RAG Workflow Overview

A Step-by-Step Guide to Implementing Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)

Step 1: Set up Environment

- Import required libraries
- Load API key from .env file
- Determine LLM version based on date
- Example: GPT-3.5 Turbo or GPT-4

Step 2: Load Document and Create VectorDB

- Use OpenAl Embeddings for vectorization
- Set up Chroma as the vector database
- Persist directory: `docs/chroma/`
- Example: `Chroma` with OpenAI embeddings

Step 4: Create LLM

- Use `ChatOpenAI` class from LangChain
- Specify model name and temperature
- Example: `llm =
 ChatOpenAI(model_name=llm_name,
 temperature=0)`
- Verify LLM response: `llm.predict('Hello world!')`

Step 5: Conversational Retrieval Chain

- Create a retriever from the vector database
- Set up memory with `ConversationBufferMemory`
- Combine LLM, retriever, and memory into a QA chain
- - Example:
 - `ConversationalRetrievalChain.from_llm(...)`

Step 6: Build Chatbot on Documents

- Use text loaders for PDF or text files
- Split text with `CharacterTextSplitter` or similar tools
- Create a chatbot class to manage conversations
- Example: Class `cbfs` handles chat logic

Step 7: Speech Integration

- Use libraries like `speech_recognition`,
 `pydub`, and `whisper`
- Implement wake word detection for interactions
- Transcribe audio inputs with Whisper models
- Example: `transcribe_forever` and `reply` functions

Conclusion

- RAG combines LLMs with document retrieval for effective QA
- Steps include environment setup, vector DB creation, and chatbot development
- Integrate speech for enhanced user interaction
- Tools used: OpenAI, LangChain, Whisper, and others