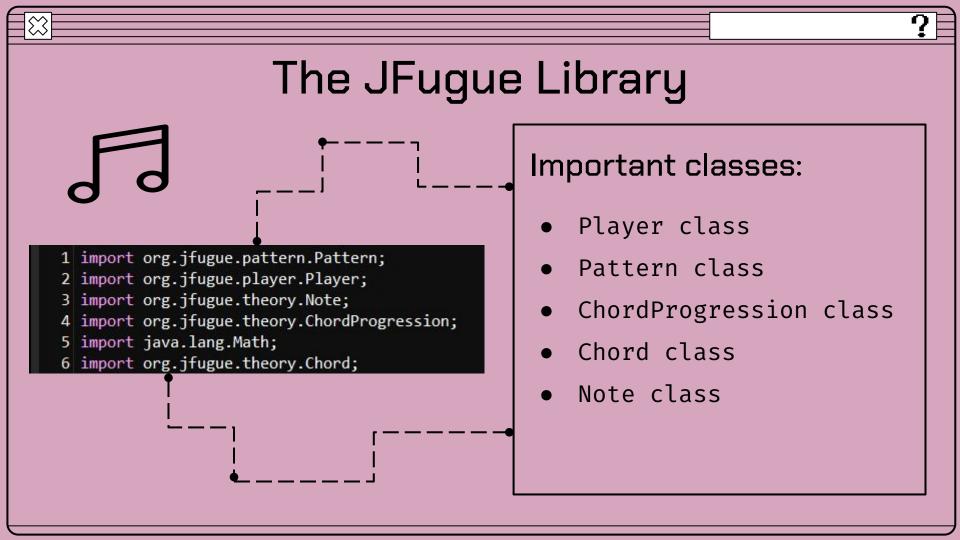
# Music Builder: J J J J A Computer Science Project

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# ChordProgression

```
public static ChordProgression randMajTonic(){
  int num = (int)(Math.random() * 9);
  ChordProgression cp = new ChordProgression("");
  if(num <= 3){
     cp = new ChordProgression("I");
  if(num == 4 || num == 5){
     cp = new ChordProgression("iii");
  if(num == 6 || num == 7){
     cp = new ChordProgression("vi");
  if(num == 8){
     cp = randMaj();
  return cp;
```

#### RandomChords Class:

- static methods
- different methods for tonic, predominant, and dominant
- uses math.random to control probability

# Patterns (Part 1)

```
31
      public static String randEighthNote(){
32
         int num = (int)(Math.random() * 4);
33
         if(num == 0){
34
            return "$0i ";
35
36
         if(num == 1){
37
            return "$1i ";
38
39
         if(num == 2){
40
            return "$2i ";
41
42
         if(num == 3){
43
            return "Ri ";
44
45
         return "";
46
```

### Sequence Class:

- creates the basic string needed to build patterns
- creates a root, third, fifth, and rest note



## Patterns (Part 2)

```
public static String randHalfBeat(int i){
   int num = (int)(Math.random() * 8);
   if(i == 0){
      if(num == 0){
         return randHalfNote();
      if(num == 1 || num == 2 || num == 3){
         return randQuaterBeat(i) + randQuaterBeat(i);
      if(num == 4 || num == 5){}
         return randDotQuaterBeat(i) + randEighthBeat(i);
      if(num == 6 || num == 7){}
         return randEighthBeat(i) + randDotQuaterBeat(i);
   else{
      if(num == 0 || num == 1 || num == 2){
         return randHalfNote();
      if(num == 3 || num == 4){}
         return randQuaterBeat(i) + randQuaterBeat(i);
      if(num == 5){
         return randDotQuaterBeat(i) + randEighthBeat(i);
      if(num == 6 || num == 7){}
         return randEighthBeat(i) + randDotQuaterBeat(i);
```

#### Sequence Class:

- makes the beats of the music using the previous note-builder methods
- the input decides whether the ending notes should be longer or not



#### Phrases

```
public static Pattern[] smallMajFourFour(boolean e, String k){
   //for chords
   Pattern p1 = new Pattern("V0");
   //for sequences
   Pattern p2 = new Pattern("V1");
   ChordProgression cp;
   Pattern[] p4 = \{p1, p2\};
   int num = (int)(Math.random() * 2);
   //one chord in tonic
   if(num == 0){
      cp = new ChordProgression("I").setKey(k);
      p1.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.getChord(cp, "w")));
      p2.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.randWholeBeat(0)));
   //two chords in tonic
   if(num == 1){
      cp = new ChordProgression("I").setKey(k);
      p1.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.getChord(cp, "h")));
      p2.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.randHalfBeat(0)));
      cp = RandomChord.randMajTonic().setKey(k);
      p1.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.getChord(cp, "h")));
      p2.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.randHalfBeat(0)));
   num = (int)(Math.random() * 2);
   //two chords in predom
   if(num == 0){
      for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
         cp = RandomChord.randMajPreDom().setKey(k);
        p1.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.getChord(cp, "w")));
         p2.add(cp.eachChordAs(Sequences.randWholeBeat(0)));
```

#### Phrase Class:

- combines the Sequence class and RandomChord class
- creates a Pattern array that can be played with one part being the chords and the other the melody





# Music Builder (Part 1)

```
11 public class RandomMusic{
      public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException{
13
14
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
16
            System.out.println("Enter a key (major or minor): ");
            //true is major, false is minor
18
            Boolean mode = true:
19
            String key = scanner.next() + scanner.next();
20
            if(key.indexOf("minor") != -1 ){
               mode = false;
22
23
            int space = kev.indexOf("m");
24
            key = key.substring(0, space);
            System.out.println("Which time signature: 4/4, 3/4, or 6/8: ");
26
            String sign = scanner.next();
28
29
            System.out.println("What length: short, medium, long: ");
            String length = scanner.next();
31
32
            System.out.println("Enter a tempo: ");
33
            int tempo = scanner.nextInt();
34
35
            scanner.close();
36
            Pattern p1 = new Pattern();
            Pattern p2 = new Pattern();
            Pattern[] p3 = {p1, p2};
            Player player = new Player();
```

#### RandomMusic Class:

- uses the scanner class to receive input
- user can decide between the meter, key, tempo, and length



# Music Builder (Part 2)

```
if(length.equals("short")){
  if(mode){
     if(sign.equals("4/4")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMajFourFour(true, key);
     if(sign.equals("3/4")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMajThreeFour(true, key);
     if(sign.equals("6/8")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMajSixEight(true, key);
  else{
     if(sign.equals("4/4")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMinFourFour(true, key);
     if(sign.equals("3/4")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMinThreeFour(true, key);
     if(sign.equals("6/8")){
        p3 = Phrase.smallMinSixEight(true, key);
```

#### RandomMusic Class:

 calls the method necessary according to the input provided



