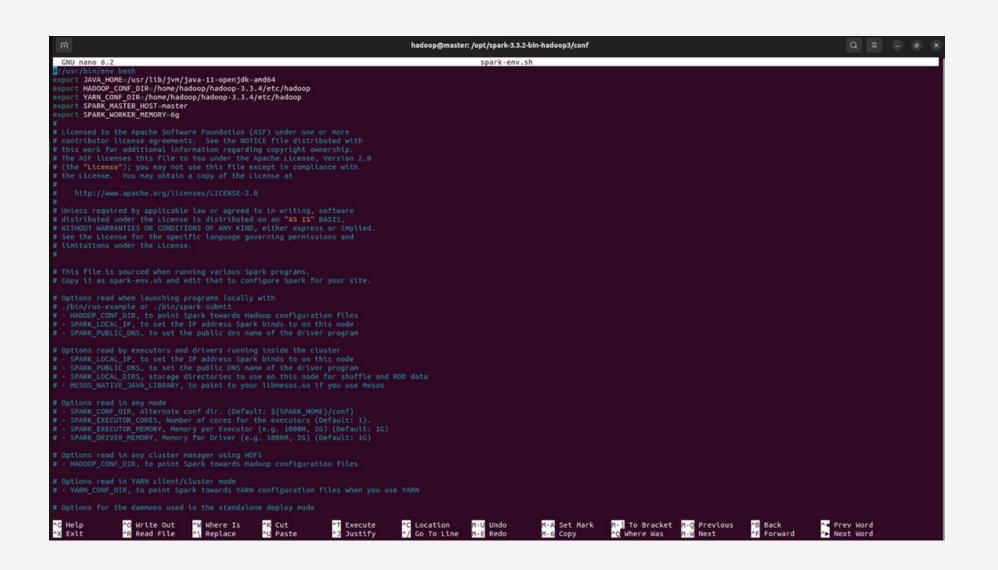
Spark.master sparks//master:7077

Spark.master sparks//master:7077

Spark.master or sparks//master:7077

Spark.complogenabled true

Spark.spark.sparks.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spark.spar
```



SPARK



Spork Master at spark://master:7077

URL: spark://master:7077

Alive Workers: 2

Cores in use: 16 Total, 0 Used

Memory in use: 20.9 GiB Total, 0.0 B Used

Resources in use:

Applications: 0 Running, 0 Completed Drivers: 0 Running, 0 Completed

Status: ALIVE

→ Workers (2)

Worker Id	Address	State	Cores	Memory	Resources
worker-20230509184703-10.0.11.30-46321	10.0.11.30:46321	ALIVE	8 (0 Used)	14.3 GiB (0.0 B Used)	
worker-20230510001703-10.0.10.247-35929	10.0.10.247:35929	ALIVE	8 (0 Used)	6.6 GiB (0.0 B Used)	

→ Running Applications (0)

The second state of the second								
Application ID	Name	Cores	Memory per Executor	Resources Per Executor	Submitted Time	User	State	Duration

- Completed Applications (0)

Application ID	Name	Cores	Memory per Executor	Resources Per Executor	Submitted Time	User	State	Duration
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Data Set:

Sample_Linear_Regression

A sample linear regression dataset typically contains a set of data points, where each data point has one or more independent variables and a dependent variable. The goal of linear regression is to create a linear model that can predict the value of the dependent variable based on the values of the independent variables.



Algorithm:

```
* Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
      * contributor license agreements. See the NOTICE file distributed with
      * this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
      * The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
      * the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
          http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
      * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
      * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
      ^st WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
      * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
      * limitations under the License.
     //package org.apache.spark.examples.ml;
21 import org.apache.spark.ml.regression.LinearRegression;
import org.apache.spark.ml.regression.LinearRegressionModel;
    import org.apache.spark.ml.regression.LinearRegressionTrainingSummary;
    import org.apache.spark.ml.linalg.Vectors;
     import org.apache.spark.sql.Dataset;
     import org.apache.spark.sql.Row;
     import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession;
28 // $example off$
30  public class JavaLinearRegressionWithElasticNetExample {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
        SparkSession spark = SparkSession
           .appName("JavaLinearRegressionWithElasticNetExample")
           .getOrCreate();
        Dataset<Row> training = spark.read().format("libsvm")
```

Linear Regression

```
28 // $example off$
    public class JavaLinearRegressionWithElasticNetExample {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
         SparkSession spark = SparkSession
           .builder()
           .appName("JavaLinearRegressionWithElasticNetExample")
           .getOrCreate();
         // Load training data.
         Dataset<Row> training = spark.read().format("libsvm")
          .load("hdfs://master:50000/user/sample linear regression data.txt");
         LinearRegression lr = new LinearRegression()
           .setMaxIter(10)
           .setRegParam(0.3)
           .setElasticNetParam(0.8);
         LinearRegressionModel lrModel = lr.fit(training);
         // Print the coefficients and intercept for linear regression.
         System.out.println("Coefficients: "
          + lrModel.coefficients() + " Intercept: " + lrModel.intercept());
         LinearRegressionTrainingSummary trainingSummary = lrModel.summary();
         System.out.println("numIterations: " + trainingSummary.totalIterations());
         System.out.println("objectiveHistory: " + Vectors.dense(trainingSummary.objectiveHistory()));
         trainingSummary.residuals().show();
         System.out.println("RMSE: " + trainingSummary.rootMeanSquaredError());
         System.out.println("r2: " + trainingSummary.r2());
         // $example off$
62
         spark.stop();
```

iiit@slave-1: iiit@master: -/ml_algorithm iiit@master: -/ml_algorithm/JLR iiit@slave-2: iiit@master:~/ml_mlgortbhm/JLR\$

Output:

```
residuals|
  -9.889232683103197
  0.5533794340053553
   -5.204019455758822
  -20.566686715507508
     -9.4497405180564
   -6.909112502719487
   -10.00431602969873
  2.0623978070504845
  3.1117508432954772
   -15.89360822941938
   -5.036284254673026
  6.4832158769943335
  12.429497299109002
   -20.32003219007654
    -2.0049838218725
  -17.867901734183793
   7.646455887420495
 -2.2653482182417406
 -0.10308920436195645
   -1.380034070385301
only showing top 20 rows
```

Thank Jour