

## Exercise 32.3 Managing Groups of Packages with APT

**APT** provides the ability to manage groups of packages, similarly to the way **yum** does it, through the use of **metapackages**. These can be thought of as **virtual packages**, that collect related packages that must be installed and removed as a group.

To get a list of of available metapackages:

```
$ apt-cache search metapackage
```

```
bacula - network backup service - metapackage
bacula-client - network backup service - client metapackage
bacula-server - network backup service - server metapackage
cloud-utils - metapackage for installation of upstream cloud-utils source
compiz - OpenGL window and compositing manager
emacs - GNU Emacs editor (metapackage)
```

You can then easily install them like regular single packages, as in:

## \$ sudo apt-get install bacula-client

```
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
   bacula-common bacula-console bacula-fd bacula-traymonitor
Suggested packages:
   bacula-doc kde gnome-desktop-environment
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   bacula-client bacula-common bacula-console bacula-fd bacula-traymonitor
O upgraded, 5 newly installed, O to remove and O not upgraded.
Need to get 742 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1,965 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n]
```

Select an uninstalled metapackage and then remove it.

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