

MCQ : Answers are marked with yellow colour

1. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

2. numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)

```
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

3. As what datatype are the *args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

4. set1 = {14, 3, 55}

```
set2 = {82, 49, 62}
```

```
set3={99,22,17}
```

```
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
```

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error

5. What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

6. Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) `timedate`
- b) `date`
- c) `datetime`
- d) `time`

7. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

8. Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) `strptime`
- b) `strftime`
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

9. The python tuple is _____ in nature.

- a) mutable
- b) `immutable`
- c) unchangeable
- d) none

10. The ____ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- a) `range()`
- b) `set()`
- c) `dictionary{}`
- d) None of the mentioned above

11. Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- a) Del function
- b) Show function
- c) `Lambda function`
- d) None of the mentioned above

12. The module Pickle is used to ____.

- a) Serializing Python object structure

- b) De-serializing Python object structure
- c) **Both A and B**
- d) None of the mentioned above

13. Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- a) set() method
- b) **dump() method**
- c) load() method
- d) None of the mentioned above

14. Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- a) **load()**
- b) set() method
- c) dump() method
- d) None of the mentioned above

15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of ____.

- a) Alphabets
- b) Numbers
- c) Special symbols
- d) **All of the mentioned above**

16. Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
    "Enterprise": "Picard",
    "Voyager": "Janeway",
    "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
Defiant Sisko
```

- a) `for ship, captain in captains.items():`
`print(ship, captain)`
- b) `for ship in captains:`
`print(ship, captains[ship])`
- c) `for ship in captains:`
`print(ship, captains)`
- d) **both a and b**

17. Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

- a) `captains = {dict}`
- b) `type(captains)`
- c) `captains.dict()`
- d) `captains = {}`

18. Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data! Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko". Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}`
`captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}`
`captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`

b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"`
`captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"`
`captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

c) `captains = {`
 `"Enterprise": "Picard",`
 `"Voyager": "Janeway",`
 `"Defiant": "Sisko",`
`}`

d) None of the above

19. You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) `for item in captains.items():`
 `print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")`
- b) `for ship, captain in captains.items():`
 `print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- c) `for captain, ship in captains.items():`
 `print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- d) All are correct

20. You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

what statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) `del captains`
- b) `captains.remove()`
- c) `del captains["Discovery"]`
- d) `captains["Discovery"].pop()`