

## English

Active and Passive Voice :

Passive Voice - Request :

In Active voice, a request begins with 'please'. When we change a request from Active to passive voice, we should begin the sentence with 'you are requested to' in place of 'please'. If the request is in negative form, the request in passive voice should begin with 'you are requested not to'.

(E.g) : 1. please assemble in the ground. (Active).

You are requested to assemble in the ground. (passive).

Q. Please do not use Mobile phones here. (Active)

You are requested not to use mobile phones here (passive)

### Passive Voice - Advice.

When we change an advice from active to passive voice, we should begin the sentence with 'you are advised to'. If the advice is in negative form, it should begin with 'you are advised not to'.

(E.g) 1. Work hard (Active)

You are advised to work hard (Passive).

2. Do not Eat Junk food. (Active)

You are advised not to Eat Junk food. (Passive)

→ Similarly, You can also use the following for other imperative.

\* You are instructed to ...

You are instructed not to ...

\* You are ordered to ...

You are ordered not to ...

Passive Voice - Omitting the agent.

In the sentences beginning with Someone / no one, omit the 'agent' (subject) in the passive voice.

(eg) 1. Somebody has taken away my  
Book (Active)

My book has been taken away  
(passive)

2. No one has bought the tickets  
(Active)

The Tickets have not been bought  
(passive).

\* (Add 'not' to the Verb for nobody,  
none, no one).

Passive Voice - Interrogatives.

When sentence are changed to  
Passive, they begin with a Verb (in  
'Yes/ No' questions) or with a questions  
word followed by the Verb (in 'Wh'  
questions).

a) Questions beginning with Auxiliary Verbs.

(E.g.) 1) Did he write a letter? (Active)

Was a letter written by him? (passive)

2) Is he watching us? (Active)

Are we being watched by him? (passive)

b) Questions beginning with 'wh' words.

(E.g.) 1. Who will accept this? (Active)

By whom will this be accepted?

(passive).

2. Who has arranged this Meeting?  
(Active)

By whom has this Meeting been  
arranged? (passive)

## Idioms and Phrases.

Idioms are groups of words put together as a unit with a particular Meaning. The Meaning of the Word is not Literal.

For Examples:

If one says that the cat is out of the ~~bog~~ bog

## Idioms and phrases :-

### 1. Colours.

(i) the black Market (illegal trade)

⇒ The smuggled Weapons from Mexico were sold on the black Market

(ii) To feel blue (feel sad, gloomy)

⇒ He feels a little blue because he cannot find a girlfriend.

(iii) the green light (go ahead)

⇒ The students got the green light from the guides for seminar topics

(iv) In black and white (very clearly, correctly written).

⇒ This is good to have the agreement in black and white.

(v) out of the blue (unexpected)

⇒ The invitation arrived out of the blue.

(vi) the red carpet (privileged treatment)

⇒ We will roll out the red carpet for the chief guest.

(vii) a white lie (telling a lie that is harmless, trivial)

⇒ I had to tell a white lie because he was so sick.

## 2. Food.

(i) the apple of one's eyes (favourite persons).

⇒ Aakash was a brights guys and he was the apple of teacher's eyes.

(ii) to cream someone off (use someone for their advantage).

⇒ The best graduates are creamed off by Multinational Companies.

(iii) to go bananas (to go crazy)

⇒ I will go bananas if my team wins the championship.

(iv) in a pickle (in a difficult position)

⇒ Alice is definitely in a pickle as she didn't meet her last month's sales target.

(v) a piece of cake (very easy)

⇒ The final exam was a piece of cake for students.

### 3. Number :

(i) at first sight (initial impression)

⇒ Don't Judge people and things at first sight.

(ii) in seventh heaven (Extremely happy).

⇒ Since, John and Mary got Married, they have been in seventh heaven.

(iii) on cloud nine (blissfully happy)

⇒ Bala an was on cloud nine after winning the Marathon.

(iv) Second Nature (an innate ability because of action for a long time),

⇒ Driving becomes Second Nature after a while.

#### 4. Parts of the Body :

(i) a big Mouth.

⇒ Don't tell John anything because he has a big Mouth.

(ii) by heart (Memorizing or knowing Verbatim)

⇒ Jane knows the entire poem by heart!

(iii) a long Face (looking sad, unhappy).

⇒ Why has John got such a long Face? He has failed Exam.

(iv) to see eye to eye (agree fully with someone)

⇒ The ruling party and the opposition do not see eye to eye on many issues.

## Idioms and phrases.

- \* Rank and file  
↓  
ordinary people.
- \* By fits and starts  
↓  
In short periods, not regularly.
- \* A wee bit  
↓  
A little
- \* Out of the wood  
↓  
Free from difficulties and dangers
- \* under this thumb.  
↓  
Under his control
- \* Burn the Midnight oil  
↓  
Work or study hard.

\* come off with flying colors.



Be highly successful.

\* Hoping against hope.



without hope.

\* An axe to grind



A personal interest in the manner

\* At daggers drawn.



Bitterly hostile.

\* Rain cats and dogs



Rain heavily

\* No avail



Without any result.

\* Keep one at bay

||

Keep one at a distance

\* Like a cat on hot bricks

||

Very nervous.

\* Cat and dog life

||

life full of Quarrels

\* Cry for the Moon.

||

Ask for the impossible.

\* out of the Way

||

Strange

\* Show a clear pair of heels

||

Run away

\* In the nick of time



Just at the Last Moment.

\* Sitting on the Fence.



Hesitate between two decisions.

\* The gift of the gab



Talent for speaking

\* Feather one's own nest



Make Money Unfairly.

\* Tooth and Nail



With all one's power.

\* A Man of Straw



A Man of no Substance.

\* In cold blood.  
↓  
Deliberately and without emotion.

\* Leave one in the lurch

↓

Desert one in difficulties.

\* Like a fish out of water.

↓

In a strange situation.

\* In hot water

↓

In trouble

\* Nip in the bud.

↓

Destroy in the early stage

\* To all names.

↓

To abuse.

\* on tenterhooks



In a state of suspense and anxiety.

\* A hard nut to crack



A difficult problem.

\* A big gun



An important person.

\* Take one to task



Rebuke.

\* Grain Ground



Become popular.

\* A bosom Friend



A very close friend.

\* A Brown study

↓  
Dreaming

\* A close shave

↓  
Narrow Escape

\* Make up one's Mind

↓  
Decide

\* Bring to light

↓  
Lies close

\* pay off old scores

↓  
Take revenge.

\* with a high hand

↓  
Oppressively.

\* Above board



Honest and open

\* Through thick and thin



Under all conditions.

\* At sixes and sevens



In a disordered / disorganized

Manner, chaotic.

\* At home.



Comfortable.

\* At sea.



confused and lost

\* At bone about of contention



A Source of Quarrel.

\* An acid test



A critical test

\* To build Castles in the air



Make imaginary schemes.

\* Spill the beans



To disclose a secret.

\* Mean business



Being serious or dedicated

\* Apple of one's eye



Being cherished.

\* Back out



To withdraw from a promise  
or contract.

\* Blow up



To explode.

\* Break down



Failure in something

\* Break off



To end or discontinue.

\* Break up



To disperse / dissolve.

\* Bring up



To rear.

\* Call Forth

↓↓

To provoke

\* Call out

↓↓

To shout

\* Carry on

↓↓

To continue

\* Cast away

↓↓

To throw aside.

\* Catch up with

↓↓

To overtake

\* Cry down

↓↓

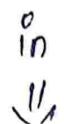
To make little of

\* Cry out against



To complain loudly against

\* Drop in



To visit casually

\* Drop out



To fall away

\* Fall back



To retreat

\* Fall off



To withdraw

\* Get along



To prosper

\* Get into

↓

To be involved in

\* Give in

↓

To Yield.

\* Go after

↓

To Follow

\* Go by

↓

To Follow

\* Hold out

↓

To offer

\* Keep off

↓

To ward off

\* Out of the blue



Happen Unexpected.

\* Out on a limb.



Do something Risky

\* Over the Top.



Totally Excessive and Not Suitable

for the Occasion.

\* Roll up sleeves.



To get yourself prepared.

\* See eye to eye.



To be in agreement with.

\* Shot in the dark

The Complete guess.

\* Sink your teeth into

Do something with a lot of Energy

\* Tight spot

A difficult situation

\* Whale of a time

Enjoy a lot

\* On Account of

Due to

\* The heel of Achilles



A weak point.

\* An Adonis.



A very handsome Man.

\* To Assume airs



To affect Superiority

\* To Lead to the altar.



To Marry

\* An Ananias



A Liar.

\* Apple pie Order.



In perfect Order.

\* Barmacide Feast



Imaginary Benefits.

\* At first Blush



At first sight.

\* To breathe one's last



To Die.

\* To Catch one's Eye



To attract attention.

\* To Square the circle



To attempt something impossible.

\* Closed fist  $\downarrow$

Mean.

\* To throw cold Water upon anything

$\downarrow$

To discourage efforts.

\* Crocodile tears

$\downarrow$

Hypocritical Tears.

\* Cut and dried

$\downarrow$

Ready Made

\* Up to date.

$\downarrow$

Recent

\* Evil days.

$\downarrow$

A Periods of Misfortune.

\* Go to the devil  
↓  
Be off.

\* Devil's Bones  
↓  
Dice.

\* Devil's Playthings  
↓  
Playing Cards.

\* A white Elephant.  
↓  
A Useless Possession

\* A fish out of water  
↓  
Any one in an awkward.

\* Foul Play  
↓  
cheating

\* A ball Park Figure



A General Financial Figure.

\* Hear it on the Grapevine.



To Hear rumors

\* Not a spark of decency



No Manner

\* Fishy



Doubtfully, Suspicious

\* First and Foremost



Extreme Enthusiasm.

\* Fine and fuzzy

↓

Fearful penalties.

\* Fabian Policy

↓

Policy of delaying decisions

\* Excuse My French.

↓

please forgive me for cussing.

\* Step into someone's shoes

↓

Take some one's place.

\* A Slap on the Wrist.

↓

A very Mild Punishment.

Fill in the blanks.

I) (i) He was met by a \_\_\_\_\_ of

Noisy, angry youth.

(ii) The British feel no compunction about ushering the Gentry into the Coach and packing the \_\_\_\_\_ off to debtors' prison.

(iii) We arrived at the grounds after following a \_\_\_\_\_ of butterflies.

(iv) Tourists \_\_\_\_\_ to the picturesque village.

A) Hearth

B) Gentry

C) Cream

D) Rabble

E) Society

## Explanation :-

- (i) a disorderly crowd  
(ii) ordinary people.  
(iii) a large group of butterflies.  
(iv) a present in Large Number
- 2) (i) You are all the others like  
You are                 .  
(ii) Some calls were vitriolic, accusing  
us of publishing pornography and  
                  
(iii) Stagnant pools of                  are  
Scattered all over this area.  
(iv) The windows were thick with  
                .

- A) Celibacy
- B) filth
- C) fastidious
- D) coherent
- E) dirty.

Explanation:

- (i) Corrupted
- (ii) Obscene and offensive Language  
on printed Material
- (iii) Mine
- (iv) dirt ingrained on the Surface of  
Some thing.

3) (i) The building has been Lovingly

(ii) The Effort to — him to office isn't  
Working.

(iii) The Government confidence in the housing Market

(iv) The steering box was recently restored.

A) cured

B) disrupted

C) Moved

D) restored

E) desolate.

Explanation:

(i) Repair or Renovate

(ii) return to a former

(iii) bring back or Re-establish.

(iv) take apart.

- 4) (i) The debate has become \_\_\_\_\_ by conflicting ideological perspectives.
- (ii) None of this should \_\_\_\_\_ the skill and perseverance of the workers.
- (iii) Grey clouds \_\_\_\_\_ the Sun
- (iv) His origin and parentage are \_\_\_\_\_

A) obscured

B) cloaked

C) Brightened

D) lambent

E) Amplified

Explanation:

- (i) Make unclear and difficult to understand
- (ii) keep from being known.
- (iii) keep from being seen.
- (iv) uncertain

## Rearrangement of sentences.

Direction :

Five statements are given below, which are jumbled in any random order. These statement will form a coherent and meaningful paragraph, when arranged in the correct sequences. Arranges the sentences in the right order and answer the questions that follows.

The world Health Organization has declared India as polio-free since no new polio case has been reported in the country in the last couple of years.

- A. It also gives an idea regarding the effective implementation of the Government Schemes in the country

So that they give the desired result.

- B. Without participation from the general public, it would not have been possible to achieve this tremendous feat with the government schemes only.
- C. India can take heart from this success and can replicate the same model for eradication of other diseases also from the country.
- D. The thrust should be on educating the mass regarding the harmful effects of insects and the reasons for the growth of such insects.
- E. This underlines the efforts by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare along with the staff members at the ground level.

1. which among the following will be the

fourth sentences of the paragraph after  
the rearrangement?

A) H

B) D

C) B

D) A

E) None of the above.

2. which among the following will be the

Second sentences of the paragraph after  
the rearrangement

A) D

B) C

C) B

D) A

E) E

3. which among the following will be the

fifth sentence of the Paragraph after the  
rearrangement?

- A) D
- B) B
- C) E
- D) C

✓E) A

4) which among the following will be the FIRST sentences of the paragraph after the rearrangement?

- A) A
- B) C
- C) D
- D) E
- E) B

5) which among the following will be the third sentences of the paragraph after the rearrangement

- A) A
- B) B
- C) D
- D) E
- E) C

## Tenses

- \* They have been living in Shri Nagar for 5 years.
- \* At the moment the child is playing in the garden.
- \* I have told you already about it.
- \* If you study (study) hard, you will secure a first division.
- \* She passes (pass) the post office on her way to school every day.
- \* He has been reading (read) since morning.
- \* This pen has cost (cost) me ten rupees.

- \* He has been waiting (<sup>wai<sup>n</sup></sup> for) me since morning.
- \* The sun shines (shine) by day.
- \* The bell has rung (ring) just now.
- \* She has been attending (attend) college since 4<sup>th</sup> July.
- \* Why do you come (you come) late every day.
- \* When he meets (Meet) you, he will love you.
- \* It is not raining (not rain) now.
- \* I have not yet given (Not yet give) up hope.

\* If you are (be) hungry, you can eat.

\* The Earth moves (move) round the Sun.

\* The sun rises (rise) in the East and sets (set) in the West.

\* He has been suffering (suffer) from Malaria since day before yesterday

\* It has rained (rain) all the year round here.

\* He writes (write) to me every Month.

\* Where does he go (go) to play in the evening?

\* This servant has been working (work) with us for ten years.

\* What time do you reach (reach) home in the evening?

\* How do you get (get) on with your studies?

\* He bought (buy) a car one month ago

\* She left (leave) for Jammu yesterday

\* He taught (teach) in this college for five years.

\* I wrote (write) to her last week.

- \* He was (be) weak in English in the beginning.
- \* people voted (vote) them out in the recent elections
- \* I was having (have) my breakfast at 8:30 am yesterday
- \* I was writing (write) a letter when she knocked at the door
- \* we were bathing (bathe) in the river when it was raining.
- \* He was watching (watch) television when I came in.
- \* He told (tell) me that he had never met you.

Lemon spotting.

1. parts of northern France were also (A) / put in drought alert, with (B) / water supplies to businesses, (C) / farmers and ordinary residents restricted. (D) / NO error (E).
- (B) put in drought alert with.

2. As the intergovernmental panel on climate change (IPCC) points out, (A) / drawing over large amounts of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere (B) / is essential if we are to stand any chance of preventing (C) / more than 1.5°C or even 2°C of global heating. (D) / NO error (E).

(B) Drawing over large amounts of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere.

3) we hypothesized that the (A) / trustworthiness  
of the original sources (B) / Might be an  
Element that contributed to the (C) / accuracy  
of people's Judgment about online Images (D)  
No Error (E)

(B) trustworthiness of the original  
Sources.

4) Local gold prices hit a record 35,960  
rupees per 10 grams (A) / on Tuesday, having  
Jumped More than (B) / 10 percent over the  
past Month, rising in lines with (C) /  
international prices on tensions in the  
Middle East (D) / No Error (E)

(C) 10 percent over the past Month, rising  
in lines with.

5) Farmers like Baburao Tadas from Wardha district in Maharashtra (A) / is praying for Normal Monsoon rains after (B) / their incomes were hit by erratic weather and (C) / lower crop prices over the past few years. (D) / No error (E).

(B) is praying for Normal Monsoon rains after.

6) This is an egregious Example (A) of the worst inequalities of (B) / the housing crisis, but (C) / also not as unusual as you many think (D) / No error (E)  
(E) No error.

7) Demand usual picks up (A) / in  
B) the second half of (B) / the year due to

C) the wedding season (D) / No error (E)

(A) Demand usual picks up.

8) The company wants to stay in (A) /  
the fossil fuel business, but it needs (B) /  
to fend for the regulation (C) / that

Might threaten this business (D) /

No error (E)

(C) to fend for the Regulation.

9) A set of eminent statisticians (A) /

Jumped the fray, (B) / Vehemently  
defending their (C) / colleagues and  
their findings (D) / No error (E)

(B) Jumped the fray.

- 10) She is Expected to abide to a checklist  
(A) Taped to the back of the front door,  
which insists (B) / that hair straighteners  
are turned off and lists the various  
doors, (C) / windows and sky lights that  
must be locked prior to leaving (D)/  
No error (E)

(A) She is Expected to abide to a  
checklist.

11. The RBI rules led to an aggressively  
(A) / lobbying effort from the United States  
Government and American Companies (B)/  
who said the directive would increase  
infrastructure costs (C) / and hurts  
firms investment plans (D) / no error (E).

A) The RBI rules Led to an aggressively

13) The index is a useful tool as it helps identify (A) / the problems as well as the success stories (B) / and provide an opportunity for states to learn (C) / from each other's successes as well as failures (D) / No Error (E)

(D) From each other's successes as well as failures.

14) Even India is (A) / feeling the pinches (B) and it has increasingly (C) / weighed on business confidence (D) / No Error (E)  
(B) feeling the pinches.

15. While the tooth fairy continues to lag ahead (A) / tech developments, there are already piggy bank apps, (B) / ones for pocket Money with contactless cards, and

(C) / Schools use cashless payment systems  
for lunches and trips. (D) / No error (E)

(A) while the tooth fairy continues to lag ahead.

16) parties were counseled (A) / to advice new (B) / entrants to (C) / refrain from heckling (D) / No error (E).

(B) to advice new

17) These restrictive ads imply (A) / underline the extend to which power (B) / like weather, wealth, is (C) / concentrated in the hands of landlords (D) / No error (E).  
(E) No Error.

18) The New Government has Made a Good beginning by (A) / turning its Front on dubious statistics and (B) / officially endorsing the unflattering Unemployment figures (C) / and Marking down the GDP for the January-March Quarter (D) / No error (E)

(B) turning its front on dubious statistics and.

19) Most people are used in (A) / abiding by rules (B) / and good Manners (C) / when cohabiting with Others. (D) / No error (E)

(A) Most people are used in.

20) There is a tendency among Legislators to seek greener pastures (A) / at a time of crisis for their parties, but the nature of these defection (B) /

Suggest that this was not a simple cases of leaving a party (c) / whose political strength had considerably diminished (D) /

No Error (E).

(C) Suggest that this was not a simple case of Leaving a party.

21) Weather scientists say (A) / the initial phase of the Monsoon (B) / was

Marred by (C) / adverse climate

conditions (D) / No Error (E)

(D) adverse climactic conditions.

22) People whom are (A) / concerned can avoid Products (B) / that contain triclosan by (C) / reading the Labels (D) / No Error (E).

(A) people whom are.

Q3) With temperatures in northern Spain and southern France (A) / set to exceed  $44^{\circ}\text{C}$ , governments urged their citizens (B) / to take the utmost precaution, warning that (C) / in some areas the worst was yet to come (D) / No Error (E)

(B) Set to exceed  $44^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Government urged their citizens.

Q4) The US may want to pass laws about (A) / Hong Kong's special positions, but with (B) / US and China now at loggerheads, Hong Kong residents (C) / will have to decide where their ultimate loyalty lies (D) / No Error (E)

(C) US and China now at loggerheads, Hong Kong residents

- 25) Li and colleagues examined data on 1,848 women in the US and found that (A) / those with the highest levels of triclosan in (B) / their urine were two and a half times as likely to have (C) / osteoporosis than women with the lowest triclosan levels (D) ./ No error (E).
- (D) osteoporosis than women with the lowest triclosan levels.
- 26) This is not something that (A) / India would be able to forgo, (B) / however much the US (C) / might oppose it (D) / No error (E).
- (E) No error.

- 27) Some Municipalities like Chennai, Mumbai and Hyderabad (A) / were forced to cut water supplies (B) / to ensure their reserves lasted until (C)

Monsoon rains replenished reservoirs.

No Error (E).

(B) Were forced to cutting water supplies.

(28) The United Airlines has suspended its services (A) / between Newark and Mumbai (B) / amid heightened tensions (C) in the Gulf of Oman (D) / No Error (E).

(A) The United Airlines has suspended it's services.

29) Other than RBI's directive for payments companies, (A) / India has also drafted an overarching law on (B) / data storage which calls out all personal data (C) / determined to be critical to be processed locally (D) / No Error (E)

(C) data storage which calls out all personal data.

30) The threat of El Nino (A) / has now ebbed (B) / which had helped the (C) / Monsoon regain Momentum (D) / No Error (E)

(C) which had helped the.

31) The sowing the of Summer crops (A) such as rice, Soybeans and corns (B) / have been (C) lagging as a result. (D) / No Error (E)

(C) have been lagging.

32) The Indian Monsoon has been (A) / progressing slow with rainfall 37% (B) / below average since (C) / the start of the season on June 1 (D) / No Error (E).

(B) progressing slow with rainfall 37%

1. Popular - Well known
2. Amazing - Surprising
3. Battered - beaten out of shape
4. Extended - offered me.
5. Patched - Sewn up.
6. dazzling - Brilliant
7. Apparent - obvious
8. crystal - a clear Mineral.
9. Porch - Verandah
10. Mended - improved
11. Show up - turn up
12. Articulate - Express
13. figure out - Make out
14. profound - intense feeling
15. repertoire - Songs

16. Unquenchable - Cannot be satisfied
17. irreverent - not showing respect
18. Master - to learn
19. Vista - Hange
20. Cosy - comfortable and Safe
21. Glamour - Attraction.
22. Precariously - in an Unstable Manner
23. Groan - sing
24. Bash - strike heavily
25. in no time at all - Very Quickly.
26. Forlorn - Forsaken
27. Coppers - coins of lower denomination
28. By Jove - an Exclamation of surprise
29. Commissioned - Ordered,
30. rising - replying

- 31. tender - offer
- 32. discharged - carried out
- 33. privilege - benefit
- 34. privileged - prestigious
- 35. Suffice - be enough for
- 36. Exacting - demanding.
- 37. vindictive - Unjust
- 38. Earnestness - seriousness.
- 39. prosecute - pursue
- 40. prey - victim
- 41. Unsophisticated - Natural
- 42. Unfits - does not suits
- 43. Redress - compensation.
- 44. triumph - victory .
- 45. Disaster - a very bad situation.

6. Countenance - face

7. Enfeebled - Made Weak or feeble

8. Stuporous - dazed by shock.

9. Warped - distorted.

10. tavern - inn or public house.

11. Soaring - rising

12. Scramble - struggle

13. heaving - crowded.

14. fanned out - spread out

15. panic - fear.

16. Rumour - false story

17. Corridors - passages

18. Erupt - suddenly happen

19. Torrent - an outpour.

20. Jamming - pushing with force.

- 61. Exodus - Mass Movement From One place
- 62. Welt - Mark .
- 63. brawl - a Noisy and Violent fight
- 64. Punch - hit
- 65. Brawl - Violent fight -
- 66. Cereal - Pulses
- 67. Yields - Produce
- 68. Decade - A period of ten Years.
- 69. pursuit - chase .
- 70. hauls back - Pulls back .
- 71. Shooing - chasing
- 72. Ioth - hate , dislike
- 73. gnomes - dwarfs .
- 74. Council worker - one who works for council
- 75. Stacked - arranged in piles .

- 76. Swirling - Moving around quickly.
- 77. Manoeuvred - Moved skillfully.
- 78. Wading - Walking through the water.
- 79. Squabble - Noisy Quarrel.
- 80. Deluge - Floods.
- 81. buffeted - Swung back and forth.
- 82. Jubilantly - Victoriously.
- 83. Bedraggled - Made wet by muddy water.
- 84. Denied - refused.
- 85. Brutality - cruelty.
- 86. Shortcomings - defects.
- 87. Exceptional - Unusual.
- 88. penalised - punished.
- 89. Simultaneously - at the same time.
- 90. Intervene - become involved in.

91. legislated - Made into  
a law.
92. Stooping - bending forward
93. drooping - closing due to  
tiredness.
94. droning - Making a continuous  
low sound.
95. Moaning - Expression of pain  
or regret.
96. Tinker - Improve something
97. Fender - Mud guard
98. flip - Quick or light blow
99. bailed off - Escaped
100. contraption - device.

101. Warped - Bent, distorted
102. Voyagers - travellers.
103. Seldom - not often, rarely.
104. Twittering - Chirping.
105. Restricted - limited.
106. din - loud, Unpleasant, repeated Noise
107. Sojourn - camp
108. Breed - Yield, Produce
109. Brood - A flock.
110. Congested - overcrowded.

III. Valour - Bravery

112. Scantily - insufficiently

113. Grandeur - Style

114. Contrivances - Machines

115. Vimana - deity

116. opulence - richness

117. Staunch - steadfast

118. doisters - covered passages.

119. intricate - fine, delicate

120. patronage - Support.

121. Shilpi - Sculptor
122. Fickle - changing.
123. Bleary - not focussing
124. Sinews - Muscles.
125. Taut - tense.
126. Stark evidences - clearly  
obvious.
127. Mid Judicious tap - careful slight  
hit.
128. Infested - filled
129. Hefty - big and heavy.
130. Waylaid - attacked.

131. palatial - huge like a palace

132. Mansion - house

133. Staggered - Walked with difficulty

134. plunder - rob

135. impending - likely to happen soon

136. lurk - present but hidden

137. Strategy - plan

138. retrieved - got back.

## Direct and Indirect Speech.

\* Direct - Keitlyn said, "I am very busy now."

\* Indirect - Keitlyn said that she was very busy then.

→ Two verbs commonly used while reporting are told and said.

\* He said (that) he was cooking dinner.

\* He told me (that) he was cooking dinner.

→ Did you notice that tell/told has been used in the sentence which mentions the Listener?

→ In reported speech we need not mention the listener when we use say/said.

\* He said (that) he was cooking. [Listener  
not mentioned].

\* In direct speech we say : Rahim said to me,  
"I will be waiting here!"

Rules for changing Direct Speech into Indirect.

\* When the reporting or principal verb is in the past tense, all Present tense of the Direct are changed into the corresponding past tenses.

Thus :

(a) A simple present becomes a simple past.

\* Direct - He said, "I am fine."

\* Indirect - He said (that) he was fine.

(b) A present continuous becomes a past continuous

\* Direct - She said, "My sister is learning Bharatanatyam."

\* Indirect - She said (that) her sister was learning Bharatanatyam.

(c) A present perfect becomes a past perfect.

\* Direct - He said, "I have won the Match".

\* Indirect - He said (that) he had won the Match.

(d) The shall and the will of the future Tenses is changed into Should and Would.

(e). The Tenses may not change if the statement is universal truth.

\* Direct - The Teacher said, "The Earth goes round the sun."

\* Indirect - The Teacher said that the Earth goes round the sun.

(f) If the reporting verb is in the present Tense, the Tenses of the direct speech do not change.

\* For Example, we may rewrite the above Examples, putting the reporting Verb in the present Tenses,

thus:

\* He says he is fine.

\* She has just said her Sister is learning Bharatanatyam.

\* He says he has won the Match.

\* She says the horse died in the night.

(g) Words Expression Nearness in Time or place

are generally changed into Words Expressing distances. Thus.

⇒ Now - then

⇒ here - there

⇒ ago - before

⇒ thus - so

⇒ today - that day

⇒ tomorrow - the Next day

⇒ Yesterday - the day before.

⇒ Last Night - the Night before.

\*Direct - The prince said, "It gives me great pleasure to be here this Evening."

\*Indirect - The prince said that it gave him great pleasure to be there that Evening.

(h) The changes do not occur if the speech is reported during the same periods or at the same place;

\*Direct - The prince said, "It gives me great pleasure to be here this Evening."

\*Indirect - The prince said that it gives him great pleasure to be here this Evening.

## Commands and Requests :

★ In reporting commands and requests,  
the indirect speech is introduced by  
some verbs as ordered, requested,  
commanded, shouted, urged etc.

- 1) Direct - Rama said to Arjun, "Go away."
- ⇒ Indirect - Rama ordered Arjun to go away.
- 2) Direct - He said to him, "please wait here till I return."
- ⇒ Indirect - He requested him to wait there till he returned.

3) Direct - "Call the first witness,"  
Said the Judge.

Indirect - The Judge commanded them  
to call the first witness.

4) Direct - He shouted, "Let me go."

Indirect - He shouted to them to let  
him go.

5) Direct - He said, "Be quiet and listen  
to my words."

Indirect - He urged them to be quiet  
and listen to his words.

## Exclamations and Wishes :

\* In reporting Exclamations and Wishes the Indirect Speech is introduced by some verbs as exclaimed, applauded etc.

\* Direct - He said, "Alas! I am Undone."

\* Indirect - He Exclaimed Sadly that he was Undone.

\* Direct - Alice said, "How clever I am!"

\* Indirect - Alice Exclaimed that she was very clever.

\* Direct - He said, "Bravo! You have done well!"

\* Indirect - He applauded him, saying that he had done well.

## Sentence pattern:

Sentences are formed with the following:

### 1. Subject (s).

\* The person who does the action in the sentence is the subject of the sentences.

E.g.:

⇒ Ram studies well

⇒ Priya plays games well.

### 2. Verb (v)

\* The word that indicates an action done by the subject or Expresses a

State of being or shows possession, is called the Verb.

E.g

⇒ She went home.

⇒ Kannan is a doctor.

⇒ I have a sister.

### 3) Subject - Complement (C)

\* The word or phrase which completes the meaning is called a complement.

E.g

⇒ Solomon was wise.

⇒ He became the Leader.

### 4) Object Complement:

Eg: \* They elected him Leader.

\* Experience makes one wise.

\* The chill Weather made them shiver.

5) Direct object (Do) and

\* Indirect object (Io)

\* My uncle gave me a present

\* This sentence has two objects 'me' and  
'a present'?

\* My uncle gave a present (Do)

(What did my uncle give?)

\* My uncle gave a me (Io) a present.

(To whom did my uncle give a  
present?)

\* The second sentence is incomplete in  
meaning without the direct objects.

## 6) Object (o)

\*The Word which receives the action from the Subjects is the object of the Sentences.

E.g

⇒ He wrote a novel

⇒ He ate fruits

⇒ We applauded the Leader.

## 7) Adjunct (A)

\* An adjunct is a word or group of words which provided answer to the questions: 'How', 'When', 'Why' or 'Where'.

E.g:

⇒ They came by bus

⇒ She went to chennai.

⇒ You speak English well.

Look at the following pattern :-

1) S+V

Raju      Woke up.  
S                  V.

2) SVO

He      wore      his new uniform  
S                  V                  O

3) SVIODO

His Father      gave      him      his school bag  
S                  V                  IO                  DO

4) SVC

He      was      excited  
S                  V                  C

5) SVO C

Reading      made      him      a complete man  
S                  V                  O                  C

6) SVA

He      was going      to school  
S                  V                  A.

## Sentence Connection.

1. Economic policies formulated by the IAS officers are generally above the Power of comprehension off most of the Ministers.
2. Karim's father does not like hanging around with rowdy boys who causes trouble.
  - A) does not like his hanging around
3. The Japanese army fell out only after the devastating attack on Nagasaki.
  - B) Fell back only after the
4. The Minister didn't respond to an Email requesting an interview, and a call to her office wasn't answered.

E) No connection required.

5) One of the largest slums in the slums in the world is Dhawari where lakhs of people live cheek by Jowl in tiny shacks.

C) like cheek by Jowl in

6) Non-performing assets have led to a seizure of new lending and the Caving off of credit culture

B) the Caving in of credit culture.

7. The Bhagavad Gita tells us how not to get too Caught up in temporary affairs.

B.) Caught up in temporal affairs.

8) certain offenders go to the church regularly and get something onto their chest in the confession room, only to commit their next mistake.

Get things off their chest.

9. PSBS do not operate as commercial banks and do not have a coherent business strategy or vision

No correction required.

10. Much of the religious tension in the country is due to Fake news that gets away via Social Media.

Fake news that gets about.

11. It is essential for an entrepreneur  
to keep his chin upwards despite failure  
and setbacks.

to keep his chin up despite.

12. India being at enmity without China  
weakens not only the Asian Economy  
but also the global Economy as a whole.  
being at enmity with China.

13. Hecklers generally hurt themselves and  
their party the most because they showed  
both under a bad light.

Show both in a bad light.

14. The Ministry of Finance must ascertain  
whether this is the best use of public Money.

No correction required.

15. - The president gave up the National  
Bravery Awards to the deserving the  
children who Selfless acts of bravery have  
inspired Many.

President gave out the.

(b) Although Narendra Modi was upon his  
Ears inside trouble, he Managed to file the  
country effortlessly.

up to his Ears in trouble.

(c) The singer and dancer have given a  
wonderful performances which calls for  
a standing Ovation.

The singer and dancer has

18. Let you and I together go to watch  
the Movie after work.

Let you and me together.

(19) The need for existences of each PSB must be clear and its business and expansion should follows that  
No correction required.

(20) When climbing a Mountain, the high you go the less the level of oxygen becomes.  
The higher you go the lesser.

(21) It is essential for an entrepreneur to keep his cheek upwards despite failures and setbacks.

to keep his chin up despite

(22) India being at enmity without china weakens not only the Asian Economy but also the global Economy as a whole.

being at Enmity with china.

## Idioms.

### Idioms and Meanings:

1. a bird's eye view

a view of something from a higher position.

2. a bolt from the blue.

Unexpected event; complete surprise.

3. a drop in the ocean.

very small, unimportant amount

4. a penny for thoughts.

thinking something about.

5. an Early bird

Someone who rises ~~out~~ Early

6. apple of one's eye

One's favorite person

7. at the crack of dawn.

Very Early in the Morning

8. bereft of

deprived of

9. fish out of Water.

- a person who does not fit in,

who is out of place.

10. get cold feet.

get nervous.

11. in deep water

get in difficulties.

12. in hot water.

in serious trouble.

13. in short supply

less than needed, lacking

14. in the pink (of health)

extremely healthy,

in perfect conditions.

15. keep an eye on

watch something to make sure it  
is okay

16. keep one's fingers crossed.

to hope that something good will  
happen.

17. keep one's head above water.

to earn just enough money to survive,

to manage to live

18. make a mountain out of molehill.

Exaggerate a problem / Make a big  
deal out of nothing.

19. Move heaven and Earth

do everything possible

20. off the beaten track.

isolated

21. out of the blue

as a total surprise

22. Put on airs

behave in an unnatural way to  
impress others

23. put one's Foot in one's Mouth.

to say something embarrassing and  
then realize it was bad.

24. Stay on one's toes.  
to ready or prepared for  
something
25. the whys and wherefores.  
all the underlying causes and  
reasons.
26. thirty pieces of silver  
as a symbol of betrayal
27. to bark at the Moon  
to Make a fuss with no effect.
28. to be at loggerheads.  
to disagree strongly.
29. to be chicken hearted  
to be cowardly.

30. to be at the end of one's tether.

To have no power, patience or  
Endurance left.

31. to be on cloud nine

To be extremely happy.

32. to build castles in the air.

To have impossible desires or plans.

33. to give one a piece of mind

Scold.

34. to take someone under one's wing

give support and help as a guardian

35. tight as a tick.

Extremely close together.

## Clause.

Clause are the building blocks of the English language any sentence that you write which has a subject and a verb is called a clause.

### Two types of clause

#### 1) Principal or main clause.

A main clause is a clause that contains a subject and an object. They make sense on their own.

Ex "I like ice-cream"

#### 2). Subordinate clause.

A subordinate clause contains a subject and a verb but it depends on the main clause for making sense as it does not make complete sense on its own.

Ex) I will go the market if you come with me.

#### \* Noun clause.

is a group of words which contains a subject and predicate of its own and does the work of a noun for

Ex "I like what I see"

I like cakes.

#### \* Adjective clause.

usually comes after the noun it qualifies and is made up of several word which like all clause will include a subject and a verb. it answers the adjective question what kind? How many? or which one?

Ex: The umbrella which has a broken handle is mine.

#### \* Adverb clause.

is a group of words which

## Declarative sentence.

A declarative sentence simply makes a statement or expresses an opinion. In other words, it makes a declaration. This kind of sentence ends with a period.

Ex: I want to be a good writer

## Imperative sentence.

Imperative sentence gives a command or makes a request. It usually ends with a period but can, under certain circumstances, end with an exclamation point.

Ex: Need you to sit down now!

## Interrogative sentence.

Interrogative sentence asks a question. This type of sentence often

begins with who what, where , when , why,  
how / or do , and it ends with a question.  
mark.

Ex. When are you going to your house?

### Exclamatory sentence.

An exclamatory sentence is a sentence

-ence that expresses great emotion.

Such as excitement, surprise , happiness  
and anger, and ends with an .

exclamation point-

Ex- I got an A on my book report .

## ① Simple sentences.

A simple sentence is a sentence that consists of just one independent clause. A simple sentence has no dependent clauses (An independent clause (unlike a dependent clause) can stand alone as a sentence).

Example of simple sentences.

I cannot drink warm milk.

## ② Compound sentences.

Compound sentences combine different sentences or phrases through conjunction and present them as a single sentence.

In this way, two different facts or information is transmitted to the other party in a single sentence.

Example.

She is very smart, and she knows it.

### ③ Complex sentences.

Has an independent clause and at least two dependent clauses, one of which is joined with a coordinating conjunction and one with a subordinating conjunction.

Example.

Meena played tennis after Nani watched TV.

clause.

A clause is comprised of a group of words which includes a subject and a finite verb. A clause contains only one subject and one verb. The subject of a clause can be mentioned or

Example.

She is very smart, and she knows it.

### ③ Complex sentences.

Has an independent clause and at least two dependent clauses, one of which is joined with a coordinating conjunction and one with a subordinating conjunction.

Example.

Meena played tennis after Manu watched TV.

clause.

A clause is comprised of a group of words which includes a subject and a finite verb. A clause contains only one subject and one verb. The subject and a clause can be mentioned or.

hidden. but the verb must be apparent and distinguishable.

Example :

I graduated last year (one clause).

Types of clause.

- \* Independent clause .
- \* Dependent clause .

Independent clause.

An Independent clause functions on its own to make a meaningful sentence and looks much like a regular sentence.

In a sentence two independent clauses can be connected by the coordinators, and, but, so, or, nor, for, yet,

Example.

He is a wise man

I like him.

Dependent clause.

A dependent clause cannot function on its own because it leaves an idea or thought unfinished. It is also called subordinate clause. Dependent clauses help the independent clauses complete the sentence. A dependent clause alone cannot form a complete sentence.

Example.

I know the man who stole the watch.

Paragraph.

The ability to expand paragraph into a large paragraph is essential to be a good writer. The expansion of a passage practically amounts to the writing of miniature essays on the subject of the

languages use tense to talk about time. Other languages have no concept of tense at all, but of course they can still talk about time, using different method.

Useses of the present tense.

1) Habits, repeated actions.

Ex ) She runs in the Park.  
every day.

2) For facts that are always true.

Famous singers earn a lot of money.

3) For fixed timetables.

The train leaves in 10 min.

4) In time clauses with future meanings

I will see you when I finish my home work.

uses of past tenses.

To describe an action that happened at a definite time in the past

ex) I travelled to Paris in 1985

To talk about an action that interrupted another action that was in progress in the past

ex) I was studying when the electricity went off.

To talk about actions that happened in a sequence in the past

ex) I came home, picked up my laptop and left.

with stative verbs

I had an exam yesterday

Uses of Future tense.

We use the simple future tense for actions that will happen in the future. It is very useful and easy to make the simple future tense. It is expressed by adding will or shall to the sentence in front of the base form of the verb the other way to express future is the we at present form of be plus going to

## Glossary

proclaimed - announce officially.

absorbed - take in or Soaked up.

renowned - famous, eminent, distinguished, prominent

affairs - event, incident

moaning - Sob, cry

crouched - bend, stop

threshold - doorstep, entrance

Seized - snatch, grab, hold at  
suddenly and forcibly

Unfastened - undo, disconnect,  
untie, disjoin

Revived - restore to life or  
consciousness.

Ambush - surprise attack,  
trap, entrap,  
provoke on.

### Common confused words.

① Advice - recommendation

regarding a decision

(The c pronounced)

Advise - to recommend.

(The s pronounced)

## ② Compliment -

- It is a nice thing to say.

## Complement -

something that completes something else.

## ③ Empathy -

It is the ability to understand another person's perspective or feelings.

## Sympathy -

It is a feeling of sorrow for someone else.

suffering.

## ④

Inquiry: Inquiry and enquiry both mean "a request for information"

(4). Economy - It is a the British spelling.

(5). stationary :-

It means unmoving.

Stationery -

It refers to letter writing, writing materials and especially to high quality paper.

6. Effect → to bring about something.

Affect → An affect is to have an impression.

Influence, or effect may also function.

## Idioms.

\* Bad Egg

→ A dishonest or ill-behaved person.

\* A piece of cake

→ A task that can be accomplished very easily.

\* In a nutshell.

→ In few words, concisely stated.

\* The apple of my eye

- someone who is

cherished above all,

others.

\* "The ball is in your court"

- It is your turn to make a decision

\* "Saved by the bell"

- saved by a last minute intervention.

\* "Hat trick"

- A threefold feat in sports or some other activity

\* Caught between two.

"Stands."

- Finding it difficult to choose between two alternatives.

- \* "on cloud nine"
  - Blissfully happy
- \* "At sixes and sevens"
  - confused or in a state of disorder.
- \* "At the eleventh hour"
  - Something happens at the last possible moment just before the deadline or end.
- \* "Caught red-handed"
  - To catch someone in the act of doing something.

\* "black sheep"

→ to be ~~the~~ ~~outfit~~

Outcast, odd one out, unlike  
the others.

\* "once in blue moon"

→ very rarely.

"At a snail's pace"

→ moving very slowly.

\* let the cat out the bag

→ reveal a secret.

\* "smell a rat"

→ begin to suspect trickery

etc.

## Glossary

- \* Cackle - a sharp.
- \* plaintively - sadly.
- \* mourning - feeling or expressing great sadness.
- \* unreluctant - willing to do something
- \* tormenting - making someone suffer or worry a lot
- \* dreadful - extremely bad or unpleasant
- \* duke - a man at very high social rank in some European countries

\* fatigue - extreme tiredness.

\* vexation - worry or anger.

\* famished - extremely hungry

\* voracious - very eager for something.

\* repent - to be very sorry for something bad you have done.

\* patrolman.

→ patrolling police offices.

\* slammed - shut a door.

\* gruffly - sadly.

\* intuitively - without conscious reasoning.

\* whammed - stuck something

\* bevelled - reduced to a sloping edge.

\* grinding - tearing to pieces.

\* tanted - pulled with a jerk.

\* aboriginal - native, local.

\* fringed - bordered.

\* plumage - a bird feather collectively.

- \* bifurcated — divided into two.
- \* revive — to bring something back to life.
- \* Soothing — making someone feel calm.
- \* rustic — typical of the countryside.
- \* dilated — wizened & lean, usually.
- \* ascertained — confirmed.
- \* overwrought — state of being upset

- \*. Grumbled - broken.
- \*. unperturbed - undisturbed.
- \*. affluent - wealthy
- \*. Smacks - drive.
- \*. gay - glad, joyful.
- \*. accustomed - be used to
- \*. hastily - hurriedly.
- \*. warrant - guarantee.
- \*. Crumbs - piece of bread.
- \*. proclamation - announcement

- \* abandon — desert
- \* reverence — deep respect
- \* mandate — an official order
- \* despotic — tyrannical, cruel.
- \* summit — the topmost point  
of a hill or mountain.
- \* gravely — seriously
- \* grapple — to fight
- \* inclusion — to act at  
including someone or  
something

- \* gaze - stare at something for a long time.
- \* cloister - enclosed by.
- \* thousandth - a fraction of thousand.
- \* haul - pull or drag with effect of force.
- \* comprehend - grasp.
- \* vanish - disappear suddenly and completely.
- \* bustle - move in an energetic manner.

- \* unison - simultaneous utterance of words
- \* tapping - striking with a series of rapid audible blows.
- \* Saar - a river in northeastern France and western Germany
- \* Grancy - Strange.
- \* betray - disloyal,
- \* condemn - express complete disapproval.
- \* defile - damage.

- \* Outrage - offend / scandalize.
- \* numb - deprived of the power of sensation.
- \* groan - make a deep inarticulate sound conveying pain.
- \* frail - weak and delicate.
- \* startled - felt sudden shock or alarm.
- \* Scuffle - a sudden short fight
- \* lean gaunt - lean.
- \* twitched - gave short

\* Grand - deep

\* Ingenious - clever

\* Mania - an extensive

\* malicious - spiteful

\* Quies - strange

\* appalled - horrified

\* closet - cupboard

\* Incredible - impossible to believe

\* despotic - tyrannical

autocratic

\* Jest - a joke

## P.reposition.

Aboard.

Is there a doctor aboard the place

About

What do you think about John.

Across

That cat ran across the street

Above

We are flying above the clouds

After

Let's meet the day after tomorrow

Against.

He put the bicycle against the wall.

Along.

The restroom is along the corridor

alongside.

Their boat came alongside, our  
boat

amid / amidst

I couldn't hear her amid the  
noise.

Among / amongst

Is there a doctor among us.

anti

John seems to be anti my idea

around.

All the participants sat around  
the camp fire.

as.

Ram is working as a teacher.

astride.

Jean sat astride her bike

at

my little brother is at school.

Let's meet at 10<sup>o</sup> clock.

atop

The school is situated atop  
the hill

bar.

Everyone attended the party.  
but many.

barring.

Barring rain, we'll play tennis  
tomorrow

before.

All leaders met the day before.

Yesterday

Rita was before me in the queue.

behind

There are many vehicles behind us.

We have a garden behind our house.

below

There is a family in the apartment below us.

We can buy it if it is below too.

super.

beneath

The tunnel runs beneath the sea.

beside.

The canal runs beside our house,  
besides.

What shall we have besides our  
house.

between.

The child is sitting between its  
father and mother.

beyond.

The election campaign continued  
beyond 100' clock

but

Everyone came but John.

by.

All of us came by car.

The prime minister was killed by a  
professional killer.

India lost the match by two wickets  
By my calculation, my dad may be  
75.

Asia

He died circa 1872.

Concerning

my teacher talked to my father.

Concerning my homework.

Considering

I think I must be going,  
Considering the time.

Counting.

There were 5 persons or six.

Counting the office assistant-

Cum.

The department has a library - cum.  
Smart classroom.

despite.

my father has gone out despite  
the severe heat

down.

The bank is down the street

during.

many participants fall asleep  
during the meeting.

Except

All turned up for the meeting.

Except Paym

excluding

The library is open on all days.

excluding public holidays

Following.

we had coffee following dinner.

For.

This is for you.

Do you want to go for a walk.

You can use a corkscrew for

opening bottles.

Is this road for the university.

we all worked for five hours.

From.

Where do you come from?

This mail is from the office  
of the controller.

my bike is different from yours.

He died from overwork.

Paper is made from wood.

given.

Herbert is in very good health,  
given his age.

Gone.

He's gone so. He must be  
nearly 60 years old.

In

we live in an apartment

trains were invented in the nineteenth  
century.

P. Vinopal is the man with his hand  
in his pocket.

There are 60 seconds in a minute.

Including.

There are four of us here,  
including the office assistant

Inside.

It is dark inside the auditorium.

The modem is inside the computer.

It's an internal modem.

into

we all went into that shop.

Cut the cake into ten pieces.

since there are ten of us here.

less.

$$5 \text{ less } 4 = 1.$$

like

Amala is like her sister.

Mary sings like a bird.

It looks like rain.

I feel like crying.

minus.

The temperature is minus 30 degrees centigrade.

near.

The college is near the bus.

Station.

notwithstanding.

Notwithstanding the low price,  
I don't want it.

at.

we live in the house at the end of  
the road.

Do you like the plays of Shakespeare.

It was so kind of you.

He died of cancer.

They live south of the city.

off.

The glass fell off the table.  
and broke.

on.

Please don't put your shoes on.  
the table.

The story starts on page 8.

we live on a busy road. It's  
very noisy

You must be on time.

John broke his leg on getting out  
of the car.

onto/on to

That cat jumped onto the  
chair.

Opposite.

There is a market opposite our  
apartment.

Jane sat opposite John and  
looked into his eyes.

outside.

We live outside madurai.

Your question is outside my  
scope.

over.

we are flying over the mountains.

Put the blanket over the bed.

That cat jumped over the wall.

Can you stay with us over Christmas.

There is rain over the whole district

past

we saw you yesterday when we drove past your school.

Pending.

We cannot supply you pending payment.

per.

The speed limit is 70 kilometers  
plus per hour.

plus.

There will be three of us, plus  
the baby.

Dw.

John is generally pro new ideas

one.

Re : your letter dated 30 may

I want to talk to you re the  
proposed meeting

regarding

I would like to speak to

you regarding fees payment

respecting.

I am writing to you respecting.  
Our latest products.

Ground.

Participants sat around the  
fire.

Saw.

All save John were present-

Sawing.

Sawing yourself, nobody thanked  
me.

Since.

I have been in the college since.

7 in the morning.

than.

Your car is bigger than mine.

Through I throw

The train goes through the tunnel.

throughout

John worked throughout the night.

till

we all work from 9 am.

to.

Could you give the phone to your mom?

my car does 10 kilometers to the litre.

The time is ten to five.

touching.

Touching your assignment, I think, we need to discuss.

Toward / towards.

He is going toward the canteen.

John has a positive attitude

toward what he does.

under.

The cat ran under the table.

Please buy the shirt if it is under £50.

underneath.

The ward assistant put a

Pillow underneath the patient.

unlike.

This problem is unlike what you know

until.

we were asked to wait until the principal came.

upon.

Do you have a boon upon medicine.

versus.

we should choose peace versus war.

Via.

They flew from mumbai to Singapore via chennai.

with.

Does he live his family?

With your permission, I'd like  
to go

within.

I will reach you within half an  
hour.

It is within you.

without

He attended the wedding without  
his wife and children.

worth.

This mobile is work 50,000 rupees

According to

According to the teacher,

Students are not punctual.

Ahead of

John is ahead of his friends  
in studies.

A la

It's a TV show a la Times now

Along with

Do you want some tea along

with snack.

Apart from.

Nobody agreed to this proposal  
apart from you.

As for.

As for Joe, he will join us later.

Aside from.

I have another pen aside from this one. Both are compliments.

As per.

Everyone should follow the

rules per se.

As to.

As to your behaviour, I think you were unpunctual.

As well as.

You should read as well as.  
take down notes

Away from.

Please keep yourself away  
from illegal activities.

Because of

The match could not continue.

because of the rain.

But for.

But for the traffic jam, I could  
have come a little earlier.

By means of

You can open the system by

means of the password.

Close to

Our college is close to your college. Just a kilometer away.

Contrary to

Contrary to expectation, many candidates failed the driving test

Depending on

The match can resume tomorrow

depending on the rain.

Due to.

Trains were cancelled due  
to heavy rains

Except for.

Everyone from your class  
turned up for the wedding,  
except for John.

forward at.

The minister was sitting forward  
at his in the plane.

Further to.

Further to your mail, we have  
spoken to the guest

In addition to

Two more candidates are  
waiting in addition to me.

In between,

My father is between two  
two opinions. He wants to  
compromise.

In case of

You can phone me in case of  
Emergency.

In face of

The major reacted bravely  
in face of terrorist attack.

In favour of

No one is in favour of your

idea. I think it cannot work.

In front of

Tourists can park their

vehicles in front of the park.

In lieu of

Can I play dolls in lieu

of sri lankan rupees.

In spite of

They all have gone out in

spite of the scorching sun,

Instead of

We do not have dosa. would

You like idly instead of dosa.

In favour of

No one is in favour of your idea.

I do. I think it cannot work.

In front of

Tourists can park their

vehicles in front of the park.

In lieu of

Can I play dolls in lieu

of sri lankan puppes.

In spite of

They all have gone out in

spite of the scorching sun,

Instead of

We do not have dosa. would you like idly instead of dosa.

In view of

In respective of losses, we will take a decision.

Near to

There is a school for kids near to the bus station.

Next to

The school is next to the market

On account of

Don't cancel the trip on account of me, go ahead.

On behalf of

I invite you on behalf of the department

on board

is there a physician on board  
the flight

on to

The cat jumped on to the wall  
on top of

The key is on top of the TV

opposite to

my house is opposite to the  
post office.

Other than

that doctor

we have nothing other than

out of

They all went out of the church to join the procession.

Outside of

The tourist van stopped outside the city to check the road sign.

Owing to

we did not go swimming owing to the cold weather

Preparatory to

The head made a ppt preparatory to the Board meeting so that evening was ready

Prior to

I had never been to Singapore.

Prior to my trip.

Regardless of

John could always make his friend laugh regardless of his problems

Save for

Everyone turned for the function, save John who had some urgent work.

Thanks to

Thanks to the direct flight we could reach the city in the evening itself.

Together with

Send your application together.

With resume.

up against +

People are up against the  
ruling party.

upto.

There was a school up to 1970s,

in the town.

up until

we worked up until B. harijs.

Came here, the we stopped

Vis - a vis.

The principal would like to  
discuss your performance vis a vis

Your interest

with reference to

with reference to your letter,

I will send a reply soon.

With regard to,

The principal would like

To meet the parents with regard

To the students behavior on the

Campus.

# Syllogism

## 1. 8 statement

Only a few scripts are words.

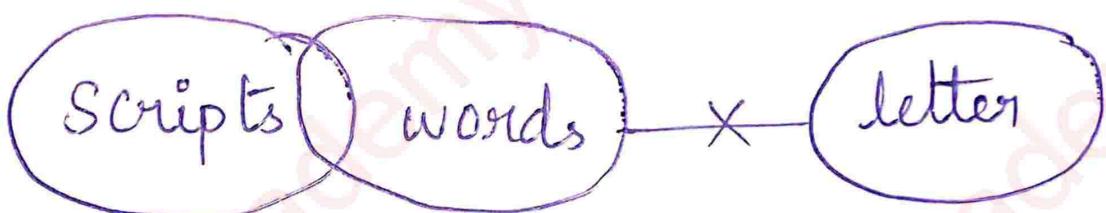
No letter is a word.

Conclusion:

I) A few letters are scripts

II) All scripts can be words is a possibility

Sol:



I) False (

II) False .

Answer = neither I nor II follows.

2) Statements

All Pictures are Bright

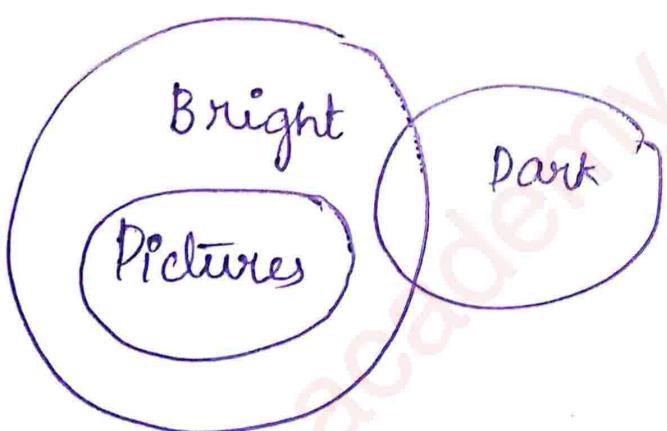
only a few pictures are dark.

Conclusions:

I) Some Bright are dark.

II) Some pictures are not Dark.

Sol :



I) True

II) True

Answer: both I and II Follows.

3) Statement

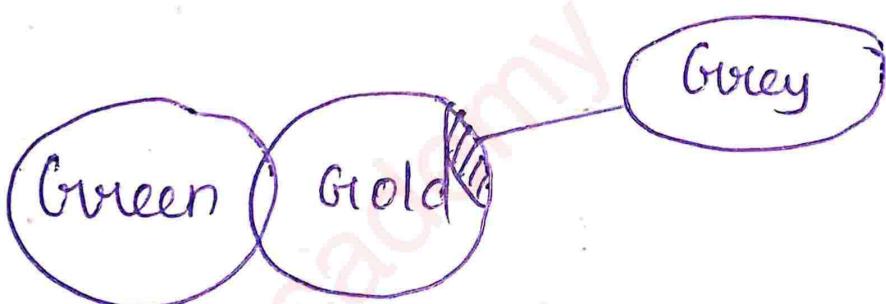
Only a few Gold are Green.

Some Gold are not Grey.

Conclusion.

- I) All Gold being Grey is a possibility
- II) At least some Grey are Green.

Sol:



- I) False
- II) False

Answer neither I nor II follows.

4) Statement

Only a few Sarees are caps.

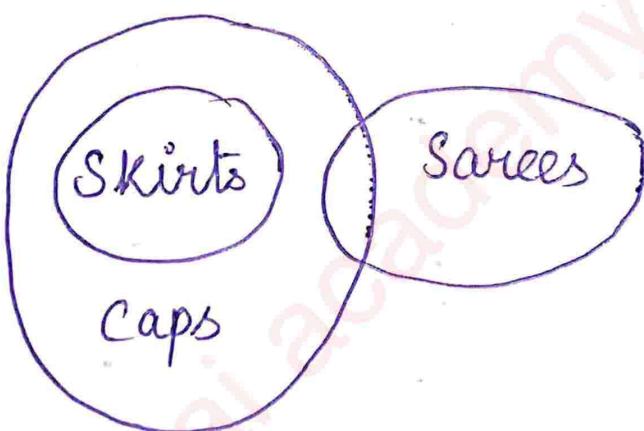
All skirts are caps

Conclusion:

I) Some sarees are skirts

II) No skirts are sarees

Sol:  
=



I) False

II) False

Answer

Either I or II follows.

5) Statement:

Some scarfs are Handkerchiefs

only a few Frocks are scarfs

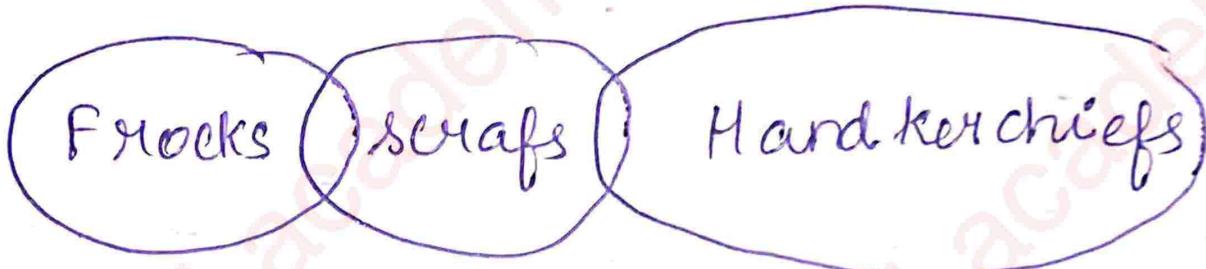
Conclusion:

I) At least Some Frocks are Handkerchiefs

II) All Frocks being Handkerchiefs is a

Possibility

Sol:  
=



\$

I) False

II) True

Answer :- only II follows.

6) Statement

only a few Almonds are cashews

No Apricot is Walnut

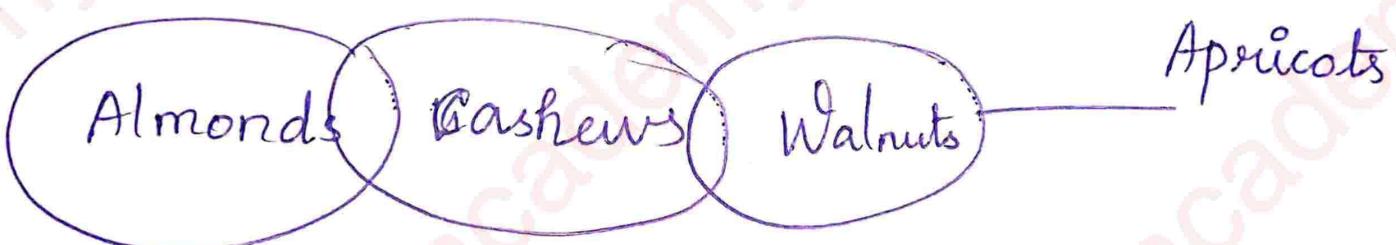
only a few Cashews are walnuts.

Conclusion:

I) All cashews being Walnuts is a Possibility

II) Some Cashews are Almonds.

Sol:



- I) False  
II) True

Answer: Only Conclusion II is a true.

## 7) Statement -

Only bananas are apples

Some oranges are bananas

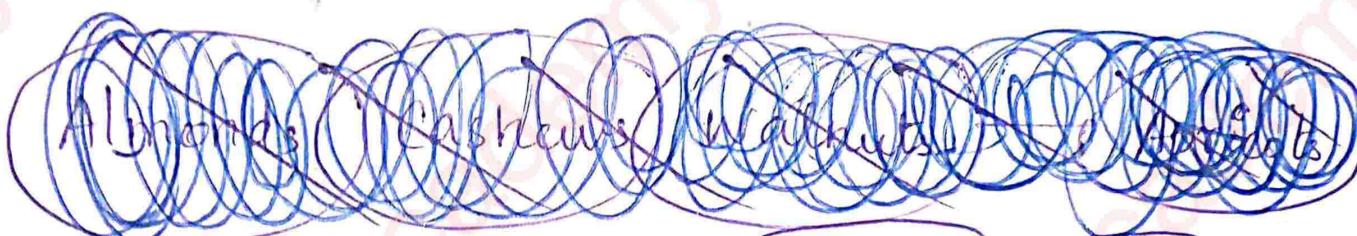
Only a few oranges are peas.

conclusions:

I) a few apples can be peas

II) No peas are banana

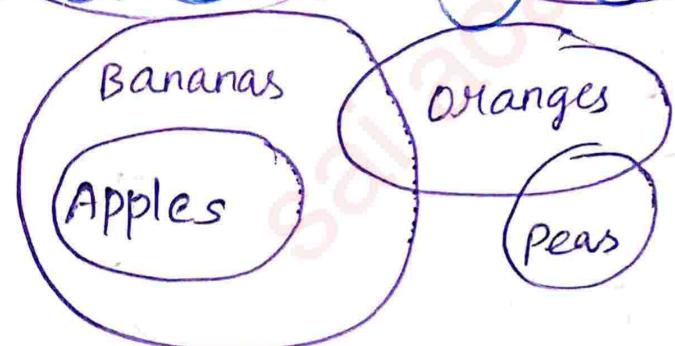
III) All oranges are peas is possibility



I) False

II) ~~False~~ False

III) False



Ans: none of the  
only conclusion ~~II~~ is true.

Follows

only a few water are sky

only sky are ocean

Some sky are sea.

conclusions :-

I) All ocean are sky is a Possibility

II) Some water are sea is a possibility

III) No ocean are sea.

Sol:



I) False

II) True

III) True

Ans : Both conclusion II and conclusion III follows.

9) Statements:

All chairs are tables

A few tables are walls

Every wall is bench.

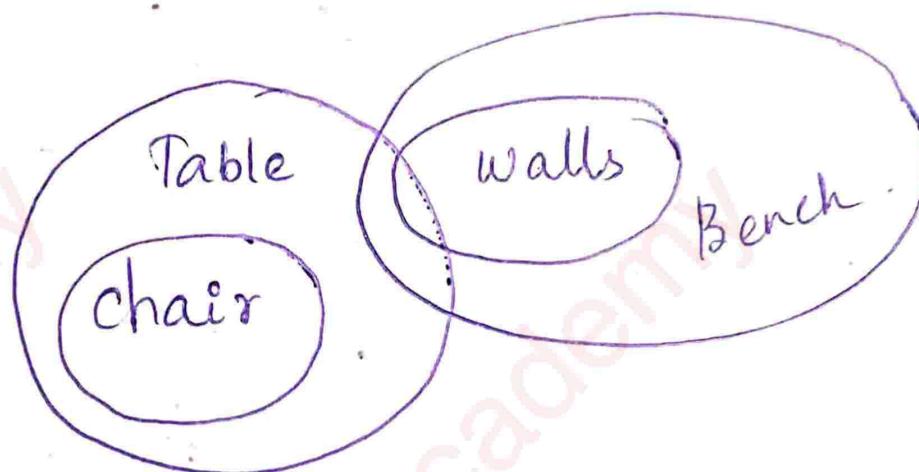
Conclusions:

I) A few tables are benches

II) Some chairs being benches is a possibility

III) Some walls are chairs.

Sol:



I) True

II) True

III) False

Ans: only conclusion I and

Conclusion II follows

10) Statements :-

Some Cards are strip

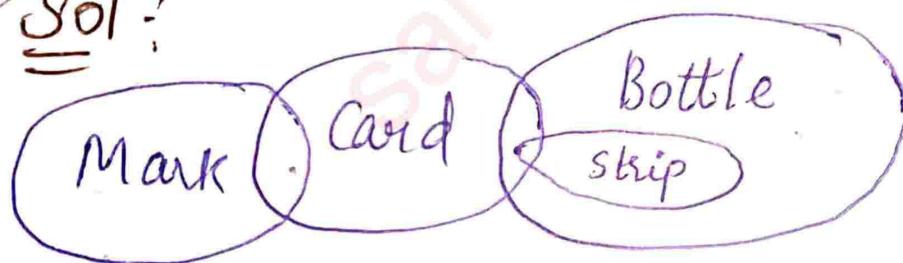
Each strip is bottle

A few card are Mark.  
Conclusions:-

- I) All marks being card is a possibility
- II) Some bottle are strip

III)

Sol:



- I) True
- II) True

Ans: Both the Conclusion I and II follows.

11) Statement:

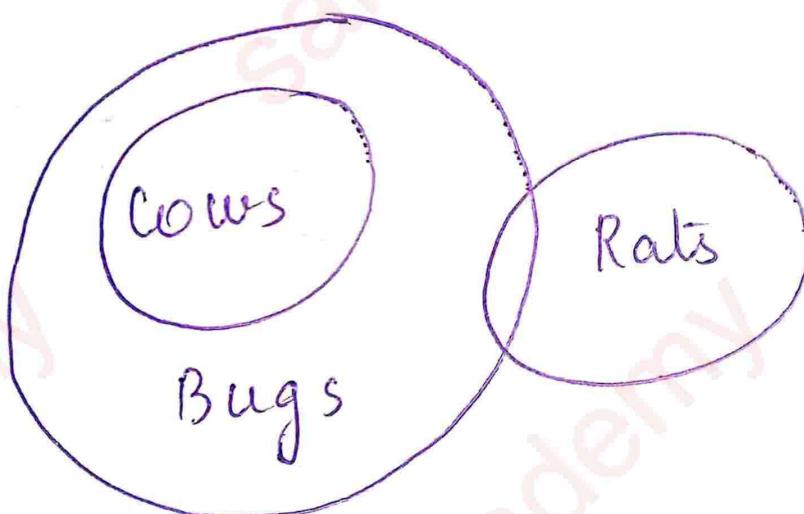
All cows are Bugs

only a few Rats are Bugs  
Conclusion:

I) Some cows are Rats

II) Some Bugs are cows.

Sol:



I) False

II) True.

Ans: only II follows.

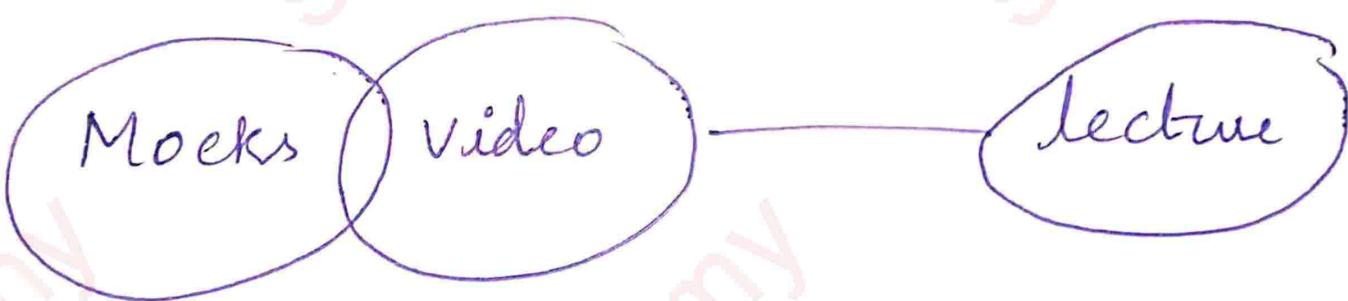
12) Statement:

A few Mocks are video  
No video is lecture.

conclusion

- I) Only a few lecture are Mocks.
- II) All Mocks can be lecture is a possibility.

Sol:



- I) False
- II) False

Ans: Neither I nor II follows.

(3) Statement:

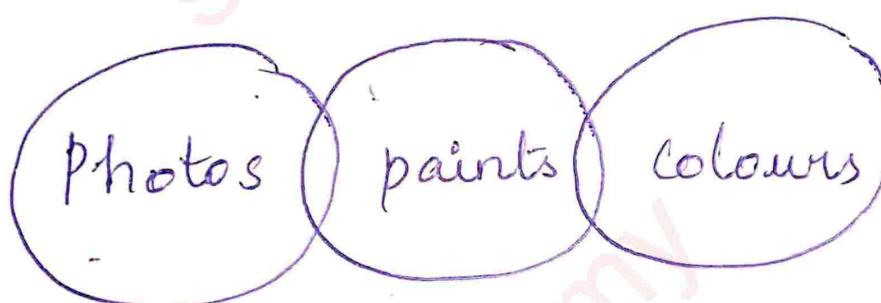
Only a few photos are paints

Some paints are colours.

Conclusion:

- I) All colours can be paints is a possibility  
II) Some photos are not colours.

Sol:-



I) True

II) False

Ans: only I follows.

14) Statement:

Only a few pens are boats

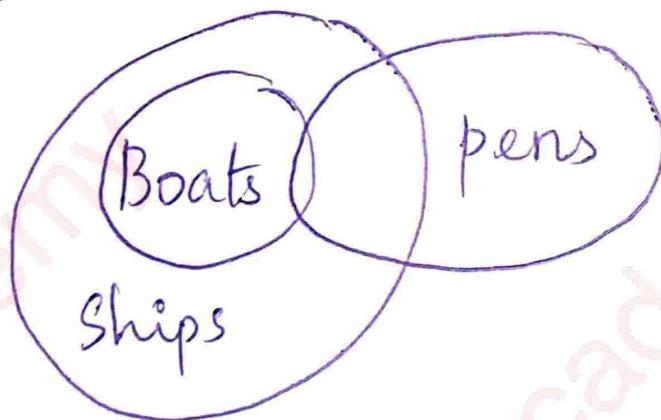
All boats are ships

Conclusion:

I) A few pens are ships

II) All ships being pen is a possibility

Sol:



I) True

II) True

Ans: Both I and II follows.

15) Statement :-

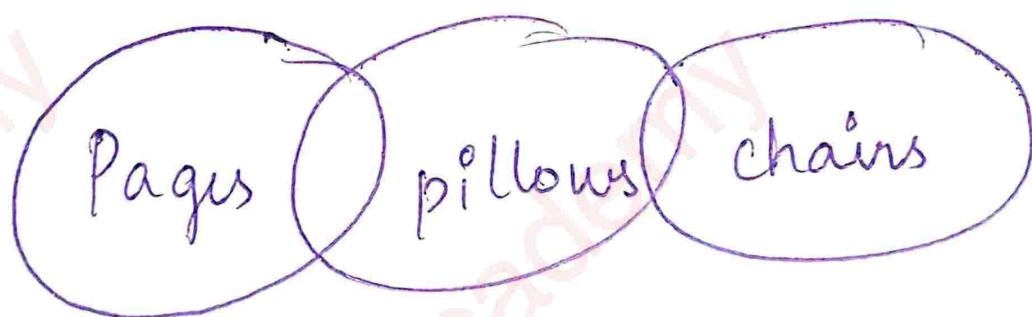
Only a few pages are pillows

only a few pillows are chairs.

Conclusion :-

- I) Some chairs are pages
- II) No pages are chairs

Sol



I) False

II) False

Ans: Either I or II follows.

16) Statement:

Some birds are parrot

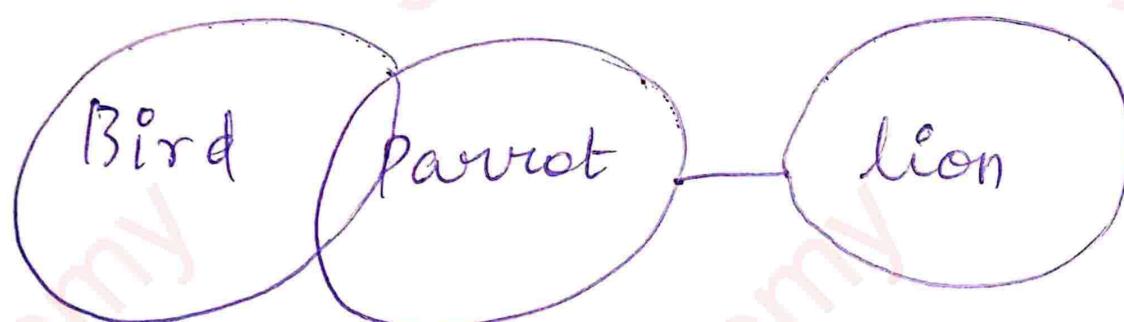
No parrot is a lion

Conclusion:

Some birds are lions

No bird is a lion.

Sol:



I) False

II) False

Ans Either Conclusion I or  
Nor follows.

Spot the error.

1) There are so much people.

There are so many people

2) I am 22 year.

I am 22 years old.

3) It's going to be sunny tomorrow

It's going to be sunny tomorrow

4) There is three books in the box

There are three books in the  
box.

5) we met 3 years before.

we met 3 years ago.

11) He was born on the spring of  
1998.

He was born in the spring of  
1998.

12). It's very hot here on the summer.

It is very hot here in the  
Summer.

13. I am living on a week.

I am leaving in a week.

14. I only have a snack in lunch  
time.

I only have a snack in lunch  
time.

6) That's shes handbag.

That's her handbag.

7) I like a lot the coffee.

I was bored in class.

8) I was boring in class

I was bored in class.

9) I have been a teacher since 3 years

I have been a teacher for 3 years.

10) she have gone to the park.

She has gone to the park.

Spot the errors.

- \* Many peoples behaves rudely.  
nowadays
  - many people behave rudely.  
nowadays
- \* monkey make many things.  
  - money makes many things
- \* Each of the cycles are damaged.  
  - Each of the cycles is damaged.

→ Cycles is damaged.

Cycles are damaged.

→ The furnitue we were displayed.  
at the showroom.

The furnitue was displayed.  
at the showroom

→ neither the secretary nor the  
manager were available.

neither the secretary nor the  
manager was available.

- \* I hearing a strange noise.
- \* I hear a strange noise / I am hearing a strange noise.
- \* He is having a large family.  
He has a large family
- \* Have any one see my purse?  
Has anyone seen my purse.
- \* I have seen the film last week.

I saw the film last week.

\* She is sleeping for five hours.

She has been sleeping for  
Five hours

\* I would accept the offer if  
I was you.

I would accept the offer,  
if I were you

\* The police has made several  
arrests

The police have made  
several arrests

\* no news are good news.

No new is good news.

\* we should help the poor.

We should help the poor.

\* One of girl sang well.

One of the girls sang well.

\* I received some information.

I received some information.

\* . Each of the cycle is  
damaged.

Each of the cycles is  
damaged.

\* . Kala is tallest girl in  
the class

\* . Kala is the tallest girl  
in the class.

\* . my uncle is richest man  
man in the village.

my uncle is the richest  
man in the village.

\* Chennai is one of the biggest  
city in India.

\* Chennai is one of the biggest  
cities in India.

\* Nithya is taller to nivi

Nithya is taller than nivi

\* Rama is a honest man.

Rama is an honest man.

\* A American lives near  
my house

An American lives near  
my house.

- \* He joined an European university.
- He joined a European university.
- \* He stated to us yesterday
  - He started to the USA yesterday
- \* Do you know which is world's tallest buildings.  
Do you know which is the world's tallest buildings.

\* He is good athlete. now he  
is a MLA

He is a good athlete now.  
he is a MLA

\* The dog fell along the  
river

The dog fell into the  
river

\* I prefer coffee than tea

I prefer coffee to tea.

- \* He told to me a story.  
He told me a story.
- \* He is suffering with typhoid.  
He is suffering from typhoid.
- \* I place great confidence on you.  
I place great confidence in you.

\* I place great confidence  
on you.

I place great confidence  
in you.

\* I believe on you.

I believe in you.

\* He is rich so he is  
unhappy.

Though he is rich, he is  
unhappy - , he is rich.

but . he is unhappy

\* Looking Through the window.  
and he saw the stranger.

Looking Through the window.  
he saw the stranger.

\* if I were a bird, I would.  
have escaped.

If I were a bird, I would,  
escape.

\* if you had worked hard,  
you would passed.

If you had worked hard, you  
would have passed.

- \* we did not reject his proposal, nor we accepted it.  
we neither rejected his proposal, nor did we accept it.
- \* Instead of the rain tee.  
match continued.  
In spite of the rain tee.  
match continued.

\* I bought an book this morning

I bought a book this morning.

\* Sita goes to the market  
yesterday

Sita ~~goes~~ <sup>went</sup> to the market

yesterday

\* we have not eaten anything from long time.

we have not eaten anything too, a long time

\* Sunder is either a cricket player nor a football player.

Sunder is neither a cricket player nor a football player.

\* we watched the sheeps grazing.  
In the field.

we watched the sheep grazing.  
In the field.

\* Every student's like the teacher.

Every student likes the teacher.

- \* I look forward to meet you.  
I look forward to meeting  
you
- \* where I can find a bank?  
where can I find a bank
- \* my flight departs in 5 am.  
my flight depart in  
at 5 am
- \* I lives in united states.  
I live in the united  
States

- \* myself I am Reyna.
  - I am Reyna
- \* He do not have a music system.
  - He does not have a music system.
- \* I cannot cope up with the pressure.
  - I cannot cope with the pressure.
- \* What is the time in your watch.
  - What is the time by your watch.

- \* Our classroom is in the  
Second Floor.
- Our classroom is on the  
Second Floor.

\* He has good knowledge  
at English grammar.

He has good knowledge  
in English grammar.

\* His son-in-laws have come  
home.

His sons-in-law have  
come home.

\* . She love her father.

She loves her father /.

She loved her father.

\* . I don't know who is she.

I don't know who ~~is~~ she is.

\* . He is taller than me

He is taller than me.

\* Games and sports helps in recreation.

Games and sports help in recreation.

- \* Cricket is watched by millions of fans all over the world.  
Cricket is watched by millions of fans all over the world.

Rajan slowly settle down in his retired life.

Rajan slowly settled down in his retired life

Has anyone attended the function.

Has anyone attended the function.

\* My grandmother and I was.  
good at drawing pictures.

my grandmother and I were  
good at drawing pictures.

\* As we were late so we.  
apologised.

---

As we were late we apologised,  
we were late, so we apologised.  
\_\_\_\_\_

\* Many students has turned up  
for the seminar.

many students have turned up  
for the seminar

- \* One must not reveal his secrets to all.  
One should / need not reveal  
his secrets to all
- \* One must not reveal his secrets to all.  
One should / need not reveal  
his secrets to all.
- \* One of the boys are missing  
One of the boy is missing.

- \* It is a fact that most of people want to earn more but work less.

It is fact that most of the people want to earn more but work less.

- \* There are dozens of apples and plenty of grapes in the market

There are dozens of apple and plenty of grapes in the market

- \* Serena prefers to play tennis than badminton in the court

Serena prefers to play tennis to badminton in the court

- \* They will like to invite you to be the chief guest.  
They would like to invite you to be the chief guest.
- \* No sooner did he see the snake when he shouted.  
No sooner did he see the snake when he shouted.
- \* You may speak politely to the elders.  
You ought to / should speak politely to the elders.

\* This is the boy whom won the race.

This is the boy who won the race.

\* He come late to school every day.

He comes late to school every day.

\* Though he was hungry but he did not eat

Though he was hungry - he did not eat.

\* Is this a book that you wanted,  
to buy.

Is this the book that you  
wanted to buy

\* His uncle is a M.L.A

His uncle is an M.L.A

\* She is the girl whom won the  
Prize.

She is the girl who won the  
Prize.

\* Every children are happy.

Every child is happy

## P.reposition.

Aboard.

IS there a doctor aboard the place

About

What do you think about John.

Across

That cat ran across the street

Above

we are flying above the clouds

After

Let's meet the day after tomorrow

Against.

He put the bicycle against the wall.

Along.

The restroom is along the corridor alongside.

Their boat came alongside our boat.

amid / amidst

I couldn't hear her amid the noise.

Among / amongst

Is there a doctor among us.

anti'

John seems to be anti my idea

around.

All the participants sat around the camp fire.

as.

Ram is working as a teacher.

astride.

Jean sat astride her bike  
at

my little brother is at school.

Let's meet at 10<sup>o</sup> clock.

atop.

The school is situated atop.  
the hill

bar.

Everyone attended the party.  
but many.

barring.

Barring rain, we'll play tennis.  
tomorrow

before.

All leaders met the day before.

Yesterday

Rita was before me in the queue.

behind.

There are many vehicles behind us  
we have a grander behind our  
house.

below.

There is a family in the apartment  
below us.

We can buy it if it is below 500  
rupees.

beneath

The tunnel runs beneath the sea.

beside.

The canal runs beside our house,  
besides.

What shall we have besides our  
house.

between.

The child is sitting between its  
father and mother.

beyond.

The election campaign continued  
beyond 10<sup>o</sup> clock

but

Everyone came but John.

by.

All of us came by car.

The prime minister was killed by a  
professional killer.

India lost the match by two wickets

By my calculation, my dad may be

78.

Circa

He died circa 1872.

Concerning

my teacher talked to my father.

Concerning my homework.

Considering

I think I must be going,

Considering the time.

Counting.

There were 5 persons or six.

Counting the office assistant-

Cum.

The department has a library - cum  
Smart classroom.

despite.

my father has gone out despite,  
the severe heat

down.

The bank is down the street  
during.

many participants fall asleep.  
during the meeting.

except

All turned up for the meeting.  
except Raju

excluding

The library is open on all days.

excluding public holidays.

Following.

We had coffee following dinner.

For.

This is for you.

Do you want to go for a walk.

You can use a corkscrew for

opening bottles.

Is this road for the university.

We all worked for five hours.

From.

Where do you come from?

This mail is from the office  
of the controller.

my bilce is different from yours.

He died from overwork.

Paper is made from wood.

given.

Herbert is in very good health,  
given his age.

gone.

He's gone so. He must be.

nearly 60 years old.

In

we live in an apartment

trains were invented in the nineteenth  
century

Principal is the man with his hand  
in his pocket

There are 60 seconds in a minute.

Including.

There are four of us here,  
including the office assistant

Inside.

It is dark inside the auditorium.

The modem is inside the computer.

It's an internal modem.

into.

We all went into that shop.

Cut the cake into ten pieces.

Since there are ten of us here,

less.

$$5 \text{ less } 4 = 1.$$

like

Amala is like her sister.

Mary sings like a bird.

It looks like rain.

I feel like crying.

minus.

The temperature is minus 30 degrees centigrade.

near.

The college is near the bus station.

notwithstanding.

Notwithstanding the low price,

I don't want it.

Aft.

We live in the house at the end of  
the road.

Do you like the plays of Shakespeare,

It was so kind of you.

He died of cancer.

They live south of the city.

Aft.

The glass fell off the table,  
and broke.

On.

Please don't put your shoes on.  
the table.

The story starts on page 8.

We live on a busy road. It's  
very noisy.

You must be on time.

John broke his leg on getting out  
of the car.

onto/on to

that cat jumped onto the  
chair.

Opposite.

There is a market opposite our  
apartment.

Jane sat opposite John and  
looked into his eyes.

outside.

We live outside madurai.

Your question is outside my  
scope.

over.

we are flying over the mountains.

Put the blanket over the bed.

That cat jumped over the  
wall.

Can you stay with us over  
Christmas.

There is rain over the whole  
district

past

we saw you yesterday when we  
drove past your school.

Pending.

We cannot supply you pending  
Payment.

per.

The speed limit is 70 kilometers  
per hour.

plus.

There will be three of us, plus  
the baby

Pro.

John is generally pro new ideas  
one.

Re : your letter dated 30 may

I want to talk to you re the  
proposed meeting

regarding

I would like to speak to.

You regarding fees payment

respecting,

I am writing to you respecting  
our latest products.

ground.

Participants sat around the  
fire.

Save.

All save John were present.

Saving.

Savings yourself, nobody blamed  
me.

Since.

I have been in the college since  
7 in the morning.

than.

Your car is bigger than mine.

Through I thro

The train goes through the tunnel.

throughout

John worked throughout the night.

till

we all work from 9 am.

to

Could you give the phone to your mom?

my car does 10 kilometers to the litre.

The time is ten to five.

touching.

Touching your assignment, I think, we need to discuss.

Toward / towards,

He is going toward the canteen.

John has a positive attitude

toward what he does.

under.

The cat ran under the table.

Please buy the shirt if it is under Rs 500.

underneath

The ward assistant put a

Pillow underneath the patient.

unlike.

This problem is unlike what  
you know

until.

we were asked to wait until  
the principal came.

upon.

Do you have a boon upon  
medicine.

versus.

we should choose peace versus  
war.

via.

They flew from mumbai to

Singapore via chennai.

with.

Does he live his family?

With your permission, I'd like  
to go

within.

I will reach you within half an  
hour.

It is within you.

Without

He attended the wedding without  
his wife and children.

Worth.

This mobile is worth 50,000 rupees

According to

According to the teacher,  
Students are not punctual.

Ahead of

John is ahead of his friends  
in studies.

Ala

It's a TV show ala Times now

Along with

Do you want some tea along  
with snack.

Apart from

Nobody agreed to this proposal  
apart from you.

As for.

As for Joe, he will join us later.

Aside from.

I have another pen aside from this one. Both are compliments.

As per.

Everyone should follow the

rules per se.

As to

As to your behaviour, I think, you were unpunctual.

As well as

You should read as well as.

take down notes

Away from

Please keep yourself away  
from illegal activities.

Because of

the match could not continue

because of the rain.

But for

But for the traffic jam, I could

have come a little earlier.

By means of.

You can open the system by  
means of the password.

close to.

Our college is close to your  
college. Just a kilometer away.

Contrary to.

Contrary to expectation, many  
candidates failed the driving  
test

Depending on.

The match can resume tomorrow,  
depending on the rain.

Due to.

Trains were cancelled due  
to heavy rains

Except for.

Everyone from your class,  
turned up for the wedding,  
except for John.

forward of.

The minister was sitting forward  
at us in the plane.

Further to.

Further to your mail, we have  
spoken to the guest

In addition to

Two more candidates are  
waiting in addition to me.

In between,

My father is between two  
two opinions. He wants to  
compromise.

In case of

You can phone me in case of  
emergency.

In face of

The major reacted bravely,  
in face of terrorist attacks.

In favour of

No one is in favour of your

idea. I think it cannot work.

In front of

Tourists can park their

vehicles in front of the park.

In lieu of

Can I play dolls in lieu

of sri lankan puppets.

In spite of.

They all have gone out in

spite of the scorching sun,

Instead of.

We do not have dosa. would

You like idly instead of dosa.

In view of

In respective of losses, we will take a decision.

Near to

There is a school for kids near to the bus station.

Next to

The school is next to the

market

On account of

Don't cancel the trip on account of me, go ahead,

On behalf of

I invite you on behalf of the department

on board.

is there a physician on board.

this flight

on to.

The cat jumped on to the wall.

on top of

The key is on top of the TV

opposite to

my house is opposite to the  
post office.

Other than.

we have nothing other than  
cat danta.

out of

They all went out of the  
church to join the procession.

Outside of

The tourist van stopped outside  
of the city to check the road  
sign.

Owing to

we did not go swimming,  
owing to the cold weather

Preparatory to

The head made a ppt preparatory  
to the Board meeting so that  
everything was ready

Prior to

I had never been to Singapore,  
prior to my trip.

Regardless of

John could always make his  
friend laugh regardless of his  
problems

Save for

Everyone turned for the  
function, save John who had  
some urgent work.

Thanks to

Thanks to the direct flight  
we could reach the city in the  
evening itself.

Together with

Send your application together  
with resume.

up against +

People are up against the  
ruling party.

upto.

There was a school up to 1970s,  
in the town.

up until

We worked up until B'haris.

Came here. The we stopped

vis - a vis.

The principal would like to  
discuss your performance vis a vis

Your interest

with reference to

with reference to your letter,

I will send a reply soon.

With regard to,

The principal would like

To meet the parents with regard

To the students behaviour on the

Campus.

## Idioms and Phrases.

### 1. Colours.

black market → illegal trade.

To feel blue → feel sad, gloomy.

Get green light → go ahead.

In black and white. → very clearly,  
correctly written.

Out of blue. (unexpected)

the red carpet

→ privileged treatment

a white lie.

→ telling a lie that is  
harmless, trivial

## 2. Food.

the apple of one's eye.

→ favorite persons.

to cream someone off.

flured someone for their  
advantages

to go bananas.

→ to go crazy.

In a pickle.

→ Alice is definitely in a pickle as she didn't her last month's

In a pickle.

→ In a difficult position.

a piece of cake.

→ very easy

### 3. Number

at first sight

Initial Impression.

In seventh heaven.

extremely happy.

On cloned nature.

blissfully happy

On second thought

Second nature

→ an innate ability because  
of action for a long time

#### 4. Parts of the Body

a big mouth.

→ bad at keeping secrets

by heart

→ memorizing or knowing verbatim.

a long face.

→ looking sad, unhappy.

a pain in the neck.

→ someone/something irritating.

to see eye to eye.

→ agree fully with someone.

## 5. People.

to go Dutch.

→ each person paying for themselves

a Jack at all trades.

→ capable of doing many things but being good at none

a wise guy.

→ someone who speaks or behaves as if he knows more than other ; used sarcastically).

Tom, Dick, or Harry

→ ordinary people.

A man / women of means.

(one who has material resources)

## 6. Animal

a bookworm.

→ Someone who spends a great deal of time reading

an early bird.

→ gets up, arrives or acts

earlier than others

to work like a horse.

→ work hard.

a copycat

→ Someone who copies words

and behaviour of others.

to smell a rat

→ begin to realize or suspect someone / something.

## 7. Neolography

1. dirt cheap.

→ very cheap.

2. down-to-earth

→ decent, simple, realistic.

3. To make a mountain out of a molehill.

→ magnifying / exaggerating.

↳ one in a blue moon:

→ happening rarely.

the tip of the iceberg.

→ To only known a very small part of the problem.

## 8. Recreation

In the same boat

→ in the same unpleasant situation.

to keep the ball rolling.

→ we must try everything we can to keep the ball rolling.

To put one's card on the table.

→ being open and honest about one's feelings and intention.

Sink or swim

→ succeed or else fail

To get a kick out of something

→ a way in which one can achieve something

9. And.

Back and forth.

→ (backward and forward)

by and large.

→ the Information.

is accurate

Spick and span.

→ neat and clean.

wear and tear

→ natural and inevitable  
damage.

right and left

→ from all directions/ on all  
sides.

a cock and bull story

→ telling interesting but  
implausible stories

- (o) Household items & tools.
- bury the hatchet
  - ending quarrels; making peace
- a wet blanket
- someone spoiling others' pleasures
- have a screw loose.
- behaving in a strange way

Dot-wuck. (shard by all)

→ Can you bring a salad.

On pins and needles,

→ nervous and anxious.

## II. Medicine

blood is thicker than water.

→ blood relations are important  
than other relations

a bitter pill to swallow

~~studentist~~ → unpleasant

to hold one's breath.

→ being anxious while waiting  
for something to happen

face pains.

→ trying hard to do  
something

2) Plants.

To beat around the bush

→ avoiding the main point.

Intentionally,

in a nutshell.

→ as a summary.

To nip something in the bud

→ to stop something bad at the initial stage itself

To turn over a new leaf

→ to start over / to act in a different manner

To He last Straw.

→ (to be last in a series  
of unpleasant things).

13. Clothes.

To be in someone else's shoes

→ to be in another person's  
situation / predicament

A feather in one's cap

→ have an achievement  
in your name.

to lose one's shirt

→ losing money.

dressed to kill

→ wearing attractive / fancy dress.

#### 14. Time

to call it day

→ stop doing something

because it is either tiresome  
or unsucessfully.

~~For the time being.~~

→ for the moment /  
temporarily

high time

→ appropriate time

in no time.

→ very soon / quickly

on the spur of the  
moment

→ doing something impulsively  
without planning

15) weather.

to break the ice.

→ getting past the initial awkwardness while meeting people for the first time.

to rain cats and dogs.

→ downpour.

to weather the storm.

→ Enduring a period of hardships.

IV) Come rain or shine.

→ irrespective of circumstances.

Circumstances.

Under the weather.

Slightly unwell or in.

low spirits.

16) round the house.

Down the drain.

→ wasting something

To drive someone up the wall.

→ irritate someone.

To hit the ceiling.

→ getting very angry

On the hour.

→ Free.

To take steps.

→ To do what is necessary

To prevent something.

## Vocabulary

1. Abolish - Do away with.
2. Accelerate - move faster.
3. Amnesty - general pardon.
4. Apiary - A place where bees are kept.
5. Arborial - those who live in trees.
6. Armistice - An agreement to stop fighting.
7. Beverage - A liquid for drinking.
8. Biennial - Happening once every two years

9. Bullion - Bars of gold or silver.
10. calligraphy - The art of decorative writing by hand.
11. Canine - of a dog.
12. Cardiac - connected with the heart
13. Cerebral - connected with the brain.
14. Cold war - severe political struggle between countries without actual fighting
15. Colonial - suitable for ordinary.

9. Bullion - Bars of gold or silver.
10. calligraphy - The art of decorative writing by hand.
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12. Cardiac - connected with the heart.
13. Cerebral - connected with the brain.
14. Cold war - severe political struggle between countries without actual fighting.
15. Colonial - suitable for ordinary.

16. Comrade - A close companion who shares difficult work.

17. Congenital - A disease or physical abnormality present from birth.

18. Connotation - the feeling or ideas that are suggested by a word.

19. Contemporary - A person living at the same time as another.

20. Countervailing - Acting with equal force but opposite effect.

21. Cruise - A sea voyage for pleasure.
22. cuisine - A style of cooking.
23. Daredevil - one who is prepared to take dangerous risks.
24. Debacle - A sudden complete failure.
25. Deficit - The amount by which something is less than what is needed.
26. Designate - chosen for an office but not yet officially placed in it.

27. Disarmament - Reduction of weapons by a government
28. Dividend - The money which is divided among shareholder.
29. Dormitory - A large room containing a number of beds.
30. Drudgery - Hard uninteresting work.
31. Eaves - The edges of a roof which come out beyond the walls.
32. Eddy - A circular movement of water, wind, dust etc.
33. Electrocute - To kill by passing electricity through the body.

- \*. Entomology - the scientific study of insects.
- \*. Epic - A long narrative poem.
- \*. Epicurean - Lover at physical / material.
- \*. Extravert - An outgoing, socially confident person.
- \*. Estuary - the wide lower part or mouth of a river.
- \*. Fallacy - A false idea or belief.
- \*. Farrier - one who makes and fits shoes for horses.

- \* . Febrile - often caused by fever.
- \* . Filament - A thin thread.
- \* . Flogging - severe beating with a whip or stick.
- \* . Fluvial - at, found in, or produced by rivers.
- \* . Foray - A sudden attack into enemy country
- \* . Foreman - A skilled and experienced worker in charge of other workers
- \* . Freckle - A small flat brown spot on the skin.

- \* Freight - goods carried by ship, train, plane etc
- \* Frill - A decorative edge to a piece of material.
- \* Frontispiece - A picture or photograph at the beginning of a book.
- \* Furrow - A long narrow track cut by a plough.
- \* Galaxy - A large group of stars.
- \* Gelatine - A clear substance used for making Jellies.

- \* Geocentric - Having the earth as the central point
- \* Grubstake - An excessively abundant supply of something.
- \* Gorge - A deep narrow valley with steep sides.
- \* Grange - A large country house with farm buildings.
- \* Grunt - short deep rough sound at a pig
- \* Gubernatorial - of a governor.
- \* Halitosis - A condition in which one has bad breath

- \*. Leonine - sit or like a lion.
- \* Limerick - A humorous short poem.  
with five lines.
- \* Literati - people with great  
knowledge at literature.
- \* Livery - uniform at a special.  
type for servants.
- \* Logger - one whose job is to.  
cut down trees.
- \* Loom - A machine on which.  
thread is woven into  
cloth.
- \* Lowbrow - One who has no interest  
in literature, art, etc.

- \* Lullaby - A pleasant song used for causing children to sleep
- \* machete - A knife with a broad, heavy blade
- \* magnum opus - A great work at art, theatre, film etc.
- \* malady - That which is wrong with a system.
- \* malaise - A feeling of pain without any particular pain or appearance of disease.

miniature - A very small painting.

mirage - the appearing of objects which are not really there

morbic - Having or expressing a strong interest in sad or unpleasant things.

wodding - giving consent

Notary - a public official

No - win situation

- That which will end badly whichever choice one makes.

Nursery - A place where small children are taken care of or where young plants are grown for sale.

Oar

- A long pole used for rowing a boat.

malcontent - one who is dissatisfied with the existing state of affairs.

Market Forces - the free operation of business and trade without govt controls.

May Cot - chosen as a symbol or thought to bring good luck

Male chauvinist - A man who believes that men are better than women.

Mane - The long & hair on the back of a horse neck

Manual - A book giving information about how to do something

Masacre - The unnecessary and indiscriminate killing of human beings.

off white - White with some grey or yellow

Oligarchy - A collective government formed by a few persons

One-upmanship - The art of getting and advantages over others

ontology - The branch of philosophy concerned with nature.

## ~~Spelling Test~~

### VERBS

What is verb?

A verb is a doing word that shows an action or event or a state. A sentence may either have a main verb or a helping verb or both. In other words, a verb is a word that informs about an action, an existence or something or an occurrence. The verb is the main word in a sentence no sentence can be complete without a verb.

The word 'verb' derived from  
the Latin word "verbum"

Types of verbs.

1. main verb
2. Helping verb
3. Linking verb
4. Transitive verb
5. Intransitive verb

Main verbs or action verbs.

Main verbs or action verbs  
are used to express action.  
Something that an animal,  
a person or a thing does. In  
each of the following sentences,

we only have a main verb

- \* The sun shines
- \* The horse neighs
- \* The monkey Jumps

Helping verbs

→ we are learning about helping verbs.

(are helping verb; learning;  
main verb)

→ we are in the green.

House club (are helping verb)

→ You should complete the

work by tomorrow (helping verb)

State of Being verbs

State of being verbs state that something is. State of being verbs also known as linking verbs.

Linking verbs explain a link between verbs. the subject of the sentence and noun or adjective being linked to it

List of example sentences

\*. The flowers are bright

\* Diamond is the hardest substance

\* I feel scared.

understanding verbs,

the words : am, is are was,  
and were ; belong to the verb  
to be

we are 'am' or 'was' with.

The pronoun 'I' we are is

or 'was' when the subject

at the sentence is singular,

we are are or were when

the subject of the

Sentence is plural.

List of example sentences

1. I was late for school  
Yesterday

2. I am twelve years old

3. She is a wonderful singer.
4. These questions are difficult.
5. He was planning to meet the doctor.
6. The Hollywood actors are famous.
7. They were winners last years.
8. It is a great feeling to win the trophy.

We use "is" with singular nouns and pronouns "he, she, it"

List at example sentences.

1. my school is near my house
2. This restaurant is closing down.
3. She is writing a post card.
4. Dog is a faithful animal.
5. Ottawa is the capital of Canada.
6. He is acting strange today.

We use are when we join two or more nouns.

## List of example sentence

1. John and sam are brothers.
2. Joseph and we are neighbours.
3. Anne and sue are enjoying.  
    He plays
4. Sharon and jenny are competing  
    for the good medal.
5. mrs. and mr. Lee are planning  
    to visit new zealand.

## P.reposition.

Aboard.

Is there a doctor aboard the place

About

What do you think about John.

Across

That cat ran across the street

Above

We are flying above the clouds

After

Let's meet the day after tomorrow

Against.

He put the bicycle against the wall.

Along.

The restroom is along the corridor alongside.

Their boat came alongside our boat.

amid / amidst

I couldn't hear her amid the noise.

Among / amongst

Is there a doctor among us.

anti-

John seems to be anti my idea

around.

All the participants sat around the camp fire.

as.

Ram is working as a teacher.

astride.

Jean sat astride the bike  
at

my little brother is at school.

Let's meet at 10<sup>o</sup> clock.

atop.

The school is situated atop.  
the hill

bar.

Everyone attended the party.  
but many.

barring.

Barring rain, we'll play tennis.  
tomorrow

before.

All leaders met the day before.

Yesterday

Rita was before me in the queue.

behind

There are many vehicles behind us.

We have a garden behind our house.

below

There is a family in the apartment below us.

We can buy it if it is below 500 rupees.

beneath

The tunnel runs beneath the sea.

beside.

The canal runs beside our house.  
besides.

What shall we have besides our  
house.  
between.

The child is sitting between its  
father and mother.

beyond

The election campaign continued  
beyond 100' clock.

but

Everyone came but John.

by.

All of us came by car.

The prime minister was killed by a  
professional killer.

India lost the match by two wickets

By my calculation, my dad may be  
78.

Circa.

He died circa 1872.

Concerning

my teacher talked to my father

Concerning my homework.

Considering

I think I must be going  
Considering the time.

Counting.

There were 5 persons or six.

Counting the office assistant-

Cum.

The department has a library - cum -  
Smart classroom.

despite.

my father has gone out despite  
the severe heat

down.

The bank is down the street  
during.

many participants fall asleep  
during the meeting.

except

All turned up for the meeting.

except Raju

The library is open on all days.  
excluding public holidays.

Following.

we had coffee following dinner.

For.

This is for you.

Do you want to go for a walk.

You can use a corkcrew for

opening bottles.

Is this road for the university.

we all worked for five hours.

From.

Where do you come from?

This mail is from the office  
of the controller.

My wife is now

He died from overwork.

Paper is made from wood.

given.

Herbert is in very good health,  
given his age.

Gone.

He's gone so. He must be.

nearly 60 years old.

In

we live in an apartment

trains were invented in the nineteenth  
century

Principal is the man with his hand  
in his pocket

There are 60 seconds in a minute.

Including.

There are four of us here,

Including the office assistant

Inside.

It is dark Inside the auditorium.

The modem is inside the computer.

It's an Internal modem.

into.

we all went into that shop.

Cut the cake into ten pieces.

Since there are ten of us here.

less.

$$5 \text{ less } 4 = 1.$$

like

Amala is like her sister.

Mary sings like a bird.

It looks like rain.

I feel like crying.

minus.

The temperature is minus 30 degrees centigrade.

near.

The college is near the bus station.

notwithstanding.

Notwithstanding the low price,  
I don't want it.

aft.

we live in the house at the end of  
the road.

Do you like the plays of Shakespeare.

It was so kind of you.

He died of cancer.

They live south of the city.

aft.

The glass fell off the table.  
and broke.

on.

Please don't put your shoes on.  
the table.

The story starts on page 8.

we live on a busy road. It's  
very noisy

You must be on time.

John broke his leg on getting out  
at the car.

onto/on to

That cat jumped onto the  
chair.

Opposite.

There is a market opposite our  
apartment.

Jane sat opposite John and  
looked into his eyes.

outside.

We live outside madurai.

Your question is outside my  
scope.

over.

we are flying over the mountains.

Put the blanket over the bed.

that cat jumped over the wall.

Can you stay with us over Christmas.

There is rain over the whole district

past

we saw you yesterday when we drove past your school.

Pending.

We cannot supply you pending payment.

per.

The speed limit is 70 kilometers  
per hour.

plus.

There will be three of us, plus  
the baby

Bro.

John is generally pro new ideas  
one.

Re : your letter dated 30 may

I want to talk to you re the  
proposed meeting

regarding

I would like to speak to

You regarding fees payment

respecting.

I am writing to you respecting  
our latest products.

round.

Participants sat round the  
fire.

Save.

All save John were present.

Saving.

Savings yourself, nobody flanked  
me.

Since.

I have been in the college since  
7 in the morning.

than.

Your car is bigger than mine.

Through I thro

The train goes through the  
tunnel.

throughout

John worked throughout the  
night

till

we all work from 9 am

to

Could you give the phone to your  
mom?

my car does 10 kilometers to the litre.

The time is ten to five.

touching.

Touching your assignment, I think, we need to discuss.

Toward / towards.

He is going toward the canteen.

John has a positive attitude toward what he does.

under.

The cat ran under the table.

Please buy the shirt if it is under Rs 500.

underneath.

The ward assistant put a pillow underneath the patient.

unlike.

This problem is unlike what you know

until.

we were asked to wait until the principal came.

upon.

Do you have a boon upon medicine.

versus.

we should choose peace versus war.

via.

They flew from mumbai to Singapore via chennai.

with.

Does he live his family?

With your permission, I'd like  
to go

within.

I will reach you within half an  
hour.

It is within you.

without

He attended the wedding without  
his wife and children.

worth.

This mobile is worth 50,000 rupees.

According to

According to her teacher,  
Students are not punctual.

Ahead of

John is ahead of his friends  
in studies.

A la

It's a TV show a la Times now

Along with

Do you want some tea along  
with snack.

Apart from.

Nobody agreed to this proposal,  
apart from you.

As for.

As for Joe, he will join us later.

Aside from.

I have another pen aside from this one. Both are compliments.

As per.

Everyone should follow the

rules per se.

As to

As to your behaviour, I think, you were unpunctual.

As well as,

You should read as well as,

take down notes

Away from.

Please keep yourself away  
from illegal activities.

Because of

The match could not continue  
because of the rain.

But for.

But for the traffic jam, I could  
have come a little earlier.

By means of.

You can open the system by  
means of the password.

Close to.

Our college is close to your  
college. Just a kilometer away.

Contrary to.

Contrary to expectation, many  
candidates failed the driving  
test.

Depending on:

The match can resume tomorrow  
depending on the rain.

Due to.

Trains were cancelled due  
to heavy rains

Except for.

Everyone from your class,  
turned up for the wedding,  
except for John.

forward of.

The minister was sitting forward  
at us in the plane.

Further to.

Further to your mail, we have  
spoken to the guest

In addition to

Two more candidates are waiting in addition to me.

In between,

My father is between the two opinions. He wants to compromise.

In case of

You can phone me in case of emergency.

In face of

The major reacted bravely in face of terrorist attack.

In favour of

No one is in favour of your.

Idea. I think it cannot work.

In front of

Tourists can park their

vehicles in front of the park.

In lieu of

Can I play dolls in lieu

of Sri Lankan puppets.

In spite of.

They all have gone out in

spite of the scorching sun,

Instead of.

We do not have dosa. would  
you like idly instead of dosa.

In view of

In respective of losses, we will take a decision.

Near to

There is a school for kids near to her bus station.

Next to

The school is next to her.

market

On account of

Don't cancel the trip on

account of me. Go ahead.

On behalf of

I invite you on behalf

of the department

on board.

is there a physician on board  
this flight

on to.

The cat jumped on to the wall  
on top of

The key is on top of the TV  
opposite to

my house is opposite to the  
post office.

Other than.

we have nothing other than  
cat data.

Out at

They all went out at the  
church to join the procession.

Outside at

The tourist van stopped outside  
at the city to check the road  
sign.

Owing to

we did not go swimming,  
owing to the cold weather

Preparatory to

The head made a ppt preparatory  
to the Board meeting so that  
evening was ready

Prior to

I had never been to Singapore,  
prior to my trip.

Regardless of

John could always make his  
friend laugh regardless of his  
problems.

Save for

Everyone turned for the  
function, save John who had  
some urgent work.

Thanks to

Thanks to the direct flight  
we could reach the city in the  
evening itself.

Together with

Send your application together  
with resume.

up against +

People are up against the  
ruling party.

up to.

There was a school up to 1970s  
in the town.

up until

we worked up until B'haris.

Came here. The we stopped

Vis - a vis.

The principal would like to  
discuss your performance vis a vis

Your interest

with reference to

with reference to your letter,

I will send a reply soon.

with regard to

The principal would like

to meet the parents with regard

to the students behaviour on the

Campus.