```
1. Display all departments from department table.
-> SELECT * FROM DEPT;
2. Display all employees from employee table.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP;
3. Select the employee in department 30.
-> SELECT * FROM emp WHERE dept_no =30;
4. List the names, numbers and department no of all clerks.
-> select ID, NAME, DEPT_NO from emp where ROLE= 'Clerk';
5. Find the depart numbers and the name of employee of all dept with Deptno greater or equal to 20.
-> SELECT D.ID, E.NAME, D.NAME FROM EMP E, DEPT D WHERE E.ID = D.ID AND E.DEPT NO >=20
6. Find the employees whose commission is greater than their salary.
-> SELECT * FROM emp WHERE commission>salary;
7. Find the employees whose commission is greater than 60 percent of their salary.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION > SALARY*60/100;
8. Find the employee whose commission is greater than 50 percent of their salary. The result must show only one
record.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION > SALARY*50/100:
9. List the name, job and salary of all employees in dept 20 who earn more than 2000.
-> SELECT NAME, ROLE, SALARY WHERE DEPT_NO = 20 AND SALARY > 2000;
10. Find all salesmen in dept 30 whose salary is greater than or equal to Rs. 1500.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SALARY >= 1500 AND DEPT_NO = 30 AND ROLE = 'Salesman';
11. Find all the employees whose job is either a president or manager.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE ROLE IN ('President', 'Manager')
12. Find all managers who are not in dept 30.
-> SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE ROLE = 'Manager' AND DEPT NO <> 30
13. Find the details of all managers and clerks in dept 10.
```

-> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE IN ('Manager', 'Clerk') and DEPT\_NO = 10

- 14. Find the details of all manager (in any dept) and all clerks in dept 10
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE = 'Manager'

**UNION** 

SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE = 'Clerk' and DEPT\_NO = 10

- 15. Find the details of all managers in dept 10 and all clerks in dept 20.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE = 'Manager' and DEPT\_NO = 10

**UNION** 

SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE = 'Clerk' and DEPT\_NO = 20

- 16. Find all employees who are neither clerks nor manager but whose salary is greater than or equal to Rs. 2000.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE NOT IN ('Manager', 'Clerk') AND SALARY >= 2000
- 17. Find the employees who earns between Rs. 1200 and Rs.1400.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE SALARY BETWEEN 1200 AND 1400
- 18. Find the employees who are clerks, analysts or salesman.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE IN ('Analyst', 'Clerk', 'Salesman')
- 19. Find the employees who are not clerks, analyst or salesman.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE ROLE NOT IN ('Analyst', 'Clerk', 'Salesman')
- 20. Find the employees who do not receive a commission i.e. commission is NULL.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION IS NULL
- 21. Find the employee whose commission is Rs. 0.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION=0
- 22. Find the different jobs of the employees receiving commission.
- -> SELECT DISTINCT ROLE FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION <> 0 OR COMMISSION IS NOT NULL
- 23. Find all employees who do not receive a commission or whose Commission is less than Rs. 100.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE COMMISSION < 100 OR COMMISSION IS NOT NULL
- 24. The employees who not receiving commission are entailed to Rs. 250, Show the net earnings of all employees. (find about coalesce())

->

- 25. Find all employees whose total earnings are greater than Rs. 2000.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE SALARY+COMMISSION > 2000
- 26. Find all employees whose names begin with m.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE NAME LIKE 'M%'
- 27. Find all employees whose names end with m.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE NAME LIKE '%M'
- 28. Find all employees whose names contain the letter m.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE UPPER(NAME) LIKE '%M%'
- 29. Find the employees whose names are 5 characters long and end with n.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE NAME LIKE '\_\_\_\_n'
- 30. Find the employees who have the letter r as the third letter in their name.
- -> SELECT \* FROM EMP WHERE NAME LIKE '\_\_r%'