

3.

Algorithm

Initial pheromone values $\tau_{ij} \forall j \in [1, n]$

~~for each ant $i \in [1, m]$~~

repeat

B

for each ant $i \in [1, \dots, n]$
randomly choose starting city $i_0 \in S$ for
ant i

move

while $S \neq 0$ do

remove current city from selection set

$S \rightarrow S \setminus \{i\}$

choose next city i' in S with

$$\text{probability } P_{ij} = \frac{z_{i'j}^{\text{initial}}}{\sum_{i' \in S} z_{i'j}^{\text{initial}}}$$

$z_{i'j}$

update solution function $\pi_{i \rightarrow j}$

move to next city $i \rightarrow i'$

end while

finalize solution $\pi_{1, (1)} \rightarrow i_0$

end for

for each solution $\pi_i, i \in [1, \dots, n]$ do

calculate tour length $t(\pi_i) \rightarrow \alpha_{i, \pi_i}$

end for

for all (i, j) do

update pheromone $Z_{ij} = \alpha_{i, \pi_i} - \beta \rho_{ij}$

end for

determine best solution of iteration

$\pi^t = \arg \min \{t(\pi), \pi \in \Pi, m\}$

if π^t better than current best π^* , i.e. $t(\pi^t) < t(\pi^*)$

else

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$\in \Gamma_{1,n}$

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then set  $\pi^* \mapsto \pi^+$ 
end if
for all  $(i,j) \in \Gamma^*$  do
    reinforce  $Z_{ij} \mapsto Z_{ij} + 1/2$ 
    end for
    for all  $(i,j) \in \Gamma^*$  do
        reinforce  $Z_{ij} \rightarrow Z_{ij} + 1/2$ 
    end for
    until condition for termination.
    next

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Program:

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import numpy as np.

def initialize_phenomena(n, tau_0):
    return np.full((n, n), tau_0)

def calculate_distance(city1, city2)
    return np.linalg.norm(city1 - city2)

def calculate_probabilities(phenomenes,
                           distances, alpha, beta, visited, current_city)
    n = len(phenomenes)
    probabilities = np.zeros(n)
    for j in range(n):
        if j not in visited:
            probabilities[j] = (phenomenes[  

                current_city, j] * alpha) * ((1 / distances  

                [current_city, j]) ** beta)

```

return probabilities/probabilities. sum

def acc_tsp (cities, m, alpha, beta, rho, & iterations):

n = len(cities)

tau = 1 / [n * np.mean(t) calculate

distances (cities[i], cities[j]) for i in range

(n) for j in range(n)])

pheromones = initialize_pheromones(n,

tau 0)

best_tau = None.

best_tau.length = float('inf')

for i in range(m):

tau = []

visited = set()

current_city = np.random.randint(0, n)

visited.add(current_city)

tau.append(current_city)

while len(visited) < :

probabilities = calculate_probabilities(pheromone, distances, alpha, beta, visited, current_city)

next_city = np.random.choice(range(n), p=probabilities)

visited.add(next_city)

tau.append(next_city)

current-city = next-city

tour.append(next-city)

tour-length = sum(distances[tour[i],

tour[i+1]]

for i in range(len(tour)-1):

all_tours.append(tour)

all_tour_lengths.append(tourLength)

delta_tour = &/tour_length

for i in range(len(tour)-1):

phonestones[tour[i], tour[i+1]]+=

delta_tour

phononestone[i, tour[i]]+=

delta_tour

tour

phonestones* = (1 - rho)

min_tour_length = min(all_tour_lengths)

If min_length < best_tour_length:

best_tour_length = min_tour_length

best_tour = all_tours[argmin[

all_tour_length]]

all_tour_length], best_tour_length,

return best_tour, best_tour_length

If name == "main":

cities = np.array([50, 63, 137, 143,

[6, 17])

Distance = np.array([calculated distance])

(c1, c2)

for c2 in cities]) for c1 in cities])

m = 10

alpha = 1

beta = 2

rho = 0.5

Q = 100

iterations = 100

*best_tour, best_tour_length = QCTP
 cities, m, alpha, beta, rho, Q, iterations)
 print ("Best tour: ", best_tour)
 print ("Best tour length: ", best_tour_length)*

Output:

Best tour: [0, np.array(64(1), np.int64(3)), 8]

Best tour length: 15,825.

S.A.