

# **HeyDocAI**

***Radiology Report Explainer with Evidence-Backed Q&A***

**INFO 7375 - Prompt Engineering for Generative AI  
Generative AI Project - Final Report**

**Done by Ranjithnath Karunanidhi**

## 1. Introduction

Radiology reports are critical medical documents but are often written in highly technical language that is difficult for patients and non-medical users to understand. Misinterpretation can lead to anxiety, misinformation, or incorrect assumptions about health conditions.

HeyDocAI is a Generative AI system designed to bridge this gap by:

- Translating radiology reports into plain English
- Extracting structured clinical information
- Answering user questions using evidence-backed retrieval

The system leverages **Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)** and **Prompt Engineering** to ensure accuracy, transparency, and reliability.

This system is intended for **educational purposes only** and does not provide medical diagnosis or treatment advice.

## 2. Objectives

The primary objectives of this project are:

1. Build a real-world Generative AI application in the healthcare domain
2. Implement **Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)** using a vector database
3. Design robust **prompt engineering workflows**
4. Provide evidence-backed answers with citations
5. Evaluate system performance using quantitative metrics

## 3. Core Generative AI Components Used

This project implements **two required components**:

### 3.1 Prompt Engineering

- System-level instructions defining assistant behavior
- Task-specific prompts:
  - Explanation (Simple / Normal / Clinician)
  - Structured extraction (JSON)
  - Evidence-based Q&A
- Context injection with retrieved evidence
- Guardrails for edge cases and hallucination prevention

### 3.2 Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)

- Domain-specific knowledge base (radiology PDFs)
- Vector storage using Pinecone
- Semantic retrieval using OpenAI embeddings
- Evidence ranking and filtering before generation
- Citation formatting with source and page numbers

## 4. System Architecture

The system follows modular, evidence-first architecture.

### Architecture Flow

- User inputs a radiology report or question via Streamlit UI
- Input is validated using guardrails
- RAG orchestration retrieves relevant evidence from Pinecone
- Evidence + context injected into prompts
- OpenAI LLM generates grounded responses
- Citations are displayed alongside answers

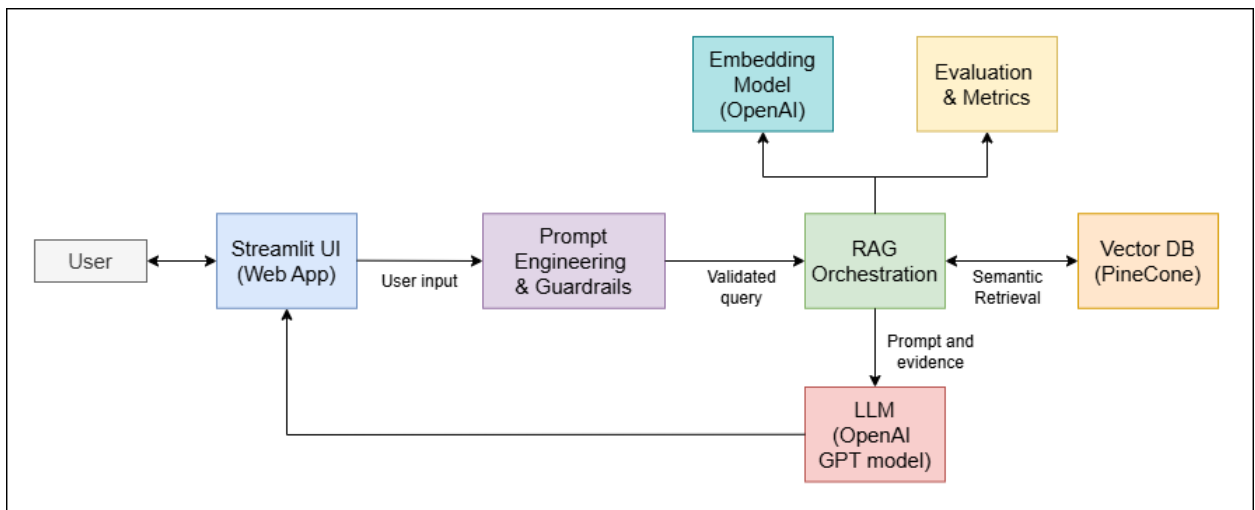


Figure 1. System Architecture Diagram

## 5. Knowledge Base Construction

The knowledge base consists of curated, authoritative radiology reference PDFs, including:

- Chest X-ray interpretation guides
- Thoracic imaging glossaries
- Lung pathology references (effusion, consolidation, pneumothorax)

### Processing Steps

- PDF text extraction
- Page-level chunking
- Overlapping chunk strategy
- Embedding generation using OpenAI
- Storage in Pinecone vector database

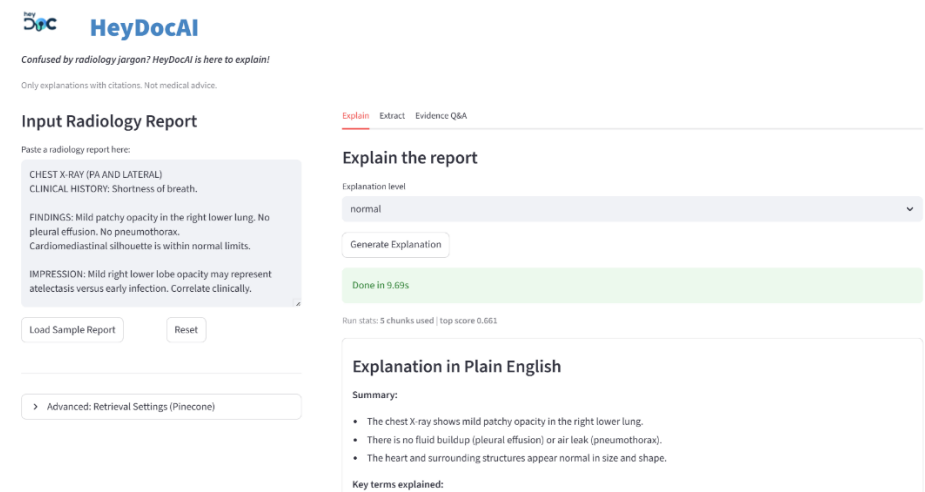
This enables precise semantic retrieval for downstream generation.

The screenshot shows a web browser at localhost:8501 displaying the HeyDocAI application. The interface includes a header with the HeyDocAI logo and a navigation bar with tabs for 'Explain', 'Extract', and 'Evidence Q&A'. The 'Explain' tab is active. On the left, there is a section titled 'Input Radiology Report' with a text area for pasting a report, a 'Load Sample Report' button, and a 'Reset' button. Below this is a yellow warning box that says 'Please provide a radiology report to analyze.' At the bottom, there is a link to 'Advanced: Retrieval Settings (Pinecone)'. On the right, the 'Explain the report' section features a dropdown menu for 'Explanation level' set to 'normal' and a 'Generate Explanation' button. The top right of the browser shows a 'Chat' button and a 'Deploy' link.

## 6. Application Features

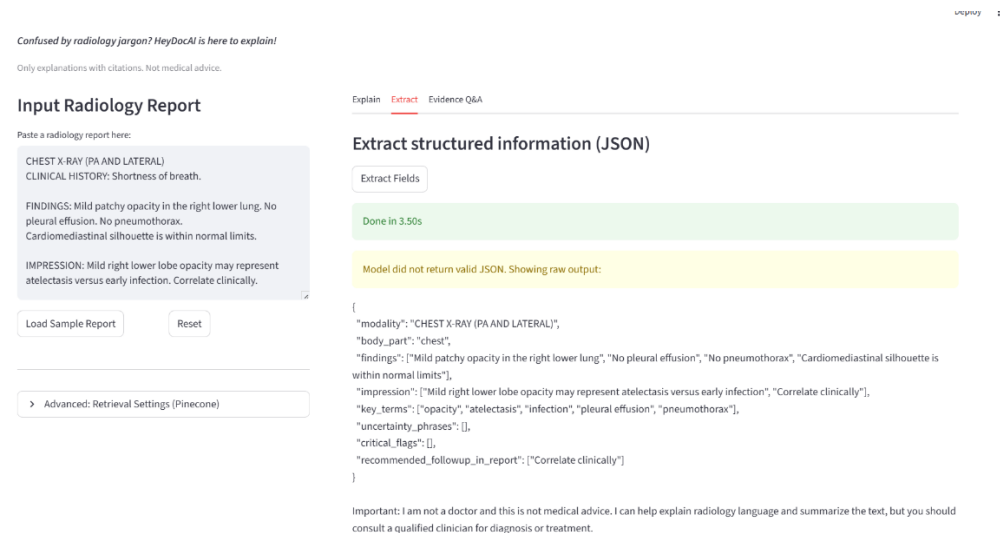
### 6.1 Explain Radiology Reports

- Converts reports into plain-English explanations
- Supports three explanation levels:
  - Simple (patient-friendly)
  - Normal
  - Clinician-oriented
- Displays retrieval statistics and citations



### 6.2 Structured Information Extraction

- Extracts findings, impressions, and key entities
- Outputs JSON and structured tables
- Useful for downstream clinical workflows



### 6.3 Evidence-Backed Q&A

- Users ask questions about the report
- Answers generated only if sufficient evidence is retrieved
- All responses include citations
- Chat history maintained for context



Confused by radiology jargon? HeyDocAI is here to explain!

Only explanations with citations. Not medical advice.

#### Input Radiology Report

Paste a radiology report here:

CHEST X-RAY (PA AND LATERAL)  
CLINICAL HISTORY: Shortness of breath.  
  
FINDINGS: Mild patchy opacity in the right lower lung. No pleural effusion. No pneumothorax. Cardiomeastinal silhouette is within normal limits.  
  
IMPRESSION: Mild right lower lobe opacity may represent atelectasis versus early infection. Correlate clinically.

Load Sample Report

Reset

› Advanced: Retrieval Settings (Pinecone)

Explain Extract **Evidence Q&A**

#### Ask questions (answers must cite sources)

##### Suggested questions

Explain the impression

Is anything urgent?

Define key terms



Define key terms mentioned in this report (e.g., opacity, atelectasis, effusion).



##### Key Terms Defined:

- **Opacity:** In radiology, opacity refers to areas on an X-ray that appear denser than surrounding tissues, indicating potential abnormalities such as fluid, infection, or other pathological changes [1].
- **Atelectasis:** This term describes a partial or complete collapse of the lung, which can occur due to various reasons, including loss of negative pressure in the pleural space [2]. It may present as an area of increased opacity on imaging studies.
- **Effusion:** This term refers to the accumulation of fluid in the pleural space surrounding the lungs. In the report, it is noted that there is no pleural effusion present [1].

Supporting Bullets:

## 7. Guardrails and Safety Measures

To ensure reliability and ethical use, the system implements:

- Empty / invalid input validation
- Minimum similarity score thresholds
- “I don’t know” responses when evidence is insufficient
- Mandatory medical disclaimers
- Citation enforcement for generated answers

These measures significantly reduce hallucination risk.

## 8. Performance Evaluation

Automated evaluation was conducted using a standardized query set.

### Metrics Measured

- Average response latency
- Evidence availability rate

- Citation coverage
- Citation coverage when evidence is available

## Results Summary

- Average latency: ~4–5 seconds
- Evidence availability: ~90%
- Citation coverage (given evidence): **100%**

### Snipped of eval/results.json:

```
"id": "q1_ggo_definition",
"type": "definition",
"question": "What does ground-glass opacity mean in a radiology report?",
"latency_sec": 12.714,
"retrieved_chunks_count": 5,
"citations_present": true,
"citations_ui": [
  "[1] thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf \u2014 page 35 (score: 0.600)",
  "[2] thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf \u2014 page 6 (score: 0.592)",
  "[3] thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf \u2014 page 9 (score: 0.576)",
  "[4] thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf \u2014 page 19 (score: 0.575)",
  "[5] thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf \u2014 page 47 (score: 0.560)"
],
"top_sources": [
  {
    "source": "thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf",
    "page": 35,
    "score": 0.6001
  },
  {
    "source": "thoracic_imaging_glossary_fleischner.pdf",
    "page": 6,
    "score": 0.5917
  }
]
```

## 9. Challenges and Solutions

### Challenge 1: Hallucinated Medical Responses

Solution: Strict evidence validation and refusal to answer without sufficient retrieval.

### Challenge 2: Overly Technical Explanations

Solution: Multi-level prompt templates tailored to user expertise.

### Challenge 3: Long, Complex Radiology Documents

Solution: Chunking + overlap strategy with ranking and filtering.

## 10. Ethical Considerations

- No personal health data is stored
- No diagnosis or treatment recommendations
- Transparent citation of sources
- Bias minimized by grounding answers in trusted references
- Clear disclaimers shown in UI

## 11. Future Improvements

- Multimodal support (X-ray images + text)
- Expanded medical domains (CT, MRI, ultrasound)
- Improved ranking strategies (MMR, re-ranking models)
- Cloud deployment with authentication
- Multilingual support

## 12. Conclusion

**HeyDocAI** demonstrates how Generative AI can be safely and effectively applied in healthcare education. By combining **Prompt Engineering** with **Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG)**, the system delivers transparent, reliable, and user-friendly explanations of complex medical documents.

This project showcases a practical, real-world application of modern Generative AI techniques while addressing ethical and reliability concerns.

## 13. Appendix

- GitHub: <https://github.com/Ranjithnathk/HeyDoc-AI-RAG-Medical-Report-Explainer>
- Webpage: <https://ranjithnathk.github.io/HeyDoc-AI-RAG-Medical-Report-Explainer/>
- Screenshots: docs/screens/
- Evaluation Results: eval/results.json
- Video Demonstration